



Government of India
Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
Statistics Division

Rural Health Statistics



2018-19



प्रीति सूदन

सचिव

PREETI SUDAN

Secretary



सत्यमेव जयते



FOREWORD

भारत सरकार
स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण विभाग
स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय

Government of India
Department of Health and Family Welfare
Ministry of Health and Family Welfare

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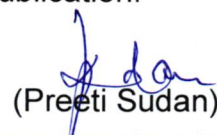
Irrespective of social, economic, religious, cultural or any such factors, proper, effective and efficient healthcare services are needed by everyone. Providing such services becomes more challenging in India considering the vast diversity of the country. Due to this diversity, the need of healthcare services varies from State to State and Region to Region.

However, the Ministry of Health & Family Welfare is committed to provide the optimum healthcare services available to its entire population despite of all such challenges. The needs of the population have to be addressed by fully utilizing the existing capacities in the most effective and efficient manner, in addition to creating new capacities by way of additional infrastructure, human resources and introducing new programmes. The National Health Mission has placed considerable emphasis on this. However, to access the quantum of future needs in this direction as well as progresses so far, availability of reliable and timely data is crucial.

'Rural Health Statistics' an annual publication is based on Health care administrative data generated by the health care system. It is an effort towards providing reliable and updated information on rural health infrastructure. The data given in this publication is based on the information upto March 2019, provided by States and UTs. In line with Ministry's flagship scheme "Ayushman Bharat", the data on parameters pertaining to Health & Wellness Centres has also been incorporated. Data regarding the Dental Surgeons at PHCs and CHCs level has been incorporated for the first time in this publication. To increase the scalability of the publication the data with respect to the Urban Health parameters have also been included in the publication. It provides data on rural, urban and tribal health infrastructure, human resources, distribution of facilities at SCs, PHCs, CHCs, HWCs etc., so as to provide the status of public health infrastructure available in the country.

The 'Rural Health Statistics' offers the most comprehensive source of comparable statistics on Rural health with additional components on urban health systems across the country. It is an essential tool to carry out comparative analyses and take policy decisions based on informed data. Findings based on this data can be vital to policymakers in understanding how utilization patterns differ among population subgroups and pinpointing geographic areas where problems are the most severe.

We will be happy to accept suggestions for further improvement of this publication.


(Preeti Sudan)



वन्दना गुरनानी, भा.प्र.से.

Vandana Gurnani, I.A.S.

अपर सचिव एवं मिशन निदेशक (रा.स्वा.मि.)

Additional Secretary & Mission Director (NHM)



सत्यमेव जयते

भारत सरकार
स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय
निर्माण भवन, नई दिल्ली - 110011

Government of India
Ministry of Health & Family Welfare
Nirman Bhavan, New Delhi - 110011



Acknowledgement

This Ministry has been regularly compiling and disseminating information on rural health care delivery system through the annual publication titled "Rural Health Statistics", based on data received from the States and Union Territories. The relevance of reliable and up-to-date statistics on rural health care system in formulation of appropriate schemes/programmes and in their effective implementation, particularly in the context of strengthening the rural health care infrastructure and human resources is well known. The present issue contains data upto March 2019. In order to increase the scalability and optimum usability of this publication the data pertaining to the Urban Health parameters and Health and Wellness Centres has been captured for the 1st time in this publication. The support and cooperation received from the States/ Union Territories in facilitating preparation of this publication is commendable. I place on record this Ministry's appreciation for the efforts made by the concerned officials of all the States/Union Territories towards this.

The overall supervision and guidance of Mr. D. K Ojha, DDG (Statistics) and Ms. Anjali Rawat, Director (Statistics) in bringing out this publication is commendable. Valuable support extended by Mr. Anindya Saha, Deputy Director (Statistics) and Dr. Rakesh Sharma, Consultant in compiling data and its critical analysis is duly acknowledged.

I am sure that the States/ UTs will find this publication very useful in planning their programmes and in supporting their rapid strides towards achieving the goal of Universal Health Coverage.


(Vandana Gurnani)



D. K. Ojha

Deputy Director General

Tel. No. : 011-23736982

e-mail : dk.ojha@gov.in

dkojha5@gmail.com



भारत सरकार

स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय

इण्डियन रेड क्रॉस सोसाइटी बिल्डिंग

रेड क्रॉस रोड, नई दिल्ली-110001

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF HEALTH & FAMILY WELFARE

INDIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY BUILDING

RED CROSS ROAD, NEW DELHI - 110001

Preface

This Ministry has been bringing out annual publication titled "Rural Health Statistics (RHS)" in India. The present publication of RHS titled "Rural Health Statistics 2018-19" provides data on health infrastructure including health manpower upto 31st March, 2019. The information/data are received from all State/UT Governments on a set of pre designed Proformas circulated by the Ministry. The data received have been cross checked for consistency and also validated with the data available from other sources. In addition the latest data on mid-year population published by the office of the Registrar General of India has been used.

To increase the usage and scalability of the publication the data with respect to Urban Health components has been included for the 1st time. Health and Wellness Centres, the basic component of Ministry's flagship scheme 'Ayushman Bharat' has also been covered with respect to Infrastructure and Manpower.

Major Highlights of the publication are placed at the beginning of the publication, enabling user to have a quick glance on the important findings. Besides highlights, the publication is arranged in three Parts. The Part-I gives an analysis about the Health Care system in India covering the Health & Wellness Centres, Rural and Urban Health system. Part -2 provides detailed statistics/ tabulations in various sections. Part-3 contains the annexures of the publications.

The Part-1 provides the details about the composition and key elements of Rural Health System and Urban Health System in India along with the Health and Wellness Centres. The critical information has been made easy to understand by pictorial analysis wherever possible.

Further, the Part-2 of the publication is divided into eleven sections. The Section I provide comparative statements of various health infrastructure like number of Facilities, the manpower employed etc. between 2005 (year launch of National Rural Health Mission) & 2019 as well as between 2018 & 2019. The Section II provides the district wise health facilities (SCs, PHCs, CHCs, HWCs, SDHs and DHs) available in India. Section III provides detailed statistics about a number of demographic indicators. Section IV deals with Health

Infrastructure in India and building positions in rural areas while Section V is devoted to status of various Health Manpower available at SCs, PHCs, CHCs, SDH & DH in rural areas. Additional information on availability of the AYUSH doctors, Dental Surgeons has also been incorporated in this publication under Section V. Section VI provides statistics on Infrastructure in rural areas while Section VII gives detailed Statistics about Healthcare Manpower in urban areas. Section VIII provides details of trainings Institutions for paramedical personnel. Section IX classified States/UTs on the basis of few parameters of achievements pertaining to rural healthcare. Section X provides detailed statistics on health Manpower and infrastructure in Health & Wellness Centres whereas Section XI provides information about health infrastructure and Manpower in the various tribal areas of the country.

This publication would cater the basic needs of effective planning, monitoring and management of health infrastructure to various stakeholders in the health sector and would serve as a vision document in identifying the gaps in the existing Healthcare Infrastructure and Human Resources in Rural and Tribal areas of the country.

In compiling this publication, I greatly indebted to my colleagues from different States/UTs who have send the information in time in the prescribed proformas. I wish to thank the officers of Statistics Division of MOHFW, Ms. Anjali Rawat, Director (Statistics), Mr. Anindya Saha, Deputy Director (Statistics), Dr. Rakesh Sharma (Consultant) who has helped in giving the shape to the publication.

The publication is also available at the Ministry's website. Detailed statistics of the publication in Microsoft Excel format have been incorporated on the website for ease of data analysis. Suggestions for further improvement of the publication will be most valuable at dk.ojha@gov.in.



(D.K Ojha)

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

List of Abbreviations

ANM	: Auxiliary Nurse Midwife
ASHA	: Accredited Social Health Activist
AYUSH	: Ayurveda, Yoga & Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha and Homoeopathy
BEE	: Block Extension Educator
BMS	: Basic Minimum Services
CBR	: Crude Birth Rate
CHC	: Community Health Centre
CPHC	: Comprehensive Primary Health Care
DH	: District Hospital
FRU	: First Referral Unit
HFWTC	: Health and Family Welfare Training Centre
GDMO	: General Duty Medical Officer
HA (F)/LHV	: Health Assistant (Female)/Lady Health Visitor
HA (M)	: Health Assistant (Male)
HFWTC	: Health And Family Welfare Training Centre
HWC	: Health and Wellness Centres
HWC-SC	: Health & Wellness Centres-Sub Centres
HWC-PHC	: Health & Wellness Centres- Primary Health Centres
HW (F)/ANM	: Health Worker (Female)/ANM
HW (M)	: Health Worker (Male)
IMR	: Infant Mortality Rate
IPHS	: Indian Public Health Standards
ISM & H	: Indian System of Medicine and Homeopathy
LHV	: Lady Health Visitor
MCH	: Maternal and Child Health
MMU	: Mobile Medical Unit
MNP	: Minimum Needs Programme
MAS	: Mahila Aarogya Samitis
MO	: Medical Officer
MOHFW	: Ministry of Health & Family Welfare (GOI)

NHM : National Health Mission
NRHM : National Rural Health Mission
NUHM : National Urban Health Mission
PHC : Primary Health Centre
QPR : Quarterly Progress Report
RCH : Reproductive and Child Health
RKS: Rogi Kalyan Samiti
SC: Sub Centre
SDH : Sub District/ Divisional Hospital
SRS: Sample Registration System
ULBs : Urban Local Bodies
UCHC: Urban Community Health Center
UPHC: Urban Primary Health Center

मुख्य बिंदु
ग्रामीण स्वास्थ्य सांख्यिकी
2018-19

मुख्य बिंदु

- 31 मार्च 2019 तक, भारत में कुल 160713 उप केंद्र (एससी) (157411 ग्रामीण + 3302 शहरी) कार्यरत हैं। 157411 एससी में से 7821 एससी को ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में हेल्थ एंड वेलनेस सेंटर (एचडब्ल्यूसी) में बदल दिया गया है और 3302 एससी में से, 98 एससी को शहरी क्षेत्रों में एचडब्ल्यूसी में बदल दिया गया है। इसी तरह, भारत में 30045 प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (पीएचसी) (24855 ग्रामीण + 5190 शहरी) कार्यरत हैं। 24855 ग्रामीण पीएचसी में से, 8242 पीएचसी को ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में एचडब्ल्यूसी में बदल दिया गया है और 5190 शहरी पीएचसी में से 1734 पीएचसी को एचडब्ल्यूसी में बदल दिया गया है। देश में 5685 सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (सीएचसी) (5335 ग्रामीण + 350 शहरी) कार्य कर रहे हैं (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 6)। एससी, पीएचसी और सीएचसी की वर्तमान संख्या आईपीएचएस मानक के अनुसार नहीं है।

उप केंद्र (एससी)

- 2005-2019 की अवधि के दौरान ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में एससी की संख्या 11385 बढ़कर, 2005 में 146026 से मार्च 2019 तक 157411 हो गई है। राजस्थान (3000), गुजरात (1892), कर्नाटक (1615), मध्य प्रदेश (1352), छत्तीसगढ़ (1387), जम्मू और कश्मीर (1146), ओडिशा (761) और त्रिपुरा (433) राज्यों में एससी की संख्या में उल्लेखनीय वृद्धि हुई है। (अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 1)
- सरकारी भवनों में कार्यरत उपकेंद्रों का प्रतिशत 2005 में 43.8% से बढ़कर 2019 में 75.3% हो गया है। यह वृद्धि मुख्य रूप से उत्तर प्रदेश (14288), पश्चिम बंगाल (896), मध्य प्रदेश (3509), कर्नाटक (3448), महाराष्ट्र (3336), गुजरात (2961), छत्तीसगढ़ (2744), राजस्थान (2436), ओडिशा (2255) और असम (1412) जैसे राज्यों में सरकारी भवनों की संख्या में वृद्धि के कारण है। (अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 2)।
- कुल 3302 उप केंद्र हैं जो देश के शहरी क्षेत्रों में 31 मार्च 2019 तक कार्यात्मक हैं (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 6)।
- आदिवासी क्षेत्रों में 31 मार्च 2019 तक कुल 28682 उप केंद्र कार्यात्मक हैं (अनुभाग XI, तालिका 83)।
- उप केन्द्रों में 27% पुरुष और महिला रोगियों के लिए अलग शौचालय और 44% स्टाफ के लिए शौचालय की सुविधा है (अनुभाग VI, तालिका 49)।

प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (पीएचसी)

- 2005-2019 की अवधि के दौरान ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में पीएचसी की संख्या 1619 बढ़कर, 23236 से 24855 तक हो गयी है। विभिन्न राज्यों में मिली जुली प्रवृत्ति देखी गयी। कर्नाटक (446),

गुजरात (406), राजस्थान (369), असम (336), जम्मू और कश्मीर (288) और छत्तीसगढ़ (275) राज्यों में उल्लेखनीय वृद्धि देखी गई है (अनुभाग I तुलनात्मक विवरण 1)।

- सरकारी भवनों में कार्य करने वाले पीएचसी का प्रतिशत 2005 में 69% से बढ़कर 2019 में 94.5% हो गया है। इसका मुख्य कारण गुजरात (813), उत्तर प्रदेश (807), कर्नाटक (615), राजस्थान (506), मध्य प्रदेश (418) और छत्तीसगढ़ (351) राज्यों में सरकारी भवनों में वृद्धि है (अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 3)।
- 31 मार्च 2019 तक देश के शहरी क्षेत्रों में 5190 पीएचसी कार्यरत हैं (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 6)।
- 31 मार्च 2019 तक आदिवासी क्षेत्रों में 4211 पीएचसी कार्यात्मक हैं (अनुभाग XI, तालिका 83)।
- लगभग 64% पीएचसी में पुरुष और महिला रोगियों के लिए अलग-अलग शौचालय हैं और 93% पीएचसी में स्टाफ के लिए शौचालय की सुविधा है (अनुभाग VI, तालिका 49)।

सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (सीएचसी)

- 2005-2019 की अवधि के दौरान ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में सीएचसी की संख्या 1989 बढ़ी है। उत्तर प्रदेश (293), तमिलनाडु (350), पश्चिम बंगाल (253), राजस्थान (245), ओडिशा (146), झारखंड (124) और केरल (121) में उल्लेखनीय वृद्धि देखी गई। (अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 1)।
- 2005-2019 की अवधि के दौरान सरकारी भवनों में कार्यात्मक सीएचसी की संख्या में भी वृद्धि हुई है। सरकारी भवनों में सीएचसी का प्रतिशत 2005 में 91.6% से बढ़कर 2019 में 99.2% हो गया है (अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 4)।
- 350 सीएचसी देश के शहरी क्षेत्रों में 31 मार्च 2019 तक कार्यात्मक हैं (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 6)।
- आदिवासी क्षेत्रों में 31 मार्च 2019 तक 1022 सीएचसी कार्यात्मक हैं (अनुभाग XI, तालिका 83)।
- लगभग 77% सीएचसी में पुरुष और महिला रोगियों के लिए अलग शौचालय हैं और 74% सीएचसी में स्टाफ के लिए शौचालय की सुविधा है (अनुभाग VI, तालिका 49)।

स्वास्थ्य और कल्याण केंद्र (एचडब्ल्यूसी):

- 31 मार्च 2019 तक भारत में 17895 एचडब्ल्यूसी कार्यात्मक हैं। इनमें से क्रमशः 7919 और 9976 एचडब्ल्यूसी-एससी और एचडब्ल्यूसी-पीएचसी के स्तर पर क्रमशः कार्यात्मक हैं। इसके अलावा, इन एचडब्ल्यूसी में से 16063 ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में स्थित हैं और 1832 शहरी क्षेत्रों में स्थित हैं (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 6)।

पहली रेफरल यूनिट (एफआरयू):

- 31 मार्च 2019 तक, देश में 3204 एफआरयू कार्यरत हैं। इनमें से 95.7% एफआरयू में ऑपरेशन थियेटर की सुविधा है, 96.7% एफआरयू में कार्यात्मक प्रसूति गृह हैं, जबकि 75.3% एफआरयू में ब्लड स्टोरेज / लिंकेज की सुविधा है (अनुभाग VI, तालिका 48)।

जनशक्ति की स्थिति में परिवर्तन

- उप केंद्र और पीएचसी में एचडब्ल्यू (एफ) / एएनएम की संख्या 2005 में 133194 से बढ़कर 2019 में 234220 हो गई है, जो कि लगभग 75.9% की वृद्धि है। 31 मार्च, 2019 तक एससी और पीएचसी में एचडब्ल्यू (एफ) / एएनएम के पदों में कुल कमी आईपीएचएस मानदंडों के अनुसार कुल आवश्यकता के 3.9% है (अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 5)।
- 2005 में पीएचसी पर एलोपैथिक डॉक्टरों की संख्या 20308 से बढ़कर 2019 में 29799 हो गई, जो कि लगभग 46.7% की वृद्धि है। पीएचसी में एलोपैथिक डॉक्टरों की कमी मौजूदा बुनियादी ढांचे के लिए कुल आवश्यकता का 6.0% है (अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 6)।
- पीएचसी में एलोपैथिक डॉक्टरों की संख्या 2018 में 27567 से बढ़कर 29799 हो गई है। उत्तर प्रदेश (1836), गुजरात (865), असम (549), केरल (362), बिहार (299) और जम्मू और कश्मीर (225) राज्यों में प्रमुख वृद्धि देखी गई है (अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 14)।
- सीएचसी में विशेषज्ञ डॉक्टरों की संख्या 2018 में 4074 से घटकर 2019 में 3881 हो गई है। आंध्र प्रदेश (147), राजस्थान (110) और पश्चिम बंगाल (54) राज्यों में कमी देखी गई है। हालाँकि उत्तर प्रदेश (292) और तेलंगाना (146) राज्यों में वृद्धि देखी गई है (अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 14)। सर्जनों (85.6%), प्रसूति एवं स्त्री रोग विशेषज्ञों (75%), चिकित्सकों (87.2%) और बाल रोग विशेषज्ञों (79.9%) की कमी है। कुल मिलाकर, आईपीएचएस मानदंडों की तुलना में वर्ष 2019 के दौरान सीएचसी में 81.8% विशेषज्ञों की कमी है।
- सीएचसी में तैनात 3881 स्पेशलिस्ट और 15395 जनरल इयूटी मेडिकल ऑफिसर (जीडीएमओ) के साथ, 13347 और 3197 आयुष डॉक्टर पीएचसी और सीएचसी में क्रमशः उपलब्ध हैं। पीएचसी और सीएचसी में क्रमशः 1152 और 1920 डेंटल सर्जन उपलब्ध हैं (अनुभाग V, तालिका 20, 21, 22, 23, 28 और 29)।

ग्रामीण स्वास्थ्य अवसंरचना का कवरेज (31 मार्च, 2019 तक)

स्वास्थ्य सुविधा के द्वारा कवर की गई औसत ग्रामीण जनसंख्या (1 जुलाई 2019 को मध्य-वर्ष की जनसंख्या के आधार पर):

	मानदंड	कवर की गई औसत ग्रामीण जनसंख्या
उप केंद्र	3000-5000	5616
प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (पीएचसी)	20000-30000	35567
सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (सीएचसी)	80000-120000	165702

औसत कवर किया गया ग्रामीण क्षेत्र (वर्ग किमी)

उप केंद्र	18.98
प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (पीएचसी)	120.19
सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (सीएचसी)	559.96

औसत कवर किया गया रेडियल दूरी (किमी)

उप केंद्र	2.46
प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (पीएचसी)	6.18
सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (सीएचसी)	13.35

औसत कवर गांवों की संख्या

उप केंद्र	4
प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (पीएचसी)	26
सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (सीएचसी)	120

टिप्पणी : अवसंरचना और जनशक्ति से संबंधित ऊपर प्रस्तुत विश्लेषण विविध राज्यों/संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों से प्राप्त आंकड़ों पर आधारित है। किसी विशिष्ट मद/श्रेणी के लिए संगत आंकड़े न प्रदान करने वाले राज्यों/ संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों को, सरकारी भवनों में संचालित केन्द्रों, जनशक्ति की रिक्तियों तथा कमी आदि हेतु प्रतिशतता की गणना करते समय शामिल नहीं किया गया है। 2018 और 2019 के लिए अवसंरचना एवं जनशक्ति की तुलनात्मक स्थिति का ब्यौरा विवरण 12 से 15 में दिया गया है।

KEY HIGHLIGHTS

RURAL HEALTH STATISTICS
2018-19

Highlights

- As on 31st March 2019, there are a total 160713 Sub Centres (SCs) (157411 rural + 3302 urban) functioning in India. Further, out of 157411 SCs, 7821 SCs have been converted into Health and Wellness Centres (HWCs) in rural areas and out of 3302 SCs, 98 SCs have been converted into HWCs in urban areas. Similarly, there are 30045 Primary Health Centres (PHCs) (24855 rural + 5190 urban) functioning in India. Further, out of 24855 rural PHCs, 8242 PHCs have been converted into HWCs in rural areas and out of 5190 urban PHCs, 1734 PHCs have been converted into HWCs. There are 5685 Community Health Centres (CHCs) (5335 rural + 350 urban) functional in the country (**Section IV, Table 6**). The current numbers of SCs, PHCs & CHCs are not as per IPHS norm.

Sub Centres (SCs)

- Number of SCs in rural areas has increased by 11385 during the period 2005-2019, from 146026 in 2005 to 157411 by March 2019. There is a significant increase in the number of SCs in the States of Rajasthan (3000), Gujarat (1892), Karnataka (1615), Madhya Pradesh (1352), Chhattisgarh (1387), Jammu & Kashmir (1146), Odisha (761) and Tripura (433) (**Section I, Comparative Statement 1**).
- Percentage of Sub Centres functioning in the Government buildings has increased from 43.8% in 2005 to 75.3% in 2019. The increase is mainly due to addition in the number of government buildings in the States of Uttar Pradesh (14288), West Bengal (896), Madhya Pradesh (3509), Karnataka (3448), Maharashtra (3336), Gujarat (2961), Chhattisgarh (2744), Rajasthan (2436), Odisha (2255) and Assam (1412) (**Section I, Comparative Statement 2**).
- There are a total of 3302 Sub Centres which are functional in urban areas of the country as on 31st March 2019 (**Section IV, Table 6**).
- There are a total of 28682 functional Sub Centres in the tribal areas as on 31st March 2019 (**Section XI, Table 83**).
- There are 27% of SCs with separate toilet for male & female patients and 44% of SCs with toilet facility for Staff (**Section VI, Table 49**).

Primary Health Centres (PHCs)

- Number of PHCs in rural areas has increased by 1619 during the period 2005-2019, from 23236 to 24855. Mix trend is observed in different States. In the States of

Karnataka (446), Gujarat (406), Rajasthan (369), Assam (336), Jammu & Kashmir (288) and Chhattisgarh (275) a significant increase has been observed (**Section I, Comparative Statement 1**).

- Percentage of PHCs functioning in government buildings has increased significantly from 69% in 2005 to 94.5% in 2019. This is mainly due to increase in the government buildings in the States of Gujarat (813), Uttar Pradesh (807), Karnataka (615), Rajasthan (506), Madhya Pradesh (418) and Chhattisgarh (351) (**Section I, Comparative Statement 3**).
- There are 5190 PHCs which are functional in urban areas of the country as on 31st March 2019 (**Section IV, Table 6**).
- There are 4211 functional PHCs in the tribal areas as on 31st March 2019 (**Section XI, Table 83**).
- Around 64% of PHCs are having separate toilet for male & female patients and 93% of PHCs are having with toilet facility for Staff (**Section VI, Table 49**).

Community Health Centres (CHCs)

- Number of CHCs in rural areas has increased by 1989 during the period 2005-2019. Significant increase was observed in the States of Uttar Pradesh (293), Tamil Nadu (350), West Bengal (253), Rajasthan (245), Odisha (146), Jharkhand (124) and Kerala (121). (**Section I, Comparative Statement 1**).
- Number of CHCs functioning in government buildings has also increased during the period 2005-2019. The percentage of CHCs in Govt. buildings has increased from 91.6% in 2005 to 99.2% in 2019 (**Section I, Comparative Statement 4**).
- There are 350 CHCs which are functional in urban areas of the country as on 31st March 2019 (**Section IV, Table 6**).
- There are 1022 functional CHCs in the tribal areas as on 31st March 2019 (**Section XI, Table 83**).
- There are about 77% of CHCs which are having separate toilet for male & female patients and 74% of CHCs are having toilet facility for Staff (**Section VI, Table 49**).

Health & Wellness Centres (HWCs):

- There 17895 HWCs functional in India as on 31st March 2019. Out of these, there are 7919 and 9976 are functional at the level of HWC-SCs and HWC-PHCs respectively. Further, out of these HWCs 16063 are located in rural areas and 1832 are located in urban areas (**Section IV, Table 6**).

First Referral Unit (FRUs):

- As on 31st March 2019, there are 3204 FRUs functioning in the country. Out of these, 95.7% of the FRUs are having Operation Theatre facilities, 96.7% of the FRUs are having functional Labour Room while 75.3% of the FRUs are having Blood Storage/linkage facility (**Section VI, Table 48**).

Changes in the manpower position

- Number of HW (F) / ANM at Sub Centres and PHCs have increased from 133194 in 2005 to 234220 in 2019, which amounts to an increase of about 75.9%. As on 31st March, 2019 the overall shortfall in the posts of HW (F) / ANM at SCs & PHCs is 3.9% of the total requirement as per IPHS norms (**Section I, Comparative Statement 5**).
- The number of allopathic doctors at PHCs has increased from 20308 in 2005 to 29799 in 2019, which is about 46.7% increase. Shortfall of allopathic doctors in PHCs is 6.0% of the total requirement for the existing infrastructure (**Section I, Comparative Statement 6**).
- The number of allopathic doctors at PHCs has increased from 27567 in 2018 to 29799 in 2019. Major increase is observed in the States of Uttar Pradesh (1836), Gujarat (865), Assam (549), Kerala (362), Bihar (299) and Jammu & Kashmir (225) (**Section I, Comparative Statement 14**).
- Regarding the specialist doctors at CHCs, the number has decreased marginally from 4074 in 2018 to 3881 in 2019. Reduction has been noticed in the States of Andhra Pradesh (147), Rajasthan (110) and West Bengal (54). However increase has been observed in the States of Uttar Pradesh (292) and Telangana (146) (**Section I, Comparative Statement 14**). There is a shortfall of surgeons (85.6%), obstetricians & gynaecologists (75%), physicians (87.2%) and paediatricians (79.9%). Overall, there is a shortfall of 81.8% specialists at CHCs during the year 2019 in comparison with the IPHS norms.
- In addition to 3881 Specialists and 15395 General Duty Medical Officers (GDMOs) posted at CHCs, 13347 and 3197 AYUSH doctors are available at PHCs and CHCs

respectively. A total of 1152 and 1920 Dental Surgeons are also available at PHCs and CHCs respectively (**Section V, Table 20, 21, 22, 23, 28 and 29**).

Coverage of Rural Health Infrastructure (As on 31st March, 2019)

- Average rural population covered by health facility (based on the mid-year population as on 1st July 2019):

	Norm	Average rural population covered
Sub Centre	3000-5000	5616
Primary Health Centre (PHC)	20000-30000	35567
Community Health Centre (CHC)	80000-120000	165702

- Average rural area (Sq. Km) covered by

Sub Centre	18.98
Primary Health Centre (PHC)	120.19
Community Health Centre (CHC)	559.96

- Average radial distance (Km) covered by

Sub Centre	2.46
Primary Health Centre (PHC)	6.18
Community Health Centre (CHC)	13.35

- Average number of villages covered by

Sub Centre	4
Primary Health Centre (PHC)	26
Community Health Centre (CHC)	120

Note: The analysis presented above for infrastructure and manpower is based on the data received from various States / UTs. The States / UTs which do not have relevant data for a particular item / category, were excluded while calculating percentages for facilities functioning in Government buildings, manpower vacancies and shortfall etc. Comparative position of infrastructure and manpower for 2018 and 2019 is given in Statements 12-15.

PART 1
HEALTH CARE SYSTEM IN INIDA

Rural Health Care System in India

Rural Health Care System – the structure and current scenario

The health care infrastructure in rural areas has been developed as a three tier system (see *Chart 1*) and is based on the following population norms:

Table 1.

Centre	Population Norms *	
	Plain Area	Hilly/Tribal/Difficult Area
Sub Centre	5000	3000
Primary Health Centre	30000	20000
Community Health Centre	120000	80000

***Number of persons covered under the services of a particular Facility (SC, PHC & CHC)**

1.1 As on 31st March, 2019, there are 157411 Sub Centres (SC), 24855 Primary Health Centres (PHCs) and 5335 Community Health Centres (CHCs) in rural areas which are functioning in the country. Further there, are 7821 SCs which are upgraded as Health and Wellness Centre-Sub Centres (HWC-SCs) out of total 157541 SCs and 8242 Health and Wellness Centres-Primary Health Centres (HWC-PHCs) has been upgraded out of total 24855 PHCs (**Section IV, Table 6**).

Sub Centres (SCs)

1.2. The Sub Centre is the most peripheral and first contact point between the primary health care system and the community. Sub Centres are assigned tasks relating to interpersonal communication in order to bring about behavioral change and provide services

As on 31st March, 2019, there are 157411 numbers of rural SCs functional in the country. Out of these SCs 7821 have been upgraded as HWC-SCs. The significant conversion of SCs into HWC-SCs have been observed in the States of Tamil Nadu (985), Maharashtra (939), Gujarat (813), Uttar Pradesh (726), Chhattisgarh (650), Assam (628), Andhra Pradesh (612) and Karnataka (571).

in relation to maternal and child health, family welfare, nutrition, immunization, diarrhoea control and control of communicable diseases programmes. Each Sub Centre is required to be manned by at least one auxiliary nurse midwife (ANM) / female health worker and one male health worker (for details of staffing pattern, see

Box 1 and for recommended staffing structure under Indian Public Health Standards (IPHS) (see **Annexure I**). Under NRHM, there is a provision for one additional second ANM on contract basis. One lady health visitor (LHV) is entrusted with the task of supervision of six Sub Centres. Government of India bears the salary of ANM and LHV while the salary of the Male Health Worker is borne by the State governments. Under the Swap Scheme, the Government of India has taken over an additional 39554 Sub Centres from State governments

/ Union territories since April, 2002 in lieu of 5434 Rural Family Welfare Centres transferred to the State governments / Union territories. There are a total 157411 (149520 SCs and 7821 HWC-SCs) Sub Centres functioning in rural areas of the country as on 31st March, 2019 (**Section IV, Table 6**). At national level there is an increase of 11385 numbers of SCs from the year 2005 (**Section I, Comparative Statement 1**).

Primary Health Centres (PHCs)

1.3. PHC is the first contact point between village community and the medical officer. The PHCs were envisaged to provide an integrated curative and preventive health care to the rural population with emphasis on preventive and promotive aspects of health care. The PHCs are established and maintained by the State governments under the Minimum Needs Programme (MNP)/ Basic Minimum Services (BMS) Programme. As per minimum requirement (Box-1), a PHC is to be manned by a medical officer supported by 14 paramedical and other staff (See Annexure-I for IPHS norms). Under NRHM, there is a provision for two additional staff nurses at PHCs on contract basis. It acts as a referral unit for 6 Sub Centres and has 4-6 beds for patients. The activities of PHC involve curative, preventive, promotive and family welfare services. There are 24855 PHCs i.e (16613 PHCs and 8242 HWC-PHCs) functioning in rural areas of the country as on 31st March, 2019 (**Section IV, Table 6**). At national level there is an increase of 1619 PHCs from the year 2005 (**Section I, Comparative Statement 1**).

At the national level, there are 24855 PHCs functioning (i.e 16613 PHCs and 8242 HWC-PHCs) in rural areas as on 31st March 2019. There is an upgradation of 8242 of PHCs as HWC-PHCs. The significant number of conversion of PHCs into HWC-PHCs have been observed in the States of Andhra Pradesh (1145), Uttar Pradesh (946), Odisha (827), Gujarat (772), Tamil Nadu (716) and Telangana (636).

Community Health Centres (CHCs)

1.4. CHCs are being established and maintained by the State government under MNP/BMS programme. As per minimum norms (Box-1), a CHC is required to be manned by four medical specialists i.e. surgeon, physician, gynecologist and pediatrician supported by 21 paramedical and other staff (See Annexure-I for IPHS norms). It has 30 indoor beds with one OT, X-ray, labour room and laboratory facilities. It serves as a referral centre for 4 PHCs and also provides facilities for obstetric care and specialist consultations. As on 31st March, 2019, there are 5335 of CHCs functioning in rural areas of the country (**Section IV, Table 6**).

As on 31st March 2019, there are 5335 CHCs functional in rural areas of the country. At national level there is increase of 1989 number of CHCs from the year 2005.

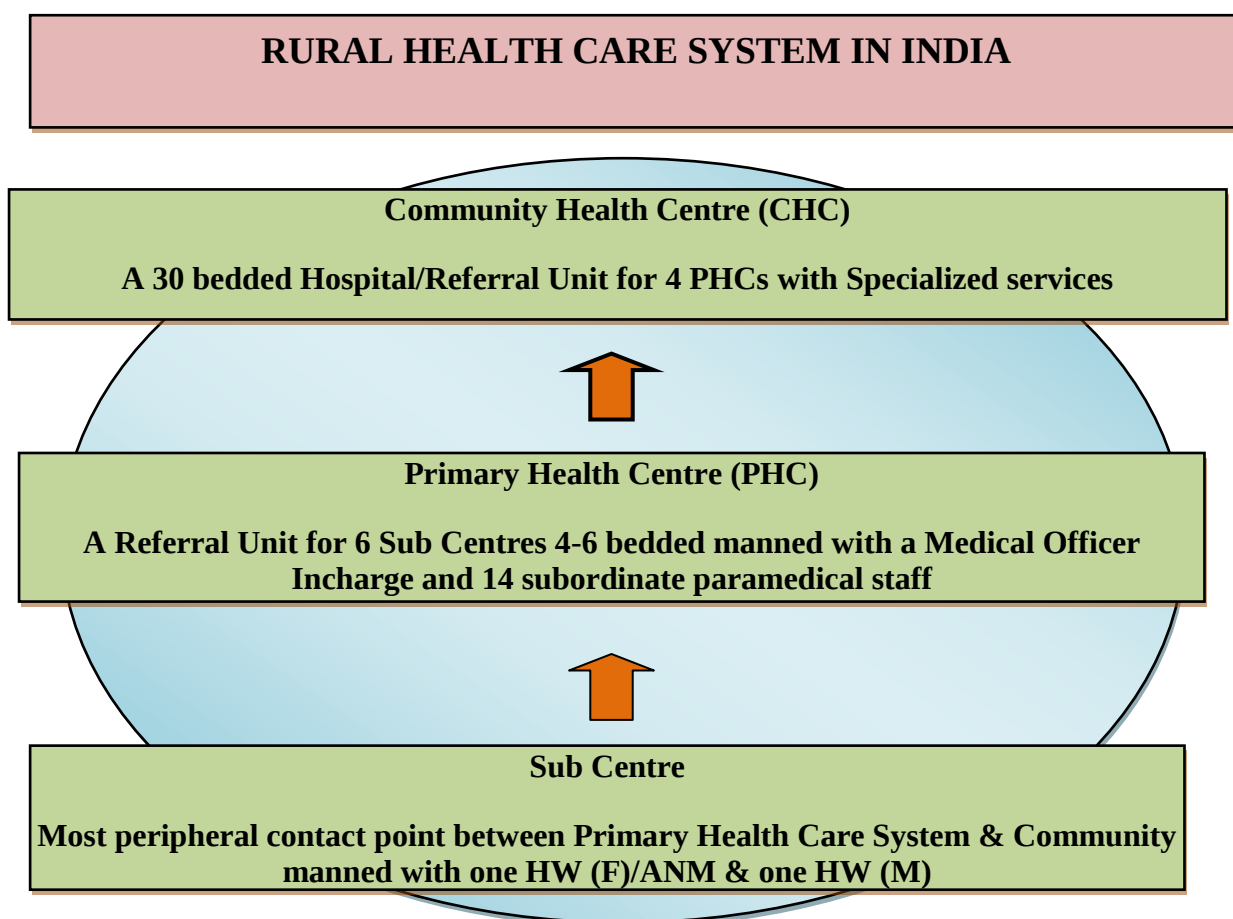
1.5. The details of the population norms for each level of rural health infrastructure and current status against these norms are given in Box 2.

First Referral Units (FRUs)

1.6. An existing facility (District Hospital, Sub-divisional Hospital, Community Health Centre etc.) can be declared as a fully operational First Referral Unit (FRU) only if it is equipped to provide round-the-clock services for emergency obstetric and New Born Care, in addition to all emergencies that any hospital is required to provide. It should be noted that there are three critical determinants of a facility being declared as a FRU: i) Emergency Obstetric Care including surgical interventions like caesarean sections; ii) new-born care; and iii) blood storage facility on a 24-hour basis.

As on 31st March 2019, there are 3204 FRUs functioning in the country. Out of these, 95.7% of the FRUs are having Operation Theatre facilities, 96.7% of the FRUs are having functional Labour Room while 75.3% of the FRUs are having Blood Storage/ linkage facility (Section VI, Table 48).

Chart 1.



2. Strengthening of Rural Health Infrastructure under National Rural Health Mission

2.1. The National Rural Health Mission seeks to provide effective affordable healthcare to rural population throughout the country with special focus on 18 States, which have weak

public health indicators and/or weak infrastructure. These 18 States are Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Himachal Pradesh, Jharkhand, Jammu & Kashmir, Manipur, Mizoram, Meghalaya, Madhya Pradesh, Nagaland, Odisha, Rajasthan, Sikkim, Tripura, Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh.

2.2. NRHM aims to undertake architectural correction of the health system to enable it to effectively handle increased allocations and promote policies that strengthen public health management and service delivery in the country. It has as its key components provision of a female health activist in each village; a village health plan prepared through a local team headed by the Village Health, Sanitation & Nutrition Committee (VHS&NC) of the Panchayat; strengthening of the rural hospital for effective curative care and made measurable and accountable to the community through Indian Public Health Standards (IPHS); integration of vertical health & family welfare programmes, optimal utilization of funds & infrastructure, and strengthening delivery of primary healthcare. It seeks to revitalize local health traditions and mainstream AYUSH into the public health system. It further aims at effective integration of health concerns with determinants of health like sanitation & hygiene, nutrition, and safe drinking water through a District Plan for health. It seeks decentralization of programmes for district management of health and to address the inter-State and inter-district disparities, especially among the 18 high focus States, including unmet needs for public health infrastructure. It also seeks to improve access of rural people, especially poor women and children, to equitable, affordable, accountable and effective primary healthcare.

Box 1.

STAFFING PATTERN (Minimum norm)		
A. STAFF FOR SUB - CENTRE:		Number of Posts
1	Health Worker (Female)/ANM.....	1
2	Additional Second ANM (on contract).....	1
3	Health Worker (Male).....	1
4	Voluntary Worker	1
	Total (excluding contractual staff):	3
B. STAFF FOR NEW PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE		
1	Medical Officer.....	1
2	Pharmacist.....	1
3	Nurse Mid-wife (Staff Nurse).....1 + 2 additional Staff Nurses on contract	
4	Health Worker (Female)/ANM.....	1
5	Health Educator.....	1
6	Health Assistant (Male).....	1
7	Health Assistant (Female)/LHV.....	1
8	Upper Division Clerk.....	1
9	Lower Division Clerk.....	1
10	Laboratory Technician	1

11	Driver (Subject to availability of Vehicle)	1
12	Class IV	4
Total (excluding contractual staff):.....		15

C. STAFF FOR COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRE:

1	Medical Officer #	4
2	Nurse Mid– Wife (staff Nurse)	7
3	Dresser	1
4	Pharmacist/Compounder	1
5	Laboratory Technician	1
6	Radiographer	1
7	Ward Boys	2
8	Dhobi.....	1
9	Sweepers	3
10	Mali	1
11	Chowkidar	1
12	Aya	1
13	Peon	1
Total:		25

#: Either qualified or specially trained to work as Surgeon, Obstetrician, Physician and Pediatrician. One of the existing Medical Officers similarly should be either qualified or specially trained in Public Health.

Note: The above is the minimum norm for staffing pattern, including the additional staff prescribed under NRHM as given in Annexure I of this Chapter.

Box 2.

RURAL HEALTH INFRASTRUCTURE – NORMS* AND LEVEL OF ACHIEVEMENTS (ALL INDIA)					
S.No.	Indicator	National Norms		Status (2019)	
1	Rural Population (mid-year population 2019, as on 1st July 2019) covered by a:	General	Tribal/Hilly/Dese rt	Rural Area	Tribal/Hilly/De sert
	Sub Centre	5000	3000	5616	3394
	Primary Health Centre (PHC)	30000	20000	35567	23115
	Community Health Centre (CHC)	120000	80000	165702	95243
2	Number of Sub Centres per PHC	6		6	7
3	Number of PHCs per CHC	4		5	4

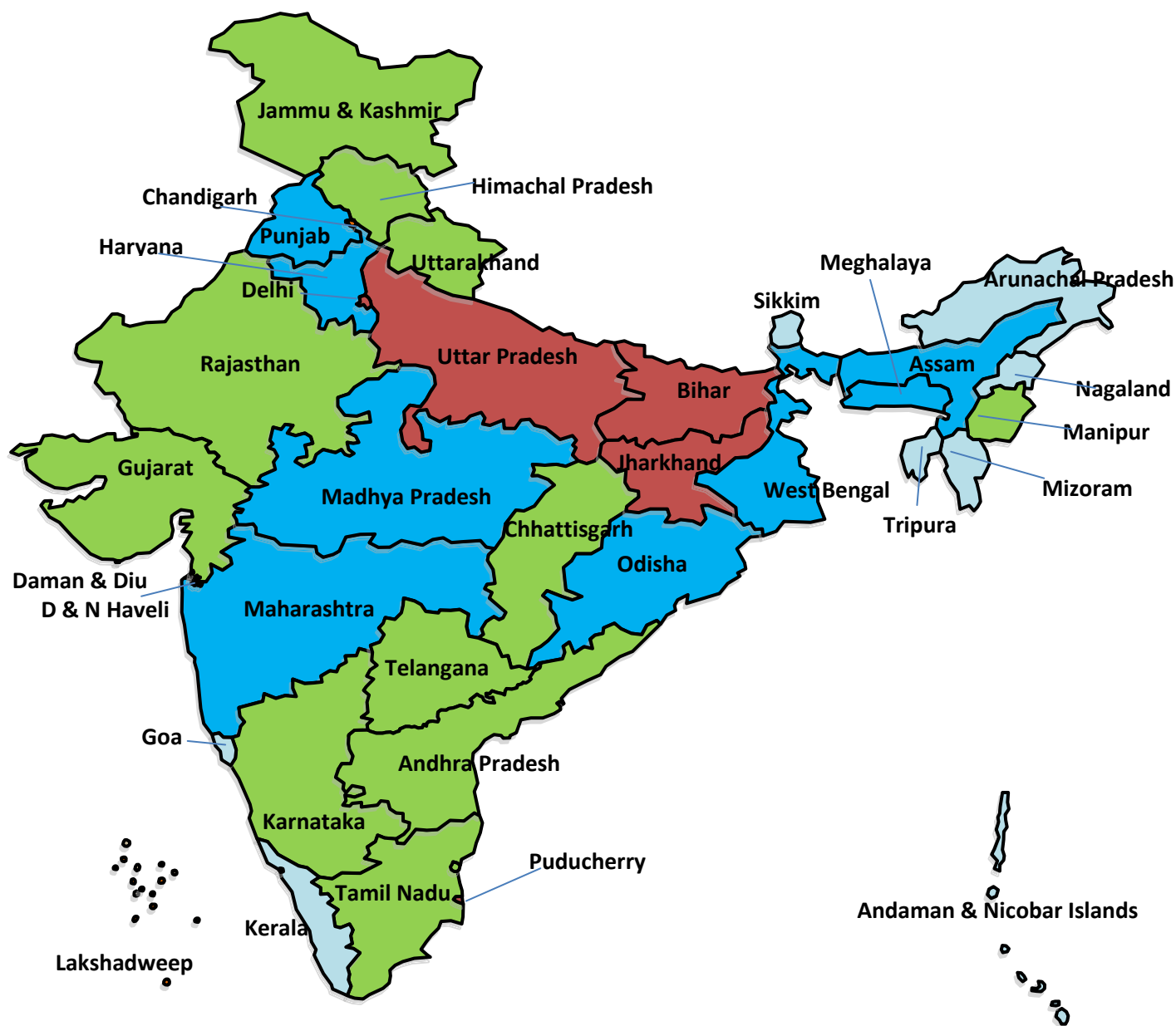
4	Rural Population (mid-year population 2019, as on 1st July 2019) covered by a:		
	HW (F) HW (F) (at Sub Centres and PHCs)		3774
	HW (M) (At Sub Centres)		14896
5	Ratio of HA (M) at PHCs to HW (M) at Sub Centres	Rural Area	Tribal/Hilly/Desert
		1:4	1:5
6	Ratio of HA (F) at PHCs to HW (F) at Sub Centres and PHCs	1:17	1:15
7	Average Rural Area (Sq. Km) covered by a:	Rural Area	Tribal Area
	Sub Centre	18.98	17.10
	PHC	120.19	116.46
	CHC	559.96	479.84
8	Average Radial Distance (Kms) covered by a:		
	Sub Centre	2.46	2.33
	PHC	6.18	6.09
	CHC	13.35	12.36
9	Average Number of Villages covered by a:	Rural Area	
	Sub Centre	4	-
	PHC	26	-
	CHC	120	-

M: Male F: Female

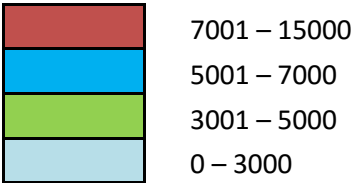
**Number of persons covered under the services of a particular Facility (SC, PHC & CHC)*

The average population covered by a Sub Centre, PHC and CHCs are 5616, 35567 and 165702 respectively as on 31st March, 2019 (**Section VIII, Table 66, 67 & 68**). The State-wise variations in the average population covered by a Sub Centre, PHC and CHC are represented in the **Maps 1, 2 and 3** respectively.

Map 1. Average Rural Population (mid-year Population as on 1st July 2019) Covered by a SC and HWC-SCs as on 31st March, 2019 (Section IX, Table 66)

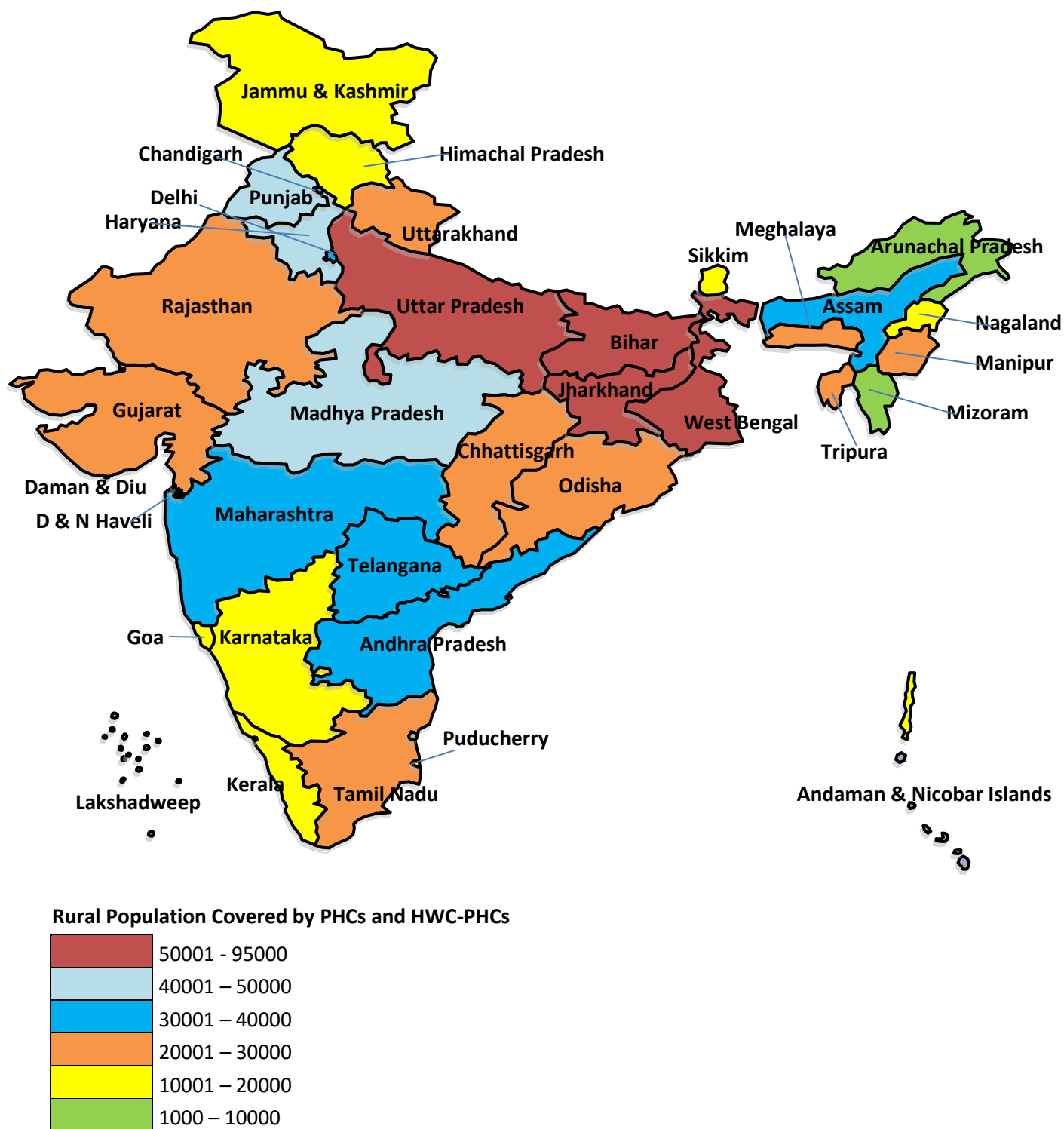


Rural Population Covered by SCs and HWC-SCs



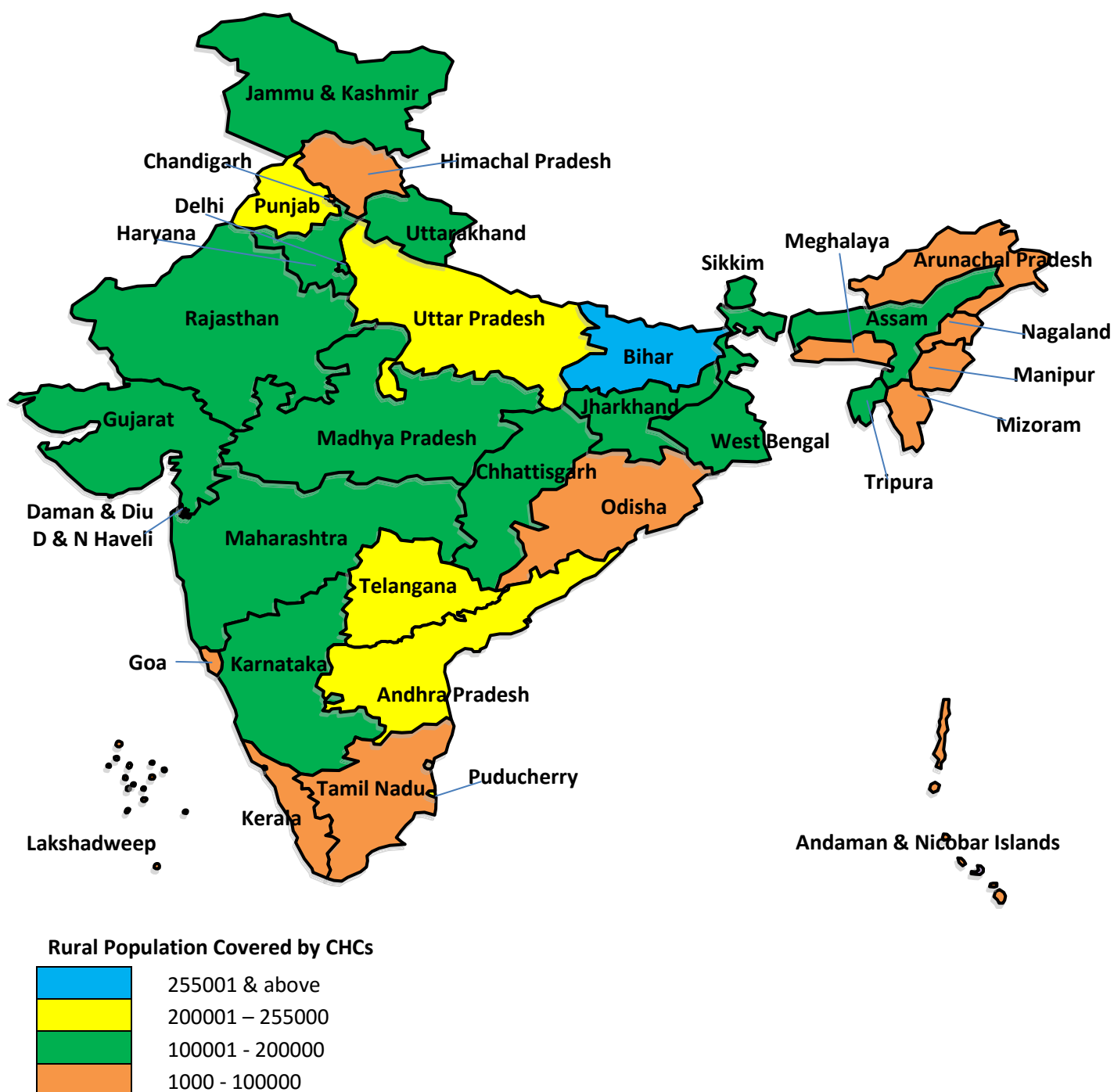
Note: The boundaries and the name shown & the designations used on these maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations

Map 2. Average Rural Population (mid-year Population as on 1st July 2019) Covered by PHC and HWC-PHC as on 31st March, 2019 (Section IX, Table 67)



Note: The boundaries and the name shown & the designations used on these maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations

Map 3. Average Rural Population (mid-year Population as on 1st July 2019) Covered by CHC as on 31st March, 2019 (Section IX, Table 68)



Note: The boundaries and the name shown & the designations used on these maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations

3.1. Core and Supplementary Strategies of NRHM:

3.1.1. Core Strategies:

- Train and enhance capacity of Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) to own, control and manage public health services.
- Promote access to improved healthcare at household level through the female health activist (ASHA).
- Health Plan for each village through Village Health, Sanitation & Nutrition Committee of the Panchayat.
- Strengthening Sub Centre through an untied fund to enable local planning and action and more multi-purpose workers (MPWs).
- Strengthening existing PHCs and CHCs, and provision of 30-50 bedded CHC per lakh population for improved curative care to a normative standard (Indian Public Health Standards defining personnel, equipment and management standards).
- Preparation and implementation of an inter-sectoral District Health Plan prepared by the District Health Mission, including drinking water, sanitation & hygiene and nutrition.
- Integrating vertical health and family welfare programmes at national, State, district, and block levels.
- Technical support to national, State and district health missions, for public health management.
- Strengthening capacities for data collection, assessment and review for evidence based planning, monitoring and supervision.
- Formulation of transparent policies for deployment and career development of human resources for health.
- Developing capacities for preventive health care at all levels for promoting healthy life styles, reduction in consumption of tobacco and alcohol etc. promoting non-profit sector particularly in underserved areas.

3.1.2 Supplementary Strategies:

- Regulation of private sector including the informal rural practitioners to ensure availability of quality service to citizens at reasonable cost. Promotion of Public Private Partnerships for achieving public health goals. Mainstreaming AYUSH - revitalizing local health traditions.
- Reorienting medical education to support rural health issues including regulation of Medical care and Medical Ethics.

3.2. NRHM Plan of Action relating to Infrastructure and Manpower Strengthening

3.2.1 Component (A): Accredited Social Health Activists

- Every village/large habitation will have a female Accredited Social Health Activist (ASHA) - chosen by and accountable to the panchayat- to act as the interface between the community and the public health system. States to choose State specific models.

- ASHA would act as a bridge between the ANM and the village and be accountable to the Panchayat.
- She will be an honorary volunteer, receiving performance-based compensation for promoting universal immunization, referral and escort services for RCH, construction of household toilets, and other healthcare delivery programmes.
- She will be trained on pedagogy of public health developed and mentored through a Standing Mentoring Group at National level incorporating best practices and implemented through active involvement of community health resource organizations.
- She will facilitate preparation and implementation of the Village Health Plan along with Anganwadi Worker, ANM, functionaries of other Departments, and Self Help Group members, under the leadership of the Village Health Committee of the Panchayat.
- She will be promoted all over the country, with special emphasis on the 18 high focus States. The Government of India will bear the cost of training, incentives and medical kits. The remaining components will be funded under Financial Envelope given to the States under the programme.
- She will be given a Drug Kit containing generic AYUSH and allopathic formulations for common ailments. The drug kit would be replenished from time to time.
- Induction training of ASHA to be of 23 days in all, spread over 12 months. On the job training would continue throughout the year.
- Prototype training material to be developed at National level, subject to State level modifications.
- Cascade model of training proposed through Training of Trainers including contract plus distance learning model
- Training would require partnership with NGOs/ICDS Training Centres and State Health Institutes.

As on 31st March 2019, there are 929893 ASHAs who are available throughout the country (Section V, Table 37).

3.2.2 Component (B): Strengthening Sub Centres (SC)

- Each Sub Centre will have an Untied Fund @ Rs. 10,000 per annum for local action. This Fund will be deposited in a joint bank account of the ANM & Sarpanch and operated by the ANM and the Sarpanch, in consultation with the Village Health, Sanitation & Nutrition Committee, supply of allopathic and indigenous medicines and provision of an additional ANM.
- Annual maintenance grant of Rs. 10,000/- is also made available to every Sub Centre to undertake and supervise improvement and maintenance of the facility.
- A critical issue in delivering health care in the outreach areas, particularly in hilly and desert areas is the “time-to-care”. Health care delivery facilities should be within 30 minutes of walking distance, from habitation, implying that additional Sub Centres where population is dispersed would need to be created. Though there is the assured sub centre team per population of 5000 (3000 in hilly, desert and tribal areas), where

the population is dense, the gap can be met by positioning multiple service provider teams at existing Sub Centres/ UPHCs.

3.2.3 Component (C): Strengthening Primary Health Centres (PHCs)

Mission aims at strengthening PHCs for quality preventive, promotive, curative, supervisory and outreach services through:

- Adequate and regular supply of essential quality drugs and equipment (including supply of auto disabled syringes for immunization) to PHCs.
- Observance of Standard treatment guidelines & protocols.
- Untied grant of Rs. 25,000/- per PHC for local health action and annual maintenance grant of Rs. 50,000/- per PHC and Rs. one lakh to Rogi Kalyan Samiti (RKS) to undertake and supervise improvement and maintenance of physical infrastructure is provided.

3.3.4 Component (D): Strengthening Community Health Centres (CHCs) for First Referral Care

A key strategy of the Mission is:

- Codification of new Indian Public Health Standards setting norms for infrastructure, staff, equipment, management etc. for CHCs.
- Promotion of stakeholder committees (Rogi Kalyan Samitis) for hospital management.
- Developing standards of services and costs in hospital care.
- Develop, display and ensure compliance to Citizen's Charter at CHC/PHC level.
- Untied grant of Rs. 50,000/- and annual maintenance grant of Rs. one lakh and RKS Coupon grant of Rs. one lakh is provided under NRHM to all CHCs.

4. Rural Health Infrastructure - a statistical overview

All India analysis for infrastructure and manpower presented below is based on the data received from various States / UTs. It may be noted that the States / UTs which do not have relevant data for a particular item / category, are excluded while calculating percentages for facilities functioning in Government buildings, manpower vacancies and shortfall etc.

The Centres Functioning at the level of Sub Centre, Primary Health Centres and Community Health Centres:

4.1. The Primary Health Care Infrastructure has been developed as a three tier system with Sub Centre, Primary Health Centre (PHC) and Community Health Centre (CHC) being the three pillars of Primary Health Care System. Progress of Sub Centres, which is the most peripheral contact point between the Primary Health Care System and the community, is a

prerequisite for the overall progress of the entire system. There are 157411 rural SCs functioning in the country as on 31st March, 2019. There are 7821 HWC-SCs in rural areas which are functional as on 31st March 2019. As on 31st March, 2019, there are 24855 rural PHCs functioning in the country. A total of 8242 PHCs have been converted into Health and Wellness Centres in rural areas. Over the years, a number of PHCs have been upgraded to the level of CHCs in many States. In accordance with the progress in the number of SCs and PHCs, the number of CHCs has also increased over the years. As on 31st March 2019, total 5335 CHCs are functioning in rural areas (**Section IV, Table 6**).

4.2. Section I, Comparative Statement 1 presents the number of Sub Centres, PHCs and CHCs existing in 2019 as compared to those reported in 2005. At the national level there is increase of 11385 Sub Centres, 1619 PHCs and 1989 CHCs in 2019 as compared to those existing in 2005. This implies an increase of about 7.8% in number of Sub Centres, about 7.0% in number of PHCs and about 59.4% in number of CHCs in 2019 as compared to 2005. Significant increase in Sub Centres are recorded in the States of Rajasthan (3000), Gujarat (1892), Karnataka (1615), Madhya Pradesh (1352), Chhattisgarh (1387), Jammu & Kashmir (1146), Odisha (761) and Tripura (433). Similarly significant increases in the number of PHCs have been seen in the States of Karnataka (446), Gujarat (406), Rajasthan (369), Assam (336), Jammu & Kashmir (288) and Chhattisgarh (275). In case of CHCs, significant increase is observed in the States of Uttar Pradesh (293), Tamil Nadu (350), West Bengal (253), Rajasthan (245), Odisha (146), Jharkhand (124) and Kerala (121).

4.3 Section I, Comparative Statement 12 presents the number of Sub Centres, PHCs and CHCs existing in 2019 as compared to those reported in 2018. At the national level there is a decrease of 1006 Sub Centres, 888 PHCs and 289 CHCs in rural areas due migration of health facilities into Urban areas. However there is an increase of Sub Centres in Uttar Pradesh (261), Karnataka (315) and Arunachal Pradesh (73).

4.4. Section I, Comparative Statement 2 to Comparative Statement 4 give the comparative picture of the status of buildings of Sub Centres, PHCs and CHCs, respectively, in 2019 as compared to that in 2005. As may be seen, percentage of Sub Centres functioning in the government buildings has increased from 43.8% in 2005 to 75.3% in 2019 mainly due to substantial

Percentage of Sub-Centres functioning in the Government buildings has increased from 43.8% in 2005 to 75.3% in 2019.

Percentage of PHCs functioning in Government buildings has increased significantly from 69% in 2005 to 94.5% in 2019.

The % of CHCs in Govt. buildings has increased from 91.6% in 2005 to 99.3% in 2019.

increase in the government buildings in the States of Uttar Pradesh (14288), West Bengal (896), Madhya Pradesh (3509), Karnataka (3448), Maharashtra (3336), Gujarat (2961), Chhattisgarh (2744), Rajasthan (2436), Odisha (2255) and Assam (1412). Similarly, percentage of PHCs functioning in government buildings has also increased significantly from 69% in 2005 to 94.5% in 2019. This is mainly due to increase in the government buildings in the States of Gujarat (813), Uttar Pradesh (807), Karnataka (615), Rajasthan (506), Madhya Pradesh (418) and Chhattisgarh (351). Moreover, number of CHCs

functioning in government buildings has increased appreciably in 2019 as compared to 2005. The percentage of CHCs in govt. buildings has increased from 91.6% in 2005 to 99.3% in 2019. This is mainly due to increase in the government buildings in the States of Tamil Nadu (350), Rajasthan (296), Uttar Pradesh (293) and West Bengal (253). Comparative State-wise status of buildings for Sub Centres, PHCs and CHCs in 2018 and 2019 is available at **Comparative Statement 13**.

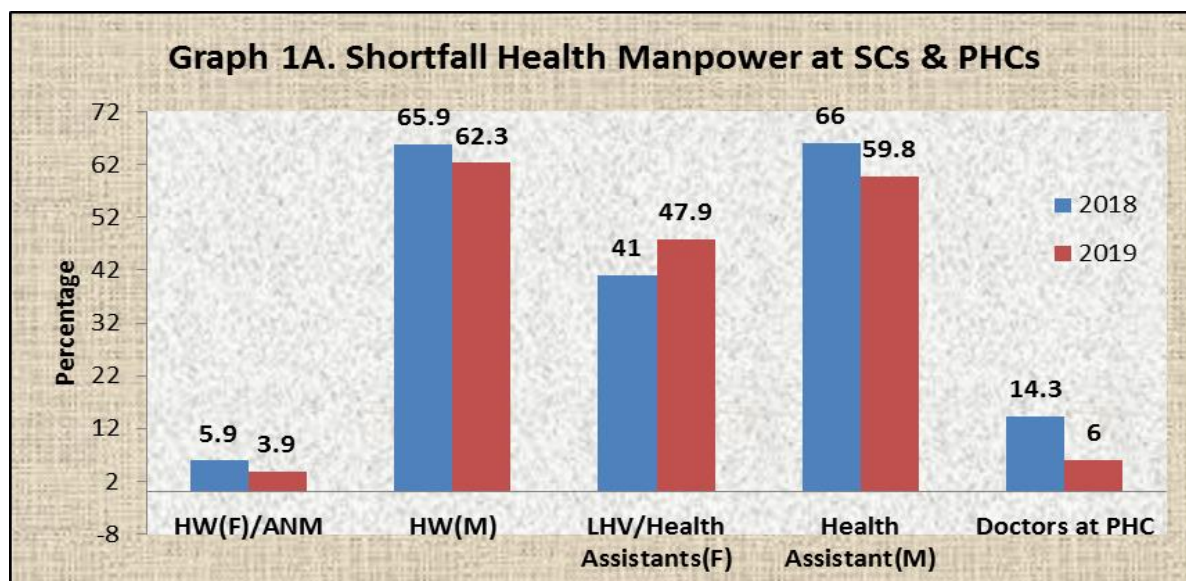
Manpower

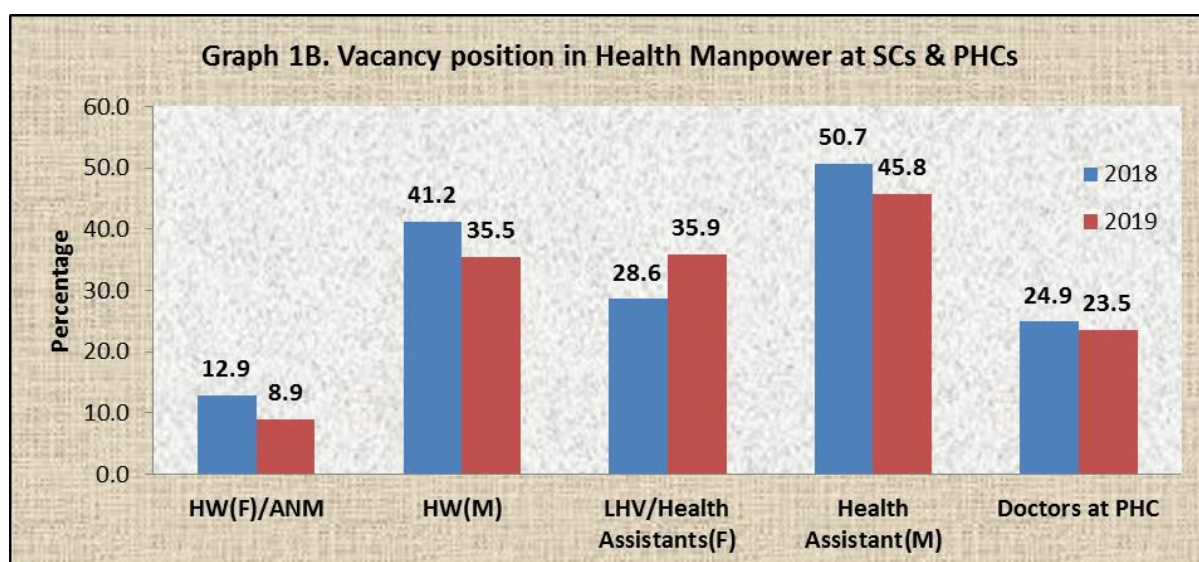
4.5 The availability of manpower is one of the important pre-requisite for the efficient functioning of the Rural Health services. As on 31st March, 2019 the overall shortfall (which excludes the existing surplus in some of the States) in the posts of HW(F) / ANM is 3.9% of the total requirement as per the norm of one HW(F) / ANM per Sub Centre and PHC. The overall shortfall is mainly due to shortfall in States of Karnataka (3423), Gujarat (1474), Himachal Pradesh (830), Uttarakhand (279) and Rajasthan (169). The State-wise variation in shortfall of ANMs is depicted in the **Comparative Statement-5**. Similarly, in case of HW (M), there is a shortfall of 62.3% of the requirement.

As on 31st March, 2019 the overall shortfall in the posts of HW(F)/ANM is 3.9% of the total requirement, mainly due to shortfall in States namely, Karnataka (3423), Gujarat (1474), Himachal Pradesh (830), Rajasthan (604) and Uttarakhand (279).

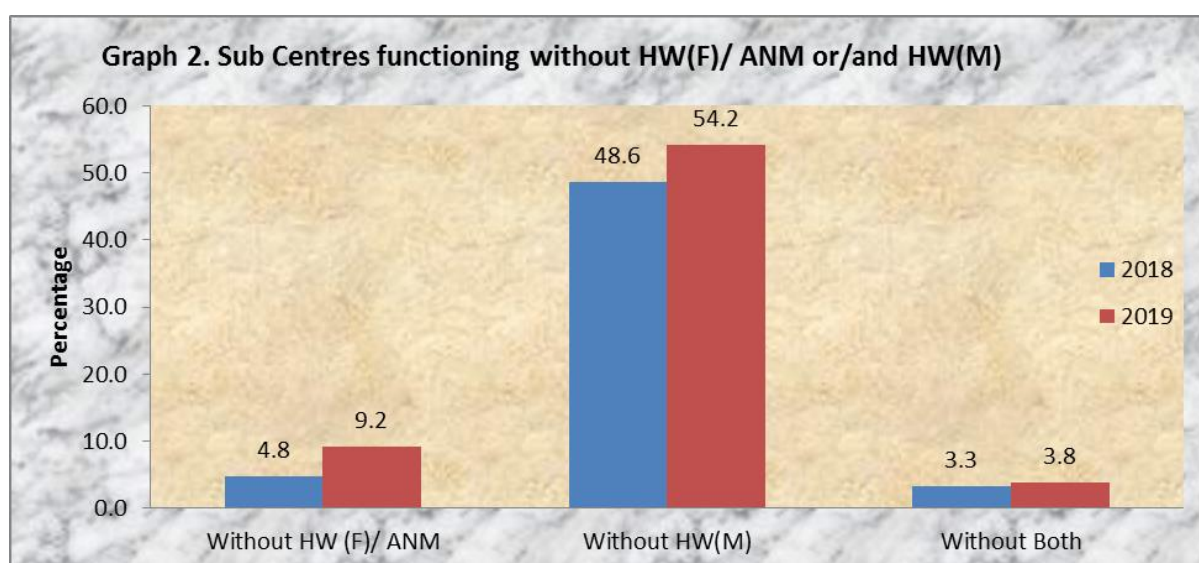
For allopathic Doctors at PHCs, there is a shortfall of 7.6% of the total requirement for existing infrastructure as compared to manpower in position.

Even out of the sanctioned posts, a significant percentage of posts are vacant at all the levels. For instance, 8.9% of the sanctioned posts of HW (Female)/ ANM are vacant as compared to 35.5% vacancies of Male Health Worker in 2019. At PHCs, 35.9% of the sanctioned posts of Female Health Assistant/ LHV, 45.8% of Male Health Assistant and 23.5% of the sanctioned posts of Doctors are vacant in 2019 (**Section V, Table 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19**). The details have been represented in the **Graph 1A & Graph 1B**.



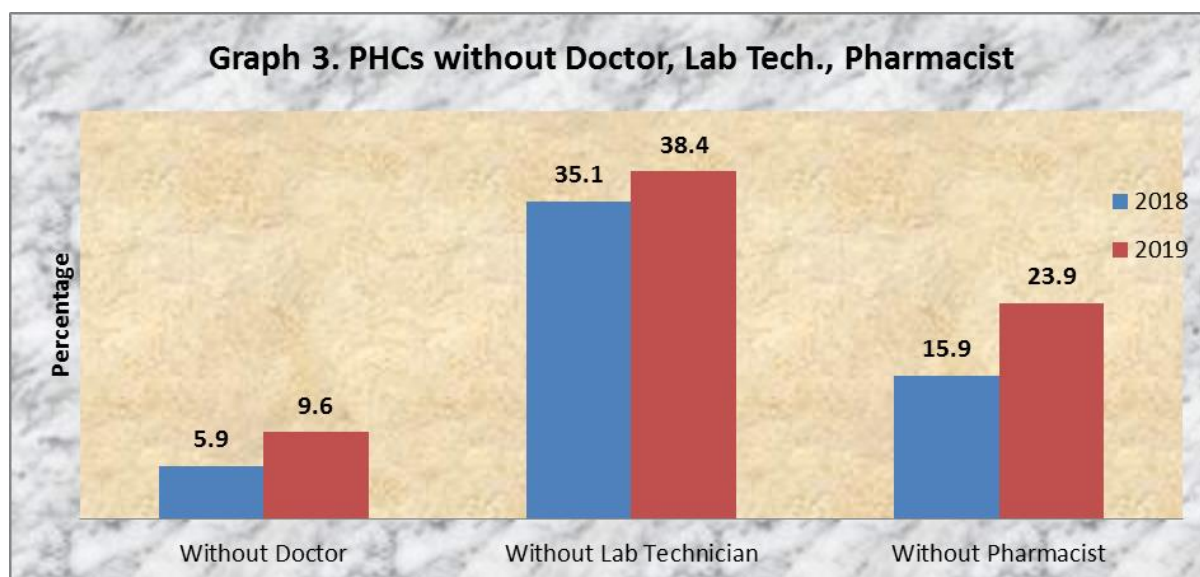


4.6. At the Sub Centre level (excluding HWCs) the existing manpower can be assessed from the fact that 9.2% of the Sub Centres are without a Female Health Worker/ ANM and 54.1% Sub Centres are without a Male Health Worker. 3.8% Sub Centres are without both Female Health Worker/ ANM as well as Male Health Worker as per the data provided by the States/ UTs (**Section IX, Table 75**). The details have been represented in the **Graph 2**.

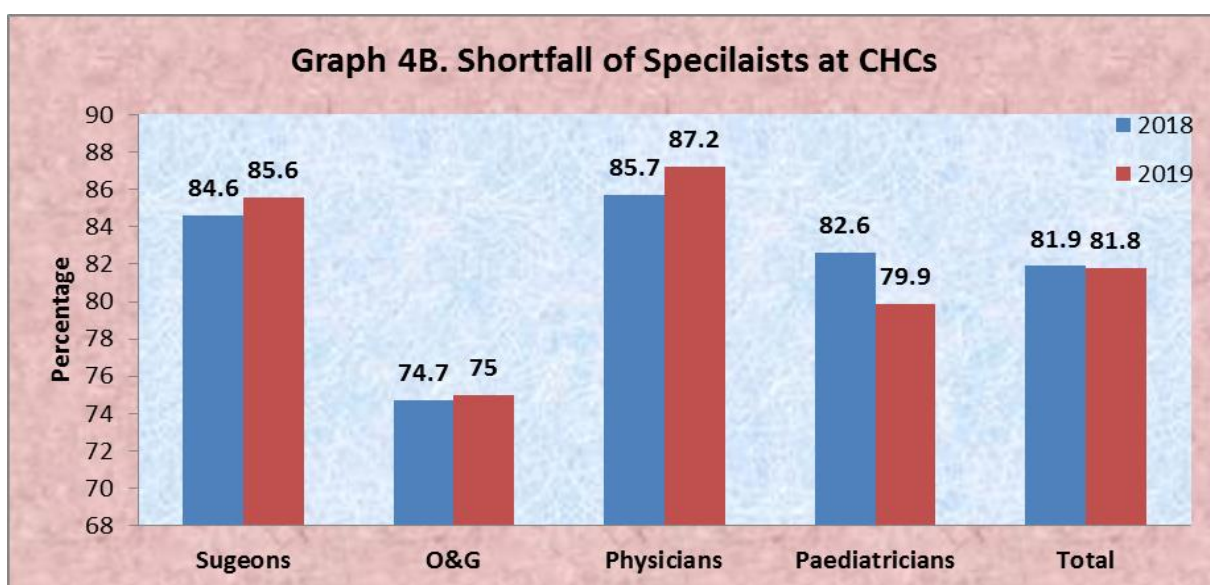
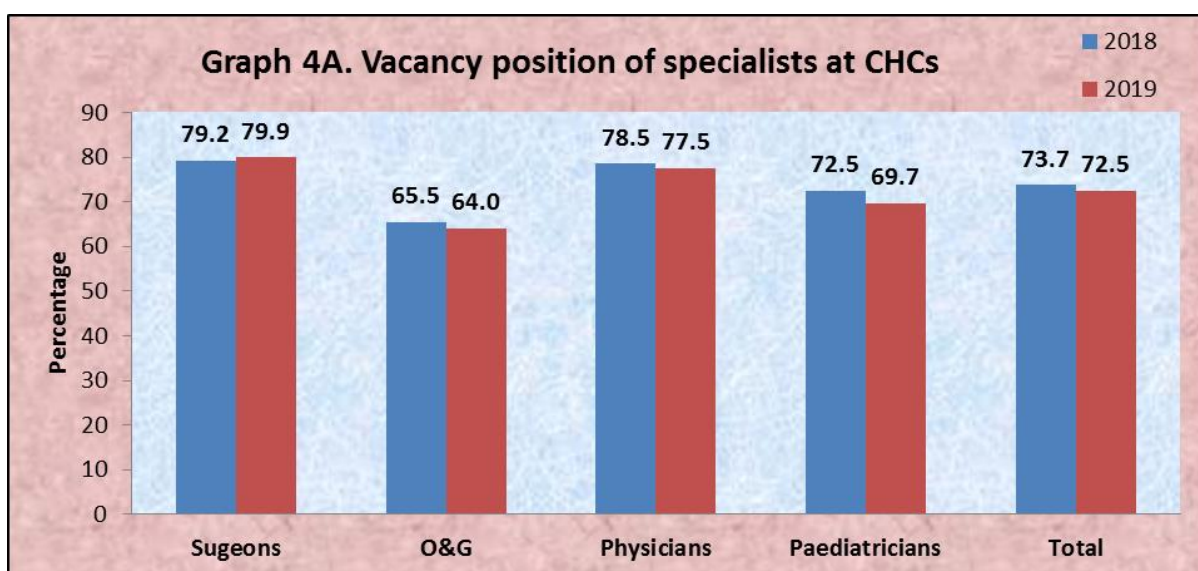


4.7 PHC is the first contact point between village community and the Medical Officer. Manpower in PHC includes a Medical Officer supported by paramedical and other staff. In case of PHC, for Health Assistant (Female)/LHV, the shortfall is 47.9% and that of Health Assistant (Male) is 59.8%. For allopathic doctors at PHC, there is a shortfall of 6.0% of the total requirement at all India level. This is again mainly due to significant shortfall of doctors at PHCs in the States of Odisha (475), Chhattisgarh (471), Rajasthan (150), Madhya Pradesh (146) and Himachal Pradesh (100). Apart from Allopathic doctors, there are 13347 AYUSH doctors available at PHCs. To strengthen oral health programme at PHC level, there are about 1152 dental surgeon available at PHCs (**Section V, Table 17, 18, 19, 20 and 22**).

As on 31st March 2019, 9.6% PHCs are without a doctor, 33.4% are without a Lab Technician and 23.9% are without a pharmacist (**Section IX, Table 76**). The details are represented in the **graph 4**.



4.8. The Community Health Centres provide specialized medical care of surgeons, obstetricians & gynecologists, physicians and pediatricians. The current position of specialists manpower at CHCs reveal that as on 31st March, 2019, out of the sanctioned posts, 79.9% of Surgeons, 64% of obstetricians & gynecologists, 77.5% of physicians and 69.7% of pediatricians are vacant. The details of vacancy are represented in the **graph 4A**. Overall 72.5% of the sanctioned posts of specialists at CHCs are vacant. Moreover, as compared to requirement for existing infrastructure, there is a shortfall of 85.6% of surgeons, 75% of obstetricians & gynecologists, 87.2% of physicians and 79.9% of pediatricians. Overall, there is a shortfall of 81.8% specialists at the CHCs as compared to the requirement for existing CHCs. The details of the shortfall are represented in the **graph 4B**. The shortfall of specialists is significantly high in most of the States. However, in addition to the specialists, about 15395 General Duty Medical Officers (GDMOs), 3197 AYUSH and 1920 Dental Surgeons doctors are also available at CHCs as on 31st March, 2019 (**Section V, Table 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29**).



4.9. When compared with the manpower position of major categories in 2019 with that in 2005, as presented in **Section I, Comparative Statement 5 to Comparative Statement 11**, it is observed that there are significant improvements in terms of the numbers in all the categories. For instance, the number of ANMs at Sub Centres and PHCs has increased from 133194 in 2005 to 234220 in 2019 which amounts to an increase of about 75.8%. Similarly, the allopathic doctors at PHCs have increased from 20,308 in 2005 to 29,799 in 2019, which is about 46.7% increase. However, the rate of increase in Specialists doctors at CHCs is not as per the rate of increase in requirement of the same. Requirement of Specialists in CHCs has increased by 59% whereas there is only an increase of 9.3% in the actual number of in-position Specialists. Moreover, the specialist doctors at CHCs have increased from 3550 in 2005 to 3881 in 2019, which is 9.3% increase.

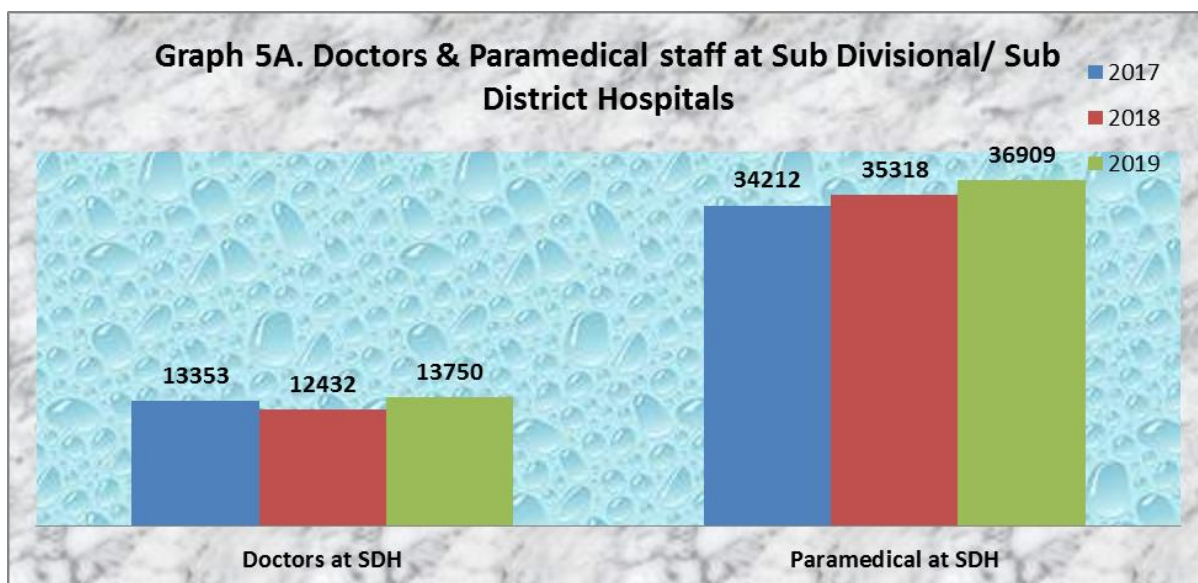
4.10. Looking at the State-wise picture, it may be observed that the increase in ANMs is attributed mainly to significant increase in the States of Maharashtra (11054), Uttar Pradesh

(10936), West Bengal (9927), Assam (5783), Rajasthan (4000), Jammu & Kashmir (3320), Madhya Pradesh (2479), Gujarat (2660), Odisha (2419), Kerala (1939), Punjab (1928) and Haryana (1788) during 2005 - 2019 (**Section I, Comparative Statement 5**). Similarly, there is a significant increase in the number of doctors at PHCs in the States of Gujarat (1338), Kerala (582), Rajasthan (426), Jammu & Kashmir (276), Madhya Pradesh (214) and Punjab (189) (**Section I, Comparative Statement 6**). In case of specialists, appreciable increase is noticed in the States of Tamil Nadu (131), Madhya Pradesh (55) and Chhattisgarh (43). However there is a decrease in number of specialists in the State of Maharashtra (614), Karnataka (226) and Punjab (133) (**Section I, Comparative Statement 7**) during the same period. Significant increase in the number of paramedical staff is also observed when compared with the position of 2005.

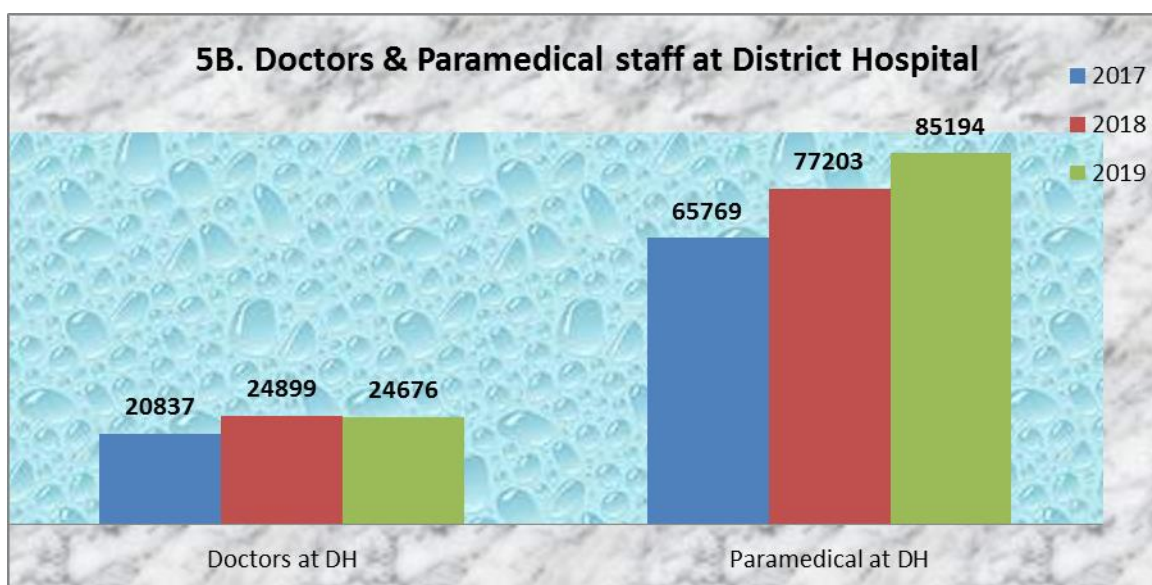
4.11. Comparative study of State-wise status of manpower in 2018 and 2019 at Sub Centres, PHCs and CHCs are given in **Section I, Comparative Statements 14**. Comparison of the manpower position of major categories in 2019 with that in 2018 shows an overall increase in the number of ANMs at SCs & PHCs and Doctors at PHCs during the period. However there is a marginal decrease in number of Specialists at CHCs. The number of ANMs at SCs & PHCs has been increased from 219326 in 2018 to 234220 in 2019 which amounts to an increase of 6.8%. The allopathic doctors at PHCs have increased from 27567 in 2018 to 29799 in 2019 which is an increase of 8.1%. Regarding the Specialists at CHCs, the number has marginally decreased from 4074 in 2018 to 4.7% in 2019.

4.12 Considering the status of para medical staff, the radiographers at CHC have increased slightly from 2128 in 2018 to 2419 in 2019. At PHC & CHC there is marginal decrease in number of pharmacists from 28680 in 2018 to 26204 in 2019 and lab Technicians 19434 to 18715. A significant decrease has also been observed in nursing staff under PHC & CHCs from 84567 in 2018 to 80976 in 2019 (**Section I, Comparative Statements 15**).

4.13 A total of 1234 Sub Divisional/Sub District Hospital are functioning as on 31st March, 2019 throughout the country. In these hospitals, 13750 doctors are available. In addition to these doctors, about 36909 paramedical staffs are also available at those hospitals as on 31st March, 2019 (**Section IV, Table 38 and 39**). Details are represented in the **Graph 5A**.



4.14 In addition to above, 756 District Hospitals (DHs) are also functioning as on 31st March, 2019 throughout the country. There are 24676 doctors available in the DHs. In addition to the doctors, about 85194 para medical staff is also available at District Hospitals as on 31st March, 2019 (**Section IV, Table 38 and 39**). Details are represented in the **graph 5B**.



Annexure I. Manpower Recommended Under Indian Public Health Standards (IPHS).

Manpower: SC

Type of Sub Centre	Sub Centre A		Sub Centre B (MCH Sub Centre)	
Staff	Essential	Desirable	Essential	Desirable
ANM/Health Worker (Female)	1	+1	2	
Health Worker (Male)	1		1	
Staff Nurse (or ANM, if Staff Nurse is not available)				1**
Safai-Karamchari*	1 (Part-time)		1 (Full-time)	

*To be outsourced

** If number of deliveries at the Sub Centre is 20 or more in a month

Manpower : PHC

Staff	Type A		Type B	
	Essential	Desirable	Essential	Desirable
Medical Officer - MBBS	1		1	1#
Medical Officer - AYUSH		1^		1^
Accountant cum Data Entry Operator	1		1	
Pharmacist	1		1	
Pharmacist - AYUSH		1		1
Nurse-midwife (Staff Nurse)	3	+1	4	+1
Health Worker (Female)+++	1*		1*	
Health Assistant (Male)	1		1	
Health Assistant (Female)/ Lady Health Visitor	1		1	
Health Educator		1		1
Laboratory Technician	1		1	
Cold Chain & Vaccine Logistic Assistant		1		1
Multi -skilled Group D worker	2		2	
Sanitary worker cum watchman	1		1	+1
Total	13	18	14	21

* For Sub Centre area of PHC

If the delivery case load is 30 or more per month. One of the two medical officers (MBBS) should be female

^To provide choice to the people wherever an AYUSH public facility is not available in the near vicinity

Manpower : CHC

Personnel	Essential	Desirable	Qualifications	Remarks
Block Public Health Unit				
Block Medical Officer/ Medical Superintendent	1		Senior most specialist/ GDMO preferably with experience in Public Health/ Trained in Professional Development Course (PDC)	Will be responsible for coordination of NHPs, management of ASHAs Training and other responsibilities under NRHM apart from overall administration/ Management of CHC, etc. He will be responsible for quality & protocols of service delivery being delivered in CHC
Public Health Specialist	1		MD (PSM)/ MD (CHA)/ MD Community Medicine or Post Graduation Degree with MBA/ DPH/ MPH	
Public Health Nurse (PHN) #	1	+1		
Specialty Services				
General Surgeon	1		MS/ DNB, (General Surgery)	
Physician	1		MD/ DNB, (General Medicine)	
Obstetrician & Gynaecologist	1		DGO/ MD/ DNB	
Paediatrician	1		DCH/ MD (Paediatrics)/ DNB	
Anaesthetist	1		MD (Anesthesia)/ DNB/ DA/ LSAS trained MO	Essential for utilization of the surgical specialties. They may be on contractual appointment or hiring of services from private sectors on per case basis
General Duty Officers				
Dental Surgeon	1		BDS	
General Duty Medical Officer	2		MBBS	
Medical Officer - AYUSH	1		Graduate in AYUSH	
Nurses and Paramedical				
Staff Nurse	10			

Pharmacist	1	+1		
Pharmacist – AYUSH	1			
Lab. Technician	2			
Radiographer	1			
Dietician		1		
Ophthalmic Assistant	1			
Dental Assistant	1			
Cold Chain & Vaccine Logistic Assistant	1			
OT Technician	1			
Multi Rehabilitation/ Community Based Rehabilitation worker	1	+1		
Counsellor	1			
Administrative Staff				
Registration Clerk	2			
Statistical Assistant/ Data Entry Operator	2			
Account Assistant	1			
Administrative Assistant	1			
Group D Staff				
Dresser (certified by Red Cross/ Johns Ambulance)	1			
Ward Boys/ Nursing Orderly	5			
Driver*	1*	3		
Total	46	53		

Note :

- If patient load increases, then number of General Duty Doctors may be increased
- Funds would be provided for out-sourcing and providing support services as per need
- One of nursing orderlies could be trained in CSSD procedures
- Budget to be provided for outsourcing Class IV services like Mali, Aya, Peon, OPD Attendant, Security and Sanitary workers

* May be outsourced

Graduate or Diploma in Nursing and will be trained for 6 months in Public Health.

Urban Health Care System in India

Background

National Urban Health Mission (NUHM) was approved by the Union Cabinet¹ on 1st May, 2013 as a sub-mission under an overarching National Health Mission (NHM) for providing equitable and quality primary health care services to the urban population with special focus on slum and vulnerable sections of the Society. NUHM seeks to improve the health status by facilitating their access to quality primary healthcare.

NUHM covers all the cities and towns with more than 50000 population and district and state headquarters with more than 30000 population. Urban Health programme is being implemented through Urban Local Bodies (ULBs), in seven metropolitan cities, viz., Mumbai, New Delhi, Chennai, Kolkata, Hyderabad, Bengaluru and Ahmedabad. For the remaining cities, the State Health department decides whether the Urban Health Programme is to be implemented through health department or any other urban local body.

1.2 Urban Health Statistics – the structure and current scenario

NUHM envisages setting up of an organized service delivery infrastructure which is largely absent in cities/towns to specially address the healthcare needs of urban poor, though the secondary and tertiary care facilities are available. The health care infrastructure in urban areas is given in **table 2** below.

The emphasis is to improve the existing public health delivery system with a thrust on upgrading the existing health facilities in terms of infrastructure and equipment, also establishing new health facilities wherever necessary by providing specialist care as well as strengthening emergency response systems and making available adequate health human resources.

Table 2.

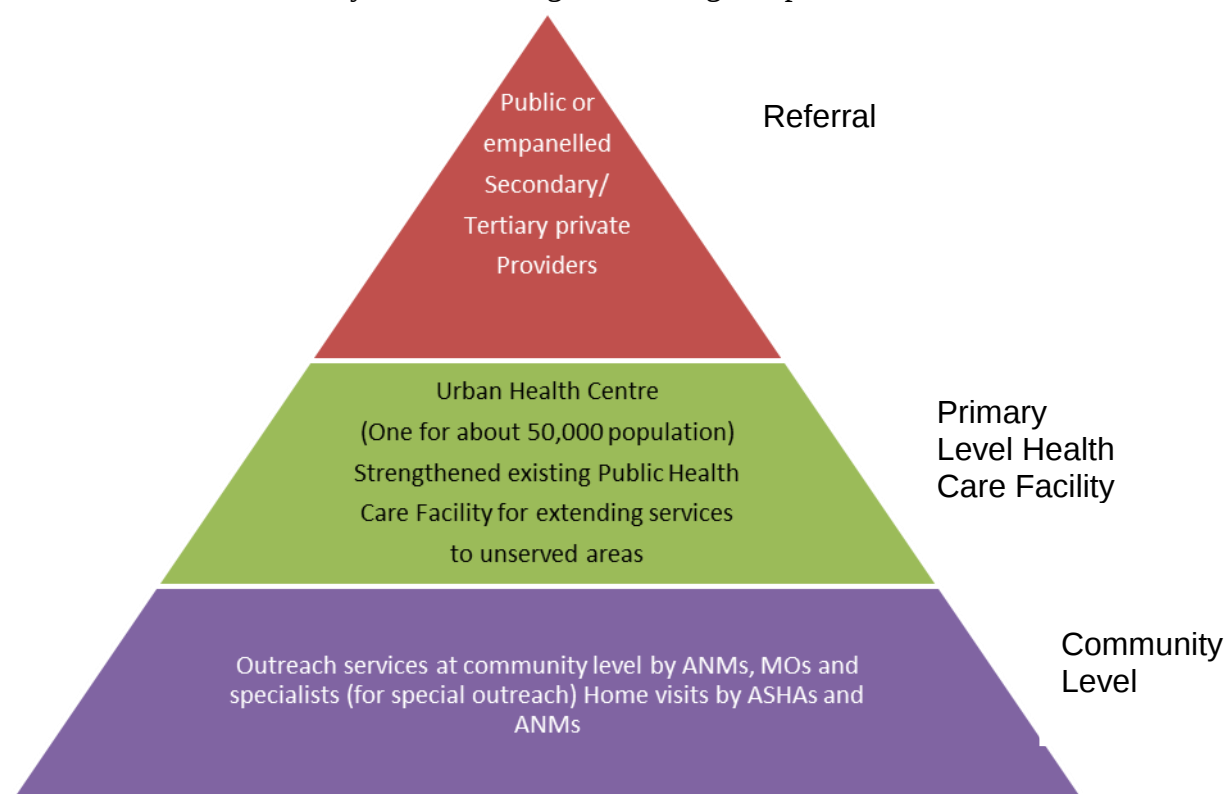
Centre ² (in urban areas)	Population Norms
Community Health Centres	250000 (5 Lakh for metros)
Primary Health Centres	50000

1 Source The Gazette of India Part I – Section 1 Dated 26th June 2013 Ministry of Health and Family Welfare – Department of Health and Family Welfare No. L. 19017/1/2008-UH(Vol.III)

2 Source NUHM Framework for Implementation.

1.3 Key Components of NUHM³

NUHM is designed to provide health services at the facility and community level. Urban Health Care Delivery Model envisages following components:



The above may vary from state to state depending upon the existing structures and local requirement. The key features include infrastructure components of the Urban Community Health Center (UCHC), the Urban Primary Health Center (UPHC), functionaries both medical and paramedical including MPW (F) / ANM, and community structures like ASHAs and the Mahila Aarogya Samitis (MAS). Further, MAS is one of the key community intervention besides ASHAs, under the National Urban Health Mission which is aimed at promoting community participation in health at all levels, including planning, implementing and monitoring of health programmes.

1.3.1 The Urban Primary Health Center

In order to provide comprehensive primary healthcare services, the National Urban Health Mission aims to establish Urban Primary Healthcare Centers, not as a stand-alone health facility, but as a hub of preventive, promotive and basic curative healthcare for its catchment population. Within its catchment area, the UPHC is responsible for providing the primary health care and public health needs of the population. The package of services envisaged at UPHC inclusive of preventive, promotive, curative, rehabilitative and palliative care. Further, in order to strengthen Comprehensive Primary Health Care across the country through “Ayushman Bharat-HWCs”, states are upgrading their Sub Centres and Primary Health Care centers as Health and Wellness Centres (HWCs)* across rural and urban areas. The details may be read at para 1.3.2

Unlike rural areas, Sub-centres are not envisaged in the urban areas as distances and mode of transportation are much better here and also there is closer proximity and accessibility of health facilities. As on 31st March 2019, there are 3302 at the level of SC is functional in the urban areas of the country. Out of these SCs, a total of 98 SCs has been upgraded as HWCs (**Section IV, Table 6**).

a. Population coverage and Location: Depending on the spatial distribution of the urban population, the population covered by a UPHC may vary from 30000 to 50000. The U-PHC is located preferably closer to slum or similar habitations. Based upon the local situation cities may establish a U-PHC for 50000 or more population as well. As on 31st March 2019, there are 5190 U-PHCs are functional in the country. Out of these U-PHCs a total of 1734 PHCs has been upgraded as HWCs (**Section IV, Table 6**).

b. Timings: The hours of operation may be such so as to enable the urban working population to conveniently access the UPHC services. States may opt for any suitable timing, providing 8 hours of services, which are convenient to the community. It is recommended that the UPHC operates preferably from 12 noon to 8 pm or in dual shifts (i.e. 8am to 12pm and 4pm to 8pm); Dual shift timing of UPHC could be flexible with the ability to be modified according to the catchment communities.

c. Service Provision*: The UPHC's key responsibility is to provide comprehensive preventive, promotive, curative, rehabilitative, palliative care. Services provided by UPHC include:

- OPD (consultation)
- Laboratory Services
- Drugs and contraceptive dispensing
- Delivery of Reproductive and Child Health (RCH) services,
- Preventive, promotive and curative aspects of communicable and non-communicable diseases.
- Multi-Specialist Services
- Minor surgical procedures
- Counselling and Help Desk
- Outreach activities
- Population Based Screening

** Updated as per operational guidelines for AB-CPHC-HWCs*

- Referral Services
- Wellness activities in designated UPHC-HWCs.

1.3.2 Urban Community Health Centres (U-CHCs)

Urban Community Health Centre (U-CHC) is set up as a referral facility for every 4-5 U-PHCs. The U-CHC caters to a population of 250000 to 5 Lakhs. For the metro cities, U-CHCs may be established for every 5 lakh population with 100 beds. In addition to primary health care facilities, it provides inpatient services, medical care, surgical facilities and institutional delivery facilities. It is a 30-50 bedded facility. The norms for urban CHC are same as rural CHCs. As on 31st March 2019, there are 350 U-CHCs functional in urban areas of the India **(Section IV, Table 6)**.

The details of the staffing pattern as per the norms for each level of urban health are given in Box 2.

UPHC – HWCs (Health and Wellness Centres)⁴

In order to ensure delivery of Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC) services, existing U-PHCs would be converted to Health and Wellness Centres (HWC). Services could also be provided/ complemented through outreach services, Mobile Medical Units, health camps, home visits and community-based interaction, but the principle should be a seamless continuum of care that ensures equity, quality, universality and no financial hardship.

The Medical Officer at the U-PHC would be responsible for ensuring that CPHC services are delivered through all HWCs in her/his area and through the U-PHC itself. For PHCs to be strengthened to HWCs, support for training of U-PHC staff (Medical Officers, Staff Nurses, Pharmacist, and Lab Technicians), and provision of equipment for “Wellness Room”, the necessary IT infrastructure and the resources required for upgrading laboratory and diagnostic support to complement the expanded ranges of services would be provided. States could choose to modify staffing at HWC and PHC, based on local needs. The HWC would deliver an expanded range of services. All the U-PHCs are targeted to be converted into HWCs.

3 Source “Orientation Module for Planners, Implementers and Partners NUHM”

4 Source operational guidelines for AB-CPHC-HWCs

Box 2

STAFFING PATTERN (Minimum norm)		
A	STAFF FOR URBAN PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE	No. of Posts
1	Medical Officer	1 full time + 1 part time
2	Pharmacist	1
3	Staff Nurse	2-3
4	Health Worker Female / ANM / MPW (F)	5
5	Laboratory Technician	1
6	Public Health Manager	1
7	Support Staff including accountant	1-3
8	M & E Unit	1
	Total	17
C	STAFF FOR URBAN COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRE*	No. of Posts
1	Medical Officer	4
2	Nurse Mid- Wife (Staff Nurses)	7
3	Dresser	1
4	Pharmacist	1
5	Laboratory Technician	1
6	Radiographer	1
7	Ward Boys	2
8	Dhobi	1
9	Sweepers	3
10	Mali	1
11	Chowkidar	1
12	Aya	1
13	Peon	1
	Total	25
	*Same as Rural – CHC	

As on 31st March 2019, there are total 5190 U-PHCs functional in India and there is a shortfall of about 44.4% of U-PHCs as per the urban population norms. About 70% of U-PHCs are located in the government buildings, 27% located in the rented buildings and 3% are located in the rent free buildings (**Section VII, Table 50 and 51**).

Similarly, there are 350 U-CHCs functional in the country as on 31st March 2019. About 96% of U-CHCs are located in government buildings and 4% in rented buildings (**Section VII, Table 52**).

There are 16820 HW (female)/ ANM available at the PHCs & SCs level in urban areas. There are 4457 Doctors, 3549 Pharmacists, 1933 Lab Technicians and 5938 Staff nurses available at U-PHCs. As far as vacancy is concerned there is a vacancy of 16.9% of HW (F)/ ANMs at PHCs & SCs level. There is a vacancy of 19.1% of Doctors, 21.4% of Pharmacists, 29.8% of Lab Technicians and 21.7% of Staff nurses at the U-PHCs. At U-PHC level shortfall has been observed in all the posts. There is a shortfall of 44.3% ANMs at PHCs &

SCs. There is a shortfall of 16.7% of Doctors, 24.3% of Pharmacists, 50.9% of Lab Technicians and 22.2% of Staff nurses at U-PHCs (**Section VII, Table 53, 54, 58, 60 and 62**).

At U-CHCs there are 1017 Specialists, 713 GDMOs, 192 Radiologists, 468 Pharmacists, 447 Lab Technicians and 4618 Staff nurses available at U-CHCs. There is a vacancy of 36.9% of Specialists, 28.8% of GDMOs, 30.2% of Radiographers, 13% of Pharmacists, 17.3% of Lab Technicians and 17.6% of Staff nurses at U-CHCs. There is shortfall of 45.8% of total specialist, 24.6% of GDMOs, 48% of Radiographers, 16% of Pharmacists, 13.4% of Lab Technicians and 21.3% of Staff nurses at U-CHCs (**Section VII, Table 55, 56, 57, 59, 61 and 63**).

Health Care System in India

After the implementation of Ayushman Bharat programme strengthening of Sub Centres and Primary Health Centres are being done by converting them into Health and Wellness Centres to deliver comprehensive Primary Healthcare services through these Centres. SCs and PHCs are proposed to be converted into Health and Wellness Centres in the phased manner.

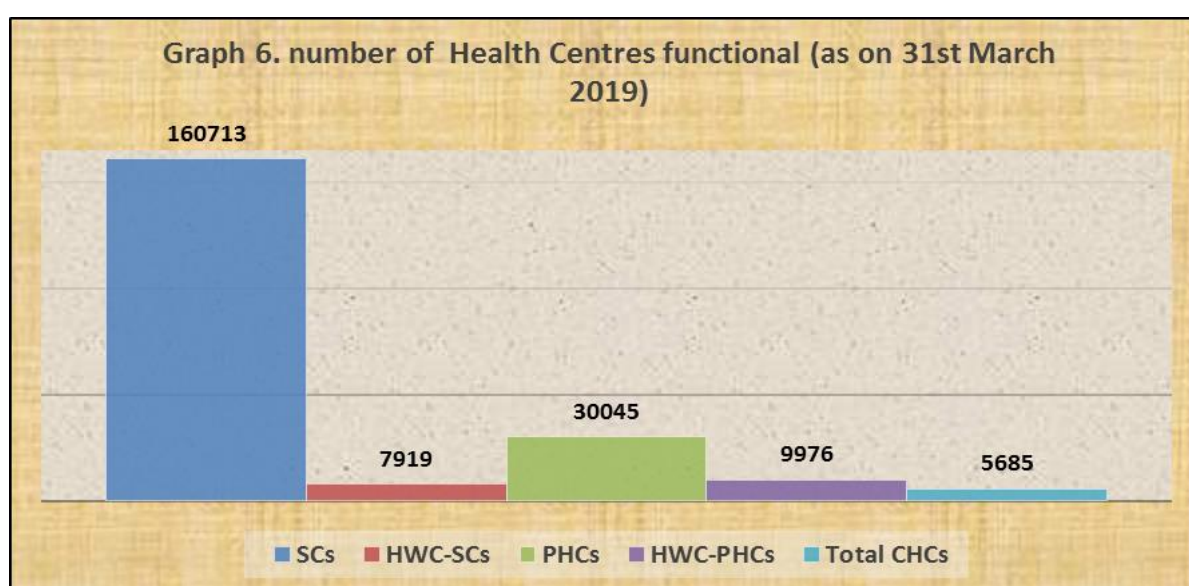
Sub Centres: As on 31st March 2019, there are a total of 160713 Sub Centres (SCs) functioning both in rural and urban areas of India. These consist of 157411 SCs in rural areas & 3302 SCs in urban areas.

Primary Health Centres: Similarly there are 30045 Primary Health Centres (PHCs) functioning in both rural and urban areas in India. These consists of 24855 PHCs in rural areas and 5190 PHCs in urban areas.

Community Health Centres: There are 5685 Community Health Centres (CHCs) functional in the country, consisting of 5335 rural and 350 urban CHCs.

Health and Wellness Centres: As on 31st March 2019, a total of 7919 SCs have been converted into HWC-SCs. Out of total 7919 HWC-SCs, 7821 SCs has been converted into HWCs in rural areas and 98 SCs in urban areas. Also at the level of PHC, a total of 9976 PHCs have been converted into HWC-PHCs. Out of total 9976 HWCs, 8242 PHCs has been converted into HWCs in rural areas and 1734 in urban areas.

The **Graph 6** shows the graphical representation of total SCs, PHCs, CHCs and HWCs functional in India as on 31st March 2019.



*Total figures of SCs and PHCs in the **Graph 6** include the number of HWCs.*

Strengthening of Health facilities under AYUSHMAN BHARAT- Health and Wellness Centres:

The National Health Policy, 2017 recommended strengthening the delivery system of Primary Health Care, through establishment of “Health and Wellness Centres (HWCs)” as the platform to deliver Comprehensive Primary Health Care. Government of India is committed towards creation of 150000 Health & Wellness Centres (HWCs) by transforming existing Sub Centres (SCs) and Primary Health Centres (PHCs) as basic pillar of Ayushman Bharat to deliver Comprehensive Primary Healthcare (CPHC).

These centres delivers CPHC bringing healthcare closer to the homes of people covering both maternal and child health services and non-communicable diseases, including free essential drugs and diagnostic services. Health and Wellness Centres, are envisaged to deliver and expanded range of services to address the primary health care needs of the entire population in their area, expanding access, universality and equity close to the community. The emphasis of health promotion and prevention is designed to bring focus on keeping people healthy by engaging and empowering individuals and communities to choose healthy behaviours and make changes that reduce the risk of developing chronic diseases and morbidities.

To ensure delivery of CPHC services, existing SCs covering a population of 3000 - 5000 would be converted to HWCs, with the principle being "time to care" to be no more than 30 minutes. PHCs in rural and urban areas would also be converted to HWC. Such care could also be provided/ complemented through outreach services, Mobile Medical Units, camps, home and community-based care, but the principle should be a seamless continuum of care that ensures the principles of equity, universality and no financial hardship.

1.1 SC-HWC Team

The HWC at the SC level would be equipped and staffed by an appropriately trained Primary Health Care team, comprising of Multi-Purpose Workers (male and female) & ASHAs and led by a Mid-Level Health Provider (MLHP). Together they will deliver an expanded range of services. In some states, SCs have earlier been upgraded to Additional PHCs. Such Additional PHCs will also be transformed to HWCs.

PHC that is linked to a cluster of HWCs would serve as the first point of referral for many disease conditions for the HWCs in its jurisdiction. In addition, it would also be strengthened as a HWC to deliver the expanded range of primary care services.

1.2 PHC/UPHC- HWC Team

The Medical Officer at the PHC would be responsible for ensuring that CPHC services are delivered through all HWCs in her/his area and through the PHC itself. The number and qualifications of staff at the PHC would continue as defined in the Indian Public Health Standards (IPHS).

For PHCs to be strengthened to HWCs, support for training of PHC staff (Medical Officers, Staff Nurses, Pharmacist, and Lab Technicians), and provision of equipment for "Wellness Room", the necessary IT infrastructure and the resources required for upgrading laboratory and diagnostic support to complement the expanded ranges of services would be provided. States could choose to modify staffing at HWC and PHC, based on local needs.

The first Health and Wellness Centre (HWC) was inaugurated by the hon'ble Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi at Jangla in Bijapur Chhattisgarh on 14th April 2018.

1.3 Key Principles:

1. Transform existing Sub Health Centres and Primary Health Centres to Health and Wellness Centers to ensure universal access to an expanded range of Comprehensive Primary Health Care services.
2. Ensure a people centered, holistic, equity sensitive response to people's health needs through a process of population empanelment, regular home and community interactions and people's participation.
3. Enable delivery of high quality care that spans health risks and disease conditions through a commensurate expansion in availability of medicines & diagnostics, use of standard treatment and referral protocols and advanced technologies including IT systems.
4. Instil the culture of a team-based approach to delivery of quality health care encompassing: preventive, promotive, curative, rehabilitative and palliative care.
5. Ensure continuity of care with a two-way referral system and follow up support.
6. Emphasize health promotion (including through school education and individual centric awareness) and promote public health action through active engagement and capacity building of community platforms and individual volunteers.
7. Implement appropriate mechanisms for flexible financing, including performance-based incentives and responsive resource allocations.
8. Enable the integration of Yoga and AYUSH as appropriate to people's needs.
9. Facilitate the use of appropriate technology for improving access to health care advice and treatment initiation, enable reporting and recording, eventually progressing to electronic records for individuals and families.
10. Institutionalize participation of civil society for social accountability.
11. Partner with not for profit agencies and private sector for gap filling in a range of primary health care functions.
12. Facilitate systematic learning and sharing to enable feedback and improvements and identify innovations for scale up.

Develop strong measurement systems to build accountability for improved performance on measures that matter to people.

1.4 Expanded Services

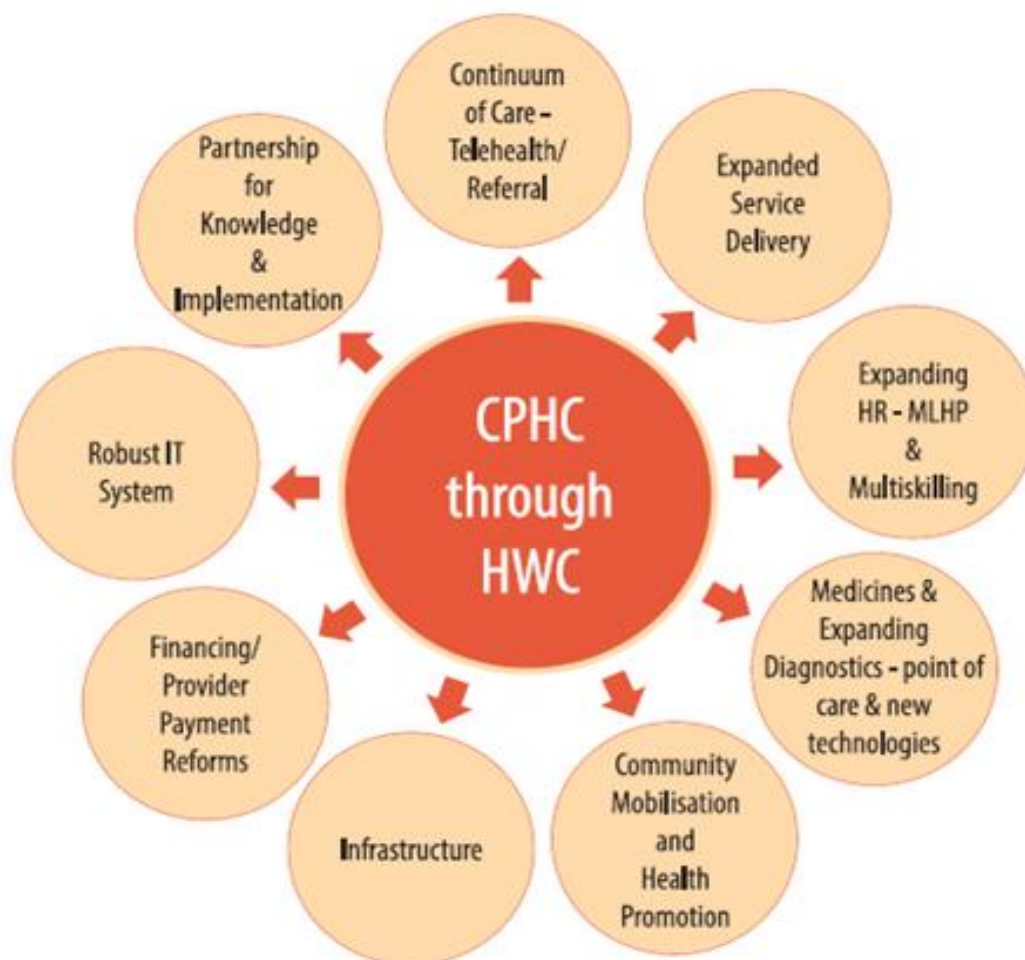
The HWC would deliver an expanded range of services. These services would be delivered at both Sub Centre and in the PHCs, which are transformed as HWCs. The level of complexity of care of services delivered at the PHC would be higher than at the Sub Centre level and this would be indicated in the care pathways and standard treatment guidelines that will be issued periodically.

1.4.1 Expanded range of services

1. Care in pregnancy and child-birth.
2. Neonatal and infant health care services.
3. Childhood and adolescent health care services.
4. Family planning, Contraceptive services and other Reproductive Health Care services.
5. Management of Communicable diseases including National Health Programmes.
6. Management of Common Communicable Diseases and Outpatient care for acute simple illnesses and minor ailments.
7. Screening, Prevention, Control and Management of Non-Communicable diseases.
8. Care for Common Ophthalmic and ENT problems.
9. Basic Oral health care.
10. Elderly and Palliative health care services.
11. Emergency Medical Services.
12. Screening and Basic management of Mental health ailments.

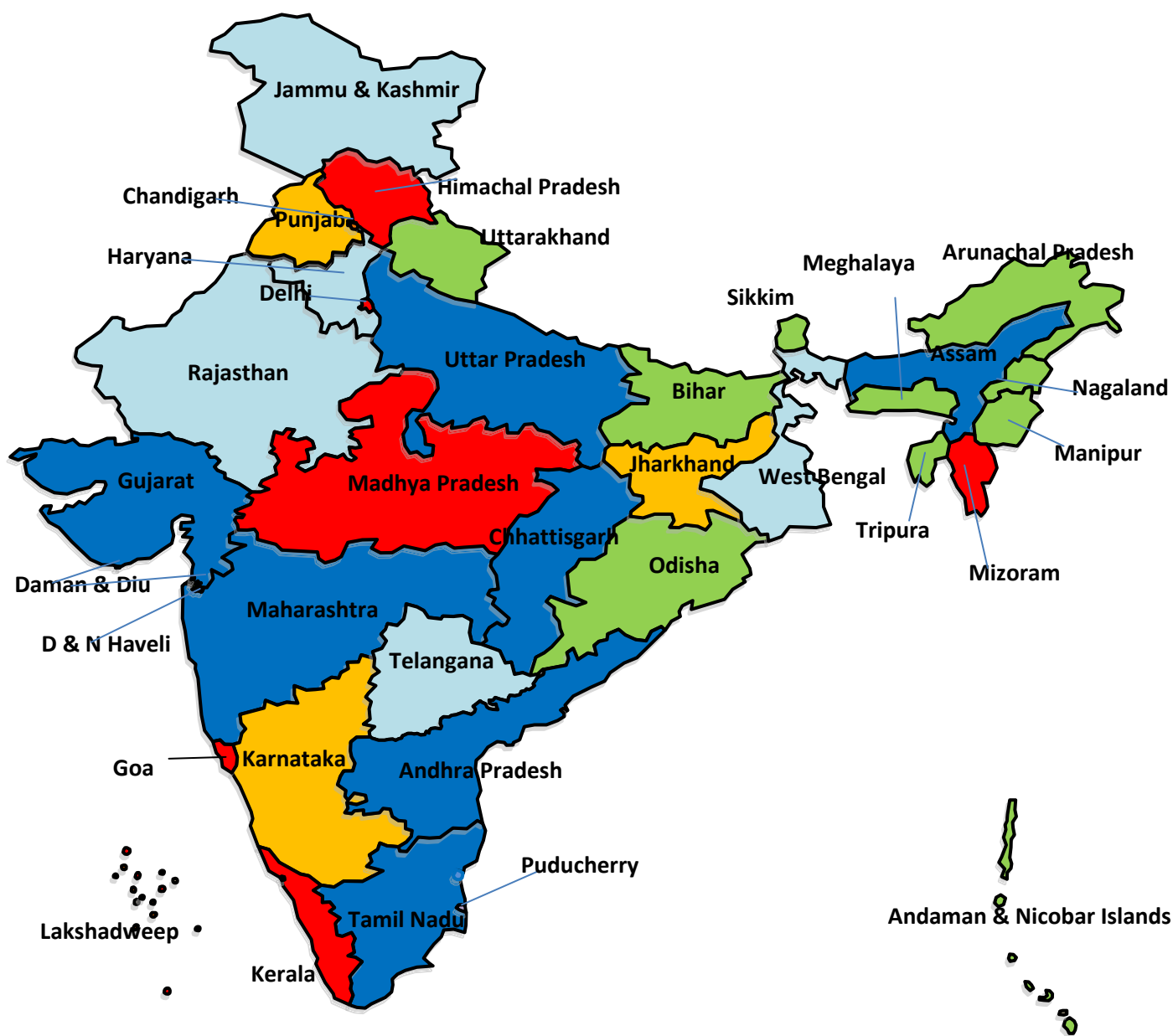
Key Elements of HWC:

Figure: 1

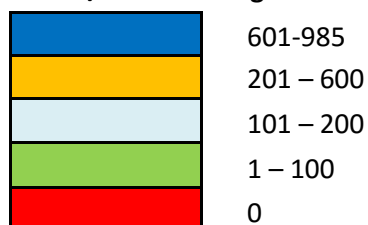


As on 31st March 2019, there are 17895 HWCs functional in India. Out of 17895 HWCs there are 7821 HWC-SCs (rural), 98 HWC-SCs (urban) and 8242 HWC- PHCs (rural) and 1734 HWC-PHCs functional in India (**Section IV, Table 6**). The State/ UT wise number of HWC-SCs and HWC-PHCs functional in the country are represented in (**Map.4** and **Map 5**).

Map 4. Number of Health and Wellness Centres- Sub Centres (HWC-SCs) functional, as on 31st March, 2019 (Section IV, Table 6)

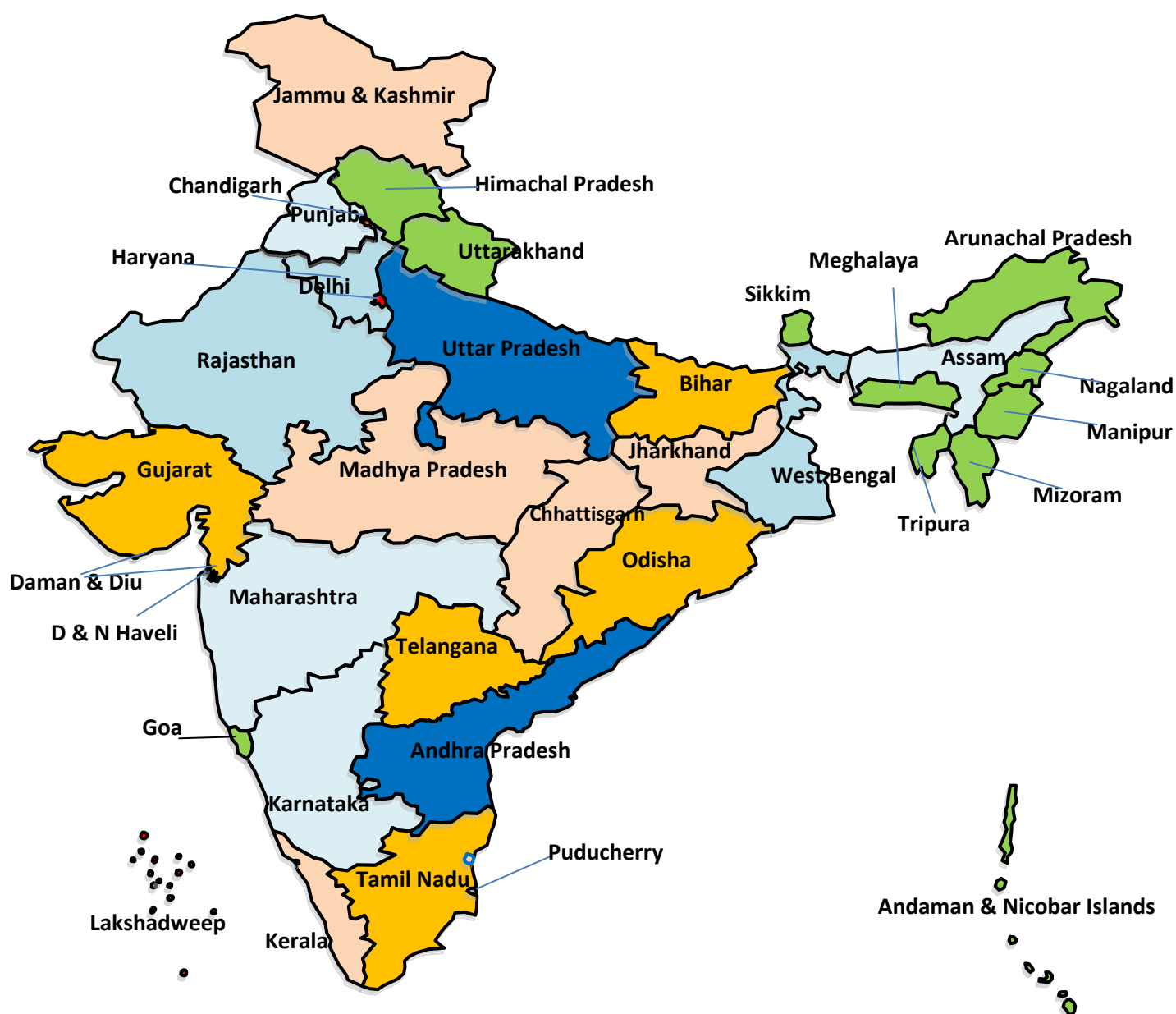


State/ UT wise range of number of HWC-SCs

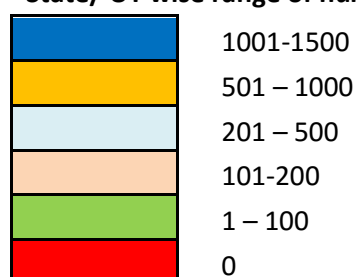


Note: The boundaries and the name shown & the designations used on these maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations

Map 5. Number of Health and Wellness Centres- Primary Health Centres (HWC-PHCs) functional, as on 31st March, 2019 (Section IV, Table 6)



State/ UT wise range of number of HWC-PHCs



Note: The boundaries and the name shown & the designations used on these maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations

भाग 1
भारत में स्वास्थ्य देखभाल प्रणाली

भारत में ग्रामीण स्वास्थ्य देखभाल प्रणाली

ग्रामीण स्वास्थ्य देखभाल प्रणाली - संरचना एवं वर्तमान परिदृश्य

ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में स्वास्थ्य देखभाल के बुनियादी ढांचे को तीन स्तरीय प्रणाली के रूप में विकसित किया गया है (चार्ट 1 देखें) और निम्नलिखित जनसंख्या मानदंडों पर आधारित है:

तालिका 1.

केंद्र	जनसंख्या मानक*	
	मैदानी क्षेत्र	पहाड़ी/जनजातीय/कठिन क्षेत्र
उप केंद्र	5000	3000
प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र	30000	20000
सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र	120000	80000

*किसी विशेष केन्द्र (एससी, पीएचसी एवं सीएचसी) की सेवाओं के अंतर्गत कवर किए गए व्यक्तियों की संख्या।

1.1 31 मार्च, 2019 तक देश में, ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में 157411 उप केंद्र (एससी), 24855 प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (पीएचसी) और 5335 सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (सीएचसी) कार्यरत हैं। इसके अलावा, कुल 157541 एससी में से 7821 एससी हैं, जिन्हें हेल्थ एंड वेलनेस सेंटर-सब सेंटर (एचडब्ल्यूसी-एससी) के रूप में अपग्रेड किया गया है और कुल 24855 पीएचसी में से 8242 हेल्थ एंड वेलनेस सेंटर-प्राइमरी हेल्थ सेंटर (एचडब्ल्यूसी-पीएचसी) में अपग्रेड किए गए हैं। (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 6)।

उप केंद्र (एस.सी.)

1.2 उप केंद्र प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल प्रणाली और समुदाय के बीच सबसे अधिक परिधीय और पहला संपर्क बिंदु है। उप-केंद्रों को पारस्परिक परिवर्तन से संबंधित कार्य सौंपे गए हैं ताकि

31 मार्च, 2019 तक, देश में 157411 ग्रामीण एससी कार्यात्मक हैं। इन एससी में से 7821 को एचडब्ल्यूसी-एससी के रूप में अपग्रेड किया गया है। एससी का एचडब्ल्यूसी-एससी में रूपांतरण तमिलनाडु (985), महाराष्ट्र (939), गुजरात (813), उत्तर प्रदेश (726), छत्तीसगढ़ (650), असम (628), आंध्र प्रदेश (612) और कर्नाटक (571) में देखा गया है।

व्यवहार परिवर्तन लाया जा सके और मातृ एवं शिशु स्वास्थ्य, परिवार कल्याण, पोषण, टीकाकरण, दस्त नियंत्रण और संचारी रोगों के नियंत्रण के संबंध में सेवाएं प्रदान की जा सकें। प्रत्येक उप केंद्र को कम से कम एक सहायक नर्स मिडवाइफ (एनएम) / महिला स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता और एक पुरुष स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता द्वारा प्रबंधित

किया जाना आवश्यक है (स्टाफ संरचना के ब्यौरे के विवरण के लिए, देखें बॉक्स 1 और भारतीय सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य मानकों (आईपीएचएस) के तहत अनुशंसित स्टाफ संरचना (देखें अनुलग्नक-1 देखें)। एनआरएचएम के तहत, अनुबंध के आधार पर एक अतिरिक्त दूसरी एनएम का प्रावधान है। एक महिला स्वास्थ्य निरीक्षक (एलएचवी) को छह उप केंद्रों की देखरेख का काम सौंपा जाता है। भारत सरकार एनएम और एलएचवी का वेतन वहन करती है जबकि पुरुष स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता का वेतन राज्य सरकारों द्वारा वहन किया जाता है। स्वैप योजना के तहत, भारत सरकार ने अप्रैल, 2002 से राज्य सरकारों / केंद्र शासित प्रदेशों में अतिरिक्त 39554 उप केंद्रों का अधिग्रहण कर लिया है, राज्य सरकारों / संघ शासित प्रदेशों को हस्तांतरित 5434 ग्रामीण परिवार कल्याण केंद्रों के बदले।

31 मार्च, 2019 तक देश के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में कुल 157411 (149520 एससी और 7821 एचडब्ल्यूसी-एससी) उप केंद्र कार्यरत हैं (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 6)। राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर वर्ष 2005 से एससी की संख्या 11385 है (अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक कथन 1)

प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (पीएचसी):

1.3 पीएचसी ग्राम समुदाय और चिकित्सा अधिकारी के बीच पहला संपर्क बिंदु है। पीएचसी को स्वास्थ्य देखभाल के निवारक और प्रचार पहलुओं पर जोर देने के साथ ग्रामीण आबादी के लिए एक एकीकृत उपचारात्मक और निवारक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल प्रदान करने की परिकल्पना की गई थी। पीएचसी राज्य सरकारों द्वारा न्यूनतम आवश्यकताओं कार्यक्रम (एमएनपी) / बुनियादी न्यूनतम सेवाओं (बीएमएस) कार्यक्रम के तहत स्थापित और रखरखाव किया जाता है। न्यूनतम आवश्यकता (बॉक्स -1) के अनुसार, एक पीएचसी को 14 पैरामेडिकल और अन्य स्टाफ द्वारा समर्थित चिकित्सा अधिकारी द्वारा देखा जाना है (आईपीएचएस मानदंडों के लिए अनुबंध- I देखें)। एनआरएचएम के तहत, अनुबंध के आधार पर पीएचसी पर दो अतिरिक्त स्टाफ नर्सों के लिए प्रावधान है। यह 6 उप केंद्रों के लिए एक रेफरल इकाई के रूप में कार्य करता है और इसमें रोगियों के लिए 4-6 बेड हैं। PHC की गतिविधियों में उपचारात्मक, निवारक, प्रोत्साहन और परिवार कल्याण सेवाएं शामिल हैं। 31 मार्च, 2019 तक देश के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में 24855 यानी (16613 पीएचसी और 8242 एचडब्ल्यूसी- पीएचसी) कार्यरत हैं (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 6)। राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर वर्ष 2005 से 1619 PHCs की वृद्धि हुई है (अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक कथन 1)।

राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर, 31 मार्च 2019 तक ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में 24855 पीएचसी (16613 पीएचसी और 8242 एचडब्ल्यूसी-पीएचसी) कार्यरत हैं। एचडब्ल्यूसी-पीएचसी के रूप में पीएचसी में से 8242 का उन्नयन है। आंध्र प्रदेश (1145), उत्तर प्रदेश (946), ओडिशा (827), गुजरात (772), तमिलनाडु (716) और तेलंगाना (636) में पीएचसी में से एचडब्ल्यूसी-पीएचसी के रूपांतरण की महत्वपूर्ण संख्या देखी गई है।

सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (सीएचसी):

1.4 एमएनपी / बीएमएस कार्यक्रम के तहत राज्य सरकार द्वारा सीएचसी की स्थापना और रखरखाव किया जा रहा है। न्यूनतम मानदंडों (बॉक्स -1) के अनुसार, एक सीएचसी को चार चिकित्सा विशेषज्ञों यानी सर्जन, चिकित्सक, स्त्री रोग विशेषज्ञ और बाल रोग विशेषज्ञ तथा उनके सहयोग के लिए 21 पराचिकित्सा एवं अन्य कर्मचारी अपेक्षित हैं (आईपीएचएस मानदंडों के लिए अनुबंध- I देखें)। इसमें एक ओटी, एक्स-रे, लेबर रूम और प्रयोगशाला सुविधाओं के साथ 30-इन-डोर बेड हैं। यह 4 PHCs के लिए एक रेफरल केंद्र के रूप में कार्य करता है और प्रसूति देखभाल और विशेषज्ञ परामर्श के लिए सुविधाएं भी प्रदान करता है। 31 मार्च, 2019 तक, देश के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में 5335 सीएचसी कार्यरत हैं (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 6)।

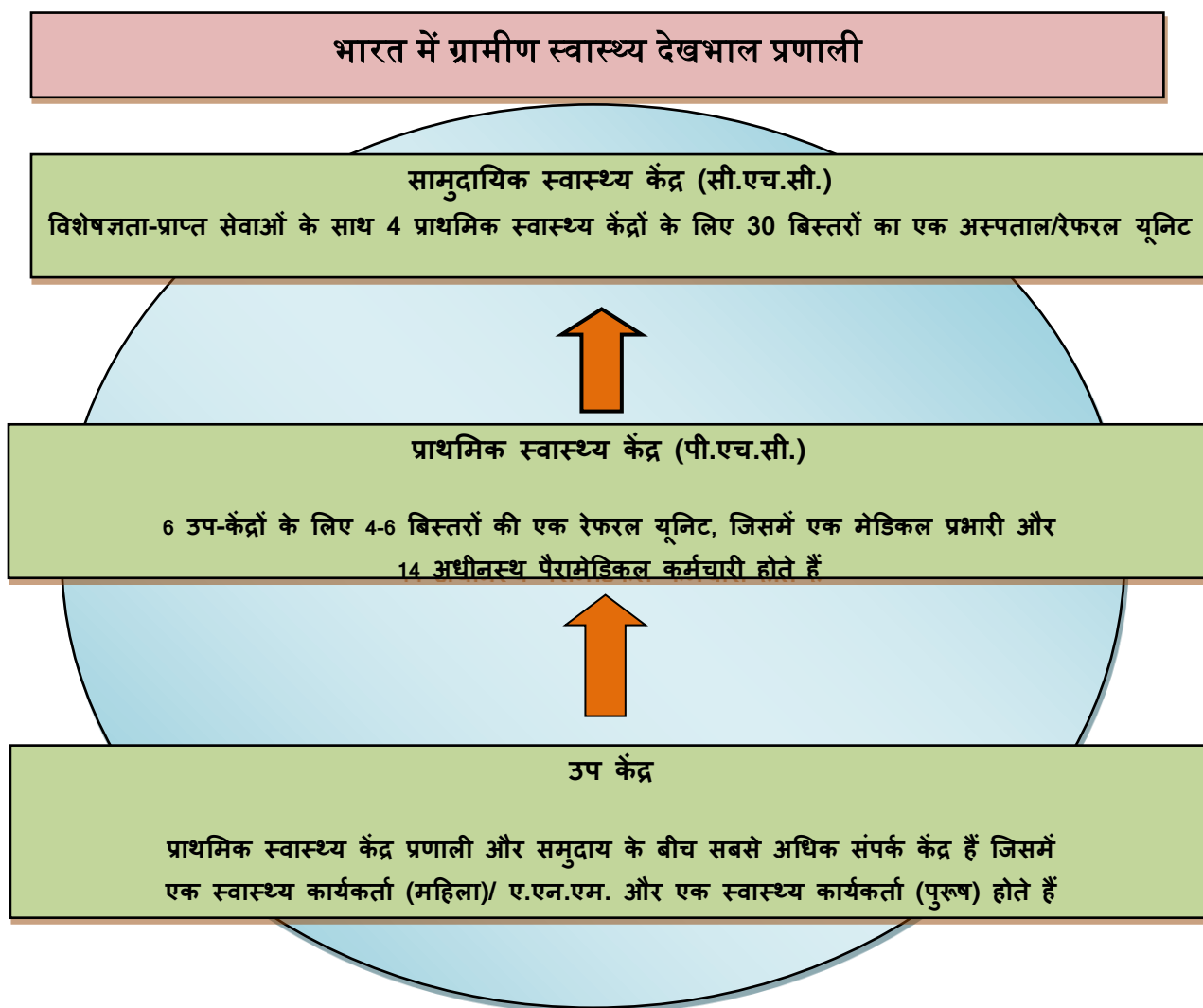
1.5 ग्रामीण स्वास्थ्य अवसंरचना के प्रत्येक स्तर के लिए जनसंख्या मानकों तथा इन मानकों की तुलना में मौजूदा स्थिति का ब्योरा बॉक्स-2 में दिया गया है।

प्रथम रेफरल इकाई (एफआरयू)

1.6 किसी मौजूदा स्वास्थ्य सेवा (जिला अस्पताल, उप-मंडल अस्पताल, सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र आदि) को पूर्णतः संचालित प्रथम रेफरल इकाई (एफआरयू) तभी घोषित किया जा सकता है जब वह उन सभी आपातकालीन सुविधाओं, जिन्हें किसी अस्पताल द्वारा मुहैया कराना अपेक्षित होता है, के अलावा आपातकालीन प्रसूति एवं नवजात शिशु स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सेवाएं 24 घंटे उपलब्ध कराने हेतु सुसज्जित हो। यह ध्यान देना चाहिए कि एफआरयू के रूप में घोषित किए जाने वाले किसी स्वास्थ्य केंद्र के तीन महत्वपूर्ण निर्धारक होते हैं: i) सीजेरियन ऑपरेशन जैसे सर्जिकल उपचारों सहित आपातकालीन प्रसूति देखभाल; ii) नवजात देखभाल; और iii) 24 घंटे रक्त भंडारण की सुविधा।

31 मार्च 2019 तक, देश में 3204 एफआरयू कार्य कर रहे हैं। इनमें से 95.7% एफआरयू में ऑपरेशन थियेटर की सुविधा है, 96.7% एफआरयू में कार्यात्मक लेबर रूम हैं, जबकि 75.3% एफआरयू में ब्लड स्टोरेज / लिंकेज की सुविधा है (अनुभाग VI, तालिका 48)।

चार्ट.1



2. राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण स्वास्थ्य मिशन के तहत ग्रामीण स्वास्थ्य अवसंरचना का सुदृढीकरण

2.1 राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण स्वास्थ्य मिशन के तहत 18 राज्यों पर विशेष ध्यान देते हुए, जहां जन-स्वास्थ्य संकेतकों और/या अवसंरचना की स्थिति दयनीय है, देश भर में ग्रामीण आबादी को प्रभावकारी स्वास्थ्य सेवाएं मुहैया कराने पर विचार किया गया है। ये 18 राज्य हैं - अरुणाचल प्रदेश, असम, बिहार, छत्तीसगढ़, हिमाचल प्रदेश, झारखण्ड, जम्मू और कश्मीर, मणिपुर, मिजोरम, मेघालय, मध्य प्रदेश, नागालैंड, ओडिशा, राजस्थान, सिक्किम, त्रिपुरा, उत्तराखण्ड एवं उत्तर प्रदेश।

2.2 एन.आर.एच.एम. का उद्देश्य स्वास्थ्य प्रणाली में संरचनात्मक सुधार लाना है जिससे वह बढ़ाए गए आबंटनों का प्रभावकारी ढंग से उपयोग करने और उन नीतियों, जो देश में जन-स्वास्थ्य प्रबंधन तथा दी जाने वाली सेवा को मजबूत बनाने हेतु तैयार की गई हैं, को आगे बढ़ाने में सक्षम बनाया जा सके। इसके मुख्य घटक हैं - प्रत्येक गांव में एक महिला स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता का प्रावधान; पंचायत की ग्राम स्वास्थ्य, स्वच्छता एवं पोषण समिति (वीएचएस एंड एनसी) की अध्यक्षता में गठित एक स्थानीय दल के माध्यम से एक ग्राम स्वास्थ्य योजना तैयार करना; प्रभावकारी उपचारात्मक देखभाल हेतु ग्रामीण अस्पताल का सुदृढीकरण और भारतीय जन-स्वास्थ्य मानकों (आई.पी.एच.एस.) के माध्यम से उसे मापने योग्य तथा समुदाय के प्रति उत्तरदायी बनाना; निचले स्तर से लेकर ऊपरी स्तर के स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण कार्यक्रमों का एकीकरण; निधि एवं अवसंरचना का सर्वोत्कृष्ट उपयोग तथा प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य सेवाओं का सुदृढीकरण। इसमें स्थानीय स्वास्थ्य परंपराओं को पुनः सशक्त करने तथा आयुष को जन-स्वास्थ्य प्रणाली की मुख्यधारा में लाने पर विचार किया गया है। साथ ही, इसका उद्देश्य जिला स्वास्थ्य योजना के माध्यम से स्वच्छता एवं स्वास्थ्य विज्ञान, पोषण तथा सुरक्षित पेयजल जैसे स्वास्थ्य निर्धारकों के साथ स्वास्थ्य संबंधी समस्याओं को प्रभावकारी ढंग से एकीकृत करना भी है। इसमें जिला स्वास्थ्य प्रबंधन हेतु कार्यक्रमों के विकेंद्रीकरण तथा, विशेष रूप से अधिक ध्यान दिए जाने वाले 18 राज्यों में, जन-स्वास्थ्य अवसंरचना हेतु पूरी न की गई आवश्यकता सहित अंतर्राज्यीय जिलों के बीच व्याप्त विषमताओं को दूर करने पर भी विचार किया गया है। इसका उद्देश्य ग्रामीण आबादी, विशेष रूप से गरीब महिलाओं एवं बच्चों को एक-समान, किफायती, जवाबदेह एवं प्रभावकारी प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल की उपलब्धता में सुधार लाना भी है।

बॉक्स 1.

स्टाफ संरचना (न्यूनतम मानक)		
क.	उप केंद्र के कर्मचारी	पदों की संख्या
1	स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता (महिला)/ए.एन.एम.	1
2	अतिरिक्त द्वितीय ए.एन.एम.(संविदा पर)	1
3	स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता (पुरुष).....	1
4	स्वैच्छिक कार्यकर्ता.....	1
	कुल (संविदात्मक कर्मचारियों को छोड़कर):	3

ख.	नए प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र के लिए कर्मचारी			
1	चिकित्सा अधिकारी.....			1
2	फार्मासिस्ट			1
3	नर्स मिड-वाइफ (स्टाफ नर्स).....	1+2	अतिरिक्त स्टाफ नर्स संविदा पर	
4	स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता (महिला)/ ए.एन.एम.....			1
5	स्वास्थ्य प्रशिक्षक			1
6	स्वास्थ्य सहायक (पुरुष).....			1
7	स्वास्थ्य सहायक (महिला)/एल.एच.वी.....			1
8	प्रवर श्रेणी लिपिक			1
9	अवर श्रेणी लिपिक			1
10	प्रयोगशाला तकनीशियन			1
11	वाहन चालक (वाहन उपलब्ध रहने पर).....			1
12	चतुर्थ श्रेणी			4
	कुल (संविदात्मक कर्मचारियों को छोड़कर):.....			15
ग.	सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र के लिए कर्मचारी:			
1	चिकित्सा अधिकारी #.....			4
2	नर्स मिड-वाइफ (स्टाफ नर्स).....			7
3	ड्रेसर			1
4	फार्मासिस्ट/कंपाउण्डर			1
5	प्रयोगशाला तकनीशियन			1
6	रेडियोग्राफर			1
7	वार्ड बॉय			2
8	धोबी			1
9	सफाई कर्मचारी			3
10	माली			1
11	चौकीदार			1
12	आया			1
13	चपरासी			1
	कुल:			25
#:	सर्जन, प्रसूति विशेषज्ञ, फिजीशियन एवं बाल-चिकित्सक के रूप में कार्य करने हेतु अर्हता प्राप्त या विशेष रूप से प्रशिक्षित। उसी प्रकार मौजूदा चिकित्सा अधिकारियों में से एक या तो अर्हता-प्राप्त या जन-स्वास्थ्य में विशेष रूप से प्रशिक्षित होना चाहिए।			
नोट:	उपर्युक्त मानक स्टाफ संरचना हेतु न्यूनतम मानक है जिसमें एनआरएचएम के तहत निर्धारित अतिरिक्त कर्मचारी शामिल हैं जैसा इस अध्याय के अनुलग्नक-1 में दिया गया है।			

बॉक्स 2.

ग्रामीण स्वास्थ्य अवसंरचना-मानक* एवं उपलब्धियों का स्तर (अखिल भारत)					
	संकेतक	राष्ट्रीय मानक		स्थिति (2019)	
क्र.सं.					
1	ग्रामीण जनसंख्या (मध्य वर्ष की जनसंख्या 2019, 1 जुलाई 2019 को) द्वारा कवर:	सामान्य	जनजातीय/पहाड़ी/	सामान्य	जनजातीय/पहाड़ी/

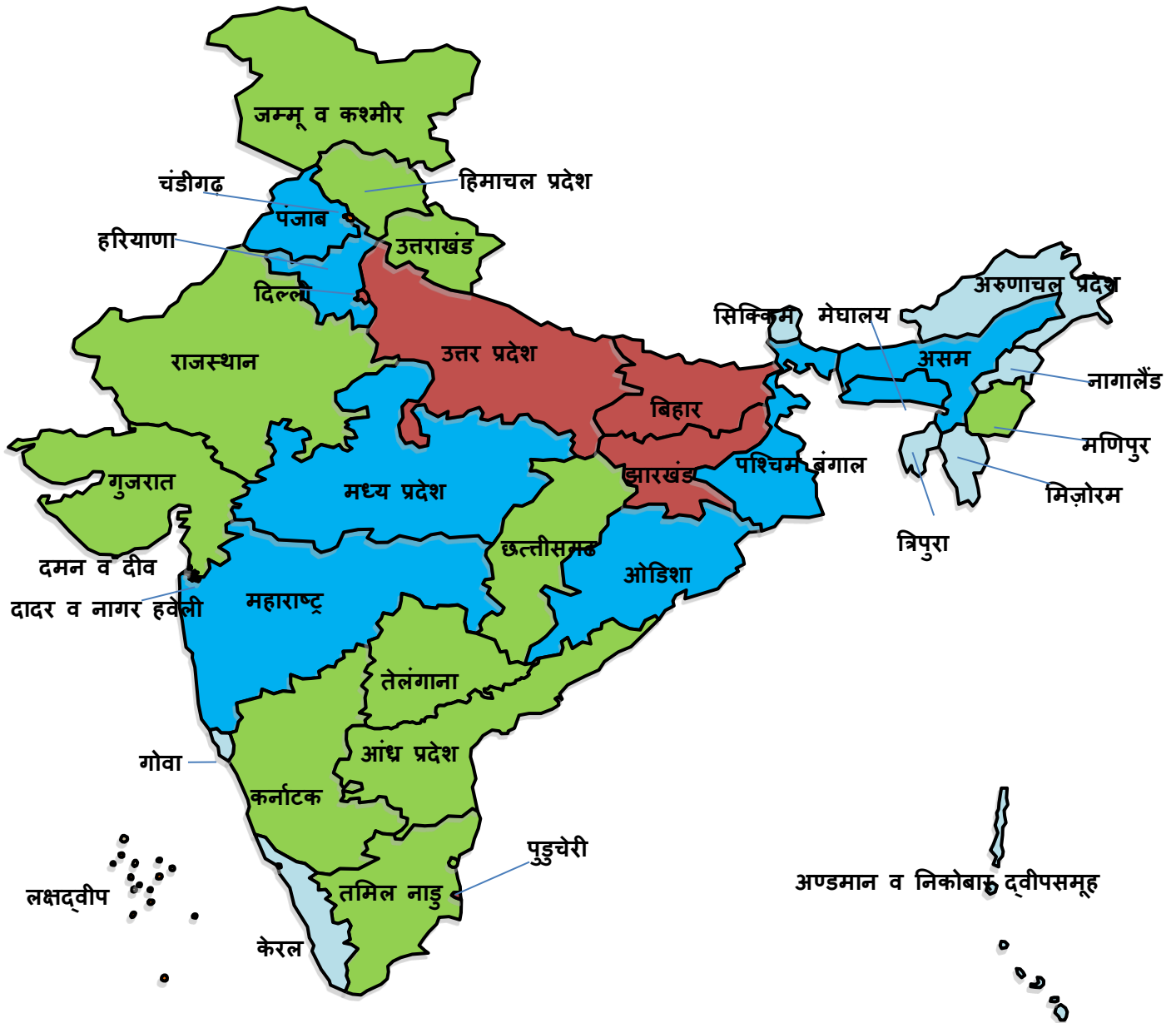
			मरुस्थलीय		मरुस्थलीय
	उप केंद्र	5000	3000	5616	3394
	प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (पी.एच.सी.)	30000	20000	35567	23115
	सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (सी.एच.सी.)	120000	80000	165702	95243
2	प्रति पी.एच.सी. उप-केंद्रों की संख्या	6		6	7
3	प्रति सी.एच.सी. प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्रों की संख्या	4		5	4
4	निम्नलिखित में शामिल ग्रामीण जनसंख्या (मध्य वर्ष की जनसंख्या 2019, 1 जुलाई 2019 को)				
	एचडब्ल्यू (एफ) (उप केन्द्रों और पीएचसीओ में)			3774	
	एचडब्ल्यू (एम) (उप-केन्द्रों में)			14896	
5	पीएचसी में एचए (एम) और उप केन्द्रों में एचडब्ल्यू (एम) का अनुपात	1:4		1:5	
6	पीएचसी में एचए (एफ) और उपकेन्द्रों और पीएचसीओ में एचडब्ल्यू (एफ) का अनुपात	1:17		1:15	
7	निम्नलिखित में शामिल औसत ग्रामीण क्षेत्रफल (वर्ग किलोमीटर)	ग्रामीण क्षेत्र		जनजातीय क्षेत्र	
	उप-केन्द्र	18.98		17.10	
	पीएचसी	120.19		116.46	
	सीएचसी	559.96		479.84	
8	निम्नलिखित में शामिल रेडियल दूरी (किलोमीटर:)	ग्रामीण क्षेत्र		जनजातीय क्षेत्र	
	उप-केन्द्र	2.46		2.33	
	पीएचसी	6.18		6.09	
	सीएचसी	13.35		12.36	
9	निम्नलिखित में शामिल गावों की औसत संख्या:	ग्रामीण क्षेत्र			
	उप केन्द्र	4		-	
	पीएचसी	26		-	
	सीएचसी	120		-	

एम: पुरुष एफ: महिला

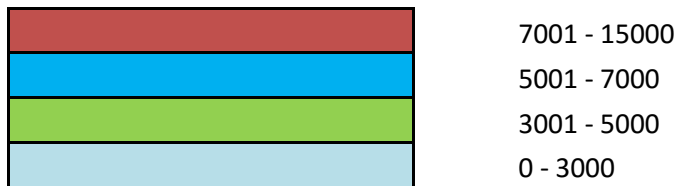
* विशेष संकाय (एससी, पीएचसी और सीएचएस) की सेवाओं के तहत कवर व्यक्तियों की संख्या।

31 मार्च, 2019 तक उप केंद्र, पीएचसी और सीएचसी द्वारा कवर की गई जनसंख्या क्रमशः 5616, 35567 और 165702 है (अनुभाग VIII, तालिका 66, 67 & 68)। उप केंद्र, पीएचसी और सीएचसी द्वारा कवर की गई औसत आबादी में राज्य-वार भिन्नताओं का प्रतिनिधित्व किया जाता है मानचित्र 1, 2 और 3 क्रमशः।

मानचित्र 1. 31 मार्च, 2019 तक उप केन्द्र और एचडब्लूसी-एससी के अन्तर्गत औसत ग्रामीण जनसंख्या (1 जुलाई 2019 को मध्य-वर्ष की जनसंख्या) (अनुभाग IX, तालिका 66)

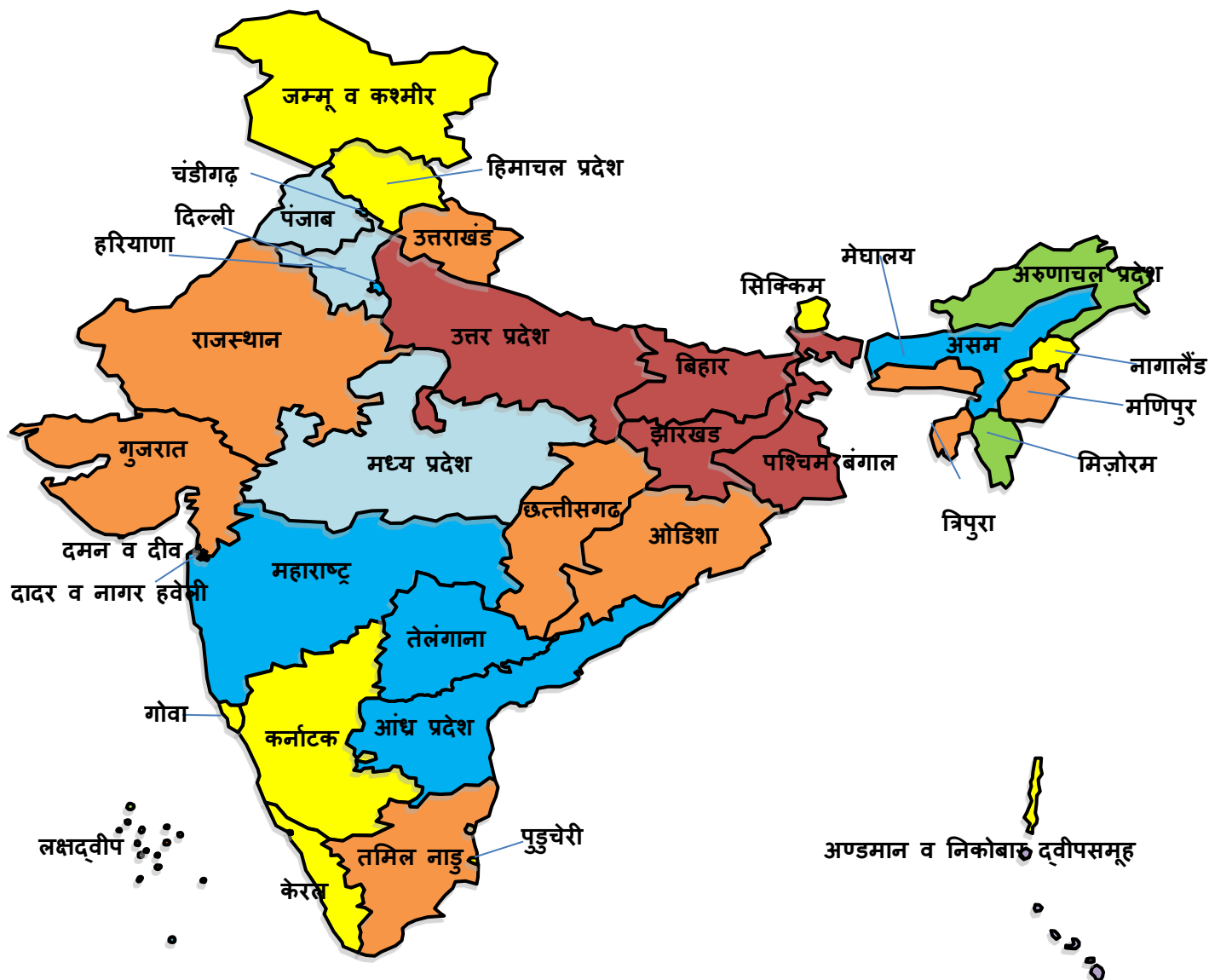


उप केन्द्र और एचडब्लूसी-एससी के अन्तर्गत ग्रामीण जनसंख्या

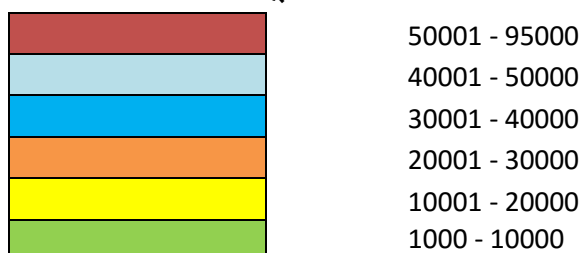


नोट: इन मानचित्रों में दर्शाई गई सीमाएं और नाम संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघ द्वारा आधिकारिक रूप से स्वीकृत नहीं हैं।

मानचित्र 2. 31 मार्च, 2019 तक पीएचसी और एचडब्लूसी-पीएचसी के अन्तर्गत ग्रामीण जनसंख्या
(1 जुलाई 2019 को मध्य-वर्ष की जनसंख्या) (अनुभाग IX, तालिका 67)

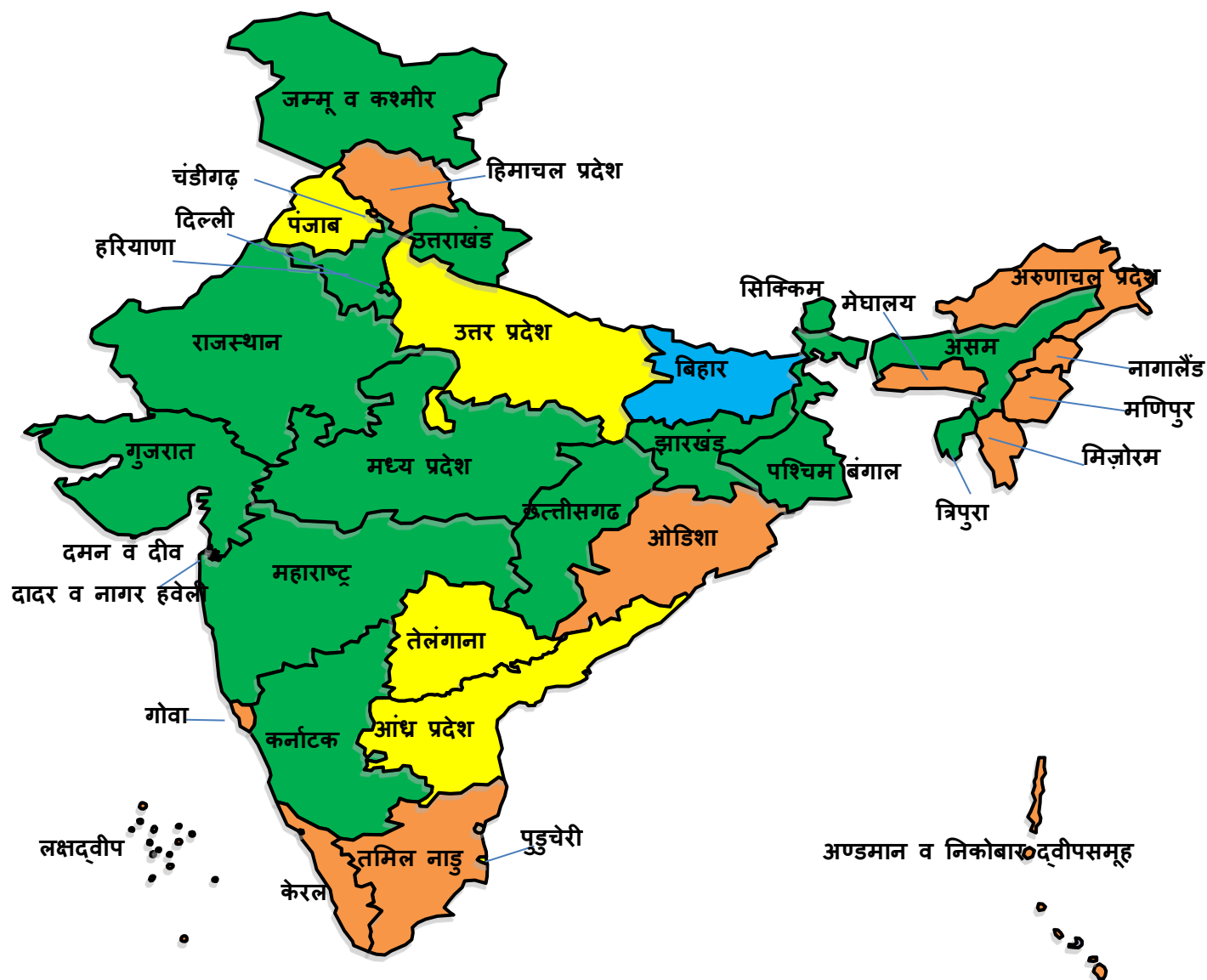


पीएचसी और एचडब्लूसी-पीएचसी के अन्तर्गत शामिल-ग्रामिण जनसंख्या



नोट: इन मानचित्रों में दर्शाई गई सीमाएं और नाम संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघ द्वारा आधिकारिक रूप से स्वीकृत नहीं हैं।

मानचित्र 3. 31 मार्च, 2019 तक सीएचसी के अन्तर्गत ग्रामीण जनसंख्या (1 जुलाई 2019 को मध्य-वर्ष की जनसंख्या) (अनुभाग IX, तालिका 68)



सीएचसी के अन्तर्गत ग्रामीण जनसंख्या

	255001 & above
	200001 - 255000
	100001 - 200000
	1000 - 100000

नोट: इन मानचित्रों में दर्शाई गई सीमाएं और नाम संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघ द्वारा आधिकारिक रूप से स्वीकृत नहीं हैं।

3.1. एनआरएचएम की प्रमुख और अनुपूरक कार्यनीतियां:

3.1.1. प्रमुख कार्यनीतियां:

- जन स्वास्थ्य सेवा केन्द्रों के स्वामित्व, नियंत्रण और प्रबंधन के लिए पंचायती राज संस्थानों (पीआरआई) का प्रशिक्षण तथा क्षमता में विस्तार करना।
- महिला स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ताओं (आशा) के माध्यम से घरेलू स्तर पर बेहतर स्वास्थ्य सेवाओं तक पहुंच को बढ़ावा देना।
- पंचायत की ग्राम्य स्वास्थ्य, सफाई, पोषण समिति के माध्यम से प्रत्येक गांव के लिए स्वास्थ्य योजना।
- स्थानीय योजना, कार्यकलाप एवं बहुदेशीय कार्यकर्ताओं (एमपीडब्ल्यू) को समर्थ बनाने हेतु अबद्ध निधियों के माध्यम से उप केन्द्र को सुदृढ़ करना।
- बेहतर उपचारात्मक देखभाल के लिए वर्तमान पीएचसी और सीएचसी तथा प्रति लाख जनसंख्या पर 30-50 बिस्तरों वाले सीएचसी को निदेशात्मक मानकों के अनुरूप सुदृढ़ करना (भारतीय जन स्वास्थ्य मानदंड, जिसमें कार्मिक, उपकरण और प्रबंधन मानदंड परिभाषित हैं)।
- जिला स्वास्थ्य मिशन द्वारा बनाए गए अंतर क्षेत्रीय जिला स्वास्थ्य योजना को तैयार करना और इसका कार्यान्वयन करना, जिसमें पेयजल, स्वच्छता एवं स्वास्थ्य रक्षा और पोषण शामिल हैं।
- राष्ट्रीय, राज्य, जिला और ब्लॉक स्तरों पर वर्टिकल स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण कार्यक्रमों को एकीकृत करना।
- जन स्वास्थ्य प्रबंधन के लिए राष्ट्रीय, राज्य और जिला स्वास्थ्य मिशन को तकनीकी सहायता देना।
- साक्ष्य आधार योजना, मॉनीटरिंग और पर्यवेक्षक के लिए आंकड़े एकत्रीकरण, आकलन और समीक्षा हेतु क्षमताओं को सुदृढ़ करना।
- स्वास्थ्य के क्षेत्र में मानव संसाधनों की नियुक्ति एवं कैरियर विकास के लिए पारदर्शी नीतियां बनाना।
- विशेषतः अल्प सेवित क्षेत्रों में गैर-लाभकारी क्षेत्रों को बढ़ावा देते हुए स्वस्थ जीवनशैली, तंबाकू और शराब उपभोग में कटौती आदि को बढ़ावा देने के लिए सभी स्तरों पर रोग निवारक स्वास्थ्य सेवाओं हेतु क्षमताओं का विकास करना।

3.1.2 अनुपूरक कार्यनीतियां:

- यथोचित लागत पर नागरिकों को गुणवत्ता सेवा की उपलब्धता सुनिश्चित करने के लिए अनौपचारिक ग्रामीण चिकित्सकों सहित निजी क्षेत्रों का विनियमन करना। जन स्वास्थ्य संबंधित उद्देश्यों की प्राप्ति के लिए सरकारी निजी भागीदारी को बढ़ावा देना। स्थानीय स्वास्थ्य परंपराओं पुनर्जीवित करते हुए आयुष को मुख्यधारा में लाना।
- चिकित्सा देखभाल और चिकित्सा नीतिशास्त्र के विनियमन सहित ग्रामीण स्वास्थ्य मामलों को सहायता देने के लिए चिकित्सा शिक्षा का पुनः अभिविन्यास करना।

3.2 अवसंरचना तथा जनशक्ति सुदृढीकरण से संबंधित एनआरएचएम की कार्य-योजना

3.2.1 घटक (क): प्रत्यायित सामाजिक स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता

- प्रत्येक ग्राम/ अधिक आबादी वाले स्थान में पंचायत द्वारा चयनित तथा पंचायत के प्रति जवाबदेह महिला प्रत्यायित सामाजिक स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता (आशा) होनी चाहिए जो समुदाय और जन स्वास्थ्य प्रणाली के बीच समन्वयकर्ता का कार्य करेगी। राज्यों को राज्य विशिष्ट मॉडलों का चयन करना चाहिए।
- आशा एनएचएम और गांव के बीच एक सेतु का कार्य करेगी तथा पंचायत के प्रति जवाबदेह होंगी।
- वह एक अवैतनिक कार्यकर्ता होगी जो व्यापक प्रतिरक्षण, रेफरल और आरसीएच के लिए सेवाओं को सहायता देने, घरेलू शौच घर और अन्य स्वास्थ्य और देखभाल सुपुर्दगी कार्यक्रम में बढ़ावा देने के हेतु निष्पादन आधारित मुआवजा प्राप्त करेगी।
- राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर स्थायी परामर्शदात्री समूह के माध्यम से विकसित तथा परामर्श दिए गए जन स्वास्थ्य पर शिक्षा शास्त्र में उसे प्रशिक्षित किया जाएगा जिसमें उत्तम प्रक्रियाओं को शामिल तथा समुदाय स्वास्थ्य संसाधन संगठन को सक्रिय रूप से शामिल करते हुए कार्यान्वित किया जाएगा।
- पंचायत के ग्राम स्वास्थ्य समिति के नेतृत्व में वह आंगनवाड़ी कार्यकर्ता, एनएचएम, अन्य विभागों के कार्यकर्ताओं और स्वयंसेवी समूह सदस्यों सहित ग्राम स्वास्थ्य योजना को तैयार तथा कार्यान्वयन करने के लिए मदद करेगी।
- 18 उच्च फोकस वाले राज्यों पर अधिक ध्यान देते हुए आशा को देश में प्रचारित किया जाएगा। भारत सरकार प्रशिक्षण, प्रोत्साहन और चिकित्सा किट की लागत वहन करेगी। शेष संघटकों को कार्यक्रम के तहत राज्यों को दिए गए वित्तीय संसाधनों के तहत निधियां प्रदान की जाएंगी।
- सामान्य बीमारियों के लिए इसे जेनेरिक, आयुष और एलोपैथिक दवाइयों वाली एक औषधि किट दी जाएगी। औषधि किट को समय-समय पर नए सामान से भरा जाएगा।
- आशा कमियों का भर्ती प्रशिक्षण कुल 23 दिनों का है जो 12 माह में पूरा किया जाएगा। कार्य के दौरान प्रशिक्षण वर्ष भर चलता रहेगा।
- राज्य स्तर पर संशोधन करते हुए प्रोटोटाइप प्रशिक्षण सामग्री को राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर तैयार किया जाएगा।
- प्रशिक्षकों के प्रशिक्षण के माध्यम से प्रशिक्षण का कैस्केड मॉडल प्रस्तावित किया गया, जिसमें अनुबंध के साथ-साथ डिस्टेंस लर्निंग मॉडल शामिल है।
- प्रशिक्षण में एनजीओ/आईसीडीएस प्रशिक्षण केन्द्रों और राज्य स्वास्थ्य संस्थानों के भागीदारी की आवश्यकता होगी।

31 मार्च 2019 को, पूरे देश में 929893 आशा उपलब्ध हैं (अनुभाग V, तालिका 37)।

3.2.2. घटक (ख): उप-केन्द्रों (एससी) का सुदृढीकरण

- प्रत्येक उप-केन्द्र में स्थानीय कार्रवाई के लिए 10,000 रूपए प्रति वर्ष की दर से अबद्ध निधि होगी। इस निधि को एएनएम और सरपंच के संयुक्त बैंक खाते में जमा किया जाएगा और ग्रामीण स्वास्थ्य समिति के परामर्श से एएनएम द्वारा इसका संचालन किया जाएगा और इस अबद्ध निधि को एलोपैथिक, स्वदेशी औषधि एवं एक अतिरिक्त एएनएम के लिए खर्च किया जाएगा।
- प्रत्येक उप-केन्द्र को 10,000/- रूपए का वार्षिक रखरखाव अनुदान भी उपलब्ध कराया जाता है ताकि सुविधा केन्द्र के सुधार और रखरखाव का पर्यवेक्षण हो सके।
- व्यापक क्षेत्रों, विशेषतः पहाड़ी और रेतीले क्षेत्रों में स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सुविधा प्रदान के मामले में "देखभाल प्रदान करने में लगने वाला समय" एक महत्वपूर्ण मुद्दा है। स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सुविधा केन्द्र निवास स्थान से 30 मिनट की पैदल दूरी पर होनी चाहिए, जिसका अर्थ यह है कि जहां जनसंख्या दूर-दूर तक फैली हैं, वहां अतिरिक्त उप-केन्द्रों को बनाने की आवश्यकता है। तथापि, प्रति 5000 व्यक्ति जनसंख्या के लिए एक सुनिश्चित उप-केन्द्र है (पहाड़ी, रेतीले और जनजातीय क्षेत्रों में 3000) किन्तु जहां जनसंख्या अधिक है वहां वर्तमान उप-केन्द्रों/यूपीएचसी में बहु-सेवा प्रदाताओं की नियुक्ति के माध्यम से अंतराल को पूरा किया जा सकता है।

3.2.3. घटक (ग): प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों (पीएचसी) का सुदृढीकरण

मिशन का उद्देश्य निम्नलिखित के माध्यम से गुणवत्ता युक्त निवारक, प्रोत्साहक, उपचारात्मक, पर्यवेक्षक तथा आउटरीच सेवाओं में पीएचसी को सुदृढ करना है।

- पीएचसी में आवश्यक एवं अच्छी गुणवत्ता की औषधियां और उपकरणों (जिसमें प्रतिरक्षण के लिए ऑटो डिसेबल्ड सिरिंज की आपूर्ति शामिल है) की पर्याप्त और नियमित आपूर्ति करना।
- मानक उपचार दिशानिर्देश और प्रोटोकॉल का पालन करना।
- स्थानीय स्वास्थ्य कार्रवाई के लिए प्रति पीएचसी 25,000/- रुपये का अबद्ध अनुदान तथा प्रति पीएचसी 50,000/- रुपये का वार्षिक रखरखाव अनुदान और सुधार तथा देखभाल करने एवं भौतिक अवसंरचना के रखरखाव के लिए रोगी कल्याण समिति (आरकेएस) को एक लाख रुपये।

3.2.4. घटक (घ): प्रथम रेफरल देखभाल के लिए समुदाय स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों (सीएचसी) का सुदृढीकरण

इस मिशन की मुख्य कार्यनीति निम्नलिखित है:

- सीएचसी के लिए अवसंरचना, स्टाफ उपकरण, प्रबंधन आदि हेतु मानक निर्धारित करते हुए नए भारतीय जन स्वास्थ्य मानदंडों का कोडिफिकेशन करना।
- अस्पताल प्रबंधन के लिए पणधारी समितियों (रोगी कल्याण समितियों) को बढ़ावा देना।

- अस्पताल देखभाल में सेवाओं और लागतों के मानदंडों का विकास करना।
- सीएचसी/पीएचसी स्तर पर सीटीजन चार्टर तैयार करना, प्रदर्शन करना और अनुपालन सुनिश्चित करना।
- सभी सीएचसी को एनआरएचएम के तहत 50,000/- रुपए का अबद्ध अनुदान और एक लाख रुपए का वार्षिक रख-रखाव अनुदान तथा एक लाख रुपए का आरकेएस कूपन अनुदान मुहैया कराया जाता है।

4. ग्रामीण स्वास्थ्य अवसरंचना - सांख्यिकीय निरीक्षण

आधारभूत ढांचे और मानवशक्ति का अखिल भारतीय विश्लेषण विविध राज्यों/संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों से प्राप्त आंकड़ों पर आधारित है। यह नोट किया जाए कि किसी विशिष्ट मद/श्रेणी हेतु संगत आंकड़े प्राप्त न होने वाले राज्यों /संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों को सरकारी भवनों में संचालित सुविधा केन्द्रों, मानवशक्ति की रिक्तियों तथा कमी आदि हेतु प्रतिशतता की गणना करते समय शामिल नहीं किया गया है।

उप केंद्र, प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र और सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र के स्तर पर कार्य करने वाले केंद्र:

4.1 प्राइमरी हेल्थ केयर इंफ्रास्ट्रक्चर को थ्री टियर सिस्टम के रूप में विकसित किया गया है, जिसमें सब सेंटर, प्राइमरी हेल्थ सेंटर (पीएचसी) और कम्युनिटी हेल्थ सेंटर (सीएचसी) प्राइमरी हेल्थ केयर सिस्टम के तीन स्तंभ हैं। उप केंद्रों की प्रगति, जो प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल प्रणाली और समुदाय के बीच सबसे अधिक परिधीय संपर्क बिंदु है, संपूर्ण प्रणाली की समग्र प्रगति के लिए एक शर्त है। 31 मार्च, 2019 तक देश में 157411 ग्रामीण एससी कार्य कर रहे हैं। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में 7821 एचडब्लूसी-एससी हैं, जो 31 मार्च 2019 तक कार्यात्मक हैं। 31 मार्च, 2019 तक, देश में 24855 पीएचसी कार्यरत हैं। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में कुल 8242 पीएचसी को स्वास्थ्य और कल्याण केंद्रों में परिवर्तित किया गया है। कई वर्षों में, राज्यों में कई पीएचसी को सीएचसी के स्तर पर अपग्रेड किया गया है। एससी और पीएचसी की संख्या में प्रगति के अनुसार, सीएचसी की संख्या में भी पिछले कुछ वर्षों में वृद्धि हुई है। 31 मार्च 2019 तक, ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में कुल 5335 सीएचसी कार्यरत हैं (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 6)।

4.2 खंड I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 1 2005 में रिपोर्ट किए गए लोगों की तुलना में 2019 में उप केंद्र, पीएचसी और सीएचसी की संख्या को प्रस्तुत करता है। राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर 2019 में मौजूदा केन्द्रों की तुलना में 2019 में 11385 उप केंद्र, 1619 पीएचसी और 1989 सीएचसी की वृद्धि हुई है। इसका तात्पर्य है कि उप केंद्रों की संख्या में लगभग 7.8%, पीएचसी की संख्या में लगभग 7.0% और 2005 की तुलना में 2019 में सीएचसी की संख्या में लगभग 59.4% की वृद्धि हुई है। उपकेंद्र में महत्वपूर्ण वृद्धि राजस्थान राज्य में (3000), गुजरात (1892), कर्नाटक (1615), मध्य प्रदेश (1352), छत्तीसगढ़ (1387), जम्मू और कश्मीर (1146), ओडिशा (761) और त्रिपुरा (433) में दर्ज की गई है। । इसी तरह से कर्नाटक (446), गुजरात (406), राजस्थान (369), असम (336), जम्मू और कश्मीर (288) और छत्तीसगढ़ (275) राज्यों में पीएचसी की संख्या में उल्लेखनीय वृद्धि देखी

गई है। सीएचसी के मामले में उत्तर प्रदेश (293), तमिलनाडु (350), पश्चिम बंगाल (253), राजस्थान (245), ओडिशा (146), झारखंड (124) और केरल (121) में उल्लेखनीय वृद्धि देखी गई है।

4.3 अनुभाग 1, तुलनात्मक विवरण 12, 2018 में रिपोर्ट किए गए केन्द्रों की तुलना में 2019 में उप केंद्र, पीएचसी और सीएचसी की संख्या प्रस्तुत करता है। राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर शहरी क्षेत्रों में स्वास्थ्य सुविधाओं के प्रवास के कारण ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में 1006 उप केंद्र, 888 पीएचसी और 289 सीएचसी की कमी है। हालांकि उत्तर प्रदेश (261), कर्नाटक (315) और अरुणाचल प्रदेश (73) में उप केंद्रों की वृद्धि हुई है।

4.4 अनुभाग 1, तुलनात्मक विवरण 2 से तुलनात्मक विवरण 4, 2005 की तुलना में 2019 में, क्रमशः, उप केंद्रों, पीएचसी और सीएचसी के भवनों की स्थिति की तुलनात्मक तस्वीर दी है। जैसा कि देखा जा सकता है, 2005 में सरकारी भवनों में कार्यरत उप केंद्रों का प्रतिशत

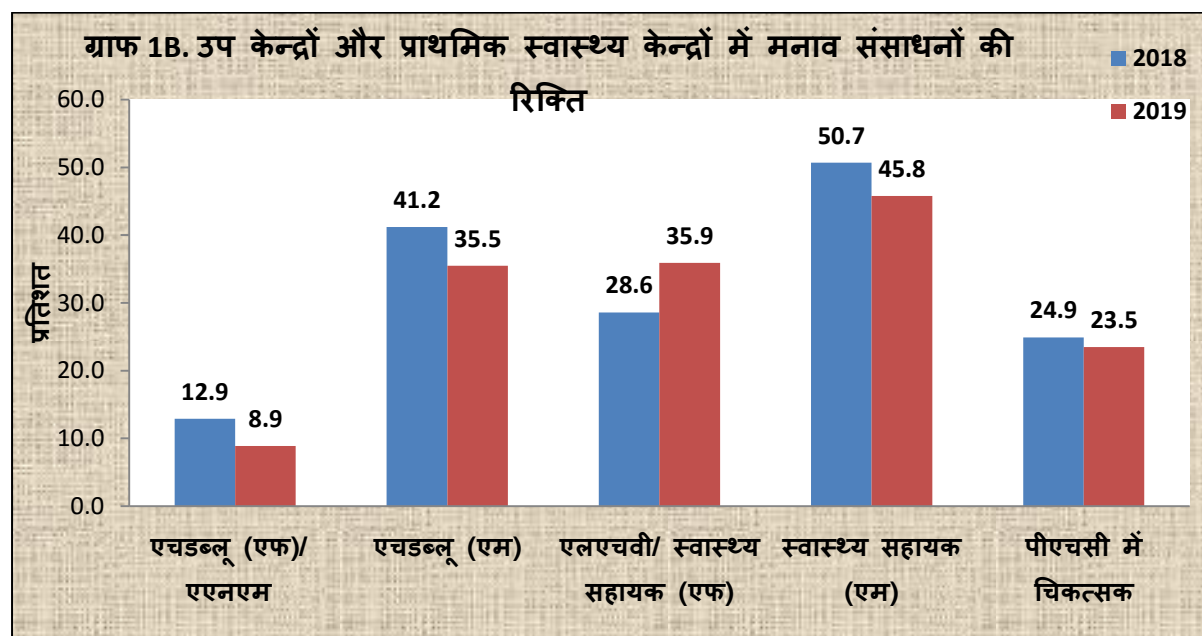
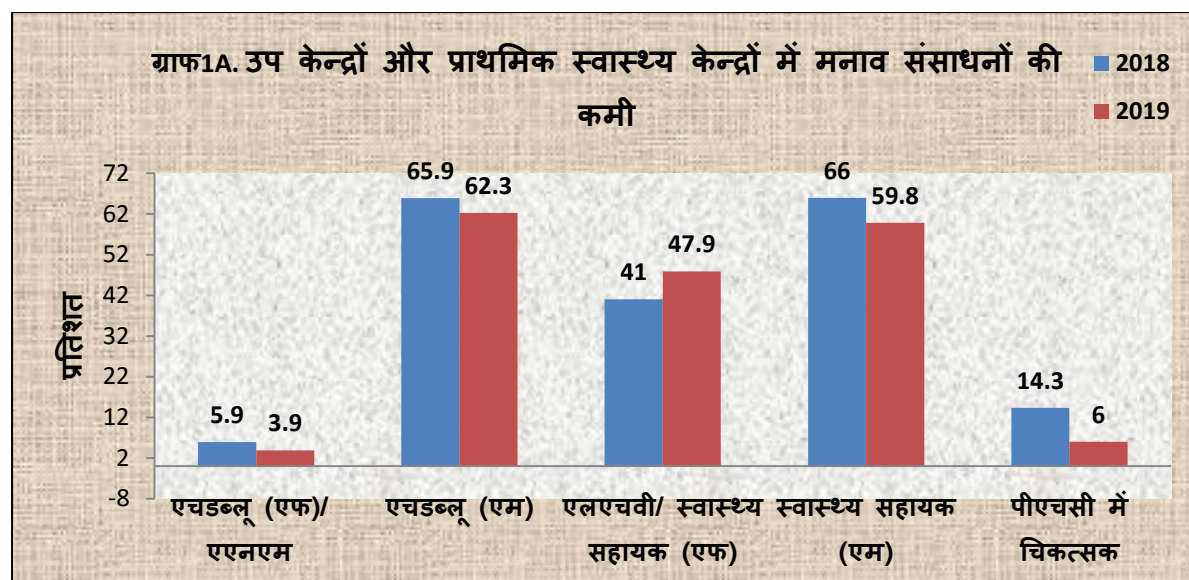
सरकारी भवनों में कार्यरत उप-केंद्रों का प्रतिशत 2005 में 43.8% से बढ़कर 2019 में 75.3% हो गया है। सरकारी भवनों में कार्यरत पीएचसी का प्रतिशत 2005 में 69% से बढ़कर 2019 में 94.5% हो गया है। सरकारी भवनों में सीएचसी का प्रतिशत 2005 में 91.6% से बढ़कर 2019 में 99.3% हो गए हैं।

43.8% से बढ़ कर 2019 में 75.3% हो गयी है। मुख्य रूप से उत्तर प्रदेश में (14288), पश्चिम बंगाल (896), मध्य प्रदेश (3509), कर्नाटक (3448), महाराष्ट्र (3336), गुजरात (2961), छत्तीसगढ़ (2744), राजस्थान (2436), ओडिशा (2255) और असम (1412) में सरकारी भवनों में पर्याप्त वृद्धि के कारण हुआ। इसी तरह, सरकारी भवनों में कार्यरत पीएचसी का प्रतिशत भी 2005 में 69% से बढ़कर 2019 में 94.5% हो गया है। यह मुख्य रूप से गुजरात (813), उत्तर प्रदेश (807), कर्नाटक (615), राजस्थान (506), मध्य प्रदेश (418) और छत्तीसगढ़ (351) में सरकारी भवनों में वृद्धि के कारण है। इसके अलावा, 2005 की तुलना में 2019 में सरकारी भवनों में कार्यरत सीएचसी की संख्या में उल्लेखनीय वृद्धि हुई है। सरकारी भवनों में सीएचसी का प्रतिशत भवन 2005 में 91.6% से बढ़कर 2019 में 99.3% हो गया है। यह मुख्य रूप से तमिलनाडु (350), राजस्थान (296), उत्तर प्रदेश (293) और पश्चिम बंगाल (253) राज्यों में सरकारी भवनों में वृद्धि के कारण हुआ है। 2018 और 2019 में उप केंद्र, पीएचसी और सीएचसी के लिए भवनों की तुलनात्मक राज्यवार स्थिति उपलब्ध है **तुलनात्मक विवरण-13**।

श्रमशक्ति

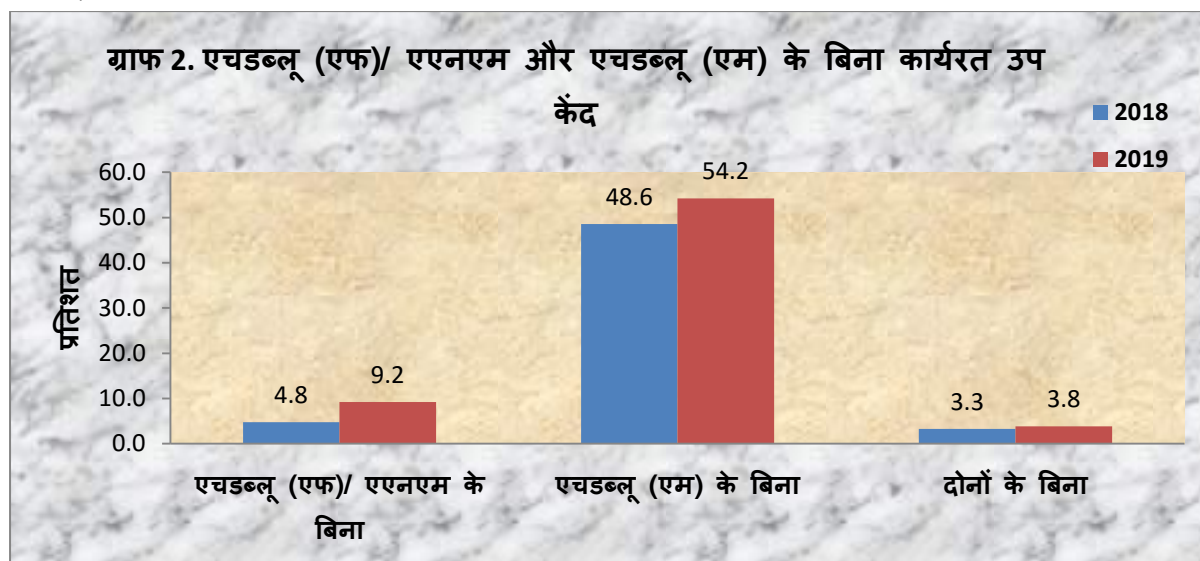
4.5 ग्रामीण स्वास्थ्य सेवाओं के कुशल कामकाज के लिए जनशक्ति की उपलब्धता एक महत्वपूर्ण पूर्व आवश्यकता है। 31 मार्च, 2019 तक एचडब्ल्यू (एफ) / एनएम के पदों में समग्र कमी (जो कुछ राज्यों में मौजूदा अधिशेष को छोड़कर) एक एचडब्ल्यू (एफ) / एनएम के मानक के अनुसार कुल आवश्यकता का 3.9% है। कुल मिलाकर कमी मुख्य रूप से कर्नाटक राज्य (3423), गुजरात (1474), हिमाचल प्रदेश (830), उत्तराखंड (279) और राजस्थान (169) में कमी के कारण है। एनएम की कमी में राज्य-वार भिन्नता को दर्शाया गया है **तुलनात्मक विवरण -5**। इसी तरह, एचडब्ल्यू (एम) के मामले में, आवश्यकता के 62.3% की कमी है।

स्वीकृत पदों में से भी, सभी स्तरों पर पदों का एक महत्वपूर्ण प्रतिशत रिक्त है। उदाहरण के लिए 2019 में, एचडब्ल्यू (महिला) / एएनएम के स्वीकृत पदों में से 8.9%, पुरुष स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता में 35.5% रिक्त हैं। 2019 में पीएचसी पर स्वीकृत पदों में से, महिला स्वास्थ्य सहायक / एलएचवी के स्वीकृत पदों में से 35.9%, पुरुष स्वास्थ्य सहायक में 45.8% और डॉक्टरों के पद में 23.5% खाली में हैं (अनुभाग V, तालिका 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 और 19)। विवरण में प्रतिनिधित्व ग्राफ 1 ए और ग्राफ 1 बी में किया गया है।

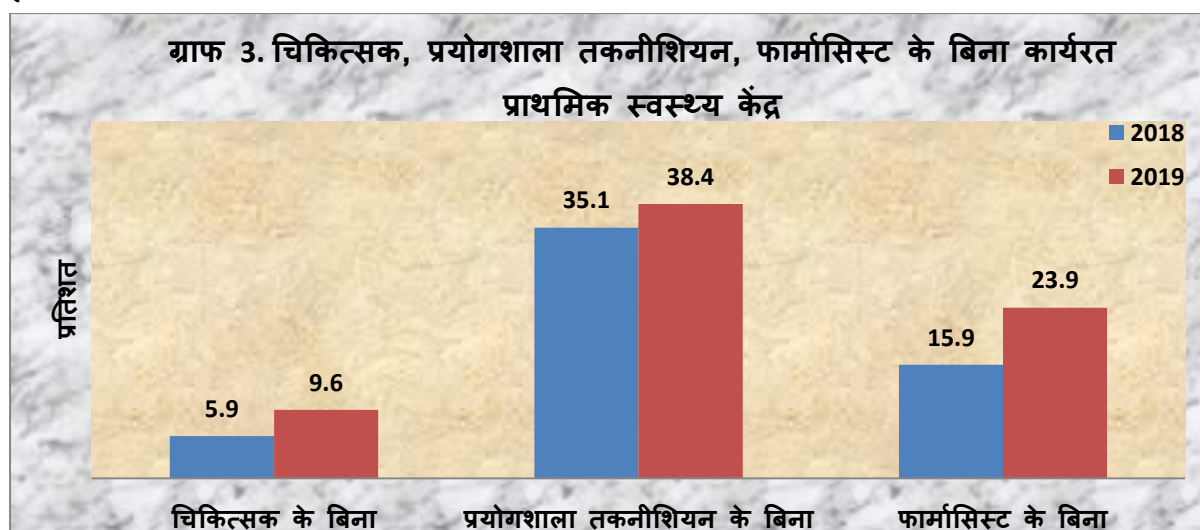


4.6 उप केंद्र स्तर (एचडब्ल्यूसी को छोड़कर) में मौजूदा श्रमशक्ति का आकलन इस तथ्य से किया जा सकता है कि उप केंद्रों में से 9.2% महिला स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता / एएनएम के बिना हैं और 54.1% उप केंद्र पुरुष स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता के बिना हैं। 3.8% उप केंद्र महिला स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता / एएनएम और पुरुष स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता दोनों के बिना राज्यों / केंद्र शासित प्रदेश द्वारा उपलब्ध कराए

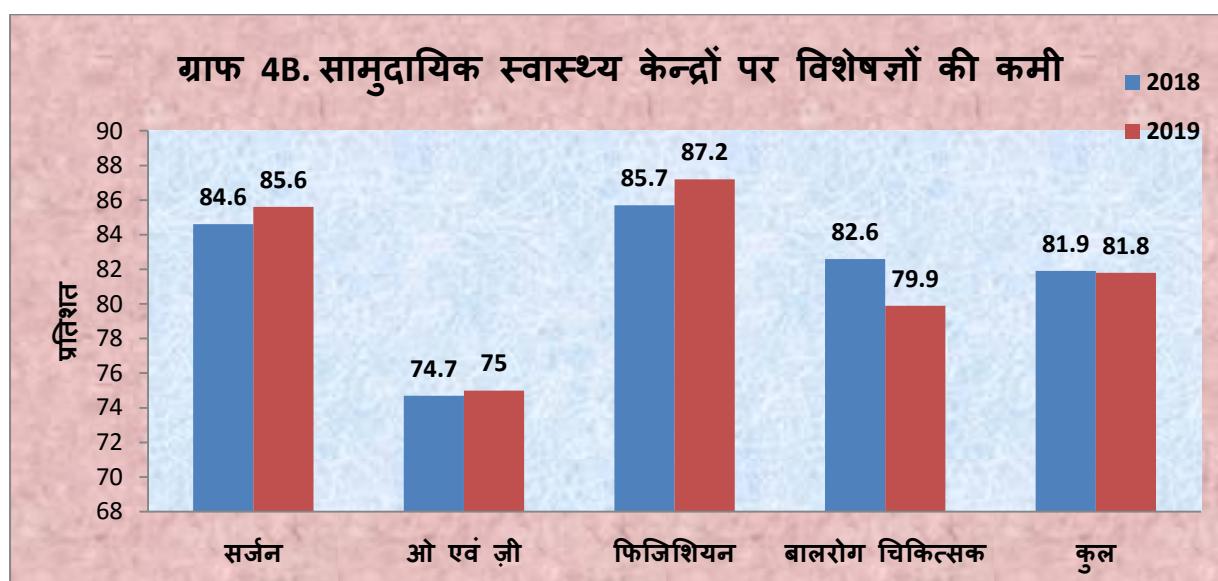
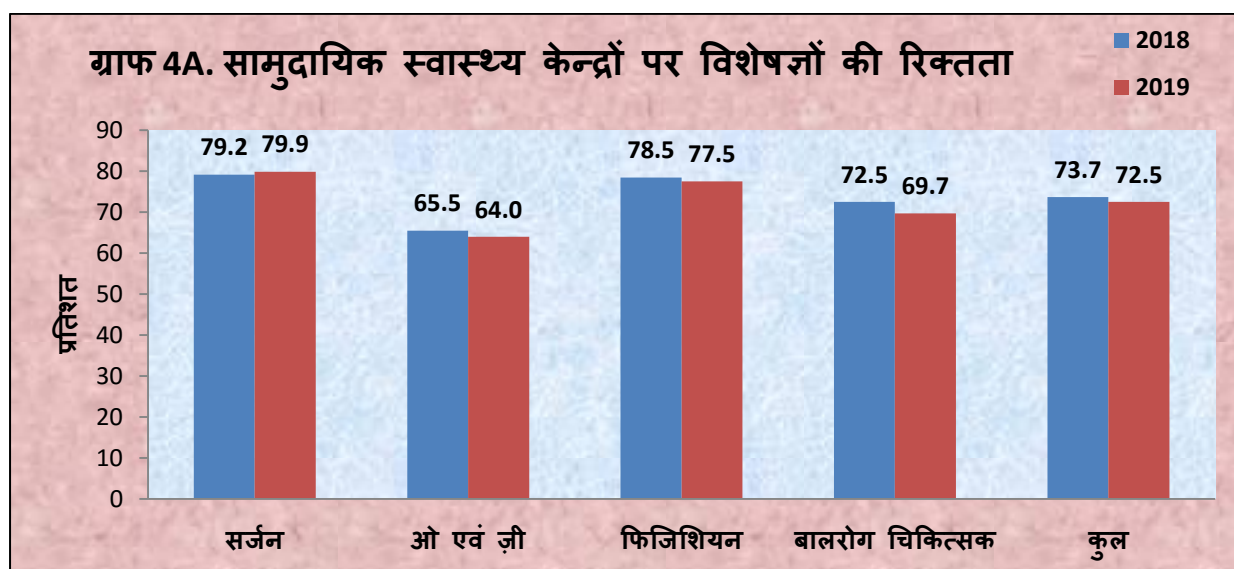
गए आंकड़ों के अनुसार हैं। (अनुभाग IX, तालिका 75)। ग्राफ 2 में विवरण का प्रतिनिधित्व किया गया है।



4.7 पीएचसी ग्राम समुदाय और चिकित्सा अधिकारी के बीच पहला संपर्क बिंदु है। पीएचसी में जनशक्ति में एक चिकित्सा अधिकारी शामिल है जो पैरामेडिकल और अन्य कर्मचारियों द्वारा समर्थित है। स्वास्थ्य सहायक (महिला) / एलएचवी के लिए पीएचसी के मामले में, कमी 47.9% और स्वास्थ्य सहायक (पुरुष) की 59.8% है। पीएचसी में एलोपैथिक डॉक्टरों के लिए, अखिल भारतीय स्तर पर कुल आवश्यकता का 6.0% की कमी है। यह मुख्य रूप से ओडिशा (475), छत्तीसगढ़ (471), राजस्थान (150), मध्य प्रदेश (146) और हिमाचल प्रदेश (100) राज्यों में पीएचसी में डॉक्टरों की महत्वपूर्ण कमी के कारण है। एलोपैथिक डॉक्टरों के अलावा, 13347 आयुष चिकित्सक पीएचसी में उपलब्ध हैं। पीएचसी पर मौखिक स्वास्थ्य कार्यक्रम को मजबूत करने के लिए PHCs पर लगभग 1152 डेंटल सर्जन उपलब्ध हैं (अनुभाग V, तालिका 17, 18, 19, 20 और 22)। 31 मार्च 2019 तक 9.6% पीएचसी बिना डॉक्टर के हैं, 33.4% बिना लैब टेक्नीशियन के और 23.9% फार्मासिस्ट के बिना हैं। (अनुभाग IX, तालिका 76)। ग्राफ 4 में विवरण प्रतिनिधित्व किया है।



4.8 सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र सर्जनों, प्रसूति एवं स्त्री रोग विशेषज्ञों, चिकित्सकों और बाल रोग विशेषज्ञों की विशेष चिकित्सा देखभाल प्रदान करते हैं। सीएचसी में विशेषज्ञों की जनशक्ति की वर्तमान स्थिति बताती है कि 31 मार्च, 2019 को, स्वीकृत पदों में से, 79.9% सर्जन, 64% प्रसूति एवं स्त्री रोग विशेषज्ञ, 77.5% चिकित्सक और 69.7% बाल रोग विशेषज्ञ खाली हैं। **ग्राफ 4A** में रिक्ति के विवरण का प्रतिनिधित्व किया गया है। सीएचसी में विशेषज्ञों के स्वीकृत पदों में से कुल 72.5% पद खाली हैं। इसके अलावा, मौजूदा बुनियादी ढांचे के लिए आवश्यकता की तुलना में, 85.6% सर्जनों की कमी है, 75% प्रसूति एवं स्त्रीरोग विशेषज्ञ, 87.2% चिकित्सक और 79.9% बाल रोग विशेषज्ञ हैं। कुल मिलाकर, सीएचसी में मौजूदा सीएचसी की आवश्यकता की तुलना में 81.8% विशेषज्ञों की कमी है। **ग्राफ 4 बी** में कमी के विवरण का प्रतिनिधित्व किया है। अधिकांश राज्यों में विशेषज्ञों की कमी काफी अधिक है। हालांकि, विशेषज्ञों के अलावा, लगभग 15395 जनरल ड्यूटी मेडिकल ऑफिसर (जीडीएमओ), 3197 आयुष और 1920 डेंटल सर्जन डॉक्टर भी 31 मार्च, 2019 तक सीएचसी में उपलब्ध हैं। (खंड V, तालिका 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28 और 29)।



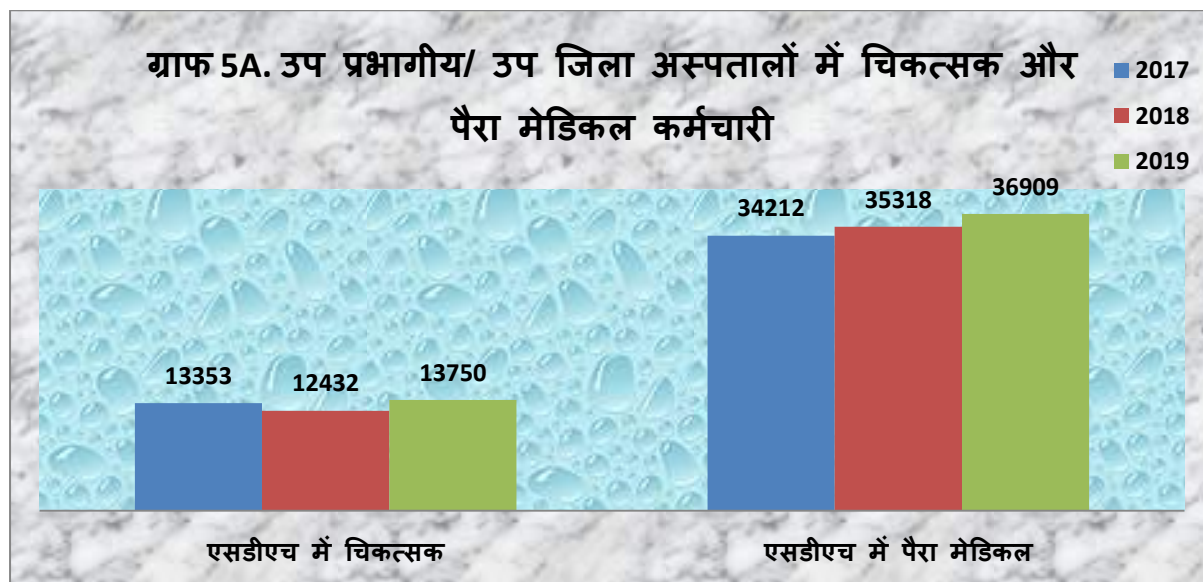
4.9 जब 2005 में उस के साथ 2019 में प्रमुख श्रेणियों की जनशक्ति की स्थिति के साथ तुलना की गयी है **अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक बयान 5 से तुलनात्मक कथन 11** यह देखा गया है कि सभी श्रेणियों में संख्या के संदर्भ में महत्वपूर्ण सुधार हैं। उदाहरण के लिए, सब सेंटर और पीएचसी पर एएनएम की संख्या 2005 में 133194 से बढ़कर 234220 हो गई है। 2019 में लगभग 75.8% की वृद्धि हुई है। इसी तरह, पीएचसी में एलोपैथिक डॉक्टर 2005 में 20,308 से बढ़कर 2019 में 29,799 हो गए, जो लगभग 46.7% की वृद्धि है। हालांकि, सीएचसी में विशेषज्ञ डॉक्टरों की वृद्धि की दर उसी की आवश्यकता के अनुसार वृद्धि की दर के अनुसार नहीं है। सीएचसी में विशेषज्ञों की आवश्यकता में 59% की वृद्धि हुई है जबकि इन-पोजीशन विशेषज्ञ की वास्तविक संख्या में केवल 9.3% की वृद्धि हुई है। इसके अलावा, सीएचसी में विशेषज्ञ चिकित्सक 2005 में 3550 से बढ़कर 2019 में 3881 हो गए हैं, जो 9.3% की वृद्धि है।

4.10 राज्य-वार तस्वीर को देखते हुए, यह देखा जा सकता है कि एएनएम में वृद्धि मुख्य रूप से महाराष्ट्र राज्य (11054), उत्तर प्रदेश (10936), पश्चिम बंगाल (9927), असम (5783), राजस्थान (4000), जम्मू और कश्मीर (3320), मध्य प्रदेश (2479), गुजरात (2660), ओडिशा (2419), केरल (1939), पंजाब (1928) और हरियाणा (1788) में उल्लेखनीय वृद्धि हुई है। 2005 - 2019 के दौरान (**अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 5**)। इसी प्रकार, गुजरात (1338), केरल (582), राजस्थान (426), जम्मू और कश्मीर (276), मध्य प्रदेश (214) और पंजाब (189) में पीएचसी पर डॉक्टरों की संख्या में उल्लेखनीय वृद्धि हुई है। (**अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 6**)। विशेषज्ञों के मामले में तमिलनाडु राज्य (131), मध्य प्रदेश (55) और छत्तीसगढ़ (43) में सराहनीय वृद्धि देखी गई है। हालांकि कुछ राज्य में विशेषज्ञों की संख्या महाराष्ट्र (614), कर्नाटक (226) और पंजाब (133) में कमी है (**अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 7**) उसी अवधि के दौरान 2005 की स्थिति की तुलना में पैरामेडिकल स्टाफ की संख्या में उल्लेखनीय वृद्धि भी देखी गई है।

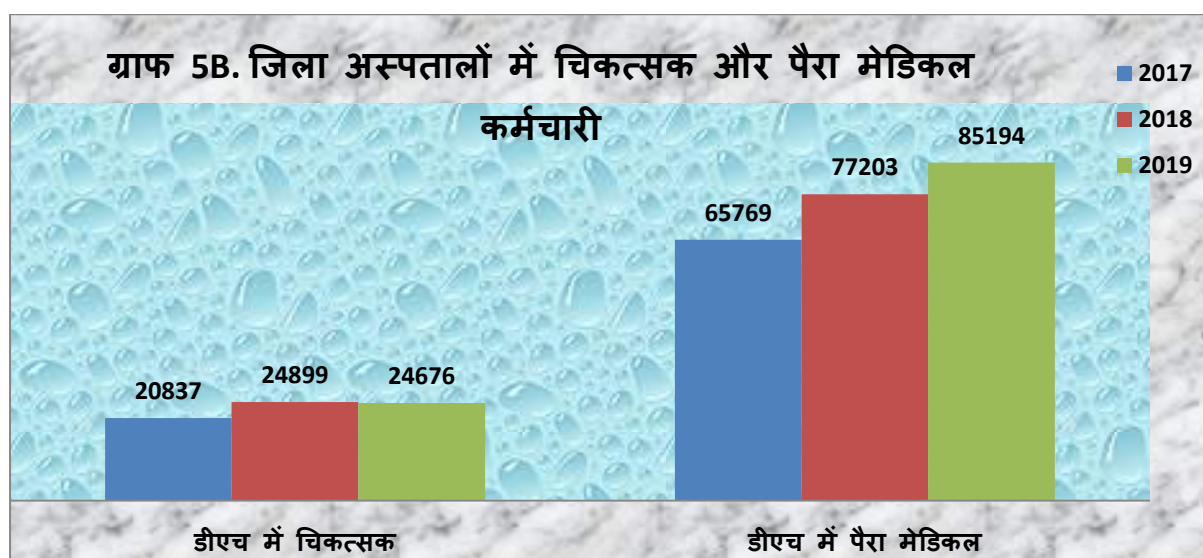
4.11 उप केंद्रों, पीएचसी और सीएचसी में 2018 और 2019 में जनशक्ति की राज्य-वार स्थिति का तुलनात्मक अध्ययन किया गया है **अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 14**। 2018 में 2019 में प्रमुख श्रेणियों की जनशक्ति की स्थिति की तुलना अवधि के दौरान एससी और पीएचसी में एएनएम और पीएचसी में डॉक्टरों की संख्या में समग्र वृद्धि दिखाती है। हालांकि सीएचसी में विशेषज्ञों की संख्या में मामूली कमी है। एससी और पीएचसी पर एएनएम की संख्या 2018 में 219326 से बढ़ कर 2019 में 234220, 6.8% की वृद्धि हुई है। पीएचसी पर एलोपैथिक डॉक्टर 2018 में 27567 से बढ़ कर 2019 में 29799 हैं, जो 8.1% की वृद्धि है। सीएचसी में विशेषज्ञ के बारे में, 2018 में संख्या 4074 से मामूली रूप से घटकर 4.7% हो गई है।

4.12 पैरा मेडिकल स्टाफ की स्थिति को देखते हुए, सीएचसी पर रेडियोग्राफर 2018 में 2128 से 2419 तक थोड़े बढ़े हैं। पीएचसी और सीएचसी पर फार्मासिस्टों की संख्या में 2018 में 28680 से 2019 में 26204 कमी देखी गई है। लैब टेक्नीशियन 2018 में 2019 में 19434 हो गये। पीएचसी और सीएचसी के तहत नर्सिंग स्टाफ में 2018 से 84567 की तुलना में घटकर 2019 में 80976 हो गयी है (**अनुभाग I, तुलनात्मक विवरण 15**)।

4.13 31 मार्च, 2019 को पूरे देश में कुल 1234 सब डिविजनल / सब डिस्ट्रिक्ट हॉस्पिटल कार्यरत हैं। इन अस्पतालों में 13750 डॉक्टर उपलब्ध हैं। इन डॉक्टरों के अलावा, लगभग 36909 पैरामेडिकल स्टाफ भी उन अस्पतालों में 31 मार्च, 2019 में उपलब्ध हैं (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 38 और 39)। ग्राफ 5 ए में विवरण का प्रतिनिधित्व किया है



4.14 उपरोक्त के अलावा, 756 जिला अस्पताल (डीएच) पूरे देश में 31 मार्च, 2019 तक कार्यरत हैं। डीएच में 24676 डॉक्टर उपलब्ध हैं। डॉक्टरों के अलावा, 31 मार्च, 2019 तक जिला अस्पतालों में लगभग 85194 पैरा मेडिकल स्टाफ भी उपलब्ध हैं (खंड IV, तालिका 38 और 39)। ग्राफ 5 बी में विवरण का प्रतिनिधित्व किया है।



अनुलग्नक 1. भारतीय जन स्वास्थ्य मानक (आईपीएचएस) के तहत संस्तुत जनशक्ति

उप-केंद्र के प्रकार	उप-केंद्र ए		उप-केंद्र बी (एमसीएच उप-केंद्र)	
स्टाफ	आवश्यक	वांछनीय	आवश्यक	वांछनीय
एएनएम/स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता (महिला)	1	+1	2	
स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता (पुरुष)	1		1	
स्टाफ नर्स (या एएनएम, यदि स्टाफ नर्स उपलब्ध नहीं हैं)				1**
सफाई-कर्मचारी*	1(अंशकालिक)		1 (पूर्णकालिक)	

*आउटसोर्स कराया जाए

** यदि उप-केंद्रों में हुए प्रसव की संख्या एक माह में 20 या इससे ज्यादा है।

जनशक्ति : पीएचसी

स्टाफ	टाइप ए		टाइप बी	
	आवश्यक	वांछनीय	आवश्यक	वांछनीय
चिकित्सा अधिकारी - एमबीबीएस	1		1	1#
चिकित्सा अधिकारी - आयुष		1^		1^
लेखाकार सह डाटा एंट्री ऑपरेटर	1		1	
फार्मासिस्ट	1		1	
फार्मासिस्ट - आयुष		1		1
नर्स-मिडवाइफ (स्टाफ नर्स)	3	+1	4	+1
स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता (महिला)+++	1*		1*	
स्वास्थ्य सहायक (पुरुष)	1		1	
स्वास्थ्य सहायक (महिला)/ महिला स्वास्थ्य विजिटर	1		1	
स्वास्थ्य शिक्षाकर्मी		1		1
प्रयोगशाला तकनीशियन	1		1	
कोल्ड चैन व टीका लॉजिस्टिक सहायक		1		1
बहुउद्देशीय ग्रुप डी कार्यकर्ता	2		2	
सफाई कार्यकर्ता-सह-वॉचमैन	1		1	+1
कुल	13	18	14	21

* पीएचसी के उप-केंद्र क्षेत्र के लिए।

यदि प्रसव प्रतिमाह 30 से ज्यादा हो रहे हैं तो दो चिकित्सा अधिकारी (एमबीबीएस) में से एक महिला होनी चाहिए।

^ जहां-कहीं आस-पास के क्षेत्र में सरकारी आयुष स्वास्थ्य केंद्र उपलब्ध न हों, वहां लोगों को विकल्प मुहैया कराना।

जनशक्ति: सीएचसी

कार्मिक	आवश्यक	वांछनीय	योग्यता	अभ्युक्तियां
ब्लॉक जन स्वास्थ्य एकक				
ब्लॉक चिकित्सा अधिकारी चिकित्सा अधीक्षक	1		जनस्वास्थ्य में अनुभवी वरिष्ठतम विशेषज्ञ/जीडीएमओ को प्राथमिकता/व्यावसायिक विकास पाठ्यक्रम (पीडीसी) में प्रशिक्षित को वरीयता	वह सीएचसी के प्रशासन/ प्रबंधन कार्य के अलावा एनएचपी के समन्वय, आशा के प्रबंधन, प्रशिक्षण तथा सभी दायित्व जो की एनआरएचएम के तहत आते हैं, के लिये उत्तरदायी होगा।
जन स्वास्थ्य विशेषज्ञ	1		एमडी (पीएसएम)/ एमडी (सीएचए)/ एमडी सामुदायिक मेडिसिन या एमबीए/डीपीएच/एमपीए च सहित स्नातकोत्तर डिग्री	
जन स्वास्थ्य नर्स (पीएचएन) #	1	+1		
विशेषज्ञ सेवाएं				
जनरल सर्जन	1		एमएस/ डीएनबी (सामान्य सर्जरी)	
चिकित्सक	1		एमडी/ डीएनबी (सामान्य चिकित्सा)	
प्रसूति व स्त्री रोग	1		डीजीओ/ एमडी/ डीएनबी	
बाल रोग चिकित्सक	1		डीसीएच/ एमडी (बाल रोग विशेषज्ञ)/ डीएनबी	
एनेस्थेटीस्ट	1		एमडी (एनेस्थेसिया)/ डीएनबी/ डीए/ एलएसएसएस प्रशिक्षित चिकित्सा अधिकारी	शल्य चिकित्सा के विशेषज्ञों के प्रयोग के लिए आवश्यक ये संविदा आधार पर नियुक्त हो सकते हैं या उनकी सेवाएं निजी क्षेत्र से प्रत्येक मामले के आधार पर भाड़े पर ली जा सकती हैं।

सामान्य इयूटी अधिकारी				
डेंटल सर्जन	1		बीडीएस	
सामान्य इयूटी चिकित्सा अधिकारी	2		एमबीबीएस	
चिकित्सा अधिकारी - आयुष	1		आयुष में स्नातक	
नर्स व पैरामेडिकल				
स्टाफ नर्स	10			
फार्मासिस्ट	1	+1		
फार्मासिस्ट - आयुष	1			
प्रयोगशाला तकनीशियन	2			
रेडियोग्राफर	1			
आहार विज्ञानी		1		
ऑप्थालमिक सहायक	1			
दंत चिकित्सा सहायक	1			
कोल्ड चैन व टीका लॉजिस्टिक सहायक	1			
ओटी तकनीशियन	1			
बहु पुनर्वास/सामुदायिक आधारित पुनर्वास कार्यकर्ता	1	+1		
परामर्शदाता	1			
प्रशासनिक स्टाफ				
पंजीकरण लिपिक	2			
सांख्यिकी सहायक/डाटा एंट्री ऑपरेटर	2			
लेखा सहायक	1			
प्रशासनिक सहायक	1			
ग्रुप डी स्टाफ				
ड्रेसर (रेडक्रास/जॉन एंबुलेंस द्वारा प्रमाणित)	1			
वार्ड ब्वाय/नर्सिंग अर्दली	5			
वाहन चालक*	1*	3		
कुल	46	53		

टिप्पणी:

- यदि रोगियों की संख्या बढ़ जाए तो सामान्य इयूटी चिकित्सकों की संख्या बढ़ाई जा सकती है।
 - आउटसोर्स और सहायक सेवाएं प्रदान करने के लिए आवश्यकता अनुसार निधि प्रदान की जाएगी
 - एक नर्सिंग अर्दली को सीएसएसडी प्रक्रियाओं में प्रशिक्षित किया जा सकता है।
 - माली, आया, चपरासी, ओपीडी, परिचर, सुरक्षा व सफाई कर्मचारी जैसे श्रेणी IV कर्मचारियों की सेवाएं आउटसोर्स करने के लिए बजट प्रावधान किया जाएगा।
- * आउटसोर्स किया जा सकता है।
- # नर्सिंग में स्नातक या डिप्लोमा और लोक स्वास्थ्य में छह महीने का प्रशिक्षण दिया जाएगा।

भारत में शहरी स्वास्थ्य देखभाल प्रणाली

पृष्ठभूमि

राष्ट्रीय शहरी स्वास्थ्य मिशन (एनयूएचएम) को केंद्रीय मंत्रिमंडल¹ द्वारा 1 मई, 2013 को शहरी आबादी को बस्ती और सोसाइटी के कमजोर वर्ग के लिए विशेष ध्यान देने के लिए एक समतामूलक और गुणवत्तापूर्ण प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सेवाएँ प्रदान करने के लिए एक उप-मिशन के तहत एक उप-मिशन के रूप में मंजूरी दी गई थी। एनयूएचएम गुणवत्ता प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य सेवा तक उनकी पहुंच को आसान बनाकर स्वास्थ्य की स्थिति में सुधार करना चाहता है।

एनयूएचएम 50000 से अधिक आबादी वाले सभी शहरों और कस्बों और 30000 से अधिक आबादी वाले जिला और राज्य मुख्यालय को कवर करता है। शहरी स्वास्थ्य कार्यक्रम शहरी स्थानीय निकायों (यूएलबी) के माध्यम से सात महानगरीय शहरों, मुंबई, नई दिल्ली, चेन्नई, कोलकाता, हैदराबाद, बेंगलुरु और अहमदाबाद में कार्यान्वित किया जा रहा है। शेष शहरों के लिए, राज्य स्वास्थ्य विभाग यह तय करता है कि शहरी स्वास्थ्य कार्यक्रम को स्वास्थ्य विभाग या किसी अन्य शहरी स्थानीय निकाय के माध्यम से लागू किया जाना है या नहीं।

1.2 शहरी स्वास्थ्य सांख्यिकी - संरचना और वर्तमान परिदृश्य

एनयूएचएम एक संगठित सेवा वितरण अवसंरचना की स्थापना की परिकल्पना करता है जो शहरों / कस्बों में विशेष रूप से शहरी गरीबों की स्वास्थ्य संबंधी जरूरतों को पूरा करने के लिए अनुपस्थित है, हालांकि माध्यमिक और तृतीयक देखभाल सुविधाएं उपलब्ध हैं। शहरी क्षेत्रों में स्वास्थ्य देखभाल का बुनियादी ढांचा दिया गया है

तालिका 2

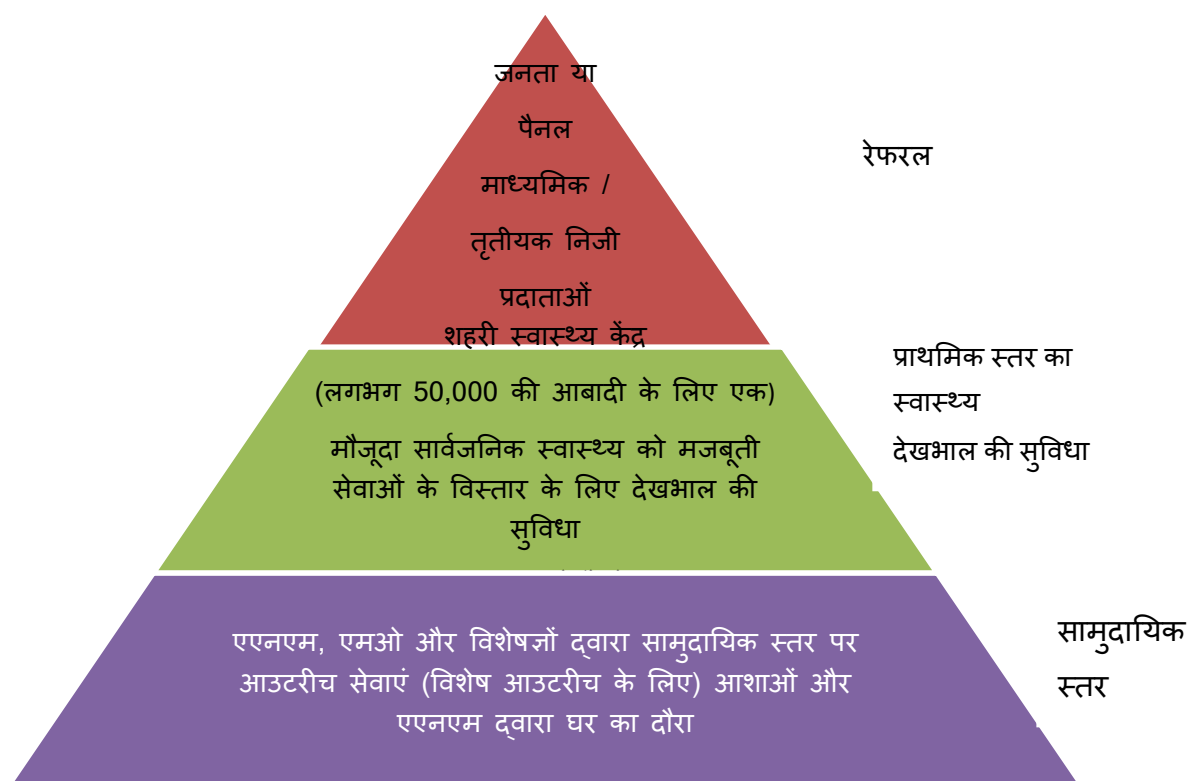
केंद्र ² (शहरी क्षेत्र में)	जनसंख्या मानक
सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र	250000 (5 लाख मेट्रो के लिए)
प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र	50000

1 स्रोत भारत का राजपत्र भाग I - धारा 1 दिनांक 26 जून 2013 स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय - स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण विभाग एल/ 19017/1/2008-UH (Vol.III)

2 स्रोत कार्यान्वयन के लिए एनयूएचएम फ्रेमवर्क।

1.3 एनयूएचएम 3 के प्रमुख घटक

एनयूएचएम को सुविधा और सामुदायिक स्तर पर स्वास्थ्य सेवाएं प्रदान करने के लिए डिज़ाइन किया गया है। शहरी स्वास्थ्य देखभाल वितरण मॉडल निम्नलिखित घटकों की परिकल्पना करता है:



उपरोक्त मौजूदा संरचनाओं और स्थानीय आवश्यकता के आधार पर राज्य से अलग-अलग हो सकता है। प्रमुख विशेषताओं में शहरी सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (यूसीएचसी), शहरी प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (यूपीएचसी) के बुनियादी ढांचे के घटक, एमपीडब्ल्यू (एफ) / एएनएम सहित चिकित्सा और पैरामेडिकल, और एसएचए और महिंद्रा आरोग्य समिति (एमएसएस) जैसे सामुदायिक ढांचे दोनों शामिल हैं। इसके अलावा, एमएसएस राष्ट्रीय शहरी स्वास्थ्य मिशन के तहत आशा के अलावा प्रमुख सामुदायिक हस्तक्षेप में से एक है, जिसका उद्देश्य स्वास्थ्य कार्यक्रमों की योजना, कार्यान्वयन और निगरानी सहित सभी स्तरों पर स्वास्थ्य में सामुदायिक भागीदारी को बढ़ावा देना है।

1.3.1 शहरी प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र

व्यापक प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य सेवा प्रदान करने के लिए, राष्ट्रीय शहरी स्वास्थ्य मिशन का उद्देश्य शहरी प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्रों की स्थापना करना है, न कि अकेले स्वास्थ्य सुविधा के रूप में, बल्कि इसकी जलग्रहण आबादी के लिए निवारक, प्रचारक और बुनियादी उपचारात्मक स्वास्थ्य सेवा के केंद्र के रूप में। अपने जलग्रहण क्षेत्र के भीतर, यूपीएचसी प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल और आबादी के सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य आवश्यकताओं को प्रदान करने के लिए जिम्मेदार है। निवारक, प्रोत्साहन, उपचारात्मक, पुनर्वास और उपशामक देखभाल के लिए यूपीएचसी में परिकल्पित सेवाओं का पैकेज। इसके अलावा, "आयुष्मान भारत-एचडब्ल्यूसी" के माध्यम से देश भर में व्यापक प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल को मजबूत करने के लिए, राज्य अपने उप केंद्रों और प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल केंद्रों को स्वास्थ्य और कल्याण केंद्रों (एचडब्ल्यूसी) * के रूप में ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों में अपग्रेड कर रहे हैं। विवरण 1.3.2 पर पढ़ा जा सकता है।

ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों के विपरीत, शहरी क्षेत्रों में उप-केंद्रों की परिकल्पना नहीं की गई है क्योंकि परिवहन की दूरी और मोड यहां बहुत बेहतर हैं और स्वास्थ्य सुविधाओं की निकटता और पहुंच भी है। 31 मार्च 2019 तक, देश के शहरी क्षेत्रों में 3302 एससी के स्तर पर कार्यात्मक हैं। इन एससी में से, कुल 98 एससी को एचडब्ल्यूसी के रूप में अपग्रेड किया गया है। (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 6)।

क जनसंख्या कवरेज और स्थान:

शहरी आबादी के स्थानिक वितरण के आधार पर, यूपीएचसी द्वारा कवर की गई जनसंख्या 30000 से 50000 तक भिन्न हो सकती है। यूपीएचसी अधिमानतः झुग्गी या इसी तरह की बस्तियों के करीब स्थित है। स्थानीय स्थिति के आधार पर शहर 50000 या इससे अधिक आबादी के लिए भी यूपीएचसी स्थापित कर सकते हैं। 31 मार्च 2019 तक, देश में 5190 यूपीएचसी कार्यात्मक हैं। इन यूपीएचसी में से कुल 1734 पीएचसी को एचडब्ल्यूसी के रूप में अपग्रेड किया गया है (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 6)।

ख समय:

परिचालन के घंटे इस तरह हो सकते हैं ताकि शहरी कामकाजी आबादी को आसानी से यूपीएचसी सेवाओं तक पहुंच सकें। राज्य किसी भी उपयुक्त समय के लिए विकल्प चुन सकते हैं, 8 घंटे की सेवाएं प्रदान करते हैं, जो समुदाय के लिए सुविधाजनक हैं। यह अनुशंसा की जाती है कि यूपीएचसी दोपहर 12 बजे से रात 8 बजे तक या दोहरी पारियों में संचालित होता है (यानी सुबह 8 बजे से दोपहर 12 बजे तक और शाम 4 बजे से रात 8 बजे तक); यूपीएचसी की दोहरी पारी का समय कैचमेंट समुदायों के अनुसार संशोधित करने की क्षमता के साथ लचीला हो सकता है।

घ सेवा का प्रावधान*:

यूपीएचसी की प्रमुख जिम्मेदारी व्यापक निवारक, प्रोत्साहन, उपचारात्मक, पुनर्वास, प्रशामक देखभाल प्रदान करना है। यूपीएचसी द्वारा प्रदान की जाने वाली सेवाओं में शामिल हैं:

- ओपीडी (परामर्श)
- प्रयोगशाला सेवाएं
- ड्रग्स और गर्भनिरोधक वितरण
- प्रजनन और बाल स्वास्थ्य (आरसीएच) सेवाओं का वितरण,
- संचारी और गैर-संचारी रोगों के निवारक, प्रचार और उपचारात्मक पहलू।
- मल्टी स्पेशलिस्ट सर्विसेज
- मामूली सर्जिकल प्रक्रियाएं
- काउंसलिंग और हेल्प डेस्क
- आगे बढ़ने की गतिविधियाँ
- जनसंख्या आधारित स्क्रीनिंग

* एबी-सीपीएचसी-एचडब्ल्यूसी के लिए परिचालन दिशानिर्देशों के अनुसार अद्यतन

- रेफरल सेवाएं
- नामित यू-पीएचसी-एचडब्ल्यूसी में कल्याण गतिविधियाँ।

1.3.2 शहरी सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (यू-सीएचसी)

शहरी सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (यू-सीएचसी) को प्रत्येक 4-5 यू-पीएचसी के लिए एक रेफरल सुविधा के रूप में स्थापित किया गया है। यू-सीएचसी 250000 से 5 लाख की आबादी को पूरा करता है। मेट्रो शहरों के लिए, 100 बिस्तरों वाली प्रत्येक 5 लाख आबादी के लिए यू-सीएचसी की स्थापना की जा सकती है। प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सुविधाओं के अलावा, यह इन-पेशेंट सेवाएं, चिकित्सा देखभाल, शल्य चिकित्सा सुविधाएं और संस्थागत प्रसव सुविधाएं प्रदान करता है। यह 30-50 बेड की सुविधा है। शहरी सीएचसी के लिए मानदंड ग्रामीण सीएचसी के समान हैं। 31 मार्च 2019 तक, भारत के शहरी क्षेत्रों में कार्यात्मक 350 यू-सीएचसी हैं (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 6)।

शहरी स्वास्थ्य के प्रत्येक स्तर के मानदंडों के अनुसार स्टाफिंग पैटर्न का विवरण बॉक्स 2 में दिया गया है।

यूपीएचसी - एचडब्ल्यूसी (स्वास्थ्य और कल्याण केंद्र)⁴

व्यापक प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल (सीपीएचसी) सेवाओं की डिलीवरी सुनिश्चित करने के लिए, मौजूदा यू-पीएचसी को स्वास्थ्य और कल्याण केंद्रों (एचडब्ल्यूसी) में परिवर्तित किया जाएगा। सेवाओं को आउटरीच सेवाओं, मोबाइल मेडिकल यूनिटों, स्वास्थ्य शिविरों, घरेलू यात्राओं और समुदाय-आधारित बातचीत के माध्यम से प्रदान / पूरक किया जा सकता है, लेकिन सिद्धांत देखभाल का एक सहज निरंतरता होना चाहिए जो इक्विटी, गुणवत्ता, सार्वभौमिकता और कोई वित्तीय कठिनाई सुनिश्चित करता है।

यू-पीएचसी में चिकित्सा अधिकारी यह सुनिश्चित करने के लिए जिम्मेदार होगा कि सीपीएचसी सेवाओं को उसके / उसके क्षेत्र के सभी एचडब्ल्यूसी के माध्यम से और यू-पीएचसी के माध्यम से वितरित किया जाए। पीएचसी को एचडब्ल्यूसी को मजबूत करने के लिए, यू-पीएचसी स्टाफ (चिकित्सा अधिकारी, स्टाफ नर्स, फार्मासिस्ट और लैब तकनीशियन) के प्रशिक्षण के लिए सहायता, और "वेलनेस रूम" के लिए उपकरणों का प्रावधान, आवश्यक आईटी अवसंरचना और उन्नयन के लिए आवश्यक संसाधन सेवाओं की विस्तारित श्रेणियों के पूरक के लिए प्रयोगशाला और नैदानिक सहायता प्रदान की जाएगी। राज्य स्थानीय आवश्यकताओं के आधार पर एचडब्ल्यूसी और पीएचसी में स्टाफिंग को संशोधित करने का विकल्प चुन सकते हैं। एचडब्ल्यूसी सेवाओं की एक विस्तारित सीमा प्रदान करेगा। सभी यू-पीएचसी को एचडब्ल्यूसी में परिवर्तित करने का लक्ष्य रखा गया है।

3 स्रोत "नियोजकों और भागीदारों के लिए अभिविन्यास मॉड्यूल, एनयूएचएम"

4 स्रोत एबी-सीपीएचसी-एचडब्ल्यूसी के लिए परिचालन दिशानिर्देश

बॉक्स 2

स्टाफ पैटर्न (न्यूनतम मानक)		
A	शहरी- प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों के लिए स्टाफ	कुल पद
1	चिकित्सा अधिकारी	1 फुल टाइम + 1 पार्ट टाइम
2	फार्मासिस्ट	1
3	स्टाफ नर्स	2-3
4	स्वास्थ्य कार्यकर्ता महिला / एएनएम / एमपीडब्ल्यू (एफ)	5
5	प्रयोगशाला तकनीशियन	1
6	पब्लिक हेल्थ मैनेजर	1
7	लेखाकार सहित सहायक कर्मचारी	1-3
8	एम एंड ई यूनिट	1
	कुल	17
C	शहरी-सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों के लिए स्टाफ*	कुल पद
1	चिकित्सा अधिकारी	4
2	नर्स मिड- वाइफ (स्टाफ नर्स)	7
3	ड्रेसर	1
4	फार्मासिस्ट	1
5	प्रयोगशाला तकनीशियन	1
6	रेडियोग्राफर	1
7	वार्ड बॉय	2
8	धोबी	1
9	सफाई कर्मचारी	3
10	माली	1
11	चोकीदार	1
12	आया	1
13	चपरासी	1
	कुल	25
	* ग्रामीण – सीएचसी की तरह	

31 मार्च 2019 तक, भारत में कुल 5190 यू-पीएचसी कार्यात्मक हैं और शहरी जनसंख्या मानदंडों के अनुसार यू-पीएचसी के लगभग 44.4% की कमी है। लगभग 70% यू-पीएचसी सरकारी भवनों में स्थित हैं, 27% किराए के भवनों में स्थित हैं और 3% किराए के भवनों में स्थित हैं (अनुभाग VII, तालिका 50 और 51)।

इसी तरह, देश में 31 मार्च 2019 तक 350 यू-सीएचसी कार्यरत हैं। लगभग 96% यू-सीएचसी सरकारी भवनों में और 4% किराए के भवनों में स्थित हैं। (अनुभाग VII, तालिका 52)।

शहरी क्षेत्रों में पीएचसी और एससी स्तर पर 16820 एचडब्लू (महिला) / एएनएम उपलब्ध हैं। यू-पीएचसी में 4457 डॉक्टर, 3549 फार्मासिस्ट, 1933 लैब टेक्नीशियन और 5938 स्टाफ नर्स उपलब्ध हैं। जहां तक रिक्ति का संबंध है, पीएचसी और एससी स्तर पर एचडब्ल्यू (एफ) / एएनएम के 16.9% की रिक्ति है। यू-पीएचसी में 19.1% डॉक्टरों, 21.4% फार्मासिस्टों, 29.8% लैब तकनीशियनों और 21.7% स्टाफ नर्सों की रिक्ति है। यू-पीएचसी स्तर पर सभी पदों में कमी देखी गई है। यू-पीएचसी और एससी में 44.3% एएनएम की कमी है। यू-पीएचसी में डॉक्टरों की 16.7%, फार्मासिस्टों की 24.3%, लैब तकनीशियनों की 50.9% और स्टाफ नर्सों की 22.2% की कमी है (अनुभाग VII, तालिका 53, 54, 58, 60 और 62)।

यू-सीएचसी में 1017 स्पेशलिस्ट, 713 जीडीएमओ, 192 रेडियोलॉजिस्ट, 468 फार्मासिस्ट, 447 लैब टेक्नीशियन और 4618 स्टाफ नर्स हैं। यू-सीएचसी में 36.9% स्पेशलिस्ट, 28.8% जीडीएमओ, 30.2% रेडियोग्राफर, 13% फार्मासिस्ट, 17.3% लैब टेक्नीशियन और 17.6% स्टाफ नर्स हैं। कुल विशेषज्ञ का 45.8%, जीडीएमओ का 24.6%, रेडियोग्राफर्स का 48%, फार्मासिस्टों का 16%, लैब तकनीशियनों का 13.4% और यू-सीएचसी में 21.3% स्टाफ नर्सों की कमी है। (अनुभाग VII, तालिका 55, 56, 57, 59, 61 वां 63)।

भारत में स्वास्थ्य देखभाल प्रणाली

आयुष्मान भारत कार्यक्रम के कार्यान्वयन के बाद इन केंद्रों के माध्यम से व्यापक प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य सेवा प्रदान करने के लिए उप-केंद्रों और प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्रों को मजबूत करके उन्हें स्वास्थ्य और कल्याण केंद्रों में परिवर्तित किया जा रहा है। एससी और पीएचसी को चरणबद्ध तरीके से स्वास्थ्य और कल्याण केंद्रों में परिवर्तित करने का प्रस्ताव है।

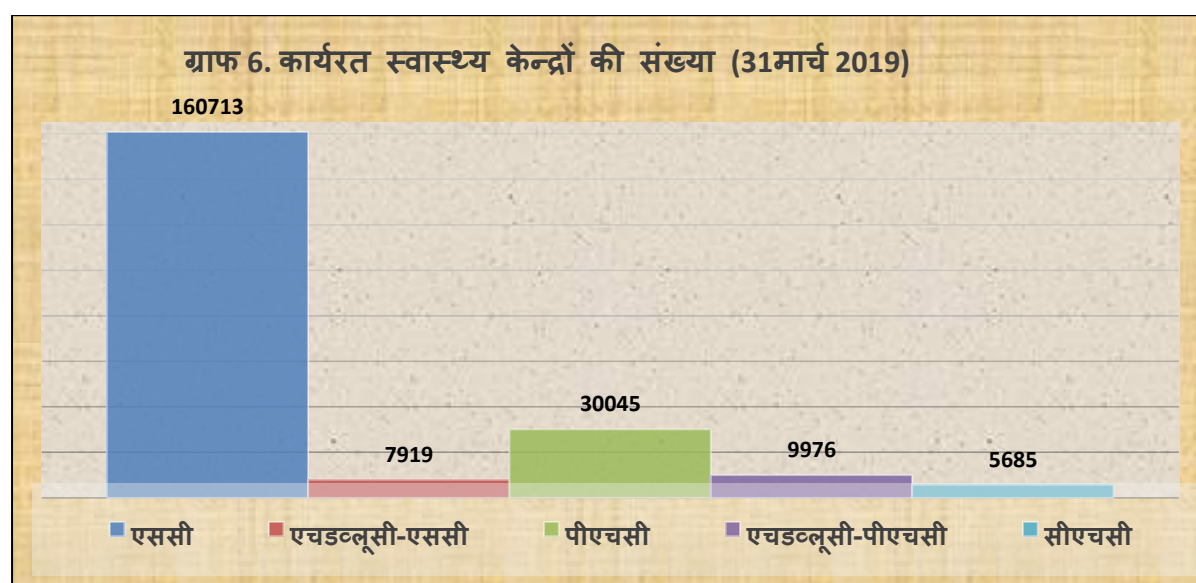
उप केंद्र: 31 मार्च 2019 तक, भारत के ग्रामीण और शहरी दोनों क्षेत्रों में कुल 160713 उप केंद्र (एससी) कार्यरत हैं। इनमें ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में 157411 एससी और शहरी क्षेत्रों में 3302 एससी शामिल हैं।

प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र: इसी प्रकार भारत में ग्रामीण और शहरी दोनों क्षेत्रों में 30045 प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (पीएचसी) कार्यरत हैं। इनमें ग्रामीण इलाकों में 24855 पीएचसी और शहरी इलाकों में 5190 पीएचसी हैं।

सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र: देश में 5685 सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (सीएचसी) कार्यात्मक हैं, जिनमें 5335 ग्रामीण और 350 शहरी सीएचसी शामिल हैं।

स्वास्थ्य और कल्याण केंद्र: 31 मार्च 2019 तक, कुल 7919 एससी को एचडब्ल्यूसी-एससी में बदल दिया गया है। कुल 7919 एचडब्ल्यूसी-एससी में से, 7821 एससी को ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में एचडब्ल्यूसी में और शहरी क्षेत्रों में 98 एससी में परिवर्तित किया गया है। पीएचसी के स्तर पर भी, कुल 9976 पीएचसी को एचडब्ल्यूसी-पीएचसी में परिवर्तित किया गया है। कुल 9976 एचडब्ल्यूसी में से, 8242 पीएचसी को ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में एचडब्ल्यूसी में और शहरी क्षेत्रों में 1734 में परिवर्तित किया गया है।

ग्राफ 6, 31 मार्च 2019 तक भारत में कार्यात्मक कुल अनुसूचित जाति, पीएचसी, सीएचसी और एचडब्ल्यूसी के चित्रमय प्रतिनिधित्व को दर्शाता है।



ग्राफ 6 में एससी और पीएचसी के कुल आंकड़ों में एचडब्ल्यूसी की संख्या शामिल है।

आयुष्मान भारत के तहत स्वास्थ्य सुविधाओं का सुदृढीकरण- स्वास्थ्य और कल्याण केंद्र:

राष्ट्रीय स्वास्थ्य नीति, 2017 ने व्यापक प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल देने के लिए “हेल्थ एंड वेलनेस सेंटर (एचडब्ल्यूसी)” की स्थापना के माध्यम से प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल की वितरण प्रणाली को मजबूत करने की सिफारिश की। भारत सरकार व्यापक उप-प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य सेवा (सीपीएचसी) को वितरित करने के लिए आयुष्मान भारत के मूल स्तंभ के रूप में मौजूदा उप केंद्र (एससी) और प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र (पीएचसी) को परिवर्तित करके 150000 हेल्थ एंड वेलनेस सेंटर (एचडब्ल्यूसी) के निर्माण के लिए प्रतिबद्ध है।

ये केंद्र मातृ और शिशु स्वास्थ्य सेवाओं और गैर-संचारी रोगों दोनों को कवर करने वाले लोगों के घरों में स्वास्थ्य सेवाओं को लाने के लिए सीपीएचसी को मुफ्त आवश्यक दवाओं और नैदानिक सेवाओं सहित वितरित करते हैं। स्वास्थ्य और कल्याण केंद्र, अपने क्षेत्र में संपूर्ण आबादी की प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल आवश्यकताओं, विस्तार, सार्वभौमिकता और समुदाय के करीब इक्विटी को संबोधित करने के लिए सेवाओं की रेंज देने और विस्तारित करने की परिकल्पना की गई है। स्वास्थ्य संवर्धन और रोकथाम का जोर स्वस्थ व्यवहारों का चयन करने के लिए व्यक्तियों और समुदायों को आकर्षक और सशक्त बनाने के लिए लोगों को स्वस्थ रखने पर ध्यान केंद्रित करने के लिए बनाया गया है और ऐसे परिवर्तन किए जा रहे हैं जो पुरानी बीमारियों और रुग्णताओं के विकास के जोखिम को कम करते हैं।

सीपीएचसी सेवाओं की डिलीवरी सुनिश्चित करने के लिए, 3000-5000 की आबादी को कवर करने वाले मौजूदा एससी को 30 मिनट से अधिक नहीं होने के सिद्धांत को “देखभाल का समय” होने के साथ एचडब्ल्यूसी में परिवर्तित किया जाएगा। ग्रामीण और शहरी क्षेत्रों में पीएचसी को भी एचडब्ल्यूसी में परिवर्तित किया जाएगा। इस तरह की देखभाल आउटरीच सेवाओं, मोबाइल मेडिकल यूनिटों, शिविरों, घर और समुदाय-आधारित देखभाल के माध्यम से प्रदान / पूरक की जा सकती है, लेकिन सिद्धांत देखभाल का निर्बाध निरंतरता होना चाहिए जो इक्विटी, सार्वभौमिकता और कोई वित्तीय कठिनाई के सिद्धांतों को सुनिश्चित करता है।

1.1 एससी- एचडब्ल्यूसी टीम

एससी स्तर पर एचडब्ल्यूसी उचित रूप से प्रशिक्षित प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल टीम द्वारा सुसज्जित और कर्मचारियों से युक्त होगा, जिसमें बहुउद्देश्यीय कार्यकर्ता (पुरुष और महिला) और आशा शामिल हैं और एक मध्य-स्तर स्वास्थ्य प्रदाता (एमएलएचपी) के नेतृत्व में। साथ में वे सेवाओं की एक विस्तारित श्रृंखला वितरित करेंगे। कुछ राज्यों में, एससी को पहले अतिरिक्त पीएचसी में अपग्रेड किया गया है। ऐसे अतिरिक्त पीएचसी को भी एचडब्ल्यूसी में बदल दिया जाएगा।

पीएचसी जो एचडब्ल्यूसी के एक समूह से जुड़ा हुआ है, अपने अधिकार क्षेत्र में एचडब्ल्यूसी के लिए कई रोग स्थितियों के लिए रेफरल के पहले बिंदु के रूप में काम करेगा। इसके अलावा, प्राथमिक देखभाल सेवाओं की विस्तारित सीमा को वितरित करने के लिए एक एचडब्ल्यूसी के रूप में भी मजबूत किया जाएगा।

1.2 पीएचसी / यूपीएचसी- एचडब्ल्यूसी टीम

पीएचसी में चिकित्सा अधिकारी यह सुनिश्चित करने के लिए जिम्मेदार होगा कि सीपीएचसी सेवाओं को उसके / उसके क्षेत्र में सभी एचडब्ल्यूसी के माध्यम से और पीएचसी के माध्यम से ही वितरित किया जाए। पीएचसी में कर्मचारियों की संख्या और योग्यता भारतीय सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य मानकों (IPHS) में परिभाषित की जाएगी।

पीएचसी को एचडब्ल्यूसी को मजबूत करने के लिए, पीएचसी स्टाफ (मेडिकल ऑफिसर, स्टाफ नर्स, फार्मासिस्ट, और लैब तकनीशियन) के प्रशिक्षण के लिए सहायता, और "वेलनेस रूम" के लिए उपकरणों का प्रावधान, आवश्यक आईटी अवसंरचना और प्रयोगशाला के उन्नयन के लिए आवश्यक संसाधन और सेवाओं की विस्तारित सीमाओं के पूरक के लिए नैदानिक सहायता प्रदान की जाएगी। राज्य स्थानीय आवश्यकताओं के आधार पर एचडब्ल्यूसी और पीएचसी में स्टाफिंग को संशोधित करने का विकल्प चुन सकते हैं।

14 अप्रैल 2018 को बीजापुर छत्तीसगढ़ के जांगला में प्रथम स्वास्थ्य और कल्याण केंद्र (एचडब्ल्यूसी) का उद्घाटन माननीय प्रधान मंत्री श्री नरेंद्र मोदी द्वारा किया गया था।

1.3 प्रमुख सिद्धांत:

1. व्यापक प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सेवाओं की विस्तारित सीमा तक सार्वभौमिक पहुंच सुनिश्चित करने के लिए स्वास्थ्य और कल्याण केंद्रों में मौजूदा उप स्वास्थ्य केंद्रों और प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्रों को बदलना।
2. जनसंख्या सम्वेदन, नियमित घर और सामुदायिक संपर्क और लोगों की भागीदारी की प्रक्रिया के माध्यम से लोगों की स्वास्थ्य आवश्यकताओं के लिए केंद्रित, समग्र, इक्विटी संवेदनशील प्रतिक्रिया सुनिश्चित करें।
3. दवाओं और डायग्नोस्टिक्स की उपलब्धता, मानक उपचार और रेफरल प्रोटोकॉल के उपयोग और आईटी प्रणालियों सहित उन्नत प्रौद्योगिकियों के उपयोग के माध्यम से स्वास्थ्य जोखिम और रोग की स्थिति को फैलाने वाली उच्च गुणवत्ता वाली देखभाल के वितरण को सक्षम करें।
4. गुणवत्तापूर्ण स्वास्थ्य देखभाल के वितरण के लिए एक टीम-आधारित दृष्टिकोण की संस्कृति को प्रेरित करें: निवारक, प्रचारक, उपचारात्मक, पुनर्वास और उपशामक देखभाल।
5. दो-तरफा रेफरल प्रणाली के साथ देखभाल की निरंतरता सुनिश्चित करें और समर्थन का पालन करें।
6. स्वास्थ्य संवर्धन (स्कूली शिक्षा और व्यक्तिगत केंद्रित जागरूकता के माध्यम से) पर जोर दें और सक्रिय सगाई और सामुदायिक प्लेटफार्मों और व्यक्तिगत स्वयंसेवकों की क्षमता निर्माण के माध्यम से सार्वजनिक स्वास्थ्य कार्यवाई को बढ़ावा दें।
7. लचीले वित्तपोषण के लिए उपयुक्त तंत्र लागू करें, जिसमें प्रदर्शन-आधारित प्रोत्साहन और उत्तरदायी संसाधन आवंटन शामिल हैं।
8. योग और आयुष के एकीकरण को लोगों की जरूरतों के लिए उपयुक्त के रूप में सक्षम करें।

9. स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सलाह और उपचार दीक्षा तक पहुँच में सुधार के लिए उपयुक्त प्रौद्योगिकी के उपयोग की सुविधा देना, रिपोर्टिंग और रिकॉर्डिंग सक्षम करना, अंततः व्यक्तियों और परिवारों के लिए इलेक्ट्रॉनिक रिकॉर्ड की प्रगति।
10. सामाजिक जवाबदेही के लिए नागरिक समाज की संस्थागत भागीदारी।
11. प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल कार्यों की श्रेणी में अंतर भरने के लिए लाभ एजेंसियों और निजी क्षेत्र के लिए नहीं।
12. फीडबैक और सुधार को सक्षम करने और पैमाने के लिए नवाचारों की पहचान करने के लिए व्यवस्थित सीखने और साझा करने की सुविधा।

लोगों के लिए उपायों पर बेहतर प्रदर्शन के लिए जवाबदेही बनाने के लिए मजबूत माप प्रणाली विकसित करना।

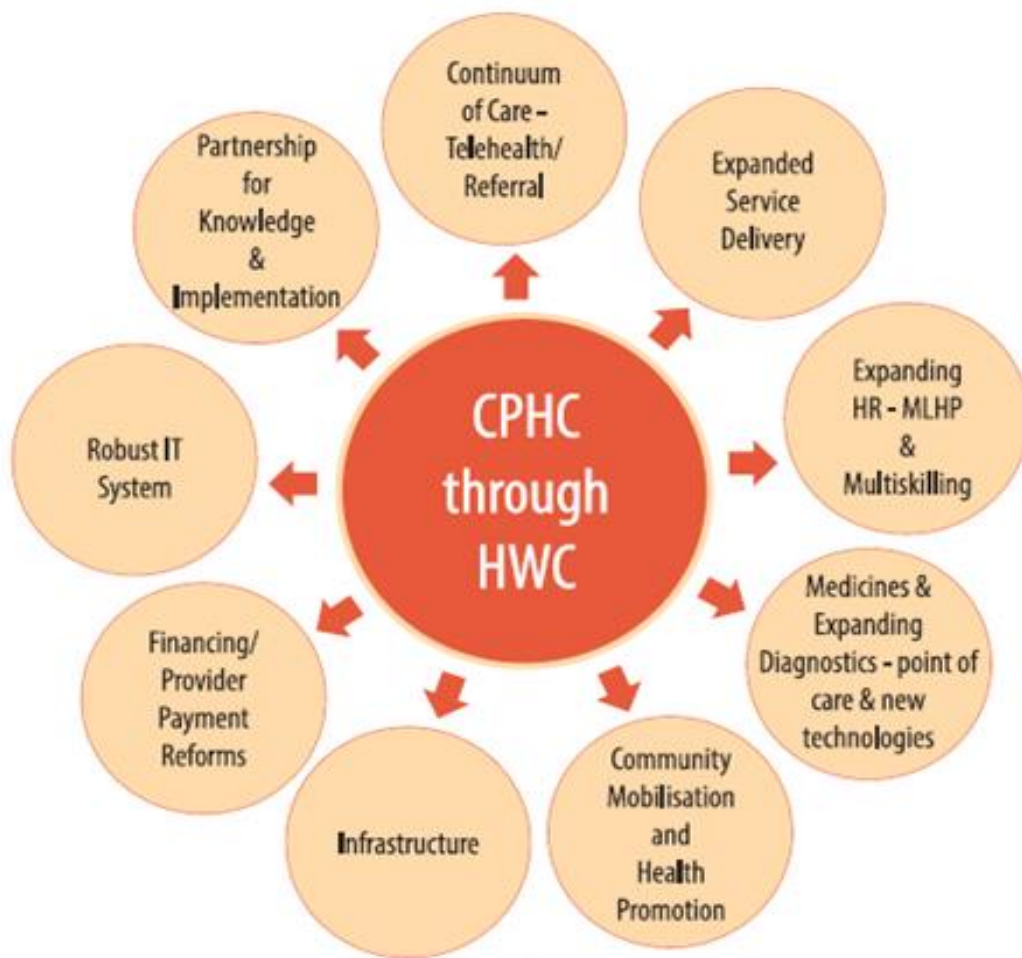
1.4 विस्तारित सेवाएँ

एचडब्ल्यूसी सेवाओं की एक विस्तारित सीमा प्रदान करेगा। इन सेवाओं को सब सेंटर और पीएचसी में वितरित किया जाएगा, जिन्हें एचडब्ल्यूसी के रूप में बदल दिया गया है। पीएचसी में दी जाने वाली सेवाओं की देखभाल की जटिलता उप केंद्र स्तर से अधिक होगी और यह देखभाल मार्गों और मानक उपचार दिशानिर्देशों में इंगित किया जाएगा जो समय-समय पर जारी किए जाएंगे।

1.4.1 सेवाओं की विस्तारित सीमा

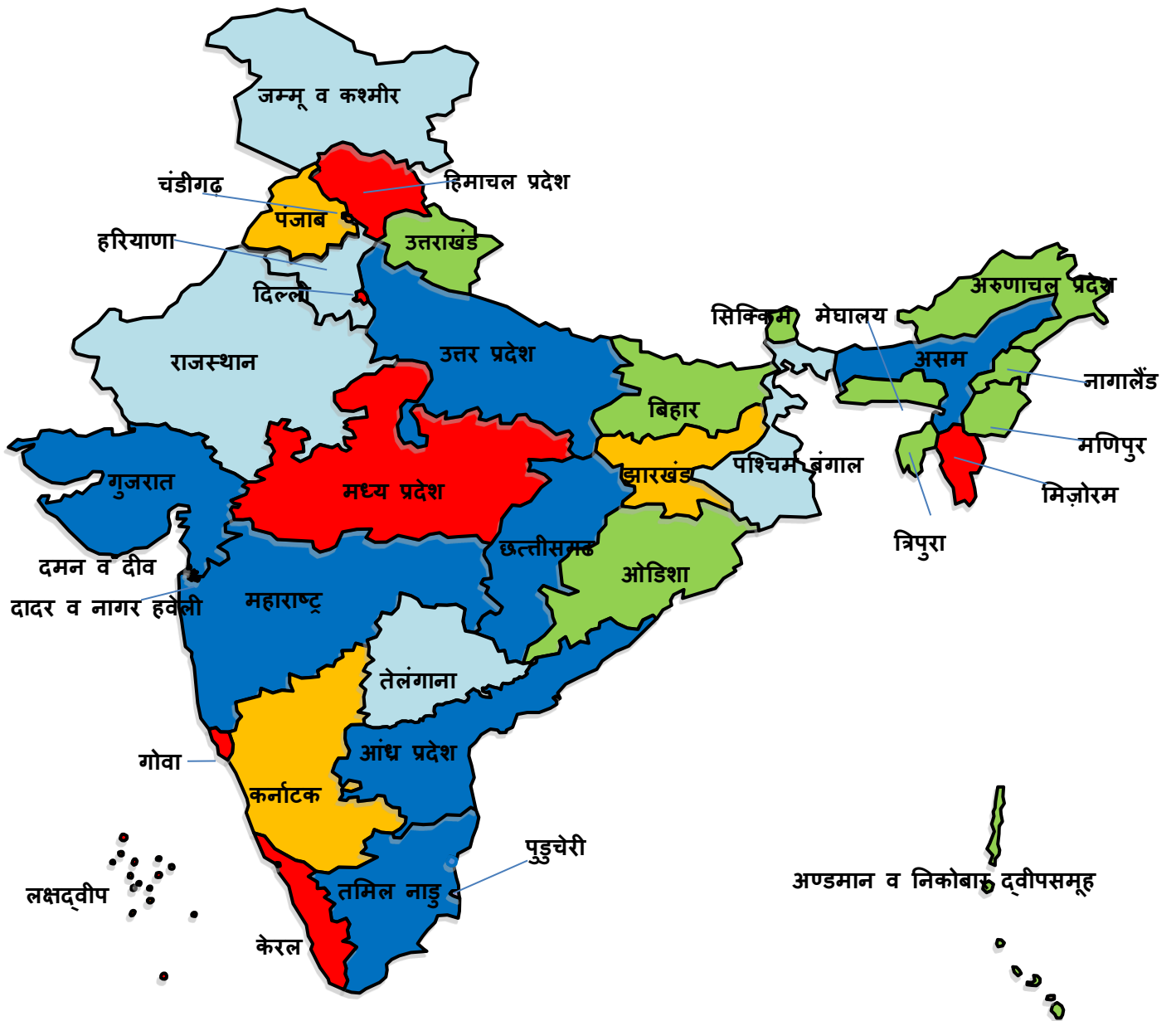
1. गर्भावस्था और बच्चे के जन्म में देखभाल।
2. नवजात और शिशु स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सेवाएँ।
3. बचपन और किशोर स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सेवाएँ।
4. परिवार नियोजन, गर्भनिरोधक सेवाएँ और अन्य प्रजनन स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सेवाएँ।
5. राष्ट्रीय स्वास्थ्य कार्यक्रमों सहित संचारी रोगों का प्रबंधन।
6. सामान्य संचारी रोगों का प्रबंधन और तीव्र सरल बीमारियों और छोटी बीमारियों के लिए बाह्य रोगी देखभाल।
7. स्क्रीनिंग, रोकथाम, नियंत्रण और गैर-संचारी रोगों का प्रबंधन।
8. सामान्य नेत्र और ईएनटी समस्याओं की देखभाल।
9. बेसिक ओरल हेल्थ केयर।
10. बुजुर्ग और उपशामक स्वास्थ्य देखभाल सेवाएँ।
11. आपातकालीन चिकित्सा सेवाएँ।
12. मानसिक स्वास्थ्य रोगों की जांच और बुनियादी प्रबंधन।

एचडब्ल्यूसी के प्रमुख तत्व:
आकृति 1

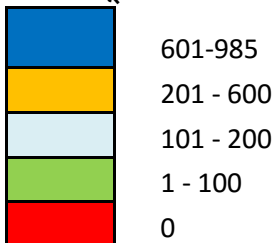


31 मार्च 2019 तक, भारत में 17895 एचडब्ल्यूसी कार्यात्मक हैं। 17895 एचडब्ल्यूसी में से 7821 एचडब्ल्यूसी-एससी (ग्रामीण), 98 एचडब्ल्यूसी-एससी (शहरी) और 8242 एचडब्ल्यूसी-पीएचसी (ग्रामीण) और भारत में 1734 एचडब्ल्यूसी-पीएचसी कार्यात्मक हैं (अनुभाग IV, तालिका 6)। मानचित्र 4 और 5 देश में एचडब्ल्यूसी-एससी और एचडब्ल्यूसी-पीएचसी की कार्यात्मक संख्या का राज्य / केन्द्र शासित प्रदेशों में दर्शाता है।

मानचित्र 4. 31 मार्च, 2019 तक देश में कार्यात्मक हेल्थ एंड वेलनेस सेंटर- उप केंद्र

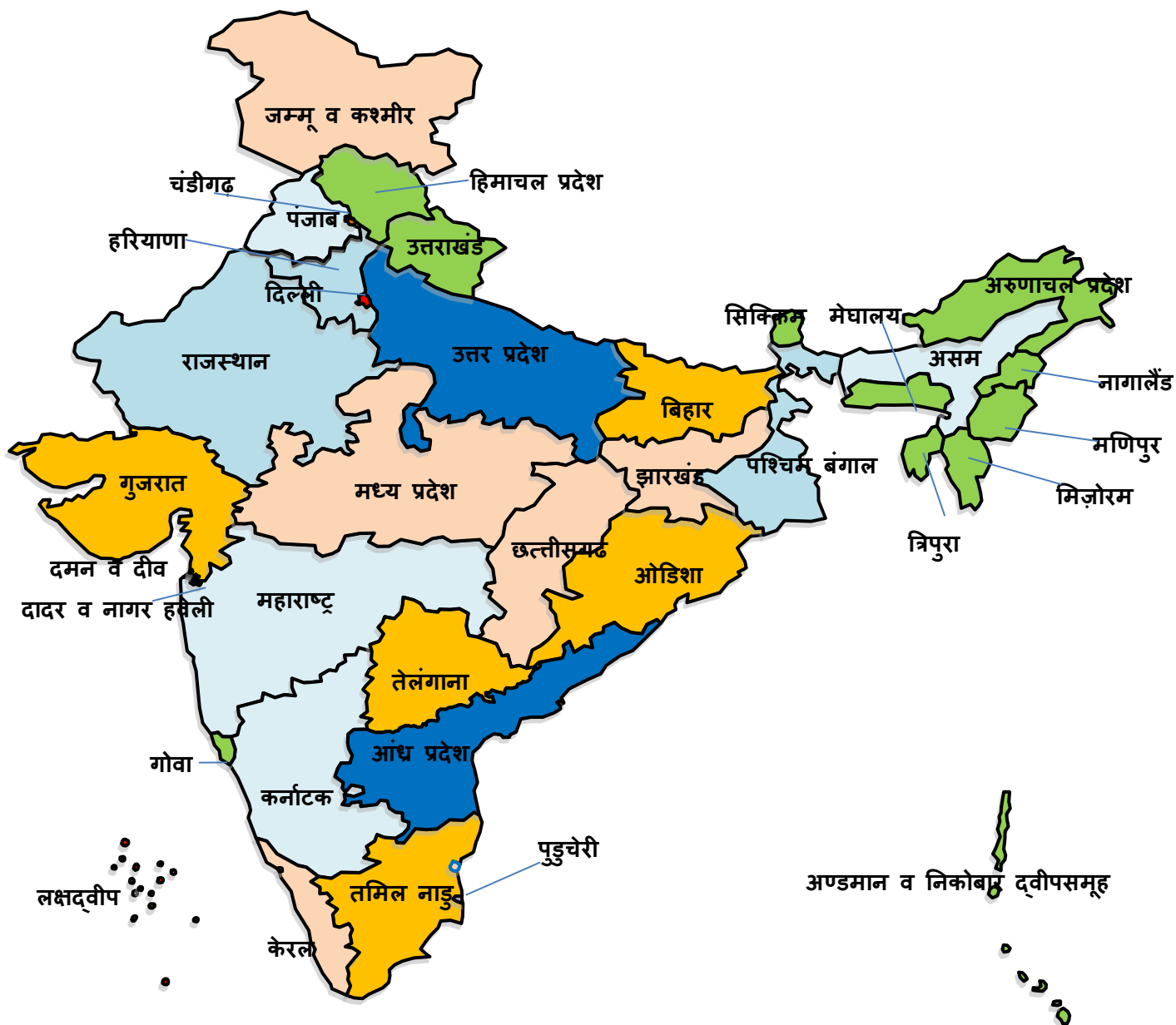


एचडब्ल्यूसीसंघ / एससी की संख्या की राज्य-राज्य क्षेत्र वार

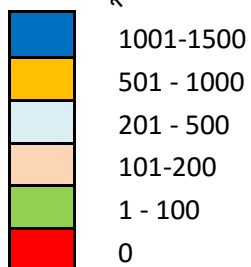


नोट: इन मानचित्रों में दर्शाई गई सीमाएं और नाम संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघ द्वारा आधिकारिक रूप से स्वीकृत नहीं हैं।

मानचित्र 2. 31 मार्च, 2019 तक देश में कार्यात्मक हेल्थ एंड वेलनेस सेंटर- प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र



एचडब्ल्यूसीसंघ / पीएचसी की संख्या की राज्य-राज्य क्षेत्र वार



नोट: इन मानचित्रों में दर्शाई गई सीमाएं और नाम संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघ द्वारा आधिकारिक रूप से स्वीकृत नहीं हैं।

PART 2.

DETAILED STATISTICS

SECTION I.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS

Comparative Statement 1.
NUMBER OF SCs, PHCs & CHCs FUNCTIONING in Rural Areas- I

S. No.	State/UT	2005			2019		
		Sub Centre	PHCs	CHCs	Sub Centre + HWC-SCs	PHCs + HWC-PHCs	CHCs
1	Andhra Pradesh	12522	1570	164	7437	1145	140
2	Arunachal Pradesh	379	85	31	385	143	63
3	Assam	5109	610	100	4643	946	177
4	Bihar	10337	1648	101	9949	1899	150
5	Chhattisgarh	3818	517	116	5205	792	170
6	Goa	172	19	5	219	24	5
7	Gujarat	7274	1070	272	9166	1476	362
8	Haryana	2433	408	72	2604	379	115
9	Himachal Pradesh	2068	439	66	2089	586	87
10	Jammu & Kashmir	1879	334	70	3025	622	84
11	Jharkhand	4462	561	47	3848	298	171
12	Karnataka	8143	1681	254	9758	2127	198
13	Kerala	5094	911	106	5380	848	227
14	Madhya Pradesh	8874	1192	229	10226	1199	309
15	Maharashtra	10453	1780	382	10668	1828	364
16	Manipur	420	72	16	490	90	23
17	Meghalaya	401	101	24	477	118	28
18	Mizoram	366	57	9	370	59	9
19	Nagaland	394	87	21	433	126	21
20	Odisha	5927	1282	231	6688	1288	377
21	Punjab	2858	484	116	2950	416	89
22	Rajasthan	10512	1713	326	13512	2082	571
23	Sikkim	147	24	4	176	29	2
24	Tamil Nadu	8682	1380	35	8713	1422	385
25	Telangana	-	-	-	4744	636	85
26	Tripura	539	73	10	972	108	18
27	Uttarakhand	1576	225	44	1847	257	67
28	Uttar Pradesh	20521	3660	386	20782	2936	679
29	West Bengal	10356	1173	95	10357	908	348
30	A& N Islands	107	20	4	124	22	4
31	Chandigarh	13	0	1	0	0	0
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	38	6	1	71	9	2
33	Daman & Diu	21	3	1	23	4	0
34	Delhi	41	8	0	12	5	0
35	Lakshadweep	14	4	3	14	4	3
36	Puducherry	76	39	4	54	24	2
All India/ Total		146026	23236	3346	157411	24855	5335

Note: Telangana came to existence in 2014 after bifurcation of Andhra Pradesh

The data of year 2019 for SCs and PHCs contains the number of Health and Wellness Centres at the level of SC and PHC.

Comparative Statement 2.

BUILDING POSITION FOR SUB CENTRES in Rural Areas

BUILDING POSITION FOR SUB CENTRES IN RURAL AREAS										
		2005				2019				
S. No.	State/UT	Total Number of Sub Centers functioning	Sub Centres functioning in			Total Number of Sub Centers + HWC-SCs functioning	Sub Centres functioning in			Buildings under construction
			Govt. Building	Rented Building	Rent Free Panchayat / Vol. Society Building		Govt. Building	Rented Building	Rent Free Panchayat / Vol. Society Building	
1	Andhra Pradesh	12522	4221	8301	0	7437	1769	5668	0	4
2	Arunachal Pradesh	379	NA	NA	NA	385	385	0	0	0
3	Assam	5109	2637	2472	0	4643	4049	466	128	0
4	Bihar	10337	NA	NA	NA	9949	5643	3277	1029	45
5	Chhattisgarh	3818	1458	0	2360	5205	4202	56	947	244
6	Goa	172	40	132	0	219	46	173	0	0
7	Gujarat	7274	5554	0	1720	9166	8515	272	379	2688
8	Haryana	2433	1499	0	934	2604	1669	275	660	9
9	Himachal Pradesh	2068	1262	14	792	2089	1588	25	476	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	1879	NA	NA	NA	3025	956	2069	0	49
11	Jharkhand	4462	NA	NA	NA	3848	2277	698	873	1470
12	Karnataka	8143	4460	2893	790	9758	7908	1243	607	132
13	Kerala	5094	2986	1098	1010	5380	4260	320	800	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	8874	3996	4878	0	10226	7505	1157	1564	499
15	Maharashtra	10453	6527	1098	2828	10668	9863	347	458	77
16	Manipur	420	216	131	73	490	459	31	0	18
17	Meghalaya	401	391	10	0	477	468	2	7	0
18	Mizoram	366	366	0	0	370	370	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	394	NA	NA	NA	433	316	1	116	59
20	Odisha	5927	2542	3385	0	6688	4797	1724	167	892
21	Punjab	2858	1443	0	1415	2950	1907	0	1043	0
22	Rajasthan	10512	8211	0	2301	13512	10647	1206	1659	253
23	Sikkim	147	108	31	8	176	175	1	0	1
24	Tamil Nadu	8682	6510	2172	0	8713	6579	1833	301	10
25	Telangana	-	-	-	-	4744	1273	3471	0	39
26	Tripura	539	278	202	59	972	810	28	134	17
27	Uttarakhand	1576	562	1014	0	1847	1304	506	37	29
28	Uttar Pradesh	20521	6494	14027	0	20782	20782	0	0	0
29	West Bengal	10356	1923	8433	0	10357	7819	1887	651	419
30	A& N Islands	107	107	0	0	124	124	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	13	8	0	5	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	38	38	0	0	71	63	4	4	14
33	Daman & Diu	21	20	1	0	23	19	4	0	0
34	Delhi	41	NA	NA	NA	12	1	11	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	14	8	6	0	14	8	6	0	0
36	Puducherry	76	36	40	0	54	44	9	1	0
	All India/ Total	146026	63901	50338	14295	157411	118600	26770	12041	6968

NA: Not Available

Telangana came to existence in 2014 after bifurcation of Andhra Pradesh

Comparative Statement 3.
BUILDING POSITION FOR PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES in Rural Areas

S. No.	State/UT	2005				2019				
		Total Number of PHCs functioning	PHCs functioning in			Total Number of PHCs + HWC-PHCs functioning	PHCs functioning in			Buildings under construction
			Govt. Building	Rented Building	Rent Free Panchayat / Vol. Society Building		Govt. Building	Rented Building	Rent Free Panchayat / Vol. Society Building	
1	Andhra Pradesh	1570	1281	289	0	1145	1145	0	0	42
2	Arunachal Pradesh	85	NA	NA	NA	143	143	0	0	0
3	Assam	610	610	0	0	946	946	0	0	0
4	Bihar	1648	NA	NA	NA	1899	1493	384	22	45
5	Chhattisgarh	517	326	0	191	792	677	0	115	37
6	Goa	19	18	1	0	24	23	1	0	1
7	Gujarat	1070	663	0	407	1476	1476	0	0	0
8	Haryana	408	288	0	120	379	321	4	54	15
9	Himachal Pradesh	439	312	46	81	586	455	17	114	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	334	NA	NA	NA	622	506	116	0	49
11	Jharkhand	561	NA	NA	NA	298	255	17	26	237
12	Karnataka	1681	1439	92	150	2127	2054	32	41	132
13	Kerala	911	837	34	40	848	779	59	10	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	1192	746	446	0	1199	1164	7	28	255
15	Maharashtra	1780	1417	7	356	1828	1796	10	22	38
16	Manipur	72	NA	NA	NA	90	90	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	101	101	0	0	118	118	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	57	57	0	0	59	59	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	87	87	0	0	126	118	0	8	1
20	Odisha	1282	1282	0	0	1288	1288	0	0	0
21	Punjab	484	409	0	75	416	368	0	48	0
22	Rajasthan	1713	1446	0	267	2082	1952	20	110	103
23	Sikkim	24	24	0	0	29	29	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	1380	1340	40	0	1422	1374	0	48	34
25	Telangana	-	-	-	-	636	636	0	0	0
26	Tripura	73	73	0	0	108	108	0	0	3
27	Uttarakhand	225	182	43	0	257	227	18	12	5
28	Uttar Pradesh	3660	1835	1825	0	2936	2936	0	0	0
29	West Bengal	1173	1173	0	0	908	894	14	0	0
30	A& N Islands	20	20	0	0	22	22	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	6	6	0	0	9	9	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	3	3	0	0	4	3	0	1	0
34	Delhi	8	8	0	0	5	5	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	4	4	0	0	4	4	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	39	36	3	0	24	24	0	0	0
	All India/ Total	23236	16023	2826	1687	24855	23497	699	659	997

Notes: Telangana came to existence in 2014 after bifurcation of Andhra Pradesh

NA: Not Available.

Comparative Statement 4.

BUILDING POSITION FOR COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES in Rural Areas

S. No.	State/UT	2005				2019				
		Total Number of CHCs functioning	CHCs functioning in			Total Number of CHCs functioning	CHCs functioning in			Buildings under construction
			Govt. Building	Rented Building	Rent Free Panchayat / Vol. Society Building		Govt. Building	Rented Building	Rent Free Panchayat / Vol. Society Building	
1	Andhra Pradesh	164	164	0	0	140	140	0	0	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	31	NA	NA	NA	63	63	0	0	0
3	Assam	100	100	0	0	177	177	0	0	0
4	Bihar	101	NA	NA	NA	150	150	0	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	116	116	0	0	170	159	0	11	8
6	Goa	5	5	0	0	5	5	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	272	225	0	47	362	361	1	0	90
8	Haryana	72	72	0	0	115	112	1	2	9
9	Himachal Pradesh	66	65	0	1	87	85	1	1	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	70	NA	NA	NA	84	84	0	0	25
11	Jharkhand	47	NA	NA	NA	171	171	0	0	163
12	Karnataka	254	207	0	47	198	198	0	0	12
13	Kerala	106	105	0	1	227	227	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	229	229	0	0	309	309	0	0	24
15	Maharashtra	382	290	5	87	364	364	0	0	0
16	Manipur	16	NA	NA	NA	23	23	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	24	24	0	0	28	28	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	9	9	0	0	9	9	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	21	21	0	0	21	21	0	0	0
20	Odisha	231	231	0	0	377	377	0	0	0
21	Punjab	116	115	0	1	89	89	0	0	0
22	Rajasthan	326	256	0	70	571	552	2	17	22
23	Sikkim	4	4	0	0	2	2	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	35	35	0	0	385	385	0	0	0
25	Telangana	-	-	-	-	85	85	0	0	0
26	Tripura	10	10	0	0	18	18	0	0	1
27	Uttarakhand	44	44	0	0	67	67	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	386	386	0	0	679	679	0	0	0
29	West Bengal	95	95	0	0	348	348	0	0	0
30	A& N Islands	4	4	0	0	4	4	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	1	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	3	3	0	0	3	3	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	4	4	0	0	2	2	0	0	0
	All India/ Total	3346	2822	5	254	5335	5299	5	31	354

Notes: Telangana came to existence in 2014 after bifurcation of Andhra Pradesh

NA: Not Available

Comparative Statement 5.
HEALTH WORKER [FEMALE] / ANM AT SUB CENTRES & PHCs in Rural Areas

S. No.	State/UT	2005					2019				
		Health Worker [Female]/ANM					Health Worker [Female]/ANM				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall	Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]	[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	14092	14077	13740	337	352	8582	14275	11815	2460	*
2	Arunachal Pradesh	464	454	454	0	10	528	NA	689	NA	*
3	Assam	5719	5719	5719	0	0	5589	NA	11502	NA	*
4	Bihar	11985	NA	NA	NA	NA	11848	NA	24228	NA	*
5	Chhattisgarh	4335	4335	3667	668	668	5997	6055	6808	*	*
6	Goa	191	196	179	17	12	243	308	250	58	*
7	Gujarat	8344	7274	6508	766	1836	10642	10642	9168	1474	1474
8	Haryana	2841	2841	2818	23	23	2983	3938	4606	*	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	2507	2210	1790	420	717	2675	2381	1845	536	830
10	Jammu & Kashmir	2213	1964	1588	376	625	3647	5457	4908	549	*
11	Jharkhand	5023	NA	NA	NA	NA	4146	9017	6325	2692	*
12	Karnataka	9824	8756	8544	212	1280	11885	8243	8462	*	3423
13	Kerala	6005	5675	5565	110	440	6228	7489	7504	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	10066	10027	9345	682	721	11425	14550	11824	2726	*
15	Maharashtra	12233	11032	10699	333	1534	12496	23393	21753	1640	*
16	Manipur	492	463	463	0	29	580	1187	1044	143	*
17	Meghalaya	502	667	608	59	*	595	NA	1173	NA	*
18	Mizoram	423	366	345	21	78	429	NA	699	NA	*
19	Nagaland	481	342	342	0	139	559	962	1008	*	*
20	Odisha	7209	7121	6768	353	441	7976	7686	9187	*	*
21	Punjab	3342	2704	2602	102	740	3366	4518	4530	*	*
22	Rajasthan	12225	11425	11425	0	800	15594	18437	15425	3012	169
23	Sikkim	171	267	260	7	*	205	NA	260	NA	*
24	Tamil Nadu	10062	10366	10112	254	*	10135	11135	9983	1152	152
25	Telangana	-	-	-	-	-	5380	8996	7932	1064	*
26	Tripura	612	525	561	*	51	1080	NA	664	NA	416
27	Uttarakhand	1801	1660	1486	174	315	2104	2283	1825	458	279
28	Uttar Pradesh	24181	18577	18146	431	6035	23718	28557	29082	*	*
29	West Bengal	11529	10356	9070	1286	2459	11265	19624	18997	627	*
30	A & N Islands	127	127	127	0	0	146	350	336	14	*
31	Chandigarh	13	13	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	44	38	38	0	6	80	36	137	*	*
33	Daman & Diu	24	24	24	0	0	27	55	52	3	*
34	Delhi	49	60	51	9	*	17	12	24	*	*
35	Lakshadweep	18	22	22	0	*	18	47	47	0	*
36	Puducherry	115	115	115	0	0	78	NA	128	NA	*
	All India² Total	169262	139798	133194	6640	19311	182266	209633	234220	18608	7178

Notes: Telangana came to existence in 2014 after bifurcation of Andhra Pradesh

NA: Not Available.

*: Surplus.

¹ One per each existing Sub Centre and Primary Health Centre

² Total given in the Table are not strictly comparable as figures for some of the States were not available in 2005. For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy and shortfall, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, may be excluded.

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

For the year 2019 the figures contains data of SCs, PHCs, HWC-SCs & HWC-PHCs

DOCTORS³ AT PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES in Rural Areas

S. No.	State/UT	2005					2019				
		Doctors at PHCs					Doctors at PHCs				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall	Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]	[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	1570	2497	2137	360	*	1145	1862	1715	147	*
2	Arunachal Pradesh	85	78	78	0	7	143	NA	116	NA	27
3	Assam	610	NA	NA	NA	NA	946	NA	1925	NA	*
4	Bihar	1648	NA	NA	NA	NA	1899	NA	2085	NA	*
5	Chhattisgarh	517	1034	628	406	*	792	792	321	471	471
6	Goa	19	56	53	3	*	24	48	56	*	*
7	Gujarat	1070	1070	848	222	222	1476	2639	2186	453	*
8	Haryana	408	862	862	0	*	379	684	542	142	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	439	354	467	*	*	586	722	486	236	100
10	Jammu & Kashmir	334	668	643	25	*	622	1542	919	623	*
11	Jharkhand	561	NA	NA	NA	NA	298	667	336	331	*
12	Karnataka	1681	2237	2041	196	*	2127	2127	2111	16	16
13	Kerala	911	1345	949	396	*	848	1460	1531	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	1192	1278	839	439	353	1199	2024	1053	971	146
15	Maharashtra	1780	3157	3158	*	*	1828	3189	2951	238	*
16	Manipur	72	95	67	28	5	90	238	208	30	*
17	Meghalaya	101	127	123	4	*	118	NA	149	NA	*
18	Mizoram	57	57	35	22	22	59	NA	60	NA	*
19	Nagaland	87	53	53	0	34	126	131	133	*	*
20	Odisha	1282	1353	1353	0	*	1288	1346	813	533	475
21	Punjab	484	646	373	273	111	416	575	562	13	*
22	Rajasthan	1713	1517	1506	11	207	2082	2268	1932	336	150
23	Sikkim	24	48	48	0	*	29	NA	41	NA	*
24	Tamil Nadu	1380	3806	2257	1549	*	1422	2844	1777	1067	*
25	Telangana	-	-	-	-	-	636	1254	1213	41	*
26	Tripura	73	161	152	9	*	108	NA	216	NA	*
27	Uttarakhand	225	272	182	90	43	257	476	269	207	*
28	Uttar Pradesh	3660	NA	NA	NA	NA	2936	4509	3180	1329	*
29	West Bengal	1173	1560	1319	241	*	908	1326	810	516	98
30	A & N Islands	20	36	36	0	*	22	42	34	8	*
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	6	6	6	0	0	9	12	12	0	*
33	Daman & Diu	3	5	5	0	*	4	8	3	5	1
34	Delhi	8	31	23	8	*	5	7	5	2	0
35	Lakshadweep	4	4	4	0	0	4	8	8	0	*
36	Puducherry	39	63	63	0	*	24	24	41	*	*
	All India^{2/} Total	23236	24476	20308	4282	1004	24855	32824	29799	7715	1484

Note: *: Surplus.

Telangana came to existence in 2014 after bifurcation of Andhra Pradesh

1 One per Primary Health Centre

2 Total given in the Table are not strictly comparable as figures for some of the States were not available in 2005. For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy and shortfall, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, may be excluded

3 Allopathic Doctors

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

For the year 2019 the figures contains data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs

TOTAL SPECIALISTS AT CHCs in Rural Areas

S. No.	State/UT	2005					2019				
		[Surgeons, OB&GY, Physicians & Paediatricians]					[Surgeons, OB&GY, Physicians & Paediatricians]				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall	Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]	[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	656	406	224	182	432	560	295	237	58	323
2	Arunachal Pradesh	124	4	0	4	124	252	NA	4	NA	248
3	Assam	400	NA	NA	NA	NA	708	NA	136	NA	572
4	Bihar	404	NA	NA	NA	NA	600	NA	82	NA	518
5	Chhattisgarh	464	464	18	446	446	680	671	61	610	619
6	Goa	20	14	7	7	13	20	5	5	0	15
7	Gujarat	1088	321	92	229	996	1448	601	118	483	1330
8	Haryana	288	288	49	239	239	460	51	15	36	445
9	Himachal Pradesh	264	NA	NA	NA	NA	348	NA	5	NA	343
10	Jammu & Kashmir	280	276	142	134	138	336	344	242	102	94
11	Jharkhand	188	NA	NA	NA	NA	684	700	66	634	618
12	Karnataka	1016	843	691	152	325	792	792	465	327	327
13	Kerala	424	424	82	342	342	908	25	35	*	873
14	Madhya Pradesh	916	253	49	204	867	1236	1236	104	1132	1132
15	Maharashtra	1528	1987	1099	888	429	1456	823	485	338	971
16	Manipur	64	40	19	21	45	92	4	3	1	89
17	Meghalaya	96	1	1	0	95	112	NA	4	NA	108
18	Mizoram	36	0	0	0	36	36	NA	0	NA	36
19	Nagaland	84	0	0	0	84	84	NA	8	NA	76
20	Odisha	924	496	NA	NA	NA	1508	1529	236	1293	1272
21	Punjab	464	393	226	167	238	356	496	93	403	263
22	Rajasthan	1304	811	581	230	723	2284	1434	455	979	1829
23	Sikkim	16	16	4	12	12	8	NA	0	NA	8
24	Tamil Nadu	140	48	48	0	92	1540	NA	179	NA	1361
25	Telangana	-	-	-	-	-	340	625	258	367	82
26	Tripura	40	2	2	0	38	72	NA	2	NA	70
27	Uttarakhand	176	163	71	92	105	268	284	27	257	241
28	Uttar Pradesh	1544	NA	NA	NA	NA	2716	2099	484	1615	2232
29	West Bengal	380	310	133	177	247	1392	574	71	503	1321
30	A& N Islands	16	12	0	12	16	16	9	0	9	16
31	Chandigarh	4	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	4	2	2	0	2	8	0	0	0	8
33	Daman & Diu	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	12	0	0	0	12	12	0	0	0	12
36	Puducherry	16	4	6	*	10	8	0	1	*	7
	All India² Total	13384	7582	3550	3538	6110	21340	12597	3881	9147	17459

Notes: Telangana came to existence in 2014 after bifurcation of Andhra Pradesh

*: Surplus.

¹ Four Specialists per Community Health Centre² Total given in the Table are not strictly comparable as figures for some of the States were not available in 2005. For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy and shortfall, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, may be excluded.

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

OB&GY - Obstetrician & Gynaecologist

Comparative Statement 8.

RADIOGRAPHERS at CHCs in Rural Areas

S. No.	State/UT	2005					2019				
		Radiographer					Radiographer				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall	Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]	[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	164	161	140	21	24	140	91	40	51	100
2	Arunachal Pradesh	31	22	22	0	9	63	NA	17	NA	46
3	Assam	100	NA	NA	NA	NA	177	NA	90	NA	87
4	Bihar	101	NA	NA	NA	NA	150	NA	1	NA	149
5	Chhattisgarh	116	116	95	21	21	170	180	161	19	9
6	Goa	5	7	7	0	*	5	7	7	0	*
7	Gujarat	272	271	113	158	159	362	364	192	172	170
8	Haryana	72	118	106	12	*	115	79	54	25	61
9	Himachal Pradesh	66	66	54	12	12	87	65	24	41	63
10	Jammu & Kashmir	70	61	61	0	9	84	305	226	79	*
11	Jharkhand	47	NA	NA	NA	NA	171	171	59	112	112
12	Karnataka	254	51	30	21	224	198	198	167	31	31
13	Kerala	106	17	16	1	90	227	0	0	0	227
14	Madhya Pradesh	229	NA	NA	NA	NA	309	312	214	98	95
15	Maharashtra	382	180	159	21	223	364	140	107	33	257
16	Manipur	16	5	5	0	11	23	51	56	*	*
17	Meghalaya	24	28	26	2	*	28	NA	18	NA	10
18	Mizoram	9	NA	NA	NA	NA	9	NA	5	NA	4
19	Nagaland	21	11	11	0	10	21	3	3	0	18
20	Odisha	231	26	8	18	223	377	127	66	61	311
21	Punjab	116	80	57	23	59	89	144	139	5	*
22	Rajasthan	326	269	269	0	57	571	692	343	349	228
23	Sikkim	4	8	5	3	*	2	NA	4	NA	*
24	Tamil Nadu	35	28	28	0	7	385	246	92	154	293
25	Telangana	-	-	-	-	-	85	99	44	55	41
26	Tripura	10	4	4	0	6	18	NA	11	NA	7
27	Uttarakhand	44	40	30	10	14	67	22	5	17	62
28	Uttar Pradesh	386	NA	NA	NA	NA	679	230	82	148	597
29	West Bengal	95	86	77	9	18	348	280	182	98	166
30	A& N Islands	4	4	4	0	0	4	0	0	0	4
31	Chandigarh	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	1	1	1	0	0	2	2	2	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	3	3	3	0	0	3	5	5	0	*
36	Puducherry	4	4	4	0	0	2	0	3	*	*
	All India^{2/} Total	3346	1669	1337	332	1176	5335	3813	2419	1548	3148

Notes: NA: Not Available. Telangana came to existence in 2014 after bifurcation of Andhra Pradesh

¹ One per Community Health Centre

² Total given in the Table are not strictly comparable as figures for some of the States were not available in 2005. For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy and shortfall, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, may be excluded

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

* Surplus

Comparative Statement 9.

PHARMACISTS at PHCs & CHCs in Rural Areas

S. No.	State/UT	2005					2019				
		Pharmacist					Pharmacist				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall	Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]	[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	1734	1704	1637	67	97	1285	1333	1016	317	269
2	Arunachal Pradesh	116	31	31	0	85	206	NA	101	NA	105
3	Assam	710	NA	NA	NA	NA	1123	NA	1779	NA	*
4	Bihar	1749	NA	NA	NA	NA	2049	NA	287	NA	1762
5	Chhattisgarh	633	749	467	282	166	962	1126	1003	123	*
6	Goa	24	28	27	1	*	29	43	41	2	*
7	Gujarat	1342	1413	807	606	535	1838	1875	1675	200	163
8	Haryana	480	480	464	16	16	494	550	430	120	64
9	Himachal Pradesh	505	505	375	130	130	673	594	293	301	380
10	Jammu & Kashmir	404	456	456	0	*	706	1248	1235	13	*
11	Jharkhand	608	NA	NA	NA	NA	469	388	241	147	228
12	Karnataka	1935	1935	1880	55	55	2325	2415	1973	442	352
13	Kerala	1017	1038	858	180	159	1075	1188	1299	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	1421	1419	216	1203	1205	1508	1780	1383	397	125
15	Maharashtra	2162	2256	2055	201	107	2192	1998	1825	173	367
16	Manipur	88	111	88	23	0	113	145	161	*	*
17	Meghalaya	125	145	121	24	4	146	NA	171	NA	*
18	Mizoram	66	69	35	34	31	68	NA	56	NA	12
19	Nagaland	108	85	85	0	23	147	116	117	*	30
20	Odisha	1513	2040	1984	56	*	1665	1850	1778	72	*
21	Punjab	600	854	811	43	*	505	760	722	38	*
22	Rajasthan	2039	2375	2355	20	*	2653	2181	1224	957	1429
23	Sikkim	28	28	3	25	25	31	NA	15	NA	16
24	Tamil Nadu	1415	1440	1252	188	163	1807	2657	2043	614	*
25	Telangana	-	-	-	-	-	721	675	442	233	279
26	Tripura	83	47	63	*	20	126	NA	163	NA	*
27	Uttarakhand	269	293	281	12	*	324	325	304	21	20
28	Uttar Pradesh	4046	NA	NA	NA	NA	3615	2952	2883	69	732
29	West Bengal	1268	1438	1231	207	37	1256	1543	1411	132	*
30	A& N Islands	24	28	28	0	*	26	53	49	4	*
31	Chandigarh	1	6	6	0	*	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	7	8	8	0	*	11	16	14	2	*
33	Daman & Diu	4	4	4	0	0	4	6	4	2	0
34	Delhi	8	13	11	2	*	5	5	4	1	1
35	Lakshadweep	7	11	11	0	*	7	16	16	0	*
36	Puducherry	43	63	58	5	*	26	29	46	*	*
	All India² Total	26582	21072	17708	3380	2858	30190	27867	26204	4380	6334

Notes: NA: Not Available. *: Surplus. Telangaana came to existence in 2014 after bifurcation of Andhra Pradesh

¹ One per each Primary Health Centre, HWC-PHC and Community Health Centre

² Total given in the Table are not strictly comparable as figures for some of the States were not available in 2005. For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy and shortfall, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, may be excluded

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

For the year 2019 the figures contains data of PHCs, HWC-PHCs and CHCs

Comparative Statement 10.
LABORATORY TECHNICIANS at PHCs & CHCs in Rural Areas

S. No.	State/UT	2005					2019				
		Lab Technician					Lab Technician				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall	Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]	[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	1734	1691	1437	254	297	1285	1156	817	339	468
2	Arunachal Pradesh	116	18	18	0	98	206	NA	113	NA	93
3	Assam	710	NA	NA	NA	NA	1123	NA	1409	NA	*
4	Bihar	1749	NA	NA	NA	NA	2049	NA	611	NA	1438
5	Chhattisgarh	633	633	348	285	285	962	1150	844	306	118
6	Goa	24	26	25	1	*	29	31	30	1	*
7	Gujarat	1342	1357	870	487	472	1838	1841	1729	112	109
8	Haryana	480	391	231	160	249	494	535	356	179	138
9	Himachal Pradesh	505	505	462	43	43	673	NA	78	NA	595
10	Jammu & Kashmir	404	395	395	0	9	706	938	901	37	*
11	Jharkhand	608	NA	NA	NA	NA	469	640	264	376	205
12	Karnataka	1935	1650	1451	199	484	2325	1777	1469	308	856
13	Kerala	1017	368	358	10	659	1075	291	372	*	703
14	Madhya Pradesh	1421	454	386	68	1035	1508	976	1021	*	487
15	Maharashtra	2162	1845	1709	136	453	2192	1862	1436	426	756
16	Manipur	88	38	30	8	58	113	102	75	27	38
17	Meghalaya	125	137	134	3	*	146	NA	174	NA	*
18	Mizoram	66	69	31	38	35	68	NA	86	NA	*
19	Nagaland	108	45	45	0	63	147	95	96	*	51
20	Odisha	1513	344	311	33	1202	1665	447	632	*	1033
21	Punjab	600	747	600	147	0	505	561	551	10	*
22	Rajasthan	2039	2153	2065	88	*	2653	2781	1893	888	760
23	Sikkim	28	36	32	4	*	31	NA	35	NA	*
24	Tamil Nadu	1415	1024	861	163	554	1807	2223	1064	1159	743
25	Telangana	-	-	-	-	-	721	773	647	126	74
26	Tripura	83	55	43	12	40	126	NA	120	NA	6
27	Uttarakhand	269	90	32	58	237	324	136	63	73	261
28	Uttar Pradesh	4046	NA	NA	NA	NA	3615	1332	963	369	2652
29	West Bengal	1268	427	341	86	927	1256	925	785	140	471
30	A & N Islands	24	24	24	0	0	26	23	19	4	7
31	Chandigarh	1	2	2	0	*	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	7	7	7	0	0	11	17	17	0	*
33	Daman & Diu	4	4	4	0	0	4	6	4	2	0
34	Delhi	8	8	5	3	3	5	2	2	0	3
35	Lakshadweep	7	8	7	1	0	7	13	13	0	*
36	Puducherry	43	20	20	0	23	26	7	26	*	0
	All India^{2/} Total	26582	14571	12284	2287	7226	30190	20640	18715	4882	12065

Notes: NA: Not Available. Telangana came to existence in 2014 after bifurcation of Andhra Pradesh

¹ One per each Primary Health Centre, HWC-PHCs and Community Health Centre

² Total given in the Table are not strictly comparable as figures for some of the States were not available in 2005. For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy and shortfall, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, may be excluded

For the year 2019 the figures contains data of PHCs, HWC-PHCs and CHCs

Comparative Statement 11.

NURSING STAFF AT PHCs & CHCs in Rural Areas

S. No.	State/UT	2005					2019				
		Nursing Staff					Nursing Staff				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall	Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]	[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	2718	2309	2053	256	665	2125	3190	2861	329	*
2	Arunachal Pradesh	302	105	105	0	197	584	NA	617	NA	*
3	Assam	1310	NA	NA	NA	NA	2185	NA	3369	NA	*
4	Bihar	2355	NA	NA	NA	NA	2949	NA	1630	NA	1319
5	Chhattisgarh	1329	601	540	61	789	1982	3426	2618	808	*
6	Goa	54	129	119	10	*	59	129	135	*	*
7	Gujarat	2974	2769	1453	1316	1521	4010	5230	4218	1012	*
8	Haryana	912	1530	1160	370	*	1184	2355	2110	245	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	901	1540	1259	281	*	1195	842	404	438	791
10	Jammu & Kashmir	824	244	68	176	756	1210	1844	1513	331	*
11	Jharkhand	890	NA	NA	NA	NA	1495	2799	1190	1609	305
12	Karnataka	3459	3229	3100	129	359	3513	2772	3511	*	2
13	Kerala	1653	2811	2578	233	*	2437	2133	2427	*	10
14	Madhya Pradesh	2795	908	902	6	1893	3362	5658	2816	2842	546
15	Maharashtra	4454	2766	2575	191	1879	4376	2957	2698	259	1678
16	Manipur	184	83	62	21	122	251	484	430	54	*
17	Meghalaya	269	355	263	92	6	314	NA	751	NA	*
18	Mizoram	120	270	122	148	*	122	NA	205	NA	*
19	Nagaland	234	520	520	0	*	273	191	381	*	*
20	Odisha	2899	657	637	20	2262	3927	1477	2568	*	1359
21	Punjab	1296	697	640	57	656	1039	2000	1806	194	*
22	Rajasthan	3995	9891	8425	1466	*	6079	11312	8889	2423	*
23	Sikkim	52	45	45	0	7	43	NA	73	NA	*
24	Tamil Nadu	1625	167	167	0	1458	4117	6839	5888	951	*
25	Telangana	-	-	-	-	-	1231	2547	2097	450	*
26	Tripura	143	125	274	*	*	234	NA	636	NA	*
27	Uttarakhand	533	145	129	16	404	726	392	329	63	397
28	Uttar Pradesh	6362	NA	NA	NA	NA	7689	2768	18504	*	*
29	West Bengal	1838	1901	1479	422	359	3344	7062	5811	1251	*
30	A & N Islands	48	108	108	0	*	50	199	193	6	*
31	Chandigarh	7	13	13	0	*	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	13	12	10	2	3	23	51	51	0	*
33	Daman & Diu	10	12	12	0	*	4	18	11	7	*
34	Delhi	8	10	4	6	4	5	0	0	0	5
35	Lakshadweep	25	13	13	0	12	25	54	54	0	*
36	Puducherry	67	96	95	1	*	38	72	182	*	*
	All India² Total	46658	34061	28930	5280	13352	62200	68801	80976	13272	6412

Notes: NA: Not Available. Telangaana came to existence in 2014 after bifurcation of Andhra Pradesh

*: Surplus.

¹ One per Primary Health Centre, HWC-PHC and 7 per Community Health Centre

² Total given in the Table are not strictly comparable as figures for some of the States were not available in 2005. For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy and shortfall, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, may be excluded

For the year 2019 the figures contains data of PHCs, HWC-PHCs and CHCs

NUMBER OF SCs, PHCs & CHCs FUNCTIONING in Rural Areas- II

S. No.	State/UT	As on March 2018			As on March 2019		
		Sub centre	PHCs	CHCs	Sub centre	PHCs	CHCs
1	Andhra Pradesh	7458	1147	193	7437	1145	140
2	Arunachal Pradesh	312	143	63	385	143	63
3	Assam	4644	946	172	4643	946	177
4	Bihar	9949	1899	150	9949	1899	150
5	Chhattisgarh	5200	793	169	5205	792	170
6	Goa	214	25	4	219	24	5
7	Gujarat	9153	1474	363	9166	1476	362
8	Haryana	2589	368	113	2604	379	115
9	Himachal Pradesh	2084	576	91	2089	586	87
10	Jammu & Kashmir	2967	637	84	3025	622	84
11	Jharkhand	3848	298	171	3848	298	171
12	Karnataka	9443	2359	206	9758	2127	198
13	Kerala	5380	849	227	5380	848	227
14	Madhya Pradesh	11192	1171	309	10226	1199	309
15	Maharashtra	10638	1823	361	10668	1828	364
16	Manipur	429	91	23	490	90	23
17	Meghalaya	443	108	28	477	118	28
18	Mizoram	370	57	9	370	59	9
19	Nagaland	396	126	21	433	126	21
20	Odisha	6688	1288	377	6688	1288	377
21	Punjab	2950	432	151	2950	416	89
22	Rajasthan	14405	2078	588	13512	2082	571
23	Sikkim	147	24	2	176	29	2
24	Tamil Nadu	8712	1421	385	8713	1422	385
25	Telangana	4744	643	91	4744	636	85
26	Tripura	1020	108	22	972	108	18
27	Uttarakhand	1847	257	67	1847	257	67
28	Uttar Pradesh	20521	3621	822	20782	2936	679
29	West Bengal	10357	913	348	10357	908	348
30	A & N Islands	123	22	4	124	22	4
31	Chandigarh	17	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	71	9	2	71	9	2
33	Daman & Diu	26	4	2	23	4	0
34	Delhi	12	5	0	12	5	0
35	Lakshadweep	14	4	3	14	4	3
36	Puducherry	54	24	3	54	24	2
	All India/ Total	158417	25743	5624	157411	24855	5335

BUILDING POSITION OF SCs, PHCs & CHCs in Rural Areas

S. No.	State/UT	Sub Centres				PHCs				CHCs			
		(As on March, 2018)		(As on March, 2019)		(As on March, 2018)		(As on March, 2019)		(As on March, 2018)		(As on March, 2019)	
		Total	In Govt. Buildings	Total	In Govt. Buildings	Total	In Govt. Buildings	Total	In Govt. Buildings	Total	In Govt. Buildings	Total	In Govt. Buildings
1	Andhra Pradesh	7458	1765	7437	1769	1147	1147	1145	1145	193	193	140	140
2	Arunachal Pradesh	312	312	385	385	143	143	143	143	63	63	63	63
3	Assam	4644	3916	4643	4049	946	941	946	946	172	172	177	177
4	Bihar	9949	5565	9949	5643	1899	1528	1899	1493	150	150	150	150
5	Chhattisgarh	5200	4054	5205	4202	793	677	792	677	169	152	170	159
6	Goa	214	46	219	46	25	24	24	23	4	4	5	5
7	Gujarat	9153	8389	9166	8515	1474	1360	1476	1476	363	357	362	361
8	Haryana	2589	1647	2604	1669	368	314	379	321	113	111	115	112
9	Himachal Pradesh	2084	1480	2089	1588	576	432	586	455	91	91	87	85
10	Jammu & Kashmir	2967	924	3025	956	637	486	622	506	84	84	84	84
11	Jharkhand	3848	2277	3848	2277	298	255	298	255	171	171	171	171
12	Karnataka	9443	7648	9758	7908	2359	2280	2127	2054	206	204	198	198
13	Kerala	5380	4260	5380	4260	849	780	848	779	227	227	227	227
14	Madhya Pradesh	11192	8290	10226	7505	1171	1164	1199	1164	309	309	309	309
15	Maharashtra	10638	8636	10668	9863	1823	1672	1828	1796	361	361	364	364
16	Manipur	429	358	490	459	91	91	90	90	23	23	23	23
17	Meghalaya	443	435	477	468	108	108	118	118	28	28	28	28
18	Mizoram	370	370	370	370	57	57	59	59	9	9	9	9
19	Nagaland	396	334	433	316	126	118	126	118	21	21	21	21
20	Odisha	6688	4411	6688	4797	1288	1223	1288	1288	377	377	377	377
21	Punjab	2950	1907	2950	1907	432	385	416	368	151	150	89	89
22	Rajasthan	14405	11287	13512	10647	2078	1868	2082	1952	588	569	571	552
23	Sikkim	147	142	176	175	24	24	29	29	2	2	2	2
24	Tamil Nadu	8712	6541	8713	6579	1421	1363	1422	1374	385	385	385	385
25	Telangana	4744	1273	4744	1273	643	643	636	636	91	91	85	85
26	Tripura	1020	859	972	810	108	108	108	108	22	22	18	18
27	Uttarakhand	1847	1304	1847	1304	257	227	257	227	67	67	67	67
28	Uttar Pradesh	20521	18166	20782	20782	3621	3516	2936	2936	822	822	679	679
29	West Bengal	10357	7482	10357	7819	913	913	908	894	348	348	348	348
30	A & N Islands	123	123	124	124	22	22	22	22	4	4	4	4
31	Chandigarh	17	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	71	58	71	63	9	9	9	9	2	2	2	2
33	Daman & Diu	26	22	23	19	4	4	4	3	2	2	0	0
34	Delhi	12	2	12	1	5	5	5	5	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	14	8	14	8	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
36	Puducherry	54	36	54	44	24	24	24	24	3	3	2	2
	All India/ Total	158417	114333	157411	118600	25743	23915	24855	23497	5624	5577	5335	5299

Comparative Statement 14.

MANPOWER POSITION IN SCs, PHCs & CHCs in Rural Areas- I

S. No.	State/UT	ANM at Sub Center & PHC		Doctors+ at PHC		Total Specialists at CHC	
		March, 2018	March, 2019	March, 2018	March, 2019	March, 2018	March, 2019
1	Andhra Pradesh	13698	11815	2045	1715	384	237
2	Arunachal Pradesh	481	689	125	116	4	4
3	Assam	10230	11502	1376	1925	158	136
4	Bihar	23390	24228	1786	2085	82	82
5	Chhattisgarh	6799	6808	359	321	57	61
6	Goa	273	250	56	56	10	5
7	Gujarat	8340	9168	1321	2186	118	118
8	Haryana	4374	4606	491	542	17	15
9	Himachal Pradesh	1846	1845	622	486	4	5
10	Jammu & Kashmir	4582	4908	694	919	256	242
11	Jharkhand	6632	6325	340	336	92	66
12	Karnataka	7156	8462	2136	2111	498	465
13	Kerala	7950	7504	1169	1531	40	35
14	Madhya Pradesh	12353	11824	1112	1053	248	104
15	Maharashtra	14605	21753	2929	2951	485	485
16	Manipur	923	1044	194	208	3	3
17	Meghalaya	1080	1173	130	149	9	4
18	Mizoram#	629	699	59	60	0	0
19	Nagaland	913	1008	118	133	8	8
20	Odisha	8108	9187	917	813	253	236
21	Punjab	4525	4530	480	562	105	93
22	Rajasthan	18257	15425	2396	1932	565	455
23	Sikkim	227	260	24	41	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	7854	9983	2780	1777	210	179
25	Telangana	7679	7932	1066	1213	112	258
26	Tripura	601	664	119	216	2	2
27	Uttarakhand	1760	1825	241	269	29	27
28	Uttar Pradesh	25751	29082	1344	3180	192	484
29	West Bengal	17583	18997	1016	810	125	71
30	A & N Islands	274	336	34	34	0	0
31	Chandigarh	33	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	90	137	8	12	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	34	52	4	3	3	0
34	Delhi	33	24	22	5	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	51	47	8	8	0	0
36	Puducherry	212	128	46	41	5	1
	All India/ Total	219326	234220	27567	29799	4074	3881

Comparative Statement 15

MANPOWER POSITION IN SCs, PHCs & CHCs in Rural Areas- II

S No.	State/UT	Radiographers at CHC		Pharmacists at PHC & CHC		Lab Technicians at PHC & CHC		Nursing Staff at PHCs & CHCs	
		March, 2018	March, 2019	March, 2018	March, 2019	March, 2018	March, 2019	March, 2018	March, 2019
1	Andhra Pradesh	72	40	1004	1016	789	817	3505	2861
2	Arunachal Pradesh	7	17	89	101	123	113	498	617
3	Assam	82	90	1735	1779	1390	1409	3203	3369
4	Bihar	1	1	287	287	611	611	1211	1630
5	Chhattisgarh	161	161	936	1003	823	844	2458	2618
6	Goa	4	7	53	41	40	30	146	135
7	Gujarat	118	192	1584	1675	1658	1729	3160	4218
8	Haryana	47	54	397	430	356	356	1797	2110
9	Himachal Pradesh	24	24	378	293	131	78	452	404
10	Jammu & Kashmir	224	226	974	1235	798	901	1405	1513
11	Jharkhand	59	59	241	241	264	264	1182	1190
12	Karnataka	167	167	2523	1973	1532	1469	3339	3511
13	Kerala	18	0	1102	1299	365	372	3969	2427
14	Madhya Pradesh	261	214	1778	1383	1238	1021	3308	2816
15	Maharashtra	107	107	2055	1825	1296	1436	2296	2698
16	Manipur	13	56	152	161	70	75	400	430
17	Meghalaya	18	18	149	171	155	174	596	751
18	Mizoram	3	5	53	56	83	86	198	205
19	Nagaland	1	3	116	117	87	96	394	381
20	Odisha	55	66	1623	1778	567	632	2327	2568
21	Punjab	123	139	790	722	585	551	2029	1806
22	Rajasthan	250	343	1172	1224	2091	1893	9887	8889
23	Sikkim	2	4	11	15	21	35	48	73
24	Tamil Nadu	92	92	2097	2043	967	1064	6360	5888
25	Telangana	57	44	700	442	597	647	2027	2097
26	Tripura	12	11	133	163	105	120	581	636
27	Uttarakhand	8	5	282	304	78	63	359	329
28	Uttar Pradesh	0	82	4717	2883	1644	963	20546	18504
29	West Bengal	131	182	1422	1411	874	785	6464	5811
30	A& N Islands	0	0	49	49	19	19	129	193
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	0	2	12	14	17	17	45	51
33	Daman & Diu	3	0	9	4	5	4	49	11
34	Delhi	0	0	4	4	4	2	6	0
35	Lakshadweep	5	5	16	16	13	13	54	54
36	Puducherry	3	3	37	46	38	26	139	182
	All India/ Total	2128	2419	28680	26204	19434	18715	84567	80976

SECTION II

DISTRICT-WISE HEALTH CARE INFRASTRUCTURE IN INDIA

DISTRICT-WISE AVAILABILITY OF HEALTH CENTRES IN INDIA (RURAL + URBAN)									
S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC-SCs	HWC-PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
1	Andhra Pradesh	Srikakulam	422	7	15	43	88	2	1
		Vizianagaram	373	4	11	58	76	1	1
		Visakhapatnam	496	14	12	87	113	3	1
		East Godavari	774	12	26	66	146	3	1
		West Godavari	568	9	14	67	112	3	1
		Krishna	528	15	12	65	124	2	1
		Guntur	626	15	17	54	116	2	1
		Prakasam	499	6	14	35	99	2	1
		Nellore	449	7	14	28	88	2	1
		chittoor	616	7	15	28	120	4	2
		Kadapa	420	6	12	28	89	1	1
		Ananthapur	557	16	15	29	107	2	1
		Kurnool	518	3	18	24	110	1	1
		Total Districts = 13	6846	121	195	612	1388	28	14
2	Arunachal Pradesh	Tawang	0	0	2	12	6	0	1
		West Kameng	22	5	5	0	0	0	1
		Upper Siang	10	1	4	3	1	0	1
		Lower Subansiri	23	8	2				1
		Kra daadi	9	7	1	0	0	0	0
		Upper Subansiri	32	15	5	0	0	0	1
		West Siang	14	8	3	0	0	0	1
		Lower Dibang valley	14	3	4				1
		Anjaw	9	7	5	0	0	0	1
		Changlang	35	7	5	0	0	0	1
		Tirap	3	4	1	2	4	0	1
		Kurung Kumey	16	3	2	0	0	0	1
		Namsai	0	0	2	15	4	0	1
		Siang	28	8	3		0	0	0
		Lohit	16	4	2	0	0	0	1
		Longding	6	3	3			0	0
		East Siang	1	1	2	15	9	0	1
		Papum Pare	8	8	4	26	12	0	1
		East Kameng	23	5	3	5	6	0	1
		Kamle	20	4	2	0	0	0	0
		Dibang Valley	10	1	1	0	0	0	1
		Lower Siang	8	3	2	0	0	0	0
		Total Districts = 22	307	105	63	78	42	0	17
3	Assam	Baksa	136	25	6	21	11	0	1
		Barpeta	231	33	11	33	15	1	1
		Bongaigaon	85	16	4	23	13	0	1
		Cachar	255	20	6	15	12	0	1
		Chirang	78	19	3	9	5	0	1
		Darrang	138	29	7	21	4	0	1
		Dhemaji	78	15	4	20	8	0	1

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						District Hospital
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC-SCs	HWC-PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	
		Dhubri	184	25	6	47	19	2	1
		Dibrugarh	214	21	9	20	9	0	0
		Dima Hasao	62	8	2	10	4	0	1
		Goalpara	120	19	6	35	19	0	1
		Golaghat	133	35	4	11	6	1	1
		Hailakandi	82	11	3	25	3	0	1
		Jorhat	110	24	6	35	18	2	0
		Kamrup M	48	11	3	3	34	0	1
		Kamrup R	253	55	13	26	10	1	1
		Karbi Anglong	124	26	8	30	15	1	1
		Karimganj	185	22	7	37	8	0	1
		Kokrajhar	135	38	2	27	8	1	1
		Lakhimpur	137	17	8	19	9	1	1
		Marigaon	104	30	5	18	5	0	1
		Nagaon	299	58	18	52	20	0	1
		Nalbari	103	33	11	18	11	0	1
		Sibsagar	202	38	4	18	7	2	1
		Sonitpur	263	46	9	18	10	2	1
		Tinsukia	146	15	8	20	7	0	1
		Udalguri	129	15	6	17	7	0	1
		Total Districts = 27	4034	704	179	628	297	14	25
4	Bihar	Araria	242	26	2	0	12	1	1
		Arwal	65	26	0	0	6	0	1
		Aurangabad	254	55	6	0	18	1	1
		Banka	237	30	4	2	12	0	1
		Begusarai	288	27	2	4	17	4	1
		Bhagalpur	354	49	4	8	29	2	1
		Bhojpur	298	31	4	0	14	2	1
		Buxar	160	29	1	0	11	1	1
		Darbhanga	398	79	8	0	24	1	0
		E-Champaran	529	40	11	3	13	3	1
		Gaya	260	52	9	1	20	2	1
		Gopalganj	460	53	8	9	7	1	1
		Jamui	179	28	6	6	8	0	1
		Jehanabad	102	33	2	5	7	0	1
		Kaimur	276	27	4	3	5	1	1
		Katihar	174	16	4	1	16	2	1
		Khagaria	323	49	1	4	8	0	1
		Kishanganj	186	20	1	0	10	0	1
		Lakhisarai	156	8	1	0	9	0	1
		Madhepura	98	11	1	4	7	1	1
		Madhubani	272	12	4	0	22	4	1
		Munger	376	75	2	0	12	2	1
		Muzaffarpur	152	12	9	2	21	0	1
		Nalanda	494	78	3	5	25	2	1
		Nawada	367	58	2	1	9	1	1
		Patna	171	33	4	3	38	4	0
		Purnia	234	103	2	0	20	3	1
		Rohtas	306	42	6	6	10	2	1
		Saharsa	251	44	1	0	9	1	1
		Samastipur	169	32	8	2	10	4	1
		Saran	355	65	9	3	12	2	1
		Sheikhpura	412	58	1	2	3	0	1

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC-SCs	HWC-PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
		Sheohar	85	19	0	0	4	0	1
		Sitamarhi	91	5	5	0	13	2	1
		Siwan	204	49	9	4	8	1	1
		Supaul	375	55	2	3	8	1	1
		Vaishali	178	23	2	3	13	2	1
		W- Champaran	334	28	2	0	24	2	1
		Total Districts = 38	9865	1480	150	84	514	55	36
5	Chhattisgarh	Balod	181	27	6	15	3	0	1
		Balodabazar	208	29	6	15	3	1	1
		Balrampur	179	25	6	15	3	1	1
		Bastar	228	36	8	25	5	1	0
		Bemetara	113	17	4	15	3	1	1
		Bijapur	98	5	5	25	6	0	1
		Bilaspur	259	56	8	15	3	1	1
		Dantewada	56	8	4	20	5	0	1
		Dhamtari	139	13	4	55	13	1	1
		Durg	196	24	8	25	8	1	1
		Gariyaband	184	15	6	15	3	1	1
		Janjgir-Champa	261	44	11	15	2	1	1
		Jashpur	243	32	8	15	3	2	1
		Kawardha	239	32	8	15	3	1	1
		Kanker	91	11	6	60	13	0	1
		Kondagaon	153	16	6	20	5	0	1
		Korba	219	23	7	70	20	0	1
		Korea	182	26	6	15	3	0	1
		Mahasamund	202	25	5	25	7	0	1
		Mungeli	111	27	3	15	2	0	1
		Narayanpur	48	5	1	10	3	0	1
		Raigarh	335	50	9	15	2	3	1
		Raipur	245	40	11	35	9	3	1
		Rajnandgaon	276	36	10	60	14	1	1
		Sukma	76	9	3	10	3	0	1
		Surajpur	204	32	8	15	3	0	1
		Surguja	193	24	7	15	3	1	1
		Total Districts = 27	4919	687	174	650	150	20	26
6	Goa	North Goa	114	0	3	0	11	0	1
		South Goa	105	0	2	0	13	2	1
		Total Districts = 2	219	0	5	0	24	2	2
7	Gujarat	Ahmedabad	193	83	16	23	34	2	0
		Amreli	206	6	12	42	38	3	1
		Anand	251	33	14	26	28	1	1
		Arvalli	204	21	10	15	17	1	0
		Banaskantha	715	81	27	44	44	3	1
		Bharuch	221	26	10	20	20	0	1
		Bhavnagar	278	42	13	21	23	2	0
		Botad	90	15	5	4	4	0	1
		Chhota Udepur	286	27	12	24	24	0	1

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC- SCs	HWC- PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
		Dahod	553	37	21	84	62	1	0
		Dang	59	0	3	9	10	0	1
		Devbhumi Dwarka	165	21	4	4	4	1	1
		Gandhinagar	155	13	9	17	23	1	0
		Gir Somnath	151	11	8	22	22	0	1
		Jamnagar	184	16	9	26	29	0	0
		Junagadh	226	32	10	11	14	0	0
		Kutchh	418	32	17	24	39	2	0
		Kheda	276	25	15	40	39	1	1
		Mehsana	261	27	12	34	36	3	1
		Mahisagar	209	19	8	15	17	1	1
		Morbi	182	14	6	16	20	1	1
		Narmada	150	13	4	24	15	1	1
		Navsari	274	25	12	22	25	2	1
		Panchmahal	282	31	13	18	23	0	1
		Patan	298	25	15	28	30	0	1
		Porbandar	79	7	4	6	8	0	1
		Rajkot	319	47	13	25	35	4	1
		Sabarkantha	245	16	13	36	33	1	0
		Surat	293	55	21	65	48	1	0
		Surendranagar	342	46	12	10	10	2	1
		Tapi	230	28	8	11	11	0	1
		Vadodara	219	46	10	23	31	0	1
		Valsad	339	31	10	24	27	2	0
		Total Districts = 33	8353	951	376	813	843	36	22
8	Haryana	Ambala	94	0	4	10	20	2	1
		Bhiwani	139	26	6	0	0	3	1
		Ch-Dadri	75	12	3	0	0	1	0
		Faridabad	93	2	8	0	23	1	1
		Fatehabad	131	22	4	0	0	1	1
		Gurugram	73	3	3	7	25	2	2
		Hisar	189	7	10	9	24	2	1
		Jind	160	24	7	1	0	1	1
		Jhajjar	131	8	6	3	21	2	1
		Karnal	137	6	6	10	18	1	1
		Kaithal	144	20	6	0	0	0	1
		Kurukshetra	112	4	5	5	15	0	1
		Narnaul	128	8	7	7	10	1	1
		Nuh	50	6	3	44	11	0	1
		Palwal	81	6	7	14	11	0	1
		Panchkula	39	0	3	7	9	0	1
		Panipat	81	7	6	8	15	0	1
		Rewari	112	16	5	0	0	1	1
		Rohtak	116	20	7	0	0	0	1
		Sirsa	139	8	8	12	18	1	1
		Sonipat	152	10	8	10	22	1	1
		Yamunanagar	96	3	6	17	16	1	1
		Total Districts = 22	2472	218	128	164	258	21	22

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC-SCs	HWC-PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
9	Himachal Pradesh	Bilaspur	120	38	7	0	0	3	1
		Chamba	177	45	5	0	2	6	1
		Hamirpur	150	32	2	0	2	5	1
		Kangra	441	87	17	0	7	18	1
		Kinnaur	34	24	4	0	0	1	1
		Kullu	103	28	5	0	0	4	1
		L & S	36	17	3	0	0	0	1
		Mandi	325	85	13	0	5	13	1
		Sirmaur	253	121	17	0	3	5	1
		Shimla	149	44	6	0	0	12	1
		Solan	175	41	6	0	0	6	1
		Una	134	24	9	0	1	5	1
		Total Districts = 12	2097	586	94	0	20	78	12
10	Jammu & Kashmir	Anantnag	149	19	5	8	24	0	1
		Bandipora	79	13	3	0	0	0	1
		Baramulla	212	32	6	5	24	0	1
		Budgam	152	49	9	1	1	0	1
		Doda	151	26	3	12	7	0	1
		Ganderbal	63	19	1	0	0	0	1
		Jammu	176	37	8	28	21	0	2
		Kargil	138	16	4	0	0	0	1
		Kathua	188	38	5	9	0	0	1
		Kishtwar	86	16	1	7	0	0	1
		Kulgam	128	26	3	5	2	0	1
		Kupwara	259	17	7	0	22	0	1
		Leh	124	16	3	0	0	0	1
		Poonch	147	32	3	2	0	0	1
		Pulwama	92	33	3	12	3	0	1
		Rajouri	217	37	7	4	0	0	1
		Ramban	93	19	3	0	0	0	1
		Reasi	111	22	2	1	0	0	1
		Samba	80	12	3	10	0	0	1
		Shopian	60	10	2	0	0	0	1
		Srinagar	59	40	1	4	0	0	1
		Udhampur	136	31	2	17	7	0	1
		Total Districts = 22	2900	560	84	125	111	0	23
11	Jharkhand	Bokaro	101	2	8	14	18	3	1
		Chatra	87	8	5	6	3	0	1
		Deoghar	171	1	9	9	12	1	1
		Dhanbad	134	20	7	6	7	0	0
		Dumka	240	20	12	8	22	0	1
		Garhwa	108	10	6	9	1	1	1
		Giridih	177	17	11	2	0	0	1
		Godda	177	9	7	4	3	0	1
		Gumla	231	0	10	12	3	0	1
		Hazaribagh	136	7	8	4	7	1	1

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC-SCs	HWC-PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
		Jamtara	127	6	4	2	11	0	1
		Khunti	100	7	5	8	0	0	1
		Kodarma	62	6	6	3	8	0	1
		Latehar	94	4	6	3	5	0	1
		Lohardaga	67	9	4	7	4	0	1
		Pakaur	116	9	5	5	2	0	1
		Palamu	169	22	7	2	1	2	1
		Pashchimi Singhbhum	332	9	13	11	6	1	1
		Purbi Singhbhum	234	0	9	9	18	1	1
		Ramgarh	52	5	4	2	0	0	1
		Ranchi	274	18	13	50	8	1	1
		Sahibganj	130	10	6	6	0	1	1
		Saraikela	180	4	6	12	6	1	1
		Simdega	145	7	6	10	0	0	1
		Total Districts = 24	3644	210	177	204	145	13	23
12	Karnataka	Bagalkote	233	49	8	0	0	5	1
		Bangalore (R)	199	48	2	0	0	4	0
		Bangalore (U)	279	96	5	0	0	3	0
		Belgaum	620	148	16	0	0	9	0
		Bellary	293	73	11	57	30	6	1
		Bidar	275	58	8	109	25	4	0
		Bijapur	310	68	9	0	0	4	1
		Chamarajanagar	256	64	3	0	0	3	0
		Chikkaballapura	203	60	2	0	0	5	1
		Chikmagalur	368	90	5	0	2	6	1
		Chitradurga	342	82	11	0	0	5	1
		Dakshina Kannada	430	72	8	0	0	4	1
		Davanagere	324	101	6	0	0	5	1
		Dharwad	185	45	0	0	0	3	1
		Gadag	190	39	2	0	0	4	0
		Gulbarga	337	93	16	78	32	6	0
		Hassan	486	136	15	0	0	7	0
		Haveri	311	69	5	0	0	6	1
		Kodagu	196	29	7	0	0	2	0
		Kolar	266	69	2	0	0	4	1
		Koppal	176	49	9	78	23	3	0
		Mandya	410	115	10	0	0	6	0
		Mysore	510	147	10	65	37	6	0
		Raichur	213	52	6	75	25	4	0
		Ramanagar	249	63	5	0	0	3	1
		Shimoga	356	110	7	0	0	6	0
		Tumkur	572	147	4	0	0	9	1
		Udupi	336	62	6	0	0	2	1
		Uttara Kannada	344	83	3	0	0	10	0
		Yadgir	169	42	6	109	29	2	1
		Total Districts = 30	9438	2359	207	571	203	146	15
13	Kerala	Thiruvananthapuram	483	70	24	0	16	8	2
		Kollam	421	50	17	0	12	8	1
		Pathanamthitta	261	35	12	0	8	4	1

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC- SCs	HWC- PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
		Alappuzha	366	49	16	0	14	6	2
		Kottayam	333	47	20	0	11	3	0
		Idukki	308	33	13	0	8	4	2
		Ernakulam	410	75	23	0	15	11	1
		Thrissur	472	65	24	0	18	6	1
		Palakkad	504	65	19	0	16	6	1
		Malappuram	578	79	21	0	17	7	3
		Kozhikkode	401	61	16	0	13	7	1
		Wayanad	182	20	9	0	4	2	1
		Kannur	414	77	9	0	11	7	1
		Kasargode	247	35	6	0	7	5	1
		Total Districts = 14	5380	761	229	0	170	84	18
14	Madhya Pradesh	Agar Malwa	77	6	3	0	0	0	1
		Alirajpur	185	16	6	0	0	0	1
		Anuppur	169	14	8	0	4	0	1
		Ashok Nagar	132	6	2	0	5	2	1
		Balaghat	292	34	7	0	4	3	1
		Barwani	330	21	8	0	9	2	1
		Betul	323	31	9	0	4	1	1
		Bhind	210	14	7	0	13	1	1
		Bhopal	66	10	2	0	8	3	1
		Burhanpur	98	15	4	0	0	0	1
		Chhatarpur	235	27	10	0	12	0	1
		Chhindwada	305	64	11	0	5	4	1
		Damoh	176	13	6	0	4	1	1
		Datia	110	11	4	0	0	2	1
		Dewas	209	11	7	0	13	2	1
		Dhar	475	49	15	0	0	1	1
		Dindori	191	21	7	0	1	0	1
		Guna	160	5	5	0	13	1	1
		Gwalior	119	25	3	0	3	4	1
		Harda	79	7	4	0	0	0	1
		Hoshangabad	157	16	6	0	0	2	1
		Indore	115	33	6	0	7	3	1
		Jabalpur	178	24	6	0	13	3	1
		Jhabua	292	21	5	0	0	2	1
		Katni	163	20	6	0	0	1	1
		Khandwa	181	24	7	0	7	1	1
		Khargone	317	58	10	0	0	2	1
		Mandla	274	34	8	0	0	1	1
		Mandsaur	180	40	7	0	0	2	1
		Morena	237	24	7	0	0	3	1
		Narsinghpur	136	23	7	0	0	1	1
		Neemuch	103	18	3	0	0	2	1
		Panna	155	14	6	0	3	0	1
		Raisen	187	19	7	0	2	3	1
		Rajgarh	215	24	5	0	4	4	1
		Ratlam	197	28	6	0	0	2	1
		Rewa	316	37	9	0	0	3	1
		Sagar	266	32	11	0	0	3	1

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC- SCs	HWC- PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
		Satna	309	45	9	0	4	2	1
		Sehore	163	18	8	0	4	2	1
		Seoni	283	26	5	0	6	3	1
		Shahdol	233	20	7	0	10	1	1
		Shajapur	117	17	4	0	0	3	1
		Sheopur	107	7	3	0	5	0	1
		Shivpuri	263	15	9	0	0	0	1
		Sidhi	196	28	6	0	0	0	1
		Singroli	206	13	7	0	2	0	1
		Tikamgarh	207	23	7	0	0	0	1
		Ujjain	208	19	5	0	10	6	1
		Umaria	124	13	3	0	0	0	1
		Vidisha	200	13	7	0	14	2	1
		Total Districts = 51	10226	1146	330	0	189	84	51
15	Maharashtra	Ahmednagar	529	93	24	36	15	2	1
		Akola	179	37	5	0	0	1	0
		Amravati	291	20	11	48	48	4	1
		Aurangabad	279	64	12	0	0	3	1
		Beed	296	56	10	0	0	3	1
		Bhandara	192	6	7	1	28	2	1
		Buldhana	280	57	13	0	0	1	1
		Chandrapur	319	24	10	20	43	3	0
		Dhule	232	45	6	0	0	2	1
		Gadchiroli	289	1	9	87	47	3	1
		Gondia	195	32	10	58	9	1	0
		Hingoli	13	3	3	119	24	2	1
		Jalgaon	426	88	18	17	7	3	0
		Jalna	218	43	9	0	0	1	1
		Kolhapur	413	91	18	0	0	4	0
		Latur	219	30	10	33	24	1	0
		Mumbai	0	120	0	0	0	0	0
		Nagpur	316	77	10	0	0	2	0
		Nanded	272	40	13	105	36	4	1
		Nandurbar	208	49	12	84	11	2	1
		Nashik	592	110	23	0	26	6	1
		Osmanabad	140	21	6	70	23	3	1
		Palghar	264	60	10	50	7	3	0
		Parbhani	215	39	6	0	0	2	1
		Pune	514	143	34	25	30	5	1
		Raigad	288	59	9	0	0	5	1
		Ratnagiri	378	69	8	0	0	3	1
		Sangli	320	70	14	0	0	2	0
		Satara	394	44	15	6	32	2	1
		Sindhudurg	203	21	7	45	17	3	1
		Solapur	431	93	16	0	0	3	0
		Thane	190	113	15	0	0	3	1
		Wardha	139	4	8	42	27	2	1
		Washim	60	1	6		25	1	1

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC-SCs	HWC-PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
		Yavatmal	435	64	14	93	0	4	0
		Total Districts = 35	9729	1887	401	939	479	91	23
16	Manipur	Bishnupur	35	8	2	13	1	0	1
		Chandel	21	2	1	5	1	0	1
		Churchandpur	46	7	1	6	1	0	1
		Imphal East	51	12	2	8	0	0	1
		Imphal West	52	11	3	12	0	0	0
		Senapati	34	8	1	0	0	0	1
		Tamenglong	13	4	1	3	0	0	1
		Thoubal	44	8	4	9	2	0	1
		Ukhrul	23	6	1	0	0	0	1
		Tengnoupal	12	4	1	1	0	1	0
		Kakching	18	6	1	0	0	0	0
		Jiribam	9	2	1	0	0	0	1
		Kamjong	18	2	1	0	0	0	0
		Pherjawl	18	5	1	0	0	0	0
		None	17	3	1	0	0	0	0
		Kangpokpi	18	6	1	4	0	0	0
		Total Districts = 16	429	94	23	61	5	1	9
17	Meghalaya	East Garo Hills	31	7	1	0	0	0	1
		East Jaintia Hills	35	6	2	0	0	0	0
		East Khasi Hills	72	25	7	12	2	0	2
		North Garo Hills	52	9	1	0	0	0	0
		Ri Bhoi	32	8	3	10	2	0	1
		South Garo Hills	21	6	1	0	0	0	1
		South West Garo Hills	27	9	1	0	0	0	1
		South West Khasi Hills	19	4	2	0	0	0	0
		West Garo Hills	64	9	5	10	4	0	2
		West Jaintia Hills	46	12	3	0	0	0	1
		West khasi Hills	46	15	2	0	0	0	2
		Total Districts = 11	445	110	28	32	8	0	11
18	Mizoram	Aizawl East District	57	9	2	0	2	0	1
		Aizawl West District	37	9	0	0	2	1	1
		Champhai District	59	11	2	0	0	0	1
		Kolasib District	26	5	1	0	0	0	1
		Lawngtlai District	37	5	1	0	0	0	1
		Lunglei District	70	11	1	0	0	1	1
		Mamit District	33	6	1	0	0	0	1
		Saiha District	24	4	0	0	0	0	1
		Serchhip District	27	5	1	0	0	0	1
		Total Districts = 9	370	65	9	0	4	2	9
19	Nagaland	Dimapur	47	8	2	6	2	0	1
		Kiphire	19	2	1	15	2	0	1
		Kohima	40	14	3	10	1	0	1
		Longleng	8	3	0	3	0	0	1

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC- SCs	HWC- PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
		Mokokchung	51	15	3	4	0	0	1
		Mon	50	15	2	7	0	0	1
		Peren	16	8	1	0	0	0	1
		Phek	44	23	3	0	0	0	1
		Tuensang	38	13	2	11	0	0	1
		Wokha	37	12	2	0	0	0	1
		Zunheboto	47	13	2	0	0	0	1
		Total Districts = 11	397	126	21	56	5	0	11
20	Odisha	Anugul	164	11	9	2	20	3	1
		Balasore	275	33	17	0	41	1	1
		Bargarh	202	19	15	2	30	1	1
		Bhadrak	176	21	7	2	33	0	1
		Bolangir	222	18	15	4	30	2	1
		Boudh	64	0	5	3	12	0	1
		Cuttack	325	14	22	7	59	2	1
		Debagarh	38	1	4	4	7	0	1
		Dhenkanal	165	25	10	2	13	2	1
		Gajapati	136	3	8	0	19	0	1
		Ganjam	454	65	28	6	35	4	1
		Jagatsinghapur	188	13	11	1	22	0	1
		Jajapur	258	15	12	2	47	0	1
		Jharsuguda	62	4	6	4	15	0	1
		Kalahandi	234	20	18	8	26	1	1
		Kandhamal	170	8	14	2	32	1	1
		Kendrapara	224	15	8	3	31	1	1
		Kendujhar	350	30	17	1	37	2	1
		Khordha	196	20	16	6	54	0	2
		Koraput	304	6	16	3	45	0	1
		Malkangiri	158	5	6	0	22	2	1
		Mayurbhanj	574	33	28	15	55	3	1
		Nabarangapur	287	12	10	2	29	1	1
		Nayagarh	166	16	12	0	22	1	1
		Nuapada	90	5	5	5	12	1	1
		Puri	237	13	17	4	38	0	1
		Rayagada	235	7	11	0	32	1	1
		Sambalpur	166	2	11	1	34	2	1
		Sonapur	89	1	5	0	19	1	1
		Sundargarh	386	31	21	4	38	1	2
		Total Districts = 30	6595	466	384	93	909	33	32
21	Punjab	Amritsar	140	22	6	39	12	2	1
		Barnala	57	3	4	14	7	1	1
		Bathinda	111	6	9	25	13	3	1
		Faridkot	54	3	4	8	5	1	1
		Ferozpur	107	1	4	15	16	1	1
		Fazilka	84	6	6	25	13	1	1
		F.G.Sahib	61	0	5	12	13	1	1
		Gurdaspur	205	9	13	17	22	1	1

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC- SCs	HWC- PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
		Hoshiarpur	223	6	12	21	26	3	1
		Jalandhar	173	2	12	25	27	2	1
		Kapurthala	81	0	5	7	12	3	1
		Ludhiana	209	5	11	56	26	4	1
		Mansa	76	3	4	27	10	2	1
		Moga	89	10	6	33	11	0	1
		Mohali	51	1	5	25	11	2	1
		Mukatsar	75	2	5	27	17	3	1
		Nawanshahar	92	4	3	3	13	1	1
		Patiala	177	1	10	8	27	3	1
		Pathankot	54	0	4	15	9	0	1
		Ropar	67	1	5	18	11	1	1
		Sangrur	183	7	8	9	21	4	1
		Tarn Taran	142	3	11	10	15	2	1
		Total Districts = 22	2511	95	152	439	337	41	22
22	Rajasthan	Ajmer	370	72	22	2	17	3	1
		Alwar	676	123	37	8	10	0	1
		Banswara	450	56	21	4	3	0	1
		Baran	259	30	14	6	22	0	1
		Barmer	720	89	23	3	14	1	1
		Bharatpur	394	64	17	1	11	0	1
		Bhilwara	533	77	25	3	7	0	1
		Bikaner	414	45	16	5	26	0	0
		Bundi	207	27	12	0	7	0	1
		Chittorgarh	381	54	21	3	0	1	1
		Churu	425	80	16	12	21	2	1
		Dausa	313	48	15	2	0	0	1
		Dholpur	227	36	7	3	0	1	1
		Dungarpur	349	53	15	2	4	1	1
		Ganganagar	414	52	17	2	10	0	1
		Hanumangarh	358	48	16	3	11	0	1
		Jaipur I	332	118	19	9	18	1	0
		Jaipur II	272	58	13	6	12	0	0
		Jaisalmer	156	20	8	2	10	0	1
		Jalore	404	62	10	3	10	0	1
		Jhalawar	315	35	14	8	13	0	0
		Jhunjhunu	585	104	26	7	11	0	1
		Jodhpur	651	95	25	2	18	0	0
		Karauli	276	36	11	2	4	1	1
		Kota	185	45	13	4	18	0	0
		Nagaur	795	117	31	9	9	3	1
		Pali	476	80	21	1	10	1	1
		Pratapgarh	202	28	8	0	4	0	1
		Rajsamand	257	33	12	3	13	1	1
		Sawai Madhopur	266	33	14	1	5	1	1
		Sikar	631	96	30	9	15	2	1
		Sirohi	221	30	9	2	4	0	1
		Tonk	290	58	9	0	9	0	1

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC-SCs	HWC-PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
		Udaipur	625	95	28	3	16	1	0
		Total Districts = 34	13429	2097	595	130	362	20	27
23	Sikkim	East	48	7	1	0	0	0	1
		West	42	7	0	14	2	0	1
		North	19	5	0	0	0	0	1
		South	39	6	1	14	3	0	1
		Total Districts = 4	148	25	2	28	5	0	4
24	Tamil Nadu	Ariyalur	103	8	6	14	25	3	1
		Chennai	700	143	15	0	0	3	0
		Coimbatore	444	37	12	67	40	12	1
		Cuddalore	336	36	13	19	22	9	1
		Dharmapuri	204	5	8	21	38	3	1
		Dindigul	301	25	14	37	34	12	1
		Erode	355	42	14	12	20	7	1
		Kancheepuram	404	29	13	41	35	9	1
		Kanyakumari	278	25	9	17	13	8	1
		Karur	172	7	8	18	22	6	1
		Krishnagiri	245	3	10	25	48	6	1
		Madurai	454	49	13	20	26	6	1
		Nagapattinam	242	31	11	34	16	11	1
		Namakkal	257	28	15	16	20	8	1
		Perambalur	74	1	4	21	24	3	1
		Pudukkottai	218	3	13	35	60	12	1
		Ramanathapuram	168	4	11	91	44	9	1
		Salem	486	16	20	12	71	11	1
		Sivaganga	274	14	12	21	26	16	1
		Thanjavur	336	50	14	16	13	13	1
		The Nilgiris	166	3	4	42	30	5	1
		Theni	172	2	8	12	31	5	1
		Thiruppur	316	12	13	24	42	9	1
		Thiruvallur	310	37	14	43	17	10	1
		Thiruvarur	191	28	10	16	12	7	1
		Thoothukudi	262	16	12	37	32	8	1
		Tiruchirappalli	382	53	14	16	17	9	1
		Tirunelveli	414	69	19	39	16	16	1
		Tiruvannamalai	395	59	18	35	22	9	1
		Vellore	508	55	20	56	44	12	1
		Villupuram	535	62	22	48	26	11	1
		Virudhunagar	209	3	11	80	44	10	1
		Total Districts = 32	9911	955	400	985	930	278	31
25	Telangana	Adilabad	126	0	2	0	27	0	0
		Bhadradi Kothagudem	266	0	4	1	34	2	0
		Hyderabad	0	0	10	53	91	3	1
		Jagtial	143	0	3	8	23	1	0
		Jangaon	102	0	0	10	17	1	0
		Jayashankar Bhupalapally	83	0	2	7	14	0	0
		Jogulamba Gadwal	91	0	1	0	13	1	0
		Kamareddy	170	0	6	0	23	2	0

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC-SCs	HWC-PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
		Karimnagar	139	0	3	0	26	0	1
		Khammam	216	0	3	10	30	0	1
		Komaram Bheem Asifabad	108	0	2	0	22	0	0
		Mahabubabad	171	0	2	2	21	1	0
		Mahabubnagar	102	0	2	28	17	0	0
		Mancherial	121	0	3	0	21	1	0
		Medak	156	0	2	0	18	2	0
		Medchal Malkajgiri	103	0	2	24	34	0	0
		Mulugu	89	0	2	0	15	1	0
		Nagarkurnool	178	0	4	0	27	1	0
		Nalgonda	257	0	1	0	39	3	1
		Narayanpet	87	0	2	0	16	1	0
		Nirmal	102	0	2	0	20	2	0
		Nizamabad	225	0	8	0	37	1	0
		Peddapalli	104	0	3	0	24	1	0
		Rajanna Sircilla	84	0	0	5	17	1	0
		Rangareddy	232	0	7	20	56	2	0
		Sangareddy	245	0	2	0	36	4	1
		Siddipet	188	0	3	5	34	2	0
		Suryapet	170	0	2	1	27	2	0
		Vikarabad	154	0	4	0	25	0	1
		Wanaparthy	102	0	2	0	15	1	0
		Warangal Rural	134	0	3	9	17	0	0
		Warangal Urban	81	0	0	0	28	0	0
		Yadadri Bhongir	129	0	3	0	21	1	0
		Total Districts = 33	4658	0	95	183	885	37	6
26	Tripura	Gomati District	147	12	3	0	0	2	1
		Khowai District	104	9	1	0	0	1	1
		North District	95	14	3	0	0	1	1
		Sepahijala District	146	15	4	0	0	2	0
		South District	110	7	5	40	11	2	1
		West Tripura	173	13	3	0	5	0	1
		Unakoti District	70	6	1	0	5	1	1
		Dhalai	121	6	2	0	10	3	1
		Total Districts = 8	966	82	22	40	31	12	7
27	Uttarakhand	Almora	206	25	8	0	0	2	2
		Bageshwar	84	13	3	0	0	0	1
		Chamoli	110	16	6	0	0	0	1
		Champawat	68	8	1	0	0	1	1
		Dehradun	157	21	7	18	2	4	0
		Haridwar	160	26	7	0	3	2	2
		Nainital	128	12	8	15	3	4	2
		Pauri Garhwal	228	26	5	10	3	3	2
		Pithoragarh	156	18	4	0	0	0	2
		Tehri Garhwal	68	29	5	0	0	1	1
		Rudraprayag	204	16	2	0	0	0	1
		U S NAGAR	153	23	7	0	3	1	1
		Uttarkashi	82	10	4	0	0	0	2
		Total Districts = 13	1804	243	67	43	14	18	18

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC-SCs	HWC-PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
28	Uttar Pradesh	Agra	377	42	16	18	33	0	2
		Aligarh	333	45	13	0	8	0	3
		Allahabad (Prayagpur)	539	58	19	23	26	0	6
		Ambedkar Nagar	272	15	10	0	13	0	1
		Auraiya	148	17	7	17	9	0	2
		Azamgarh	477	56	19	16	21	0	2
		Bagpat	200	6	7	0	18	0	1
		Bahraich	287	37	10	23	24	0	2
		Ballia	367	71	9	0	10	0	2
		Balrampur	194	7	9	21	18	0	3
		Banda	277	38	4	0	14	0	2
		Barabanki	338	25	17	14	30	0	2
		Bareilly	397	52	6	26	29	0	2
		Basti	267	32	11	6	5	0	3
		Bijnor	331	48	7	12	16	0	2
		Budaun	291	40	8	0	17	0	2
		Bulandshahar	344	41	10	0	30	0	4
		C S M Nagar (Amethi)	213	19	13	0	12	0	0
		Chandauli	232	21	4	16	9	0	4
		Chitrakoot	111	14	6	23	14	0	1
		Deoria	320	66	16	0	11	0	2
		Etah	186	24	4	5	10	0	2
		Etawah	165	14	8	4	19	0	2
		Faizabad (Ayodhya)	255	33	5	0	7	0	3
		Farrukhabad	165	13	8	27	18	0	3
		Fatehpur	302	35	7	19	13	0	2
		Firozabad	216	43	9	4	22	0	3
		Gautam Buddha Nagar	110	12	5	18	25	0	1
		Ghaziabad	130	21	4	16	45	0	3
		Ghazipur	418	43	6	0	20	0	2
		Gonda	320	39	16	2	13	0	2
		Gorakhpur	513	57	9	16	34	0	2
		Hamirpur	214	34	4	0	6	0	2
		Hapur	176	7	4	0	19	0	0
		Hardoi	421	45	7	12	17	0	2
		Hathras	194	10	7	0	17	0	2
		Jalaun	263	33	7	23	8	0	2
		Jaunpur	503	73	16	4	10	0	2
		Jhansi	311	25	8	27	24	0	2
		J P Nagar (Amroha)	175	15	8	0	16	0	1
		Kannauj	191	14	11	0	19	0	2
		Kanpur Dehat	240	11	6	0	20	0	1
		Kanpur Nagar	369	23	10	21	67	0	4
		Kashi Ram Nagar	169	24	7	1	7	0	1
		Kaushambi	175	24	5	0	12	0	1
		Kushinagar	352	37	16	16	20	0	1
		Lakhimpur Kheri	367	46	14	19	14	0	2
		Lalitpur	175	21	4	22	6	0	2
		Lucknow	291	18	17	15	62	0	10
		Maharajganj	291	27	12	0	13	0	1
		Mahoba	146	2	4	4	15	0	2
		Mainpuri	206	37	10	0	9	0	2
		Mathura	205	20	7	0	17	0	3
		Maunathbhanjan	225	21	6	0	22	0	2
		Meerut	252	14	12	28	43	0	2
		Mirzapur	245	22	16	18	16	0	2
		Moradabad	249	31	3	18	29	0	2

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC-SCs	HWC-PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
		Muzaffarnagar	260	28	4	26	21	0	2
		Pilibhit	199	23	6	0	5	0	2
		Pratapgarh	355	36	12	0	18	0	2
		Rae Bareli	333	36	17	19	15	0	2
		Rampur	211	15	5	0	20	0	2
		Saharanpur	363	43	12	0	17	0	2
		Sambhal	214	27	9	0	4	0	1
		Sant Kabir Nagar	185	22	4	0	1	0	1
		Sant Ravidas Nagar	161	8	5	0	9	0	2
		Shahjahanpur	296	37	16	2	10	0	2
		Shamli	133	6	7	2	18	0	0
		Shrawasti	92	4	6	33	8	0	1
		Siddharth Nagar	261	55	8	17	10	0	1
		Sitapur	447	65	18	24	2	0	2
		Sonbhadra	173	26	7	0	5	0	1
		Sultanpur	238	19	13	7	23	0	2
		Unnav	337	39	7	20	15	0	2
		Varanasi	298	20	12	22	31	0	4
		Total Districts = 75	20056	2227	691	726	1333	0	157
29	West Bengal	Alipurduar	209	5	7	27	9	2	1
		Bankura	564	73	22	0	0	5	1
		Paschim Bardhaman	159	38	15	14	22	2	1
		Purba Bardhaman	574	18	24	18	64	3	0
		Birbhum	441	11	19	43	51	4	2
		Dakshin Dinajpur	248	22	9	0	0	3	1
		Darjiling	230	28	14	0	0	1	3
		Kalimpong		7	0	0	0		
		Haora	419	36	16	29	38	8	1
		Hugli	660	91	22	0	0	6	1
		Jalpaiguri	286	2	8	15	25	3	1
		Koch Bihar	406	31	12	0	0	4	1
		Malda	511	40	17	0	0	2	0
		Murshidabad	832	81	28	0	0	7	0
		Nadia	469	64	18	0	0	5	1
		North 24-Parganas	742	149	35	0	0	12	2
		Paschim Medinipur	628	27	22	11	40	5	0
		Purba Medinipur	701	40	24	5	19	7	2
		Jhargram	219	26	8	0	0	3	1
		Puruliya	485	55	20	0	0	3	1
		South 24-Parganas	1068	76	33	0	0	12	2
		Uttar Dinajpur	344	24	10	0	0	4	1
		Kolkata	0	144	4	0	0	0	0
		Total Districts = 23	10195	1088	387	162	268	101	23
30	A& N Islands	South Andman	29	10	1	10	2	0	1
		North & Middle Andman	34	8	2	10	0	0	1
		Nicobar	33	4	1	8	0	0	1
		Total Districts = 3	96	22	4	28	2	0	3
31	Chandigarh	Chandigarh	4	36	2	0	10	1	1

S No.	States/Union Territory	Name of the District	(As on 31st March, 2019)						
			Number of functional						
			Sub Centres	PHCs	CHCs	HWC-SCs	HWC-PHCs	Sub Divisional Hospital	District Hospital
32	D & N Haveli	Uni District UT	47	8	2	24	3	1	1
33	Daman & Diu	Daman	6	0	1	14	3	0	1
		Diu	0	0	1	6	1	0	1
		Total Districts = 2	6	0	2	20	4	0	2
34	Delhi	Central	14	69	0	0	0	3	9
		East	15	34	0	0	0	0	2
		New Delhi	6	73	0	0	0	3	7
		North	8	40	0	0	0	0	3
		North East	12	28	0	0	0	0	1
		North West	29	65	0	0	0	1	5
		Shahdara	25	33	0	0	0	1	6
		South	13	34	0	0	0	0	2
		South East	12	49	0	0	0	0	2
		South West	36	42	0	0	0	1	3
		West	34	73	0	0	0	0	7
		Total Districts = 11	204	540	0	0	0	9	47
35	Lakshadweep	Lakshadweep	14	4	3	0	0	2	1
36	Puducherry	Puducherry	55	10	2	1	17	3	2
		Karaikal	17	0	1	0	11	2	1
		Mahe	4	1	1	0	0	1	1
		Yanam	4	0	0	0	0	0	1
		Total Districts = 4	80	11	4	1	28	6	5
All India/ Total			152794	20069	5685	7919	9976	1234	756

Note:

SCs, PHCs numbers excludes the number of HWCs in rural and urban areas .

SECTION III.

DEMOGRAPHIC INDICATORS

Table 1.

STATE/UT-WISE AREA, DISTRICTS AND VILLAGES IN INDIA								
S. No.	State/UT	Area [Sq. Km.]					Number of Districts	Number of Villages
		Tribal**	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural %		
1	Andhra Pradesh*	14132	158856.00	4119.00	162975.00	97.47	13	17039
2	Arunachal Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	83743.00	NA	22	5589
3	Assam	18549.42	31602.79	2288.03	45294.26	69.77	27	26395
4	Bihar	NA	92257.51	1095.49	94163.00	97.98	38	44874
5	Chhattisgarh	82315.23	131940.34	3251.66	135192.00	97.59	27	20126
6	Goa	163	1324.00	2215.00	3702.00	35.76	2	334
7	Gujarat	35284.32	190796.50	5227.50	196024.00	97.33	33	18225
8	Haryana	NA	42235.92	1976.08	44212.00	95.53	22	6841
9	Himachal Pradesh	23695.00	55402.18	271.00	55673.00	99.51	12	20690
10	Jammu & Kashmir	NA	220990.10	1245.90	222236.00	99.44	22	6551
11	Jharkhand	40795.16	77467.12	2248.88	79714.00	97.18	24	32394
12	Karnataka	20662.00	186037.00	5754.00	191791.00	97.00	30	29340
13	Kerala	NA	35611.14	3251.86	38863.00	91.63	14	1018
14	Madhya Pradesh	93000.00	301283.24	6961.76	308245.00	97.74	51	54903
15	Maharashtra	50757.00	247862.45	9093.55	307713.00	80.55	35	43663
16	Manipur	NA	22147.50	179.50	22327.00	99.20	16	2588
17	Meghalaya	NA	22146.11	282.89	22429.00	98.74	11	6839
18	Mizoram	21081.00	21081.00	0.00	21081.00	100.00	9	830
19	Nagaland	NA	16335.52	243.48	16579.00	98.53	11	1428
20	Odisha	4785.36	152355.34	3351.66	155707.00	97.85	30	51313
21	Punjab	NA	48262.00	2097.00	50362.00	4.16	22	12581
22	Rajasthan	19770.15	335606.04	6632.96	342239.00	98.06	34	44672
23	Sikkim	4520.00	5677.00	1419.00	7096.00	80.00	4	452
24	Tamil Nadu	2538.00	113890.00	13630.00	130058.00	87.57	32	15979
25	Telangana*	16156.00	94949.00	3735.00	114840.00	82.68	33	10761
26	Tripura	7132.56	10094.12	391.88	10486.00	96.26	8	875
27	Uttarakhand	NA	52581.00	902.00	53483.00	98.31	13	16793
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	233365.71	7562.29	240928.00	96.86	75	106704
29	West Bengal	32911.31	83626.43	5125.57	88752.00	94.22	23	40203
30	A & N Islands	1841	643.28	16.64	8249.00	7.80	3	555
31	Chandigarh	NA	0.00	114.00	114.00	0.00	1	5
32	D & N Haveli	306	315.00	176.00	491.00	64.15	1	65
33	Daman & Diu	NA	62.48	48.52	111.00	56.29	2	19
34	Delhi	NA	369.35	1113.65	1483.00	24.91	11	112
35	Lakshadweep	0	8.05	21.95	30.00	26.83	1	21
36	Puducherry	0	216.74	77.26	294.00	73.72	4	90
	All India	490394.51	2987397.96	96120.96	3256679.26	91.73	716	640867

Note: The figures for area collected from the States/UTs. The figures of the number of districts collected from the States/UTs and figures of villages are as per Population Census 2011, Office of RGI, India

NA: Not Available.

* Data collected from the States after bifurcation

** Tribal area is a part of total area (Data collected from the states)

Table 2.

STATE/UT-WISE RURAL AND URBAN POPULATION AS PER 2011 CENSUS AND 2019 ESTIMATION MID-YEAR POPULATION									
S. No	State/UT	Population 2011 Census				Estimated mid-year Population 2019 (as on 1st July 2019)			
		Rural	Urban	Total	Rural %	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural %
1	Andhra Pradesh**	34776389	14610410	49386799	70.4	34380000	17935000	52315000	65.7
2	Arunachal Pradesh	1066358	317369	1383727	77.1	1133000	374000	1507000	75.2
3	Assam	26807034	4398542	31205576	85.9	29208000	5202000	34410000	84.9
4	Bihar	92341436	11758016	104099452	88.7	105717000	14397000	120114000	88.0
5	Chhattisgarh	19607961	5937237	25545198	76.8	21366000	7486000	28852000	74.1
6	Goa	551731	906814	1458545	37.8	435000	1108000	1543000	28.2
7	Gujarat	34694609	25745083	60439692	57.4	36235000	32010000	68245000	53.1
8	Haryana	16509359	8842103	25351462	65.1	17304000	11503000	28807000	60.1
9	Himachal Pradesh	6176050	688552	6864602	90.0	6567000	748000	7315000	89.8
10	Jammu & Kashmir	9108060	3433242	12541302	72.6	9530000	4001000	13531000	70.4
11	Jharkhand	25055073	7933061	32988134	76.0	27982000	9599000	37581000	74.5
12	Karnataka	37469335	23625962	61095297	61.3	37833000	28140000	65973000	57.3
13	Kerala	17471135	15934926	33406061	52.3	11511000	23675000	35186000	32.7
14	Madhya Pradesh	52557404	20069405	72626809	72.4	58995000	23618000	82613000	71.4
15	Maharashtra	61556074	50818259	112374333	54.8	64293000	58240000	122533000	52.5
16	Manipur	2021640	834154	2855794	70.8	2132000	979000	3111000	68.5
17	Meghalaya	2371439	595450	2966889	79.9	2569000	663000	3232000	79.5
18	Mizoram	525435	571771	1097206	47.9	547000	648000	1195000	45.8
19	Nagaland	1407536	570966	1978502	71.1	1281000	874000	2155000	59.4
20	Odisha	34970562	7003656	41974218	83.3	35776000	7956000	43732000	81.8
21	Punjab	17344192	10399146	27743338	62.5	17814000	12125000	29939000	59.5
22	Rajasthan	51500352	17048085	68548437	75.1	57353000	20248000	77601000	73.9
23	Sikkim	456999	153578	610577	74.8	389000	276000	665000	58.5
24	Tamil Nadu	37229590	34917440	72147030	51.6	36348000	39465000	75813000	47.9
25	Telangana**	21585313	13608665	35193978	61.3	20535000	16748000	37283000	55.1
26	Tripura	2712464	961453	3673917	73.8	2595000	1407000	4002000	64.8
27	Uttarakhand	7036954	3049338	10086292	69.8	7362000	3822000	11184000	65.8
28	Uttar Pradesh	155317278	44495063	199812341	77.7	172867000	53100000	225967000	76.5
29	West Bengal	62183113	29093002	91276115	68.1	62862000	34247000	97109000	64.7
30	A & N Islands	237093	143488	380581	62.3	230000	168000	398000	57.8
31	Chandigarh	28991	1026459	1055450	2.7	6000	1178000	1184000	0.5
32	D & N Haveli	183114	160595	343709	53.3	197000	359000	556000	35.4
33	Daman & Diu	60396	182851	243247	24.8	34000	389000	423000	8.0
34	Delhi	419042	16368899	16787941	2.5	172000	19768000	19940000	0.9
35	Lakshadweep	14141	50332	64473	21.9	4000	64000	68000	5.9
36	Puducherry	395200	852753	1247953	31.7	459000	1056000	1515000	30.3
	All India	833748852	377106125	1210854977	68.9	884021000	453576000	1337597000	66.1

* Updated population of Manipur as per the order (9/25/2013-CD(Cen.) dtd 07-01-2014) of RGI

Source: Population Census of India, Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India.

** Data collected from the States

Table 2 A.

STATE/UT-WISE POPULATION, DECADAL POPULATION GROWTH RATE & POPULATION DENSITY- 2011				
S.No.	India / State/ Union Territory	Population 2011	Decadal Population Growth Rate	Population Density (per sq.km)
			2001-2011	2011
	INDIA	1210854977	17.7	368
1	Andhra Pradesh**	49386799	9.0	308
2	Arunachal Pradesh	1383727	26.0	17
3	Assam	31205576	17.1	398
4	Bihar	104099452	25.4	1106
5	Chhattisgarh	25545198	22.6	189
6	Goa	1458545	8.2	394
7	Gujarat	60439692	19.3	308
8	Haryana	25351462	19.9	573
9	Himachal Pradesh	6864602	12.9	123
10	Jammu & Kashmir	12541302	23.6	56
11	Jharkhand	32988134	22.4	414
12	Karnataka	61095297	15.6	319
13	Kerala	33406061	4.9	860
14	Madhya Pradesh	72626809	20.3	236
15	Maharashtra	112374333	16.0	365
16	Manipur*	2855794	31.8	128
17	Meghalaya	2966889	27.9	132
18	Mizoram	1097206	23.5	52
19	Nagaland	1978502	-0.6	119
20	Odisha	41974218	14.0	270
21	Punjab	27743338	13.9	551
22	Rajasthan	68548437	21.3	200
23	Sikkim	610577	12.9	86
24	Tamil Nadu	72147030	15.6	555
25	Telangana**	35193978	13.6	306
26	Tripura	3673917	14.8	350
27	Uttarakhand	10086292	18.8	189
28	Uttar Pradesh	199812341	20.2	829
29	West Bengal	91276115	13.8	1028
30	Andaman & Nicobar Island	380581	6.9	46
31	Chandigarh	1055450	17.2	9258
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	343709	55.9	700
33	Daman & Diu	243247	53.8	2191
34	Delhi	16787941	21.2	11320
35	Lakshadweep	64473	6.3	2149
36	Puducherry	1247953	28.1	2547

* Updated population of Manipur as per the order (9/25/2013-CD(Cen.) dtd 07-01-2014) of RGI

Source: Population Census of India, 2011; Office of Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India

** Data collected from the States

Table 3.

STATE/UT-WISE DECENNIAL GROWTH RATE AND POPULATION DENSITY							
S. No.	State/UT	Decennial Growth Rate [%]			Population Density		
		2001-2011			[2019] Persons/Sq. Km.		
		Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total
1	Andhra Pradesh	1.73	35.61	10.98	216	4354	321
2	Arunachal Pradesh	6.25	17.84	8.91	NA	NA	18
3	Assam	8.96	18.27	10.27	924	2274	760
4	Bihar	14.48	22.44	15.38	1146	13142	1276
5	Chhattisgarh	8.97	26.09	12.94	162	2302	213
6	Goa	-21.16	22.19	5.79	329	500	417
7	Gujarat	4.44	24.33	12.91	190	6123	348
8	Haryana	4.81	30.09	13.63	410	5821	652
9	Himachal Pradesh	6.33	8.63	6.56	119	2760	131
10	Jammu & Kashmir	4.63	16.54	7.89	43	3211	61
11	Jharkhand	11.68	21.00	13.92	361	4268	471
12	Karnataka	0.97	19.11	7.98	203	4891	344
13	Kerala	-34.11	48.57	5.33	323	7280	905
14	Madhya Pradesh	12.25	17.68	13.75	196	3393	268
15	Maharashtra	4.45	14.60	9.04	259	6405	398
16	Manipur	5.46	17.36	8.94	96	5454	139
17	Meghalaya	8.33	11.34	8.94	116	2344	144
18	Mizoram	4.10	13.33	8.91	26	NA	57
19	Nagaland	-8.99	53.07	8.92	78	3590	130
20	Odisha	2.30	13.60	4.19	235	2374	281
21	Punjab	2.71	16.60	7.91	8495	251	594
22	Rajasthan	11.36	18.77	13.21	171	3053	227
23	Sikkim	-14.88	79.71	8.91	69	195	94
24	Tamil Nadu	-2.37	13.02	5.08	319	2895	583
25	Telangana	Telangana State came in to being during 2014-15		13.6	216	4484	325
26	Tripura	-4.33	46.34	8.93	257	3590	382
27	Uttarakhand	4.62	25.34	10.88	140	4237	209
28	Uttar Pradesh	11.30	19.34	13.09	741	7022	938
29	West Bengal	1.09	17.72	6.39	752	6682	1094
30	A& N Islands	-2.99	17.08	4.58	358	10096	48
31	Chandigarh	-79.30	14.76	12.18	NA	10333	10386
32	D & N Haveli	7.58	123.54	61.76	625	2040	1132
33	Daman & Diu	-43.70	112.74	73.90	544	8017	3811
34	Delhi	-58.95	20.77	18.78	466	17751	13446
35	Lakshadweep	-71.71	27.16	5.47	497	2916	2267
36	Puducherry	16.14	23.83	21.40	2118	13668	5153
All India		6.03	20.28	10.47	296	4719	411

Notes:

NA: Not Available.

Source: Population Census of India, Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India.

Table 4.

STATE WISE ESTIMATES OF BIRTH RATES AND DEATH RATES - 2016							
S. No.	State/UT	Crude Birth Rate			Crude Death Rate		
		Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	Andhra Pradesh	16.4	16.7	15.8	6.8	7.7	4.9
2	Arunachal Pradesh	18.9	19.5	16.1	6.2	6.5	4.5
3	Assam	21.7	22.8	15.0	6.7	7.1	4.9
4	Bihar	26.8	27.7	21.1	6.0	6.1	5.5
5	Chhattisgarh	22.8	24.1	18.3	7.4	7.8	6.2
6	Goa	12.9	12.1	13.5	6.7	7.6	6.1
7	Gujarat	20.1	22.0	17.7	6.1	6.5	5.5
8	Haryana	20.7	22.0	18.3	5.9	6.3	5.1
9	Himachal Pradesh	16.0	16.5	10.5	6.8	7.0	4.3
10	Jammu & Kashmir	15.7	17.4	11.9	5.0	5.2	4.4
11	Jharkhand	22.9	24.5	18.4	5.5	5.8	4.7
12	Karnataka	17.6	18.5	16.2	6.7	7.9	4.9
13	Kerala	14.3	14.3	14.4	7.6	7.3	7.8
14	Madhya Pradesh	25.1	27.1	19.5	7.1	7.6	5.7
15	Maharashtra	15.9	16.3	15.5	5.9	6.9	4.6
16	Manipur	12.9	13.2	12.4	4.5	4.4	4.8
17	Meghalaya	23.7	25.9	14.0	6.6	7.0	5.0
18	Mizoram	15.5	18.2	12.6	4.2	4.4	4.1
19	Nagaland	14.0	14.4	13.3	4.5	5.6	2.8
20	Odisha	18.6	19.6	13.7	7.8	8.1	6.1
21	Punjab	14.9	15.6	14.1	6.0	6.6	5.1
22	Rajasthan	24.3	25.2	21.1	6.1	6.4	5.2
23	Sikkim	16.6	15.5	18.5	4.7	5.5	3.4
24	Tamil Nadu	15.0	15.1	15.0	6.4	7.1	5.7
25	Telangana	17.5	17.8	17.0	6.1	7.1	4.6
26	Tripura	13.7	14.6	11.3	5.5	5.2	6.1
27	Uttarakhand	16.6	16.8	16.0	6.7	7.0	5.9
28	Uttar Pradesh	26.2	27.3	22.8	6.9	7.3	5.5
29	West Bengal	15.4	16.9	11.8	5.8	5.7	6.1
30	A& N Islands	11.7	12.5	1.6	5.2	5.7	4.6
31	Chandigarh	13.9	19.2	13.8	4.5	1.6	4.6
32	D & N Haveli	24.5	20.4	27.7	4.0	5.0	3.2
33	Daman & Diu	24.0	16.7	25.8	4.6	6.1	4.2
34	Delhi	15.5	17.0	15.5	4.0	4.5	4.0
35	Lakshadweep	18.9	24.0	17.6	6.0	7.9	5.5
36	Puducherry	13.9	13.6	14.0	7.2	7.8	6.9
	All India	20.4	22.1	17.0	6.4	6.9	5.4

Source: SRS Bulletin September 2017, Sample Registration System, Office of Registrar General, India.

Table 5.

STATE WISE INFANT MORTALITY RATES - 2016				
S. No.	State/UT	Infant Mortality Rate [IMR]		
		Total	Rural	Urban
1	Andhra Pradesh	34	38	24
2	Arunachal Pradesh	36	38	23
3	Assam	44	46	22
4	Bihar	38	39	29
5	Chhattisgarh	39	41	31
6	Goa	8	10	7
7	Gujarat	30	38	19
8	Haryana	33	35	27
9	Himachal Pradesh	25	25	19
10	Jammu & Kashmir	24	25	23
11	Jharkhand	29	31	21
12	Karnataka	24	27	19
13	Kerala	10	10	10
14	Madhya Pradesh	47	50	33
15	Maharashtra	19	24	13
16	Manipur	11	12	10
17	Meghalaya	39	40	26
18	Mizoram	27	35	14
19	Nagaland	12	11	14
20	Odisha	44	46	34
21	Punjab	21	23	18
22	Rajasthan	41	45	30
23	Sikkim	16	18	13
24	Tamil Nadu	17	20	14
25	Telangana	31	35	24
26	Tripura	24	21	32
27	Uttarakhand	38	41	29
28	Uttar Pradesh	43	46	34
29	West Bengal	25	25	22
30	A& N Islands	16	12	22
31	Chandigarh	14	6	14
32	D & N Haveli	17	24	12
33	Daman & Diu	19	18	19
34	Delhi	18	24	17
35	Lakshadweep	19	16	20
36	Puducherry	10	16	8
	All India	34	38	23

Source: SRS Bulletin September 2017 Sample Registration System, Office of Registrar General, India.

SECTION IV.

HEALTHCARE INFRASTRUCTURE AND BUILDING POSITION IN RURAL AREAS

Table 6.

NUMBER OF SUB-CENTRES, PHCs, CHCs & HWC FUNCTIONING IN RURAL & URBAN AREAS											
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March 2019)									
		Sub centre		PHCs		HWC-SC		HWC-PHC		CHCs	
		Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban
1	Andhra Pradesh	6825	21	0	121	612	0	1145	243	140	55
2	Arunachal Pradesh	307	0	101	4	78	0	42	0	63	0
3	Assam	4015	19	698	6	628	0	248	49	177	2
4	Bihar	9865	0	1480	0	84	0	419	95	150	0
5	Chhattisgarh	4555	364	657	30	650	0	135	15	170	4
6	Goa	219	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	5	0
7	Gujarat	8353	0	704	247	813	0	772	71	362	14
8	Haryana	2440	32	193	25	164	0	186	72	115	13
9	Himachal Pradesh	2089	8	566	20	0	0	20	0	87	7
10	Jammu & Kashmir	2900	0	526	34	125	0	96	15	84	0
11	Jharkhand	3644	0	203	7	204	0	95	50	171	6
12	Karnataka	9187	251	1995	364	571	0	132	71	198	9
13	Kerala	5380	0	678	83	0	0	170	0	227	2
14	Madhya Pradesh	10226	0	1039	107	0	0	160	29	309	21
15	Maharashtra	9729	0	1349	538	939	0	479	0	364	37
16	Manipur	429	0	85	9	61	0	5	0	23	0
17	Meghalaya	445	0	110	0	32	0	8	0	28	0
18	Mizoram	370	0	57	8	0	0	2	2	9	0
19	Nagaland	377	20	124	2	56	0	2	3	21	0
20	Odisha	6595	0	461	5	93	0	827	82	377	7
21	Punjab	2511	0	79	16	439	0	337	0	89	63
22	Rajasthan	13382	47	1777	320	130	0	305	57	571	24
23	Sikkim	148	0	24	1	28	0	5	0	2	0
24	Tamil Nadu	7728	2183	706	249	985	0	716	214	385	15
25	Telangana	4658	0	0	0	86	97	636	249	85	10
26	Tripura	932	34	82	0	40	0	26	5	18	4
27	Uttarakhand	1804	0	243	0	43	0	14	0	67	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	20056	0	1990	237	726	0	946	387	679	12
29	West Bengal	10195	0	640	448	162	0	268	0	348	39
30	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	96	0	22	0	28	0	0	2	4	0
31	Chandigarh	0	4	0	36	0	0	0	10	0	2
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	47	0	6	2	24	0	3	0	2	0
33	Daman & Diu	4	2	0	0	19	1	4	0	0	2
34	Delhi	12	192	5	535	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	14	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
36	Puducherry	53	27	9	2	1	0	15	13	2	2
	All India	149590	3204	16613	3456	7821	98	8242	1734	5335	350

Note:

States/ Uts wise total number of Sub Centres (SCs) and Primary Health Centres (PHCs) figures exclude the number of Health and Wellness Centres- SCs and PHCs both in Rural and Urban areas.

Andhra Pradesh, Goa, Telangana and Daman & Diu have converted all the PHCs(rural) into HWC-PHCs.

Table 7.

NUMBER OF SUB DIVISIONAL HOSPITAL, DISTRICT HOSPITAL, MOBILE MEDICAL UNITS & MEDICAL COLLEGES FUNCTIONING					
S. No.	State/UT	As on 31st March 2019			
		Sub Divisional Hospital (SDH)	District Hospital (DH)	Mobile Medical Units (MMU)	Medical Colleges
1	Andhra Pradesh	28	14	52	11
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	17	16	1
3	Assam	14	25	145	6
4	Bihar	55	36	0	9
5	Chhattisgarh	20	26	30	6
6	Goa	2	2	0	1
7	Gujarat	36	22	30	29
8	Haryana	21	22	12	7
9	Himachal Pradesh	78	12	0	6
10	Jammu & Kashmir	0	23	11	3
11	Jharkhand	13	23	92	3
12	Karnataka	146	15	22	16
13	Kerala	84	18	38	8
14	Madhya Pradesh	84	51	150	10
15	Maharashtra	91	23	40	17
16	Manipur	1	8	9	2
17	Meghalaya	0	11	4	1
18	Mizoram	2	9	9	1
19	Nagaland	0	11	11	0
20	Odisha	33	32	177	5
21	Punjab	41	22	33	3
22	Rajasthan	20	27	58	14
23	Sikkim	0	4	4	0
24	Tamil Nadu	278	31	416	24
25	Telangana	37	6	0	7
26	Tripura	12	7	1	1
27	Uttarakhand	18	18	0	3
28	Uttar Pradesh	0	157	0	18
29	West Bengal	101	24	45	13
30	A & N Islands	0	3	0	1
31	Chandigarh	1	1	0	1
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	1	4	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	2	1	0
34	Delhi	9	47	1	11
35	Lakshadweep	2	1	0	0
36	Puducherry	6	5	4	2
	All India/ Total	1234	756	1415	240

Note:

NA Not Applicable

Table 8.

SHORTFALL IN HEALTH FACILITIES AS PER ESTIMATION OF MID YEAR POPULATION (as on 1st July 2019) IN INDIA IN RURAL AREAS															
S.No.	State/ UT	Estimated mid-year population for Rural areas	Estimated mid-year Tribal population in Rural areas	Sub Centres and HWC-SCs				PHCs and HWC-PHCs				CHCs			
				Required	In Position	Shortfall	%	Required	In Position	Shortfall	%	Required	In Position	Shortfall	%
				R	P	S	Shorfall	R	P	S	Shorfall	R	P	S	Shorfall
1	Andhra Pradesh	34380000	2266965	7178	7437	*	*	1183	1145	38	3	295	140	155	53
2	Arunachal Pradesh	1133000	839207	338	385	*	*	51	143	*	*	12	63	*	*
3	Assam	29208000	3993696	6374	4643	1731	27	1040	946	94	9	260	177	83	32
4	Bihar	105717000	1454932	21337	9949	11388	53	3548	1899	1649	46	887	150	737	83
5	Chhattisgarh	21366000	7879417	5323	5205	118	2	843	792	51	6	210	170	40	19
6	Goa	435000	69097	96	219	*	*	15	24	*	*	3	5	*	*
7	Gujarat	36235000	6065876	8055	9166	*	*	1308	1476	*	*	327	362	*	*
8	Haryana	17304000	0	3460	2604	856	25	576	379	197	34	144	115	29	20
9	Himachal Pradesh	6567000	398091	1366	2089	*	*	225	586	*	*	56	87	*	*
10	Jammu & Kashmir	9530000	1472006	2102	3025	*	*	342	622	*	*	85	84	1	1
11	Jharkhand	27982000	8787305	6768	3848	2920	43	1079	298	781	72	269	171	98	36
12	Karnataka	37833000	3463079	8028	9758	*	*	1318	2127	*	*	329	198	131	40
13	Kerala	11511000	285346	2340	5380	*	*	388	848	*	*	97	227	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	58995000	16025605	13935	10226	3709	27	2233	1199	1034	46	558	309	249	45
15	Maharashtra	64293000	9406508	14112	10668	3444	24	2299	1828	471	20	574	364	210	37
16	Manipur	2132000	834313	537	490	47	9	84	90	*	*	21	23	*	*
17	Meghalaya	2569000	2314912	822	477	345	42	124	118	6	5	31	28	3	10
18	Mizoram	547000	528295	179	370	*	*	27	59	*	*	6	9	*	*
19	Nagaland	1281000	1189355	414	433	*	*	62	126	*	*	15	21	*	*
20	Odisha	35776000	9202138	8382	6688	1694	20	1345	1288	57	4	336	377	*	*
21	Punjab	17814000	0	3562	2950	612	17	593	416	177	30	148	89	59	40
22	Rajasthan	57353000	9681034	12761	13512	*	*	2073	2082	*	*	518	571	*	*
23	Sikkim	389000	142276	96	176	*	*	15	29	*	*	3	2	1	33
24	Tamil Nadu	36348000	644645	7355	8713	*	*	1222	1422	*	*	305	385	*	*
25	Telangana	20535000	2796018	4479	4744	*	*	731	636	95	13	182	85	97	53
26	Tripura	2595000	1069169	661	972	*	*	104	108	*	*	26	18	8	31
27	Uttarakhand	7362000	277051	1509	1847	*	*	250	257	*	*	62	67	*	*
28	Uttar Pradesh	172867000	1147580	34726	20782	13944	40	5781	2936	2845	49	1445	679	766	53
29	West Bengal	62862000	4908121	13226	10357	2869	22	2177	908	1269	58	544	348	196	36
30	A & N Islands	230000	25916	49	124	*	*	8	22	*	*	2	4	*	*
31	Chandigarh	6000	0	1	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli	197000	162390	61	71	*	*	9	9	0	0	2	2	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	34000	4288	7	23	*	*	1	4	*	*	0	0	N App	N App
34	Delhi	172000	0	34	12	22	65	5	5	0	0	1	0	1	100
35	Lakshadweep	4000	3808	1	14	*	*	0	4	*	*	0	3	*	*
36	Puducherry	459000	0	91	54	37	41	15	24	*	*	3	2	1	33
	All India/ Total	874021000	97338441	189765	157411	43736	23	31074	24855	8764	28	7756	5335	2865	37

Notes: The requirement is calculated using the prescribed norms on the basis of rural population estimation for mid year for the year 2019. All India shortfall is derived by adding state-wise figures of shortfall ignoring the existing surplus in some of the states.(Mid year Tribal population for the year 2019 calculated based on the percentages of Tribal population in the Rural areas in Census 2011)

R: Required; P: In Position; S: Shortfall; *: Surplus

N App- Not Applicable

Table 9.

BUILDING POSITION OF SUB CENTRES in Rural Areas							
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)					
		Total Number of Sub Centres & HWC-SCs functioning	Sub-Centres & HWC-SCs functioning in			Buildings Under Construction	Buildings required ¹ to be constructed
			Govt. Buildings	Rented Buildings	Rent Free Panchayat / Vol. Society Buildings		
1	Andhra Pradesh	7437	1769	5668	0	4	5664
2	Arunachal Pradesh	385	385	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	4643	4049	466	128	0	594
4	Bihar	9949	5643	3277	1029	45	4261
5	Chhattisgarh	5205	4202	56	947	244	759
6	Goa	219	46	173	0	0	173
7	Gujarat	9166	8515	272	379	2688	*
8	Haryana	2604	1669	275	660	9	926
9	Himachal Pradesh	2089	1588	25	476	0	501
10	Jammu & Kashmir	3025	956	2069	0	49	2020
11	Jharkhand	3848	2277	698	873	1470	101
12	Karnataka	9758	7908	1243	607	132	1718
13	Kerala	5380	4260	320	800	0	1120
14	Madhya Pradesh	10226	7505	1157	1564	499	2222
15	Maharashtra	10668	9863	347	458	77	728
16	Manipur	490	459	31	0	18	13
17	Meghalaya	477	468	2	7	0	9
18	Mizoram	370	370	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	433	316	1	116	59	58
20	Odisha	6688	4797	1724	167	892	999
21	Punjab	2950	1907	0	1043	0	1043
22	Rajasthan	13512	10647	1206	1659	253	2612
23	Sikkim	176	175	1	0	1	0
24	Tamil Nadu	8713	6579	1833	301	10	2124
25	Telangana	4744	1273	3471	0	39	3432
26	Tripura	972	810	28	134	17	145
27	Uttarakhand	1847	1304	506	37	29	514
28	Uttar Pradesh	20782	20782	0	0	0	0
29	West Bengal	10357	7819	1887	651	419	2119
30	A& N Islands	124	124	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	71	63	4	4	14	*
33	Daman & Diu	23	19	4	0	0	4
34	Delhi	12	1	11	0	0	11
35	Lakshadweep	14	8	6	0	0	6
36	Puducherry	54	44	9	1	0	10
	All India/ Total	157411	118600	26770	12041	6968	33886

Notes:

¹ All India figure of required number of building to be constructed = Total functioning - (Government Buildings + Under construction) (ignoring States/UTs having excess.)

* States having construction in excess of number of building required

Table 10.

BUILDING POSITION OF PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES in Rural Areas							
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)					
		Total Number of PHCs & HWC-PHCs functioning	PHCs & HWC-PHCs functioning in			Buildings Under Construction	Buildings required ¹ to be constructed
			Govt. Buildings	Rented Buildings	Rent Free Panchayat / Vol. Society Buildings		
1	Andhra Pradesh	1145	1145	0	0	42	*
2	Arunachal Pradesh	143	143	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	946	946	0	0	0	0
4	Bihar	1899	1493	384	22	45	361
5	Chhattisgarh	792	677	0	115	37	78
6	Goa	24	23	1	0	1	0
7	Gujarat	1476	1476	0	0	0	0
8	Haryana	379	321	4	54	15	43
9	Himachal Pradesh	586	455	17	114	0	131
10	Jammu & Kashmir	622	506	116	0	49	67
11	Jharkhand	298	255	17	26	237	*
12	Karnataka	2127	2054	32	41	132	*
13	Kerala	848	779	59	10	0	69
14	Madhya Pradesh	1199	1164	7	28	255	*
15	Maharashtra	1828	1796	10	22	38	*
16	Manipur	90	90	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	118	118	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	59	59	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	126	118	0	8	1	7
20	Odisha	1288	1288	0	0	0	0
21	Punjab	416	368	0	48	0	48
22	Rajasthan	2082	1952	20	110	103	27
23	Sikkim	29	29	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	1422	1374	0	48	34	14
25	Telangana	636	636	0	0	0	0
26	Tripura	108	108	0	0	3	*
27	Uttarakhand	257	227	18	12	5	25
28	Uttar Pradesh	2936	2936	0	0	0	0
29	West Bengal	908	894	14	0	0	14
30	A& N Islands	22	22	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	9	9	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	4	3	0	1	0	1
34	Delhi	5	5	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	4	4	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	24	24	0	0	0	0
	All India/ Total	24855	23497	699	659	997	885

NA - Not Available

¹ All India figure of required number of building to be constructed = Total functioning - (Government Buildings + Under construction)
(ignoring States/Uts having excess.)

* States having construction in excess of number of building required

Table 11.

BUILDING POSITION OF COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES in Rural Areas							
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)					
		Total Number of CHCs functioning	CHCs functioning in			Buildings Under Construction	Buildings required ¹ to be constructed
			Govt. Buildings	Rented Buildings	Rent Free Panchayat / Vol. Society Buildings		
1	Andhra Pradesh	140	140	0	0	0	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	63	63	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	177	177	0	0	0	0
4	Bihar	150	150	0	0	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	170	159	0	11	8	3
6	Goa	5	5	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	362	361	1	0	90	*
8	Haryana	115	112	1	2	9	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	87	85	1	1	0	2
10	Jammu & Kashmir	84	84	0	0	25	*
11	Jharkhand	171	171	0	0	163	*
12	Karnataka	198	198	0	0	12	*
13	Kerala	227	227	0	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	309	309	0	0	24	*
15	Maharashtra	364	364	0	0	0	0
16	Manipur	23	23	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	28	28	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	9	9	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	21	21	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	377	377	0	0	0	0
21	Punjab	89	89	0	0	0	0
22	Rajasthan	571	552	2	17	22	*
23	Sikkim	2	2	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	385	385	0	0	0	0
25	Telangana	85	85	0	0	0	0
26	Tripura	18	18	0	0	1	*
27	Uttarakhand	67	67	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	679	679	0	0	0	0
29	West Bengal	348	348	0	0	0	0
30	A& N Islands	4	4	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	2	2	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	3	3	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	2	2	0	0	0	0
	All India/ Total	5335	5299	5	31	354	5

Notes:

¹ All India figure of required number of building to be constructed = Total functioning - (Government Buildings + Under construction) (ignoring States/Uts having excess.)

* States having construction in excess of number of building required

Table 12.

BUILDING POSITION FOR SUB DISTRICT/ SUB DIVISIONAL HOSPITAL						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Total Number of Sub District/ Sub Divisional Hospital functioning	Sub District/ Sub Divisional Hospitals functioning in			Buildings Under Construction
			Govt. Buildings	Rented Buildings	Rent Free Panchayat / Vol. Society Buildings	
1	Andhra Pradesh	28	28	0	0	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	Assam	14	14	0	0	0
4	Bihar	55	55	0	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	20	19	0	1	0
6	Goa	2	2	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	36	36	0	0	0
8	Haryana	21	21	0	0	0
9	Himachal Pradesh	78	78	0	0	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	0	NA	NA	NA	NA
11	Jharkhand	13	13	0	0	5
12	Karnataka	146	146	0	0	15
13	Kerala	84	84	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	84	73	0	0	13
15	Maharashtra	91	91	0	0	0
16	Manipur	1	1	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	2	2	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	33	33	0	0	0
21	Punjab	41	41	0	0	0
22	Rajasthan	20	20	0	0	0
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	278	278	0	0	0
25	Telangana	37	37	0	0	0
26	Tripura	12	12	0	0	0
27	Uttarakhand	18	18	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	0	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	101	101	0	0	0
30	A& N Islands	0	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	1	1	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	1	1	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	9	9	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	2	2	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	6	6	0	0	0
	All India/Total	1234	1222	0	1	33

Note:

N.A Not Available

Table 13.

BUILDING POSITION FOR DISTRICT HOSPITAL						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Total Number of District Hospital functioning	District Hospitals functioning in			Buildings Under Construction
			Govt. Buildings	Rented Buildings	Rent Free Panchayat / Vol. Society Buildings	
1	Andhra Pradesh	14	14	0	0	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	17	17	0	0	0
3	Assam	25	25	0	0	0
4	Bihar	36	36	0	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	26	24	0	2	2
6	Goa	2	2	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	22	22	0	0	0
8	Haryana	22	22	0	0	0
9	Himachal Pradesh	12	12	0	0	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	23	23	0	0	4
11	Jharkhand	23	23	0	0	1
12	Karnataka	15	15	0	0	2
13	Kerala	18	18	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	51	51	0	0	0
15	Maharashtra	23	23	0	0	0
16	Manipur	8	8	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	11	11	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	9	9	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	11	11	0	0	0
20	Odisha	32	32	0	0	0
21	Punjab	22	22	0	0	0
22	Rajasthan	27	27	0	0	0
23	Sikkim	4	4	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	31	31	0	0	0
25	Telangana	6	6	0	0	0
26	Tripura	7	7	0	0	0
27	Uttarakhand	18	18	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	157	157	0	0	0
29	West Bengal	24	24	0	0	0
30	A& N Islands	3	3	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	1	1	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	1	1	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	2	2	0	0	0
34	Delhi	47	47	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	1	1	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	5	5	0	0	0
	All India/Total	756	754	0	2	9

SECTION V.

STATUS OF HEALTH MANPOWER IN RURAL AREAS

Table 14.

HEALTH WORKER [FEMALE] / ANM AT SUB CENTRE in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R1]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R1-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	7437	14275	11815	2460	*
2	Arunachal Pradesh	385	NA	477	NA	*
3	Assam	4643	NA	9010	NA	*
4	Bihar	9949	NA	20570	NA	*
5	Chhattisgarh	5205	5205	5987	*	*
6	Goa	219	244	186	58	33
7	Gujarat	9166	9166	8631	535	535
8	Haryana	2604	3918	4411	*	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	2089	2281	1663	618	426
10	Jammu & Kashmir	3025	4795	4397	398	*
11	Jharkhand	3848	8349	5693	2656	*
12	Karnataka	9758	8087	8077	10	1681
13	Kerala	5380	4962	4977	*	403
14	Madhya Pradesh	10226	11886	10612	1274	*
15	Maharashtra	10668	18358	17800	558	*
16	Manipur	490	964	868	96	*
17	Meghalaya	477	NA	804	NA	*
18	Mizoram	370	NA	673	NA	*
19	Nagaland	433	760	804	*	*
20	Odisha	6688	6688	8134	*	*
21	Punjab	2950	4437	4297	140	*
22	Rajasthan	13512	15313	12822	2491	690
23	Sikkim	176	NA	152	NA	24
24	Tamil Nadu	8713	8713	8639	74	74
25	Telangana	4744	8996	7932	1064	*
26	Tripura	972	NA	584	NA	388
27	Uttarakhand	1847	2130	1690	440	157
28	Uttar Pradesh	20782	24803	24286	517	*
29	West Bengal	10357	19238	18732	506	*
30	A& N Islands	124	255	241	14	*
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	71	36	133	*	*
33	Daman & Diu	23	52	52	0	*
34	Delhi	12	1	14	*	*
35	Lakshadweep	14	24	24	0	*
36	Puducherry	54	NA	41	NA	13
All India/² Total		157411	183936	205228	13909	4424

Notes: NA - Not Available

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UT

*: Surplus

¹ one ANM per each existing Sub Centre as per IPHS norms² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

Figures includes data of SCs and HWC-SCs in rural areas

Table 15.

HEALTH WORKER [MALE] AT SUB CENTRES in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	7437	5014	2952	2062	4485
2	Arunachal Pradesh	385	NA	185	NA	200
3	Assam	4643	NA	3080	NA	1563
4	Bihar	9949	NA	1244	NA	8705
5	Chhattisgarh	5205	5205	3860	1345	1345
6	Goa	219	86	86	0	133
7	Gujarat	9166	9137	7940	1197	1226
8	Haryana	2604	1936	1623	313	981
9	Himachal Pradesh	2089	2064	659	1405	1430
10	Jammu & Kashmir	3025	938	829	109	2196
11	Jharkhand	3848	2307	1614	693	2234
12	Karnataka	9758	5888	3401	2487	6357
13	Kerala	5380	3401	3401	0	1979
14	Madhya Pradesh	10226	4260	3969	291	6257
15	Maharashtra	10668	9010	5372	3638	5296
16	Manipur	490	530	428	102	62
17	Meghalaya	477	NA	200	NA	277
18	Mizoram	370	NA	362	NA	8
19	Nagaland	433	NA	0	NA	433
20	Odisha	6688	5240	3254	1986	3434
21	Punjab	2950	2958	1356	1602	1594
22	Rajasthan	13512	591	354	237	13158
23	Sikkim	176	NA	95	NA	81
24	Tamil Nadu	8713	3292	2288	1004	6425
25	Telangana	4744	2623	1363	1260	3381
26	Tripura	972	NA	630	NA	342
27	Uttarakhand	1847	39	94	*	1753
28	Uttar Pradesh	20782	9080	6529	2551	14253
29	West Bengal	10357	9171	2032	7139	8325
30	A& N Islands	124	45	45	0	79
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	71	9	70	*	1
33	Daman & Diu	23	19	19	0	4
34	Delhi	12	0	0	0	12
35	Lakshadweep	14	14	14	0	0
36	Puducherry	54	0	0	0	54
All India/² Total		157411	82857	59348	29421	98063

Notes: NA - Not Available * Surplus

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

¹ One per each existing Sub Centre as per IPHS norms

² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

Figures includes data of SCs and HWC-SCs in rural areas

Table 16.

HEALTH WORKER [FEMALE] / ANM AT PHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R1]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R1-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	1145	0	0	0	1145
2	Arunachal Pradesh	143	NA	212	NA	*
3	Assam	946	NA	2492	NA	*
4	Bihar	1899	NA	3658	NA	*
5	Chhattisgarh	792	850	821	29	*
6	Goa	24	64	64	0	*
7	Gujarat	1476	1476	537	939	939
8	Haryana	379	20	195	*	184
9	Himachal Pradesh	586	100	182	*	404
10	Jammu & Kashmir	622	662	511	151	111
11	Jharkhand	298	668	632	36	*
12	Karnataka	2127	156	385	*	1742
13	Kerala	848	2527	2527	0	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	1199	2664	1212	1452	*
15	Maharashtra	1828	5035	3953	1082	*
16	Manipur	90	223	176	47	*
17	Meghalaya	118	NA	369	NA	*
18	Mizoram	59	NA	26	NA	33
19	Nagaland	126	202	204	*	*
20	Odisha	1288	998	1053	*	235
21	Punjab	416	81	233	*	183
22	Rajasthan	2082	3124	2603	521	*
23	Sikkim	29	NA	108	NA	*
24	Tamil Nadu	1422	2422	1344	1078	78
25	Telangana	636	0	0	0	636
26	Tripura	108	NA	80	NA	28
27	Uttarakhand	257	153	135	18	122
28	Uttar Pradesh	2936	3754	4796	*	*
29	West Bengal	908	386	265	121	643
30	A& N Islands	22	95	95	0	*
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	9	0	4	*	5
33	Daman & Diu	4	3	0	3	4
34	Delhi	5	11	10	1	*
35	Lakshadweep	4	23	23	0	*
36	Puducherry	24	NA	87	NA	*
	All India² Total	24855	25697	28992	5478	6492

Notes: NA - Not Available

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

¹ one per each existing PHC as per IPHS norms

² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs in rural areas

Table 17.

HEALTH ASSISTANTS [FEMALE] / LHV at PHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	1145	1209	1123	86	22
2	Arunachal Pradesh	143	NA	17	NA	126
3	Assam	946	NA	252	NA	694
4	Bihar	1899	NA	95	NA	1804
5	Chhattisgarh	792	792	438	354	354
6	Goa	24	16	14	2	10
7	Gujarat	1476	2165	1710	455	*
8	Haryana	379	295	288	7	91
9	Himachal Pradesh	586	94	71	23	515
10	Jammu & Kashmir	622	176	98	78	524
11	Jharkhand	298	298	19	279	279
12	Karnataka	2127	1506	976	530	1151
13	Kerala	848	13	22	*	826
14	Madhya Pradesh	1199	2678	786	1892	413
15	Maharashtra	1828	2203	2143	60	*
16	Manipur	90	75	64	11	26
17	Meghalaya	118	NA	107	NA	11
18	Mizoram	59	NA	19	NA	40
19	Nagaland	126	0	0	0	126
20	Odisha	1288	0	0	0	1288
21	Punjab	416	425	352	73	64
22	Rajasthan	2082	1840	1143	697	939
23	Sikkim	29	NA	17	NA	12
24	Tamil Nadu	1422	1422	803	619	619
25	Telangana	636	1111	924	187	*
26	Tripura	108	NA	0	NA	108
27	Uttarakhand	257	112	86	26	171
28	Uttar Pradesh	2936	3781	1916	1865	1020
29	West Bengal	908	465	271	194	637
30	A& N Islands	22	20	20	0	2
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	9	0	0	0	9
33	Daman & Diu	4	0	0	0	4
34	Delhi	5	5	4	1	1
35	Lakshadweep	4	1	1	0	3
36	Puducherry	24	10	7	3	17
	All India/² Total	24855	20712	13786	7442	11906

Notes: * Surplus

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

¹ One per Primary Health Centre as per IPHS norms² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

NA: Not Available.

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs in rural areas

Table 18.

HEALTH ASSISTANT [MALE] at PHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	1145	0	0	0	1145
2	Arunachal Pradesh	143	NA	81	NA	62
3	Assam	946	NA	0	NA	946
4	Bihar	1899	NA	212	NA	1687
5	Chhattisgarh	792	588	237	351	555
6	Goa	24	0	0	0	24
7	Gujarat	1476	1396	936	460	540
8	Haryana	379	123	116	7	263
9	Himachal Pradesh	586	77	46	31	540
10	Jammu & Kashmir	622	62	54	8	568
11	Jharkhand	298	409	73	336	225
12	Karnataka	2127	6270	3735	2535	*
13	Kerala	848	2023	2023	0	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	1199	2124	991	1133	208
15	Maharashtra	1828	2341	2494	*	*
16	Manipur	90	0	0	0	90
17	Meghalaya	118	NA	97	NA	21
18	Mizoram	59	NA	22	NA	37
19	Nagaland	126	0	0	0	126
20	Odisha	1288	0	22	*	1266
21	Punjab	416	402	285	117	131
22	Rajasthan	2082	181	99	82	1983
23	Sikkim	29	NA	13	NA	16
24	Tamil Nadu	1422	1489	697	792	725
25	Telangana	636	0	0	0	636
26	Tripura	108	NA	6	NA	102
27	Uttarakhand	257	73	13	60	244
28	Uttar Pradesh	2936	5757	1038	4719	1898
29	West Bengal	908	316	113	203	795
30	A& N Islands	22	11	11	0	11
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	9	0	0	0	9
33	Daman & Diu	4	1	1	0	3
34	Delhi	5	0	0	0	5
35	Lakshadweep	4	0	0	0	4
36	Puducherry	24	36	31	5	*
All India²/ Total		24855	23679	13446	10839	14865

Notes: NA: Not Available.

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

* Surplus.

¹ One per Primary Health Centre as per IPHS norms

² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs in rural areas

Table 19.

DOCTORS ⁺ AT PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	1145	1862	1715	147	*
2	Arunachal Pradesh	143	NA	116	NA	27
3	Assam	946	NA	1925	NA	*
4	Bihar	1899	NA	2085	NA	*
5	Chhattisgarh	792	792	321	471	471
6	Goa	24	48	56	*	*
7	Gujarat	1476	2639	2186	453	*
8	Haryana	379	684	542	142	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	586	722	486	236	100
10	Jammu & Kashmir	622	1542	919	623	*
11	Jharkhand	298	667	336	331	*
12	Karnataka	2127	2127	2111	16	16
13	Kerala	848	1460	1531	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	1199	2024	1053	971	146
15	Maharashtra	1828	3189	2951	238	*
16	Manipur	90	238	208	30	*
17	Meghalaya	118	NA	149	NA	*
18	Mizoram	59	NA	60	NA	*
19	Nagaland	126	131	133	*	*
20	Odisha	1288	1346	813	533	475
21	Punjab	416	575	562	13	*
22	Rajasthan	2082	2268	1932	336	150
23	Sikkim	29	NA	41	NA	*
24	Tamil Nadu	1422	2844	1777	1067	*
25	Telangana	636	1254	1213	41	*
26	Tripura	108	NA	216	NA	*
27	Uttarakhand	257	476	269	207	*
28	Uttar Pradesh	2936	4509	3180	1329	*
29	West Bengal	908	1326	810	516	98
30	A & N Islands	22	42	34	8	*
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	9	12	12	0	*
33	Daman & Diu	4	8	3	5	1
34	Delhi	5	7	5	2	0
35	Lakshadweep	4	8	8	0	*
36	Puducherry	24	24	41	*	*
	All India²/ Total	24855	32824	29799	7715	1484

Notes:

NA: Not Available.

+: Allopathic Doctors

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

¹ One per Primary Health Centre as per IPHS norms² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs in rural areas

Table 20.

AYUSH Doctors at Primary Health Centres in Rural Areas					
S. No.	State/UT	No. of PHCs functional	(As on 31st March 2019)		
			Sanctioned	In-Position	Vacant
1	Andhra Pradesh	1145	116	61	55
2	Arunachal Pradesh	143	NA	58	NA
3	Assam	946	NA	926	NA
4	Bihar	1899	NA	1803	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	792	357	248	109
6	Goa	24	38	43	*
7	Gujarat	1476	1691	1273	418
8	Haryana	379	98	115	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	586	NA	NA	NA
10	Jammu & Kashmir	622	545	480	65
11	Jharkhand	298	392	155	237
12	Karnataka	2127	0	0	0
13	Kerala	848	0	193	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	1199	327	578	*
15	Maharashtra	1828	363	397	*
16	Manipur	90	73	117	*
17	Meghalaya	118	NA	69	NA
18	Mizoram	59	NA	20	NA
19	Nagaland	126	9	8	1
20	Odisha	1288	0	993	*
21	Punjab	416	100	152	*
22	Rajasthan	2082	902	597	305
23	Sikkim	29	NA	6	NA
24	Tamil Nadu	1422	475	308	167
25	Telangana	636	394	243	151
26	Tripura	108	NA	57	NA
27	Uttarakhand	257	71	65	6
28	Uttar Pradesh	2936	4483	4209	274
29	West Bengal	908	122	105	17
30	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	22	21	19	2
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	9	9	11	*
33	Daman & Diu	4	3	3	0
34	Delhi	5	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	4	4	4	0
36	Puducherry	24	NA	31	NA
All India²/ Total		24855	10593	13347	1807

Note:

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs in rural areas

Table 21.

AYUSH Doctors at Community Health Centres in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	140	9	9	0	131
2	Arunachal Pradesh	63	NA	56	NA	7
3	Assam	177	NA	86	NA	91
4	Bihar	150	NA	9	NA	141
5	Chhattisgarh	170	99	95	4	75
6	Goa	5	7	10	*	*
7	Gujarat	362	NA	NA	NA	NA
8	Haryana	115	106	120	*	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	87	NA	NA	NA	NA
10	Jammu & Kashmir	84	22	12	10	72
11	Jharkhand	171	824	527	297	*
12	Karnataka	198	84	84	0	114
13	Kerala	227	0	0	0	227
14	Madhya Pradesh	309	309	114	195	195
15	Maharashtra	364	323	165	158	199
16	Manipur	23	16	35	*	*
17	Meghalaya	28	NA	23	*	5
18	Mizoram	9	NA	6	NA	3
19	Nagaland	21	21	21	0	0
20	Odisha	377	0	271	*	106
21	Punjab	89	112	150	*	*
22	Rajasthan	571	289	230	59	341
23	Sikkim	2	NA	2	NA	0
24	Tamil Nadu	385	385	292	93	93
25	Telangana	85	57	28	29	57
26	Tripura	18	NA	16	NA	2
27	Uttarakhand	67	17	20	*	47
28	Uttar Pradesh	679	597	597	0	82
29	West Bengal	348	427	186	241	162
30	A & N Islands	4	3	0	3	4
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2	4	4	0	*
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	3	3	3	0	0
36	Puducherry	2	NA	26	NA	*
	All India² / Total	5335	3714	3197	1089	2154

Note:

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

¹ One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

Table 22.

Dental Surgeon at PHCs in Rural Areas					
S. No.	State/UT	No. of PHCs functional	(As on 31st March 2019)		
			Sanctioned	In-Position	Vacant
1	Andhra Pradesh	1145	21	20	1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	143	NA	6	NA
3	Assam	946	NA	161	NA
4	Bihar	1899	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	792	29	4	25
6	Goa	24	1	1	0
7	Gujarat	1476	NA	NA	NA
8	Haryana	379	369	312	57
9	Himachal Pradesh	586	84	58	26
10	Jammu & Kashmir	622	387	295	92
11	Jharkhand	298	0	0	0
12	Karnataka	2127	0	0	0
13	Kerala	848	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	1199	0	0	0
15	Maharashtra	1828	0	42	*
16	Manipur	90	NA	58	NA
17	Meghalaya	118	NA	15	NA
18	Mizoram	59	NA	1	NA
19	Nagaland	126	NA	0	NA
20	Odisha	1288	12	15	*
21	Punjab	416	36	35	1
22	Rajasthan	2082	6	1	5
23	Sikkim	29	NA	10	NA
24	Tamil Nadu	1422	0	0	0
25	Telangana	636	69	60	9
26	Tripura	108	NA	39	NA
27	Uttarakhand	257	22	18	4
28	Uttar Pradesh	2936	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	908	0	0	0
30	A& N Islands	22	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	9	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	4	0	0	0
34	Delhi	5	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	4	1	1	0
36	Puducherry	24	0	0	0
	All India²/ Total	24855	1037	1152	220

Note:

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs in rural areas

Table 23.

Dental Surgeon at CHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	280	4	4	0	276
2	Arunachal Pradesh	126	NA	30	NA	96
3	Assam	354	NA	56	NA	298
4	Bihar	300	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	340	168	124	44	216
6	Goa	10	0	0	0	10
7	Gujarat	724	362	265	97	459
8	Haryana	230	81	89	*	141
9	Himachal Pradesh	174	44	17	NA	157
10	Jammu & Kashmir	168	0	0	0	168
11	Jharkhand	342	0	0	0	342
12	Karnataka	396	0	0	0	396
13	Kerala	454	0	0	0	454
14	Madhya Pradesh	618	48	8	40	610
15	Maharashtra	728	0	0	0	728
16	Manipur	46	0	0	0	46
17	Meghalaya	56	NA	29	NA	27
18	Mizoram	18	NA	1	NA	17
19	Nagaland	42	21	21	0	21
20	Odisha	754	374	276	98	478
21	Punjab	178	41	35	6	143
22	Rajasthan	1142	256	187	69	955
23	Sikkim	4	NA	3	NA	1
24	Tamil Nadu	770	110	87	23	683
25	Telangana	170	41	38	3	132
26	Tripura	36	NA	12	NA	24
27	Uttarakhand	134	39	29	10	105
28	Uttar Pradesh	1358	462	434	28	924
29	West Bengal	696	252	161	91	535
30	A& N Islands	8	1	1	0	7
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	4	2	2	0	2
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	6	1	1	0	5
36	Puducherry	4	NA	10	NA	*
All India/Total²		10670	2307	1920	509	8456

Notes:

NA: Not Available

¹ One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

Table 24.

SURGEONS at CHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	140	22	17	5	123
2	Arunachal Pradesh	63	NA	1	NA	62
3	Assam	177	NA	6	NA	171
4	Bihar	150	NA	13	NA	137
5	Chhattisgarh	170	167	11	156	159
6	Goa	5	2	1	1	4
7	Gujarat	362	363	31	332	331
8	Haryana	115	NA	3	NA	112
9	Himachal Pradesh	87	NA	0	NA	87
10	Jammu & Kashmir	84	89	55	34	29
11	Jharkhand	171	171	19	152	152
12	Karnataka	198	198	120	78	78
13	Kerala	227	NA	1	NA	226
14	Madhya Pradesh	309	309	27	282	282
15	Maharashtra	364	202	29	173	335
16	Manipur	23	0	0	0	23
17	Meghalaya	28	0	0	0	28
18	Mizoram	9	NA	0	NA	9
19	Nagaland	21	NA	3	NA	18
20	Odisha	377	382	34	348	343
21	Punjab	89	111	32	79	57
22	Rajasthan	571	495	105	390	466
23	Sikkim	2	NA	0	NA	2
24	Tamil Nadu	385	NA	112	NA	273
25	Telangana	85	85	32	53	53
26	Tripura	18	NA	0	NA	18
27	Uttarakhand	67	73	4	69	63
28	Uttar Pradesh	679	529	112	417	567
29	West Bengal	348	0	0	0	348
30	A& N Islands	4	3	0	3	4
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	2	0	0	0	2
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	3	0	0	0	3
36	Puducherry	2	0	0	0	2
	All India/ Total	5335	3201	768	2572	4567

Notes:

NA: Not Available.

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

¹ One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

Table 25.

OBSTETRICIANS & GYNAECOLOGISTS at CHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	140	126	102	24	38
2	Arunachal Pradesh	63	NA	3	NA	60
3	Assam	177	NA	82	NA	95
4	Bihar	150	NA	30	NA	120
5	Chhattisgarh	170	170	18	152	152
6	Goa	5	2	1	1	4
7	Gujarat	362	88	48	40	314
8	Haryana	115	18	6	12	109
9	Himachal Pradesh	87	NA	1	NA	86
10	Jammu & Kashmir	84	87	64	23	20
11	Jharkhand	171	171	29	142	142
12	Karnataka	198	198	158	40	40
13	Kerala	227	12	18	*	209
14	Madhya Pradesh	309	309	30	279	279
15	Maharashtra	364	244	211	33	153
16	Manipur	23	1	0	1	23
17	Meghalaya	28	NA	2	NA	26
18	Mizoram	9	NA	0	NA	9
19	Nagaland	21	NA	1	NA	20
20	Odisha	377	383	117	266	260
21	Punjab	89	123	25	98	64
22	Rajasthan	571	276	105	171	466
23	Sikkim	2	NA	0	NA	2
24	Tamil Nadu	385	NA	25	NA	360
25	Telangana	85	244	103	141	*
26	Tripura	18	NA	1	NA	17
27	Uttarakhand	67	68	4	64	63
28	Uttar Pradesh	679	524	115	409	564
29	West Bengal	348	287	51	236	297
30	A& N Islands	4	3	0	3	4
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	2	0	0	0	2
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	3	0	0	0	3
36	Puducherry	2	0	1	*	1
	All India/ Total	5335	3334	1351	2135	4002

Notes:

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus

¹ One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

NA: Not Available.

Table 26.

PHYSICIANS at CHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	140	46	36	10	104
2	Arunachal Pradesh	63	NA	0	NA	63
3	Assam	177	NA	6	NA	171
4	Bihar	150	NA	8	NA	142
5	Chhattisgarh	170	167	10	157	160
6	Goa	5	1	1	0	4
7	Gujarat	362	62	9	53	353
8	Haryana	115	15	1	14	114
9	Himachal Pradesh	87	NA	2	NA	85
10	Jammu & Kashmir	84	107	72	35	12
11	Jharkhand	171	171	2	169	169
12	Karnataka	198	198	101	97	97
13	Kerala	227	2	2	0	225
14	Madhya Pradesh	309	309	25	284	284
15	Maharashtra	364	153	45	108	319
16	Manipur	23	1	1	0	22
17	Meghalaya	28	NA	2	NA	26
18	Mizoram	9	NA	0	NA	9
19	Nagaland	21	NA	3	NA	18
20	Odisha	377	382	34	348	343
21	Punjab	89	112	17	95	72
22	Rajasthan	571	422	134	288	437
23	Sikkim	2	NA	0	NA	2
24	Tamil Nadu	385	NA	27	NA	358
25	Telangana	85	79	30	49	55
26	Tripura	18	NA	0	NA	18
27	Uttarakhand	67	72	12	60	55
28	Uttar Pradesh	679	523	103	420	576
29	West Bengal	348	0	0	0	348
30	A& N Islands	4	3	0	3	4
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	2	0	0	0	2
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	3	0	0	0	3
36	Puducherry	2	0	0	0	2
	All India/ Total	5335	2825	683	2190	4652

Notes:

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

¹ One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

NA: Not Available.

Table 27.

PAEDIATRICIANS at CHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	140	101	82	19	58
2	Arunachal Pradesh	63	NA	0	NA	63
3	Assam	177	NA	42	NA	135
4	Bihar	150	NA	31	NA	119
5	Chhattisgarh	170	167	22	145	148
6	Goa	5	0	2	*	3
7	Gujarat	362	88	30	58	332
8	Haryana	115	18	5	13	110
9	Himachal Pradesh	87	NA	2	NA	85
10	Jammu & Kashmir	84	61	51	10	33
11	Jharkhand	171	187	16	171	155
12	Karnataka	198	198	86	112	112
13	Kerala	227	11	14	*	213
14	Madhya Pradesh	309	309	22	287	287
15	Maharashtra	364	224	200	24	164
16	Manipur	23	2	2	0	21
17	Meghalaya	28	NA	0	NA	28
18	Mizoram	9	NA	0	NA	9
19	Nagaland	21	NA	1	NA	20
20	Odisha	377	382	51	331	326
21	Punjab	89	150	19	131	70
22	Rajasthan	571	241	111	130	460
23	Sikkim	2	NA	0	NA	2
24	Tamil Nadu	385	NA	15	NA	370
25	Telangana	85	217	93	124	*
26	Tripura	18	NA	1	NA	17
27	Uttarakhand	67	71	7	64	60
28	Uttar Pradesh	679	523	154	369	525
29	West Bengal	348	287	20	267	328
30	A& N Islands	4	0	0	0	4
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	2	0	0	0	2
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	3	0	0	0	3
36	Puducherry	2	0	0	0	2
	All India/ Total	5335	3237	1079	2255	4264

Notes:

NA: Not Available.

¹ One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

Table 28.

TOTAL SPECIALISTS AT CHCs in Rural Areas						
Total Specialists [Surgeons, OB&GY, Physicians & Paediatricians]						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	560	295	237	58	323
2	Arunachal Pradesh	252	NA	4	NA	248
3	Assam	708	NA	136	NA	572
4	Bihar	600	NA	82	NA	518
5	Chhattisgarh	680	671	61	610	619
6	Goa	20	5	5	0	15
7	Gujarat	1448	601	118	483	1330
8	Haryana	460	51	15	36	445
9	Himachal Pradesh	348	NA	5	NA	343
10	Jammu & Kashmir	336	344	242	102	94
11	Jharkhand	684	700	66	634	618
12	Karnataka	792	792	465	327	327
13	Kerala	908	25	35	*	873
14	Madhya Pradesh	1236	1236	104	1132	1132
15	Maharashtra	1456	823	485	338	971
16	Manipur	92	4	3	1	89
17	Meghalaya	112	NA	4	NA	108
18	Mizoram	36	NA	0	NA	36
19	Nagaland	84	NA	8	NA	76
20	Odisha	1508	1529	236	1293	1272
21	Punjab	356	496	93	403	263
22	Rajasthan	2284	1434	455	979	1829
23	Sikkim	8	NA	0	NA	8
24	Tamil Nadu	1540	NA	179	NA	1361
25	Telangana	340	625	258	367	82
26	Tripura	72	NA	2	NA	70
27	Uttarakhand	268	284	27	257	241
28	Uttar Pradesh	2716	2099	484	1615	2232
29	West Bengal	1392	574	71	503	1321
30	A& N Islands	16	9	0	9	16
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	8	0	0	0	8
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	12	0	0	0	12
36	Puducherry	8	0	1	*	7
	All India² / Total	21340	12597	3881	9147	17459

Notes:

NA: Not Available.

¹ Four per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy and shortfall, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

Table 29.

General Duty Medical Officers (GDMOs) - Allopathic at CHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	280	356	263	93	17
2	Arunachal Pradesh	126	NA	115	NA	11
3	Assam	354	NA	462	NA	*
4	Bihar	300	NA	714	NA	*
5	Chhattisgarh	340	488	607	*	*
6	Goa	10	12	10	2	0
7	Gujarat	724	1151	955	196	*
8	Haryana	230	583	405	178	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	174	344	208	136	*
10	Jammu & Kashmir	168	751	621	130	*
11	Jharkhand	342	849	646	203	*
12	Karnataka	396	255	218	37	178
13	Kerala	454	759	989	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	618	2373	588	1785	30
15	Maharashtra	728	512	486	26	242
16	Manipur	46	97	93	4	*
17	Meghalaya	56	NA	86	NA	*
18	Mizoram	18	NA	15	NA	3
19	Nagaland	42	35	33	2	9
20	Odisha	754	405	1079	*	*
21	Punjab	178	224	360	*	*
22	Rajasthan	1142	1767	1399	368	*
23	Sikkim	4	NA	4	NA	0
24	Tamil Nadu	770	2880	2659	221	*
25	Telangana	170	353	231	122	*
26	Tripura	36	NA	65	NA	*
27	Uttarakhand	134	115	180	*	*
28	Uttar Pradesh	1358	778	778	0	580
29	West Bengal	696	1330	1099	231	*
30	A& N Islands	8	13	0	13	8
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	4	4	4	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	6	14	14	0	*
36	Puducherry	4	NA	9	NA	*
	All India/Total²	10670	16448	15395	3747	1078

Notes:

NA: Not Available

¹ Two per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

Table 30.

RADIOGRAPHERS at CHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	140	91	40	51	100
2	Arunachal Pradesh	63	NA	17	NA	46
3	Assam	177	NA	90	NA	87
4	Bihar	150	NA	1	NA	149
5	Chhattisgarh	170	180	161	19	9
6	Goa	5	7	7	0	*
7	Gujarat	362	364	192	172	170
8	Haryana	115	79	54	25	61
9	Himachal Pradesh	87	65	24	41	63
10	Jammu & Kashmir	84	305	226	79	*
11	Jharkhand	171	171	59	112	112
12	Karnataka	198	198	167	31	31
13	Kerala	227	0	0	0	227
14	Madhya Pradesh	309	312	214	98	95
15	Maharashtra	364	140	107	33	257
16	Manipur	23	51	56	*	*
17	Meghalaya	28	NA	18	NA	10
18	Mizoram	9	NA	5	NA	4
19	Nagaland	21	3	3	0	18
20	Odisha	377	127	66	61	311
21	Punjab	89	144	139	5	*
22	Rajasthan	571	692	343	349	228
23	Sikkim	2	NA	4	NA	*
24	Tamil Nadu	385	246	92	154	293
25	Telangana	85	99	44	55	41
26	Tripura	18	NA	11	NA	7
27	Uttarakhand	67	22	5	17	62
28	Uttar Pradesh	679	230	82	148	597
29	West Bengal	348	280	182	98	166
30	A& N Islands	4	0	0	0	4
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	2	2	2	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	3	5	5	0	*
36	Puducherry	2	0	3	*	*
	All India/Total	5335	3813	2419	1548	3148

Notes:

¹ One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus

NA: Not Available.

Table 31.

PHARMACISTS at PHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	Pharmacist at PHCs & HWC-PHCs (As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	1145	1194	907	287	238
2	Arunachal Pradesh	143	NA	55	NA	88
3	Assam	946	NA	1540	NA	*
4	Bihar	1899	NA	235	NA	1664
5	Chhattisgarh	792	792	676	116	116
6	Goa	24	33	31	2	*
7	Gujarat	1476	1476	1360	116	116
8	Haryana	379	336	260	76	119
9	Himachal Pradesh	586	447	223	224	363
10	Jammu & Kashmir	622	930	1022	*	*
11	Jharkhand	298	298	54	244	244
12	Karnataka	2127	2109	1714	395	413
13	Kerala	848	989	1070	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	1199	1046	922	124	277
15	Maharashtra	1828	1668	1507	161	321
16	Manipur	90	94	105	*	*
17	Meghalaya	118	NA	125	NA	*
18	Mizoram	59	NA	48	NA	11
19	Nagaland	126	93	94	*	32
20	Odisha	1288	1240	1198	42	90
21	Punjab	416	523	463	60	*
22	Rajasthan	2082	1514	738	776	1344
23	Sikkim	29	NA	13	NA	16
24	Tamil Nadu	1422	1422	989	433	433
25	Telangana	636	525	376	149	260
26	Tripura	108	NA	134	NA	*
27	Uttarakhand	257	213	200	13	57
28	Uttar Pradesh	2936	2003	1961	42	975
29	West Bengal	908	917	866	51	42
30	A& N Islands	22	30	28	2	*
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	9	12	10	2	*
33	Daman & Diu	4	6	4	2	0
34	Delhi	5	5	4	1	1
35	Lakshadweep	4	7	7	0	*
36	Puducherry	24	29	36	*	*
	All India/Total	24855	19951	18975	3318	7220

Notes:

¹ One per each Primary Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs in rural areas

Table 32.

PHARMACISTS at CHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	140	139	109	30	31
2	Arunachal Pradesh	63	NA	46	NA	17
3	Assam	177	NA	239	NA	*
4	Bihar	150	NA	52	NA	98
5	Chhattisgarh	170	334	327	7	*
6	Goa	5	10	10	0	*
7	Gujarat	362	399	315	84	47
8	Haryana	115	214	170	44	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	87	147	70	77	17
10	Jammu & Kashmir	84	318	213	105	*
11	Jharkhand	171	90	187	*	*
12	Karnataka	198	306	259	47	*
13	Kerala	227	199	229	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	309	734	461	273	*
15	Maharashtra	364	330	318	12	46
16	Manipur	23	51	56	*	*
17	Meghalaya	28	NA	46	NA	*
18	Mizoram	9	NA	8	NA	1
19	Nagaland	21	23	23	0	*
20	Odisha	377	610	580	30	*
21	Punjab	89	237	259	*	*
22	Rajasthan	571	667	486	181	85
23	Sikkim	2	NA	2	NA	0
24	Tamil Nadu	385	1235	1054	181	*
25	Telangana	85	150	66	84	19
26	Tripura	18	NA	29	NA	*
27	Uttarakhand	67	112	104	8	*
28	Uttar Pradesh	679	949	922	27	*
29	West Bengal	348	626	545	81	*
30	A& N Islands	4	23	21	2	*
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	2	4	4	0	*
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	3	9	9	0	*
36	Puducherry	2	NA	10	NA	*
	All India/Total	5335	7916	7229	1273	361

Notes:

¹ One per each Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

Table 33.

LABORATORY TECHNICIANS at PHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	LT at PHCs & HWC-PHCs (As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	1145	1031	733	298	412
2	Arunachal Pradesh	143	NA	50	NA	93
3	Assam	946	NA	1163	NA	*
4	Bihar	1899	NA	453	NA	1446
5	Chhattisgarh	792	669	498	171	294
6	Goa	24	24	23	1	1
7	Gujarat	1476	1476	1385	91	91
8	Haryana	379	331	207	124	172
9	Himachal Pradesh	586	NA	43	NA	543
10	Jammu & Kashmir	622	591	541	50	81
11	Jharkhand	298	298	81	217	217
12	Karnataka	2127	1579	1289	290	838
13	Kerala	848	277	356	*	492
14	Madhya Pradesh	1199	358	442	*	757
15	Maharashtra	1828	1526	1084	442	744
16	Manipur	90	73	51	22	39
17	Meghalaya	118	NA	130	NA	*
18	Mizoram	59	NA	68	NA	*
19	Nagaland	126	73	74	*	52
20	Odisha	1288	0	146	*	1142
21	Punjab	416	327	355	*	61
22	Rajasthan	2082	2114	1407	707	675
23	Sikkim	29	NA	29	NA	0
24	Tamil Nadu	1422	1422	503	919	919
25	Telangana	636	638	592	46	44
26	Tripura	108	NA	97	NA	11
27	Uttarakhand	257	66	15	51	242
28	Uttar Pradesh	2936	693	388	305	2548
29	West Bengal	908	390	201	189	707
30	A& N Islands	22	16	12	4	10
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	9	13	13	0	*
33	Daman & Diu	4	6	4	2	0
34	Delhi	5	2	2	0	3
35	Lakshadweep	4	7	7	0	*
36	Puducherry	24	7	20	*	4
	All India/Total	24855	14007	12462	3929	12638

Notes:

¹ One per each Primary Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States /UTs

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs in rural areas

Table 34.

LABORATORY TECHNICIANS at CHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	140	125	84	41	56
2	Arunachal Pradesh	63	NA	63	NA	0
3	Assam	177	NA	246	NA	*
4	Bihar	150	NA	158	NA	*
5	Chhattisgarh	170	481	346	135	*
6	Goa	5	7	7	0	*
7	Gujarat	362	365	344	21	18
8	Haryana	115	204	149	55	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	87	97	35	62	52
10	Jammu & Kashmir	84	347	360	*	*
11	Jharkhand	171	342	183	159	*
12	Karnataka	198	198	180	18	18
13	Kerala	227	14	16	*	211
14	Madhya Pradesh	309	618	579	39	*
15	Maharashtra	364	336	352	*	12
16	Manipur	23	29	24	5	*
17	Meghalaya	28	NA	44	NA	*
18	Mizoram	9	NA	18	NA	*
19	Nagaland	21	22	22	0	*
20	Odisha	377	447	486	*	*
21	Punjab	89	234	196	38	*
22	Rajasthan	571	667	486	181	85
23	Sikkim	2	NA	6	NA	*
24	Tamil Nadu	385	801	561	240	*
25	Telangana	85	135	55	80	30
26	Tripura	18	NA	23	NA	*
27	Uttarakhand	67	70	48	22	19
28	Uttar Pradesh	679	639	575	64	104
29	West Bengal	348	535	584	*	*
30	A& N Islands	4	7	7	0	*
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	2	4	4	0	*
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	3	6	6	0	*
36	Puducherry	2	NA	6	NA	*
	All India/Total	5335	6730	6253	1160	605

Notes:

¹ One per each Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States /UTs

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

Table 35.

NURSING STAFF at PHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R1]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R1-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	1145	2132	1920	212	*
2	Arunachal Pradesh	143	NA	166	NA	*
3	Assam	946	NA	2177	NA	*
4	Bihar	1899	NA	1296	NA	603
5	Chhattisgarh	792	1535	1075	460	*
6	Goa	24	72	73	*	*
7	Gujarat	1476	2554	1708	846	*
8	Haryana	379	1221	1076	145	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	586	514	220	294	366
10	Jammu & Kashmir	622	845	648	197	*
11	Jharkhand	298	409	61	348	237
12	Karnataka	2127	1569	2464	*	*
13	Kerala	848	1097	1259	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	1199	1705	614	1091	585
15	Maharashtra	1828	833	682	151	1146
16	Manipur	90	255	208	47	*
17	Meghalaya	118	NA	373	NA	*
18	Mizoram	59	NA	154	NA	*
19	Nagaland	126	NA	190	NA	*
20	Odisha	1288	292	475	*	813
21	Punjab	416	1111	883	228	*
22	Rajasthan	2082	4805	3703	1102	*
23	Sikkim	29	NA	52	NA	*
24	Tamil Nadu	1422	4045	3801	244	*
25	Telangana	636	1350	1186	164	*
26	Tripura	108	NA	487	NA	*
27	Uttarakhand	257	79	61	18	196
28	Uttar Pradesh	2936	557	1087	*	1849
29	West Bengal	908	2258	1686	572	*
30	A& N Islands	22	103	103	0	*
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	9	34	34	0	*
33	Daman & Diu	4	18	11	7	*
34	Delhi	5	0	0	0	5
35	Lakshadweep	4	11	11	0	*
36	Puducherry	24	72	127	*	*
	All India/Total	24855	29476	30071	6126	5800

Notes:

¹ One per Primary Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs in rural areas

Table 36.

NURSING STAFF at CHCs in Rural Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R1]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R1-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	980	1058	941	117	39
2	Arunachal Pradesh	441	NA	451	NA	*
3	Assam	1239	NA	1192	NA	47
4	Bihar	1050	NA	334	NA	716
5	Chhattisgarh	1190	1891	1543	348	*
6	Goa	35	57	62	*	*
7	Gujarat	2534	2676	2510	166	24
8	Haryana	805	1134	1034	100	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	609	328	184	144	425
10	Jammu & Kashmir	588	999	865	134	*
11	Jharkhand	1197	2390	1129	1261	68
12	Karnataka	1386	1203	1047	156	339
13	Kerala	1589	1036	1168	*	421
14	Madhya Pradesh	2163	3953	2202	1751	*
15	Maharashtra	2548	2124	2016	108	532
16	Manipur	161	229	222	7	*
17	Meghalaya	196	NA	378	NA	*
18	Mizoram	63	NA	51	NA	12
19	Nagaland	147	191	191	0	*
20	Odisha	2639	1185	2093	*	546
21	Punjab	623	889	923	*	*
22	Rajasthan	3997	6507	5186	1321	*
23	Sikkim	14	NA	21	NA	*
24	Tamil Nadu	2695	2794	2087	707	608
25	Telangana	595	1197	911	286	*
26	Tripura	126	NA	149	NA	*
27	Uttarakhand	469	313	268	45	201
28	Uttar Pradesh	4753	2211	17417	*	*
29	West Bengal	2436	4804	4125	679	*
30	A& N Islands	28	96	90	6	*
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	14	17	17	0	*
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	21	43	43	0	*
36	Puducherry	14	NA	55	NA	*
	All India/Total	37345	39325	50905	7336	3978

Notes:

¹ Seven per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

Table 37.

STATE/ UT wise STATUS OF ASHAs			
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)	
		Required	In Position
		[R]	[P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	42209	42232
2	Arunachal Pradesh	NA	3880
3	Assam	NA	32453
4	Bihar	104239	89439
5	Chhattisgarh	66220	66220
6	Goa	NA	NA
7	Gujarat	38926	37686
8	Haryana	20676	20038
9	Himachal Pradesh	7964	7707
10	Jammu & Kashmir	13116	12222
11	Jharkhand	41540	39964
12	Karnataka	42524	41222
13	Kerala	1300	26526
14	Madhya Pradesh	63839	60954
15	Maharashtra	61260	60794
16	Manipur	4009	4009
17	Meghalaya	NA	6729
18	Mizoram	1091	1091
19	Nagaland	1992	1992
20	Odisha	47147	46746
21	Punjab	17158	16935
22	Rajasthan	55732	51311
23	Sikkim	676	676
24	Tamil Nadu	1255	964
25	Telangana	27730	27045
26	Tripura	NA	6938
27	Uttarakhand	11651	11573
28	Uttar Pradesh	160175	155942
29	West Bengal	60664	51864
30	A& N Islands	422	422
31	Chandigarh	NA	NA
32	D & N Haveli	442	332
33	Daman & Diu	136	98
34	Delhi	1174	3585
35	Lakshadweep	110	110
36	Puducherry	341	194
	All India/Total	895718	929893

Required numbers as given by the States and UTs based on the basis of norm for one ASHA per 1000 population norms

NA: Data not Available.

Table 38.

DOCTORS AT DISTRICT HOSPITAL AND SUB DISTRICT/ SUB DIVISIONAL HOSPITAL					
(As on 31st March, 2019)					
S.No.	State/UT	DISTRICT HOSPITAL		SUB DISTRICT/ SUB DIVISIONAL HOSPITAL	
		Sanctioned	In Position	Sanctioned	In Position
1	Andhra Pradesh	551	406	684	395
2	Arunachal Pradesh	NA	699	N App	N App
3	Assam	NA	774	NA	423
4	Bihar	888	1301	55	286
5	Chhattisgarh	1042	725	176	64
6	Goa	86	72	151	85
7	Gujarat	413	251	477	179
8	Haryana	821	1049	393	269
9	Himachal Pradesh	345	354	643	540
10	Jammu & Kashmir	1016	939	N App	N App
11	Jharkhand	984	671	265	77
12	Karnataka	2088	1562	2398	1676
13	Kerala	87	502	488	624
14	Madhya Pradesh	3540	1676	3149	515
15	Maharashtra	1292	875	1362	1348
16	Manipur	271	230	17	10
17	Meghalaya #	266	309	N App	N App
18	Mizoram	NA	201	NA	31
19	Nagaland	83	176	N App	N App
20	Odisha	1243	1331	567	293
21	Punjab	917	761	852	595
22	Rajasthan	1624	1210	605	439
23	Sikkim	NA	116	N App	N App
24	Tamil Nadu	1884	1522	3320	2628
25	Telangana	319	266	1421	681
26	Tripura #	84	172	64	154
27	Uttarakhand	380	257	305	231
28	Uttar Pradesh	2671	1059	N App	N App
29	West Bengal	1835	1275	5300	2039
30	A& N Islands	76	50	N App	N App
31	Chandigarh	NA	1102	NA	31
32	D & N Haveli	191	88	62	17
33	Daman & Diu	72	47	0	0
34	Delhi	3121	2254	120	110
35	Lakshadweep	38	37	17	10
36	Puducherry	317	357	N App	N App
	All India/Total	28545	24676	22891	13750

Note:

N.A Not Available

N App - Not applicable

Table 39.

PARA MEDICAL STAFF AT DISTRICT HOSPITAL AND SUB DISTRICT/ SUB DIVISIONAL HOSPITAL					
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)			
		DISTRICT HOSPITAL		SUB DISTRICT/ SUB DIVISIONAL HOSPITAL	
		Sanctioned	In Position	Sanctioned	In Position
1	Andhra Pradesh	1671	1348	997	892
2	Arunachal Pradesh	NA	913	N App	N App
3	Assam	NA	2818	NA	851
4	Bihar	NA	1916	NA	288
5	Chhattisgarh	2488	2200	427	245
6	Goa	216	209	429	245
7	Gujarat	1592	1281	754	750
8	Haryana	2567	3004	975	655
9	Himachal Pradesh	686	577	1165	720
10	Jammu & Kashmir	1670	1544	N App	N App
11	Jharkhand	1132	1122	465	102
12	Karnataka	6762	5252	7477	5436
13	Kerala	218	1102	1074	1377
14	Madhya Pradesh	14404	8611	7451	1367
15	Maharashtra	4721	4036	2529	1860
16	Manipur	717	273	47	36
17	Meghalaya #	630	1405	N App	N App
18	Mizoram	NA	850	N App	N App
19	Nagaland	475	452	N App	N App
20	Odisha	2354	3350	695	945
21	Punjab	2299	2085	1794	1487
22	Rajasthan	5406	4153	1582	1160
23	Sikkim	NA	469	N App	N App
24	Tamil Nadu	5716	5141	8948	8038
25	Telangana	702	615	1217	849
26	Tripura #	276	435	231	451
27	Uttarakhand	753	592	624	487
28	Uttar Pradesh	7104	5704	N App	N App
29	West Bengal	8071	6294	13107	7904
30	A& N Islands	66	62	N App	N App
31	Chandigarh	NA	2267	NA	100
32	D & N Haveli	279	320	28	73
33	Daman & Diu	185	118	0	0
34	Delhi	16002	13093	492	573
35	Lakshadweep	38	37	18	18
36	Puducherry	1769	1546	N App	N App
	All India/Total	90969	85194	52526	36909

Note:

N.A Not Available

N App - Not applicable

SECTION IV.

HEALTHCARE INFRASTRUCTURE AND BUILDING POSITION IN RURAL AREAS

Table 40.

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AVAILABLE AT SUB CENTRES in Rural Areas- I							
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)					
		Number of Sub Centres Functioning	Number of Sub Centres with ANM Quarter		Number of Sub Centres with ANM living in Sub Centrer Quarter*		No. of Sub Centres Functioning as per IPHS norms
			Number	%	Number	%	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1	Andhra Pradesh	6825	2321	34.0	2321	34.0	NA
2	Arunachal Pradesh	307	158	51.5	163	53.1	0
3	Assam	4015	2114	52.7	NA	NA	0
4	Bihar	9865	1302	13.2	113	1.1	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	4555	3361	73.8	3164	69.5	0
6	Goa	219	0	0.0	0	0.0	219
7	Gujarat	8353	5060	60.6	1871	22.4	NA
8	Haryana	2440	819	33.6	382	15.7	15
9	Himachal Pradesh	2089	1186	56.8	930	44.5	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	2900	227	7.8	39	1.3	0
11	Jharkhand	3644	1183	32.5	927	25.4	0
12	Karnataka	9187	5214	56.8	4481	48.8	0
13	Kerala	5380	2531	47.0	1777	33.0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	10226	8367	81.8	4748	46.4	0
15	Maharashtra	9729	8537	87.7	8501	87.4	0
16	Manipur	429	1	0.2	0	0.0	0
17	Meghalaya	445	228	51.2	171	38.4	0
18	Mizoram	370	350	94.6	350	94.6	0
19	Nagaland	377	58	15.4	22	5.8	37
20	Odisha	6595	4600	69.7	2828	42.9	0
21	Punjab	2511	911	36.3	72	2.9	0
22	Rajasthan	13382	7364	55.0	3991	29.8	0
23	Sikkim	148	112	75.7	54	36.5	144
24	Tamil Nadu	7728	6086	78.8	2945	38.1	2846
25	Telangana	4658	1707	36.6	1707	36.6	1363
26	Tripura	932	313	33.6	21	2.3	NA
27	Uttarakhand	1804	1264	70.1	706	39.1	252
28	Uttar Pradesh	20056	18166	90.6	6833	34.1	0
29	West Bengal	10195	4819	47.3	375	3.7	0
30	A& N Islands	96	94	97.9	59	61.5	96
31	Chandigarh	0	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli	47	18	38.3	19	40.4	23
33	Daman & Diu	4	0	0.0	0	0.0	4
34	Delhi	12	0	0.0	0	0.0	10
35	Lakshadweep	14	0	0.0	0	0.0	14
36	Puducherry	53	31	58.5	6	11.3	53
	All India/Total	149590	88502	59.2	49576	33.1	5076

Notes: NA: Not Available.

N App - Not Applicable

The total figure excludes the number of HWC-SCs.

Chandigarh UT has no rural area.

Table 41.

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AVAILABLE AT SUB CENTRES in Rural Areas- II								
S.No.	State/UT	Number of Sub Centres Functioning	(As on 31st March, 2019)					
			Number of Sub Centres					
			Without Regular Water Supply		Without Electric Supply		Without All-Weather Motorable Approach Road	
			Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	Andhra Pradesh	6825	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	307	122	39.7	146	47.6	87	28.3
3	Assam	4015	491	12.2	2503	62.3	NA	NA
4	Bihar	9865	4875	49.4	6364	64.5	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	4555	1178	25.9	630	13.8	431	9.5
6	Goa	219	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
7	Gujarat	8353	355	4.2	247	3.0	209	2.5
8	Haryana	2440	234	9.6	161	6.6	8	0.3
9	Himachal Pradesh	2089	307	14.7	18	0.9	529	25.3
10	Jammu & Kashmir	2900	1604	55.3	1170	40.3	639	22.0
11	Jharkhand	3644	2048	56.2	2393	65.7	969	26.6
12	Karnataka	9187	282	3.1	212	2.3	127	1.4
13	Kerala	5380	607	11.3	108	2.0	230	4.3
14	Madhya Pradesh	10226	3019	29.5	3790	37.1	392	3.8
15	Maharashtra	9729	2652	27.3	2664	27.4	3090	31.8
16	Manipur	429	340	79.3	189	44.1	112	26.1
17	Meghalaya	445	281	63.1	157	35.3	146	32.8
18	Mizoram	370	230	62.2	0	0.0	49	13.2
19	Nagaland	377	210	55.7	114	30.2	100	26.5
20	Odisha	6595	2014	30.5	3135	47.5	168	2.5
21	Punjab	2511	100	4.0	180	7.2	0	0.0
22	Rajasthan	13382	5684	42.5	4707	35.2	1163	8.7
23	Sikkim	148	15	10.1	1	0.7	18	12.2
24	Tamil Nadu	7728	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
25	Telangana	4658	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
26	Tripura	932	359	38.5	313	33.6	40	4.3
27	Uttarakhand	1804	691	38.3	544	30.2	621	34.4
28	Uttar Pradesh	20056	0	0.0	7377	36.8	7231	36.1
29	West Bengal	10195	567	5.6	2163	21.2	772	7.6
30	A & N Islands	96	1	1.0	0	0.0	18	18.8
31	Chandigarh	0	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli	47	12	25.5	0	0.0	2	4.3
33	Daman & Diu	4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
34	Delhi	12	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
35	Lakshadweep	14	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
36	Puducherry	53	31	58.5	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All India/Total	149590	28309	18.9	39286	26.3	17151	11.5

Notes: NA: Not Available.

N App - Not Applicable

The total figure excludes the number of HWC-SCs.

Chandigarh UT has no rural area.

Table 42.

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AT PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES in Rural Areas-I										
S.No.	State/UT	Number of PHCs Functioning	(As on 31st March, 2019)							
			Number of Primary Health Centres							
			PHCs functioning on 24X7 basis		With Labour Room		With OT		With at least 4 beds	
			Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	Andhra Pradesh	0	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
2	Arunachal Pradesh	101	43	42.6	61	60.4	8	7.9	52	51.5
3	Assam	698	310	44.4	556	79.7	42	6.0	267	38.3
4	Bihar	1480	795	53.7	795	53.7	496	33.5	795	53.7
5	Chhattisgarh	657	224	34.1	614	93.5	228	34.7	509	77.5
6	Goa	0	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
7	Gujarat	704	0	0.0	443	62.9	272	38.6	704	100.0
8	Haryana	193	109	56.5	134	69.4	34	17.6	153	79.3
9	Himachal Pradesh	566	19	3.4	108	19.1	156	27.6	225	39.8
10	Jammu & Kashmir	526	201	38.2	305	58.0	7	1.3	414	78.7
11	Jharkhand	203	156	76.8	156	76.8	85	41.9	160	78.8
12	Karnataka	1995	919	46.1	1663	83.4	1238	62.1	1995	100.0
13	Kerala	678	170	25.1	62	9.1	60	8.8	251	37.0
14	Madhya Pradesh	1039	751	72.3	982	94.5	435	41.9	1039	100.0
15	Maharashtra	1349	553	41.0	674	50.0	650	48.2	670	49.7
16	Manipur	85	69	81.2	57	67.1	12	14.1	83	97.6
17	Meghalaya	110	69	62.7	95	86.4	6	5.5	75	68.2
18	Mizoram	57	41	71.9	57	100.0	57	100.0	57	100.0
19	Nagaland	124	35	28.2	98	79.0	6	4.8	79	63.7
20	Odisha	461	83	18.0	247	53.6	41	8.9	103	22.3
21	Punjab	79	64	81.0	79	100.0	79	100.0	47	59.5
22	Rajasthan	1777	627	35.3	1702	95.8	235	13.2	1777	100.0
23	Sikkim	24	24	100.0	24	100.0	24	100.0	24	100.0
24	Tamil Nadu	706	615	87.1	658	93.2	99	14.0	681	96.5
25	Telangana	0	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
26	Tripura	82	70	85.4	70	85.4	71	86.6	12	14.6
27	Uttarakhand	243	76	31.3	140	57.6	163	67.1	219	90.1
28	Uttar Pradesh	1990	439	22.1	1696	85.2	1416	71.2	1696	85.2
29	West Bengal	640	234	36.6	462	72.2	105	16.4	640	100.0
30	A& N Islands	22	20	90.9	22	100.0	20	90.9	22	100.0
31	Chandigarh	0	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli	6	5	83.3	5	83.3	5	83.3	0	0.0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
34	Delhi	5	1	20.0	1	20.0	1	20.0	1	20.0
35	Lakshadweep	4	4	100.0	4	100.0	4	100.0	4	100.0
36	Puducherry	9	7	77.8	9	100.0	9	100.0	6	66.7
	All India/Total	16613	6733	40.5	11979	72.1	6064	36.5	12760	76.8

Note:

NA: Not Available.

N App - Not Applicable

The total figure excludes the number of HWC-PHCs.

The State/ UT with zero number of PHCs has converted all PHCs into HWCs

Table 43.

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AT PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES in Rural Areas -II												
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)										
		Number of PHCs Functioning	Number of Primary Health Centres									
			Without Electric Supply		Without Regular Water Supply		Without All-Weather Motorable Approach Road		With Telephone		With Computer	
			Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	Andhra Pradesh	0	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
2	Arunachal Pradesh	101	13	12.9	18	17.8	26	25.7	18	17.8	24	23.8
3	Assam	698	47	6.7	8	1.1	74	10.6	296	42.4	625	89.5
4	Bihar	1480	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	533	36.0	783	52.9
5	Chhattisgarh	657	26	4.0	52	7.9	33	5.0	189	28.8	616	93.8
6	Goa	0	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
7	Gujarat	704	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	704	100.0	704	100.0
8	Haryana	193	4	2.1	4	2.1	13	6.7	164	85.0	64	33.2
9	Himachal Pradesh	566	8	1.4	32	5.7	54	9.5	117	20.7	181	32.0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	526	98	18.6	125	23.8	103	19.6	60	11.4	400	76.0
11	Jharkhand	203	112	55.2	133	65.5	30	14.8	77	37.9	96	47.3
12	Karnataka	1995	28	1.4	67	3.4	151	7.6	1981	99.3	1830	91.7
13	Kerala	678	0	0.0	0	0.0	58	8.6	678	100.0	678	100.0
14	Madhya Pradesh	1039	0	0.0	133	12.8	91	8.8	1039	100.0	776	74.7
15	Maharashtra	1349	13	1.0	33	2.4	69	5.1	637	47.2	660	48.9
16	Manipur	85	7	8.2	35	41.2	6	7.1	23	27.1	45	52.9
17	Meghalaya	110	3	2.7	23	20.9	13	11.8	12	10.9	107	97.3
18	Mizoram	57	2	3.5	7	12.3	1	1.8	30	52.6	57	100.0
19	Nagaland	124	14	11.3	64	51.6	23	18.5	11	8.9	40	32.3
20	Odisha	461	58	12.6	68	14.8	4	0.9	151	32.8	461	100.0
21	Punjab	79	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	79	100.0	79	100.0
22	Rajasthan	1777	77	4.3	208	11.7	53	3.0	873	49.1	1777	100.0
23	Sikkim	24	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	13	54.2	24	100.0
24	Tamil Nadu	706	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	706	100.0	706	100.0
25	Telangana	0	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
26	Tripura	82	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	70	85.4	82	100.0
27	Uttarakhand	243	35	14.4	57	23.5	51	21.0	38	15.6	74	30.5
28	Uttar Pradesh	1990	213	10.7	270	13.6	459	23.1	820	41.2	1696	85.2
29	West Bengal	640	37	5.8	21	3.3	43	6.7	117	18.3	79	12.3
30	A& N Islands	22	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	22	100.0	21	95.5
31	Chandigarh	0	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli	6	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	66.7	6	100.0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
34	Delhi	5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	20.0	0	0.0
35	Lakshadweep	4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	100.0	4	100.0
36	Puducherry	9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	9	100.0	9	100.0
	All India/Total	16613	795	4.8	1358	8.2	1355	8.2	9476	57.0	12704	76.5

Note:

NA: Not Available.

N App - Not Applicable

The total figure excludes the number of HWC-PHCs.

The State/ UT with zero number of PHCs has converted all PHCs into HWCs

Table 44.

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AT PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES in Rural Areas -III					
(As on 31st March, 2019)					
S.No.	States / UT	Number of PHCs Functioning	Referral Transport	Registered RKS	No. of PHCs Functioning as per IPHS norms
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	Andhra Pradesh	0	0	0	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	101	58	93	29
3	Assam	698	652	698	5
4	Bihar	1480	496	1480	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	657	422	657	0
6	Goa	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	704	556	685	NA
8	Haryana	193	181	181	13
9	Himachal Pradesh	566	566	518	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	526	378	526	0
11	Jharkhand	203	203	203	0
12	Karnataka	1995	722	1995	0
13	Kerala	678	54	678	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	1039	1039	1039	0
15	Maharashtra	1349	685	685	302
16	Manipur	85	66	81	0
17	Meghalaya	110	93	108	13
18	Mizoram	57	57	57	0
19	Nagaland	124	53	124	6
20	Odisha	461	461	461	0
21	Punjab	79	14	79	0
22	Rajasthan	1777	1038	1777	0
23	Sikkim	24	24	24	24
24	Tamil Nadu	706	706	706	706
25	Telangana	0	0	0	0
26	Tripura	82	82	82	NA
27	Uttarakhand	243	49	224	63
28	Uttar Pradesh	1990	379	460	170
29	West Bengal	640	297	640	0
30	A& N Islands	22	22	22	22
31	Chandigarh	0	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli	6	6	3	5
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	5	1	0	1
35	Lakshadweep	4	4	4	4
36	Puducherry	9	9	9	9
	All India/Total	16613	9373	14299	1372

Notes:

NA: Not Available.

N App - Not Applicable

The total figure excludes the number of HWC-PHCs.

The State/ UT with zero number of PHCs has converted all PHCs into HWCs

Table 45.

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AVAILABLE AT COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES in Rural Areas										
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)								
		Number of CHCs Functioning	Number of Community Health Centres							
			With all four specialists	With computer/ Statistical Asst. for MIS/ Accountant	With functional Laboratory	With functional I.O.T.	With functional Labor Room	With functioning Stabilization Units for New Born	With New Born Care Corner	With at least 30 beds
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	Andhra Pradesh	140	5	140	140	140	140	59	140	140
2	Arunachal Pradesh	63	4	36	49	33	55	13	49	7
3	Assam	177	0	141	174	170	176	172	176	89
4	Bihar	150	24	150	150	150	150	NA	51	150
5	Chhattisgarh	170	4	170	161	150	161	145	169	143
6	Goa	5	5	5	5	5	5	0	5	5
7	Gujarat	362	0	358	354	301	355	152	316	362
8	Haryana	115	0	112	113	65	111	54	106	69
9	Himachal Pradesh	87	1	30	70	70	71	18	46	22
10	Jammu & Kashmir	84	33	59	84	65	84	76	67	56
11	Jharkhand	171	11	171	171	165	171	39	171	96
12	Karnataka	198	33	195	198	192	198	162	194	198
13	Kerala	227	7	227	227	106	82	8	8	89
14	Madhya Pradesh	309	1	211	309	309	309	155	309	309
15	Maharashtra	364	49	128	360	308	360	184	360	360
16	Manipur	23	0	20	20	7	23	3	23	3
17	Meghalaya	28	0	28	28	2	28	4	26	27
18	Mizoram	9	0	9	9	9	9	6	9	9
19	Nagaland	21	0	11	21	18	21	5	16	3
20	Odisha	377	18	307	367	328	368	22	377	46
21	Punjab	89	13	89	89	89	89	31	89	89
22	Rajasthan	571	29	543	544	312	555	271	475	571
23	Sikkim	2	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
24	Tamil Nadu	385	NA	385	385	342	385	37	385	372
25	Telangana	85	45	85	85	85	85	18	85	72
26	Tripura	18	0	18	18	1	18	1	18	18
27	Uttarakhand	67	2	52	51	56	64	27	61	44
28	Uttar Pradesh	679	85	679	623	633	628	358	574	557
29	West Bengal	348	9	334	315	329	338	313	321	292
30	A& N Islands	4	0	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
31	Chandigarh	0	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli	2	0	2	2	2	2	0	2	2
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	3	0	0	3	3	3	3	3	3
36	Puducherry	2	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	All India/Total	5335	378	4702	5133	4453	5052	2344	4639	4210

NA - Not Available

N App - Not Applicable

Table 46.

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AVAILABLE AT COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES in Rural Areas										
(As on 31st March, 2019)										
S.No.	State/UT	Number of CHCs Functioning	Number of Community Health Centres						No. of CHC having a regular supply of	
			With functional X-Ray machine	With quarters for specialist Doctors	With specialist Doctors living in quarters	With referral transport available	With registered RKS	Functioning as per IPHS norms	Allopathic drugs for common ailments	AYUSH drugs for common ailments
			(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1	Andhra Pradesh	140	55	0	0	140	140	0	140	45
2	Arunachal Pradesh	63	10	3	2	48	55	14	58	41
3	Assam	177	86	96	NA	160	177	8	172	108
4	Bihar	150	150	28	24	150	68	NA	150	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	170	3	0	0	3	3	0	3	2
6	Goa	5	5	0	0	5	5	5	5	5
7	Gujarat	362	251	141	96	332	361	NA	362	0
8	Haryana	115	54	58	16	115	114	7	114	94
9	Himachal Pradesh	87	53	54	11	87	87	0	87	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	84	83	45	25	84	84	0	84	38
11	Jharkhand	171	65	84	51	171	171	0	171	79
12	Karnataka	198	160	147	80	184	198	0	198	98
13	Kerala	227	29	0	0	190	227	7	227	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	309	217	219	152	309	309	0	309	309
15	Maharashtra	364	317	267	245	364	364	178	364	364
16	Manipur	23	21	20	0	23	23	0	23	23
17	Meghalaya	28	12	5	4	25	28	4	28	20
18	Mizoram	9	7	0	1	9	9	0	9	7
19	Nagaland	21	3	3	2	20	21	2	18	9
20	Odisha	377	68	349	294	377	377	0	312	377
21	Punjab	89	89	70	30	89	89	0	89	89
22	Rajasthan	571	386	495	456	517	558	375	567	234
23	Sikkim	2	2	0	0	2	2	0	2	2
24	Tamil Nadu	385	200	80	39	385	385	350	385	385
25	Telangana	85	54	74	74	85	85	41	85	41
26	Tripura	18	14	1	1	22	22	NA	22	22
27	Uttarakhand	67	34	43	24	61	65	29	62	60
28	Uttar Pradesh	679	358	594	332	597	466	134	654	594
29	West Bengal	348	126	102	51	326	348	0	340	307
30	A& N Islands	4	4	3	0	4	4	4	4	4
31	Chandigarh	0	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli	2	2	0	0	2	2	2	2	2
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	3	3	0	0	3	3	3	3	3
36	Puducherry	2	2	2	0	2	2	2	2	2
	All India/Total	5335	2923	2983	2010	4891	4852	1165	5051	3364

NA - Not Available

N App - Not Applicable

Table 47.

NUMBER OF FIRST REFERRAL UNITS IN INDIA (As on 31st March 2019)							
S.No.	State/UT	Total no. of FRUs	At PHC Level	At CHC Level	At SDH Level	At DH Level	Medical Colleges
1	Andhra Pradesh	240	0	198	28	14	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	16	0	4	0	12	0
3	Assam	80	0	37	11	26	6
4	Bihar	150	0	68	46	36	0
5	Chhattisgarh	57	0	28	5	24	0
6	Goa	34	24	5	2	2	1
7	Gujarat	132	0	59	32	23	18
8	Haryana	54	0	12	15	22	5
9	Himachal Pradesh	17	0	1	4	12	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	102	0	76	0	23	3
11	Jharkhand	76	0	39	11	23	3
12	Karnataka	231	0	46	147	38	0
13	Kerala	13	0	1	10	2	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	148	0	48	49	51	0
15	Maharashtra	250	37	91	82	29	11
16	Manipur	11	0	0	1	8	2
17	Meghalaya	8	0	0	0	8	0
18	Mizoram	10	0	0	0	9	1
19	Nagaland	16	0	5	0	11	0
20	Odisha	78	0	20	21	32	5
21	Punjab	208	16	126	41	22	3
22	Rajasthan	152	0	108	16	27	1
23	Sikkim	3	0	0	0	3	0
24	Tamil Nadu	582	0	378	149	31	24
25	Telangana	145	0	95	37	6	7
26	Tripura	12	0	1	4	6	1
27	Uttarakhand	28	0	10	9	8	1
28	Uttar Pradesh	165	13	69	9	74	0
29	West Bengal	141	0	48	57	23	13
30	A& N Islands	1	0	0	0	1	0
31	Chandigarh	5	0	2	1	1	1
32	D & N Haveli	2	0	0	1	1	0
33	Daman & Diu	4	0	2	0	2	0
34	Delhi	23	0	0	3	16	4
35	Lakshadweep	3	0	1	1	1	0
36	Puducherry	7	0	0	0	5	2
	All India/Total	3204	90	1578	792	632	112

Note: N.A Not Available

Table 48.

INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES AT FRUs IN INDIA (As on 31st March 2019)										
S.No.	State/UT	Total no. of FRUs	FRUs with more than 30 beds		FRUs with OT		FRUs with Labour room		FRUs with Blood Storage/ linkage facility	
			number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%
1	Andhra Pradesh	240	205	85.4	239	99.6	238	99.2	118	49.2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	16	6	37.5	13	81.3	16	100.0	5	31.3
3	Assam	80	80	100.0	80	100.0	80	100.0	39	48.8
4	Bihar	150	150	100.0	150	100.0	150	100.0	68	45.3
5	Chhattisgarh	57	51	89.5	55	96.5	57	100.0	44	77.2
6	Goa	34	8	23.5	2	5.9	2	5.9	2	5.9
7	Gujarat	132	132	100.0	132	100.0	132	100.0	132	100.0
8	Haryana	54	48	88.9	51	94.4	53	98.1	44	81.5
9	Himachal Pradesh	17	17	100.0	16	94.1	17	100.0	17	100.0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	102	77	75.5	89	87.3	102	100.0	53	52.0
11	Jharkhand	76	76	100.0	76	100.0	76	100.0	64	84.2
12	Karnataka	231	231	100.0	231	100.0	231	100.0	151	65.4
13	Kerala	13	13	100.0	13	100.0	13	100.0	13	100.0
14	Madhya Pradesh	148	148	100.0	148	100.0	148	100.0	148	100.0
15	Maharashtra	250	212	84.8	223	89.2	216	86.4	211	84.4
16	Manipur	11	8	72.7	8	72.7	8	72.7	5	45.5
17	Meghalaya	8	8	100.0	8	100.0	8	100.0	5	62.5
18	Mizoram	10	9	90.0	9	90.0	9	90.0	9	90.0
19	Nagaland	16	11	68.8	14	87.5	15	93.8	8	50.0
20	Odisha	78	55	70.5	78	100.0	75	96.2	78	100.0
21	Punjab	208	108	51.9	183	88.0	187	89.9	73	35.1
22	Rajasthan	152	152	100.0	135	88.8	152	100.0	106	69.7
23	Sikkim	3	3	100.0	3	100.0	3	100.0	3	100.0
24	Tamil Nadu	582	582	100.0	582	100.0	582	100.0	571	98.1
25	Telangana	145	145	100.0	145	100.0	145	100.0	145	100.0
26	Tripura	12	12	100.0	12	100.0	12	100.0	12	100.0
27	Uttarakhand	28	17	60.7	26	92.9	25	89.3	16	57.1
28	Uttar Pradesh	165	132	80.0	165	100.0	165	100.0	109	66.1
29	West Bengal	141	139	98.6	141	100.0	141	100.0	128	90.8
30	A& N Islands	1	1	100.0	1	100.0	1	100.0	1	100.0
31	Chandigarh	5	5	100.0	5	100.0	5	100.0	5	100.0
32	D & N Haveli	2	2	100.0	2	100.0	2	100.0	2	100.0
33	Daman & Diu	4	2	50.0	4	100.0	4	100.0	2	50.0
34	Delhi	23	23	100.0	22	95.7	23	100.0	19	82.6
35	Lakshadweep	3	2	66.7	2	66.7	2	66.7	2	66.7
36	Puducherry	7	4	57.1	4	57.1	4	57.1	4	57.1
All India/Total		3204	2874	89.7	3067	95.7	3099	96.7	2412	75.3

Note: N.A Not Available

Table 49.

Availability of Toilets in SCs, PHCs and CHCs (As on 31st March 2019) in Rural Areas										
S.No.	State/UT	Sub Centre			Primary Health Centre			Community Health Centre		
		No. of Sub Centre Functioning	With Separate Toilet for Male & Female Patients	With Toilet facility for Staff	No. of PHCs Functioning	With Separate Toilet for Male & Female Patients	With Toilet facility for Staff	No. of CHCs Functioning	With Separate Toilet for Male & Female Patients	With Toilet facility for Staff
1	Andhra Pradesh	7437	0	7437	1145	1145	1145	140	140	140
2	Arunachal Pradesh	385	48	79	143	51	47	63	31	36
3	Assam	4643	1479	0	946	878	0	177	176	0
4	Bihar	9949	3742	2554	1899	375	272	150	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	5205	2717	3292	792	610	623	170	161	157
6	Goa	219	219	219	24	24	24	5	5	5
7	Gujarat	9166	1844	5839	1476	1141	968	362	355	355
8	Haryana	2604	1120	1042	379	336	337	115	112	113
9	Himachal Pradesh	2089	0	0	586	403	433	87	77	76
10	Jammu & Kashmir	3025	1603	1633	622	505	498	84	59	62
11	Jharkhand	3848	1671	1724	298	235	213	171	171	171
12	Karnataka	9758	2939	2939	2127	2004	2004	198	185	185
13	Kerala	5380	0	4724	848	826	826	227	193	193
14	Madhya Pradesh	10226	5876	5321	1199	877	916	309	302	286
15	Maharashtra	10668	4723	7557	1828	1019	968	364	311	320
16	Manipur	490	161	108	90	29	19	23	4	0
17	Meghalaya	477	16	227	118	100	99	28	28	25
18	Mizoram	370	103	171	59	2	2	9	9	7
19	Nagaland	433	25	43	126	31	41	21	15	16
20	Odisha	6688	2918	4693	1288	498	331	377	360	331
21	Punjab	2950	2291	2056	416	116	24	89	69	64
22	Rajasthan	13512	3997	7149	2082	1713	1799	571	513	504
23	Sikkim	176	128	138	29	29	29	2	2	2
24	Tamil Nadu	8713	1722	4335	1422	1325	1349	385	385	385
25	Telangana	4744	86	86	636	636	636	85	85	85
26	Tripura	972	551	487	108	108	108	18	22	22
27	Uttarakhand	1847	376	756	257	186	164	67	57	58
28	Uttar Pradesh	20782	NA	NA	2936	NA	NA	679	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	10357	2588	5240	908	955	1151	348	267	348
30	A& N Islands	124	8	108	22	22	22	4	4	4
31	Chandigarh	0	N App	N App	0	N App	N App	0	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli	71	47	47	9	8	8	2	2	2
33	Daman & Diu	23	23	23	4	4	4	0	0	0
34	Delhi	12	11	11	5	1	1	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	14	8	8	4	4	4	3	3	3
36	Puducherry	54	54	54	24	24	24	2	2	2
	All India/Total	157411	43094	70100	24855	16220	15089	5335	4105	3957

Note: N.A :- not Available

N App - not Applicable

SECTION VII.

STATUS OF INFRASTRUCTURE AND HEALTH MANPOWER IN URBAN AREAS

Table 50.

SHORTFALL IN PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES AS PER MID YEAR POPULATION (as on 1st July 2019) IN INDIA in URBAN AREAS						
S.No.	State/ UT	Estimated mid-year population for Urban areas (as on 1st July 2019)	PHCs and HWC-PHCs			
			Required	In Position	Shortfall	% Shortfall
			R	P	S	
1	Andhra Pradesh	17935000	359	364	*	*
2	Arunachal Pradesh	374000	7	4	3	47
3	Assam	5202000	104	55	49	47
4	Bihar	14397000	288	95	193	67
5	Chhattisgarh	7486000	150	45	105	70
6	Goa	1108000	22	0	22	100
7	Gujarat	32010000	640	318	322	50
8	Haryana	11503000	230	97	133	58
9	Himachal Pradesh	748000	15	20	*	*
10	Jammu & Kashmir	4001000	80	49	31	39
11	Jharkhand	9599000	192	57	135	70
12	Karnataka	28140000	563	435	128	23
13	Kerala	23675000	474	83	391	82
14	Madhya Pradesh	23618000	472	136	336	71
15	Maharashtra	58240000	1165	538	627	54
16	Manipur	979000	20	9	11	54
17	Meghalaya	663000	13	0	13	100
18	Mizoram	648000	13	10	3	23
19	Nagaland	874000	17	5	12	71
20	Odisha	7956000	159	87	72	45
21	Punjab	12125000	243	16	227	93
22	Rajasthan	20248000	405	377	*	*
23	Sikkim	276000	6	1	5	82
24	Tamil Nadu	39465000	789	463	326	41
25	Telangana	16748000	335	249	86	26
26	Tripura	1407000	28	5	23	82
27	Uttarakhand	3822000	76	0	76	100
28	Uttar Pradesh	53100000	1062	624	438	41
29	West Bengal	34247000	685	448	237	35
30	A & N Islands	168000	3	2	1	40
31	Chandigarh	1178000	24	46	*	*
32	D & N Haveli	359000	7	2	5	72
33	Daman & Diu	389000	8	0	8	100
34	Delhi	19768000	395	535	*	*
35	Lakshadweep	64000	1	0	1	100
36	Puducherry	1056000	21	15	6	29
	All India/ Total	453576000	9072	5190	4026	44.4

Notes: The requirement is calculated using the prescribed norms on the basis of urban population from mid-year population (as on 1st July 2019). All India shortfall is derived by adding state-wise figures of shortfall ignoring the existing surplus in some of the states.

R: Required; P: In Position; S: Shortfall; *: Surplus

N App- Not Applicable

Table 51.

BUILDING POSITION OF PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES in Urban Areas							
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)					
		Total Number of PHCs functioning	functioning in			Buildings Under Construction	Buildings required ¹ to be constructed
			Govt. Buildings	Rented Buildings	Rent Free Panchayat / Vol. Society Buildings		
1	Andhra Pradesh	364	364	0	0	0	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	4	4	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	55	55	0	0	0	0
4	Bihar	95	0	0	0	236	*
5	Chhattisgarh	45	19	2	24	2	24
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	318	318	0	0	0	0
8	Haryana	97	11	76	10	1	85
9	Himachal Pradesh	20	20	0	0	0	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	49	25	24	0	0	24
11	Jharkhand	57	21	36	0	0	36
12	Karnataka	435	319	116	0	0	116
13	Kerala	83	83	0	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	136	45	120	0	0	91
15	Maharashtra	538	526	12	0	93	*
16	Manipur	9	9	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	10	10	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	5	5	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	87	87	0	0	0	0
21	Punjab	16	11	0	5	1	4
22	Rajasthan	377	352	55	27	2	23
23	Sikkim	1	1	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	463	351	60	52	1	111
25	Telangana	249	165	84	0	0	84
26	Tripura	5	5	0	0	0	0
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	624	66	558	0	0	558
29	West Bengal	448	381	67	0	73	*
30	A& N Islands	2	2	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	46	42	0	4	0	4
32	D & N Haveli	2	2	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	535	343	175	17	1	191
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	15	15	0	0	0	0
	All India/ Total	5190	3657	1385	139	410	1351

NA - Not Available

¹ All India figure of required number of building to be constructed = Total functioning - (Government Buildings + Under construction) (ignoring States/Uts having excess.)

* States having construction in excess of number of building required

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs in urban areas

Table 52.

BUILDING POSITION OF COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES in Urban Areas							
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)					
		Total Number of CHCs functioning	CHCs functioning in			Buildings Under Construction	Buildings required ¹ to be constructed
			Govt. Buildings	Rented Buildings	Rent Free Panchayat / Vol. Society Buildings		
1	Andhra Pradesh	55	55	0	0	0	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	2	2	0	0	0	0
4	Bihar	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	4	4	0	0	0	0
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	14	14	0	0	0	0
8	Haryana	13	11	2	0	0	2
9	Himachal Pradesh	7	7	0	0	0	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	Jharkhand	6	6	0	0	0	0
12	Karnataka	9	9	0	0	0	0
13	Kerala	2	2	0	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	21	21	0	0	2	*
15	Maharashtra	37	37	0	0	0	0
16	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	7	7	0	0	0	0
21	Punjab	63	62	0	1	1	0
22	Rajasthan	24	24	0	0	1	*
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	15	15	0	0	0	0
25	Telangana	10	10	0	0	0	0
26	Tripura	4	4	0	0	0	0
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	12	0	12	0	0	12
29	West Bengal	39	39	0	0	0	0
30	A& N Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	2	2	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	2	2	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	2	2	0	0	0	0
	All India/ Total	350	335	14	1	4	14

Notes:

¹ All India figure of required number of building to be constructed = Total functioning - (Government Buildings + Under construction) (ignoring States/Uts having excess.)

* States having construction in excess of number of building required

Table 53.

HEALTH WORKER [FEMALE] / ANM AT PHCs in Urban Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R1]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R1-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	1820	784	751	33	1069
2	Arunachal Pradesh	20	0	9	*	11
3	Assam	275	NA	211	NA	64
4	Bihar	475	NA	95	NA	380
5	Chhattisgarh	225	664	376	288	*
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	1590	3064	1947	1117	*
8	Haryana	485	831	808	23	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	100	10	10	0	90
10	Jammu & Kashmir	245	256	143	113	102
11	Jharkhand	285	311	202	109	83
12	Karnataka	2175	2247	2177	70	*
13	Kerala	415	1686	1749	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	680	67	321	*	359
15	Maharashtra	2690	1361	1092	269	1598
16	Manipur	45	NA	13	NA	32
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	50	NA	16	NA	34
19	Nagaland	25	NA	15	NA	10
20	Odisha	435	122	200	*	235
21	Punjab	80	44	80	*	0
22	Rajasthan	1885	1122	756	366	1129
23	Sikkim	5	NA	1	NA	4
24	Tamil Nadu	2315	2248	2087	161	228
25	Telangana	1245	1065	747	318	498
26	Tripura	25	NA	68	NA	*
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	3120	NA	857	NA	2263
29	West Bengal	2240	110	86	24	2154
30	A& N Islands	10	0	0	0	10
31	Chandigarh	230	NA	115	NA	115
32	D & N Haveli	10	16	16	0	*
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	2675	1081	1645	*	1030
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	75	4	227	*	*
	All India/² Total	25950	17093	16820	2891	11498

Notes: NA - Not Available

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

¹ 5 per urban Primary Health Centres as per norms to cater the urban population of 10000 by each Health Worker (female).² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded.

Total figures of ANMs represents ANMs working at PHCs and SCs under the PHCs.

Table 54.

DOCTORS ⁺ AT PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES in Urban Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	364	384	375	9	*
2	Arunachal Pradesh	4	NA	5	NA	*
3	Assam	55	NA	43	NA	12
4	Bihar	95	NA	95	NA	0
5	Chhattisgarh	45	88	62	26	*
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	318	373	257	116	61
8	Haryana	97	91	85	6	12
9	Himachal Pradesh	20	20	22	*	*
10	Jammu & Kashmir	49	100	101	*	*
11	Jharkhand	57	45	39	6	18
12	Karnataka	435	381	381	0	54
13	Kerala	83	25	78	*	5
14	Madhya Pradesh	136	191	118	73	18
15	Maharashtra	538	390	171	219	367
16	Manipur	9	NA	18	NA	*
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	10	NA	10	NA	0
19	Nagaland	5	NA	6	NA	*
20	Odisha	87	87	109	*	*
21	Punjab	16	18	45	*	*
22	Rajasthan	377	284	240	44	137
23	Sikkim	1	NA	2	NA	*
24	Tamil Nadu	463	463	282	181	181
25	Telangana	249	498	470	28	*
26	Tripura	5	NA	5	NA	0
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	624	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	448	893	647	246	*
30	A & N Islands	2	0	0	0	2
31	Chandigarh	46	NA	46	NA	0
32	D & N Haveli	2	2	2	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	535	649	711	*	*
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	15	5	32	*	*
	All India² / Total	5190	4987	4457	954	867

Notes:

NA: Not Available.

+: Allopathic Doctors

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

¹ One per Primary Health Centre as per IPHS norms² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs in urban areas

Table 55.

TOTAL SPECIALISTS AT CHCs in Urban Areas						
Total Specialists [Surgeons, OB&GY, Physicians & Paediatricians]						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	220	173	140	33	80
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	8	NA	9	NA	*
4	Bihar	0	0	0	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	16	0	0	0	16
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	56	111	35	76	21
8	Haryana	52	6	6	0	46
9	Himachal Pradesh	28	NA	0	NA	28
10	Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	0	0
11	Jharkhand	24	6	2	4	22
12	Karnataka	36	20	20	0	16
13	Kerala	8	5	5	0	3
14	Madhya Pradesh	84	84	25	59	59
15	Maharashtra	148	481	341	140	*
16	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	28	46	42	4	*
21	Punjab	252	120	29	91	223
22	Rajasthan	96	72	40	32	56
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	60	NA	14	NA	46
25	Telangana	40	113	52	61	*
26	Tripura	16	NA	0	NA	16
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	48	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	156	96	208	*	*
30	A& N Islands	0	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	8	NA	14	NA	*
32	D & N Haveli	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	8	7	5	2	3
34	Delhi	0	20	28	*	*
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	8	0	2	*	6
	All India²/ Total	1400	1360	1017	502	641

Notes:

NA: Not Available.

¹ Four per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy and shortfall, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

Table 56.

General Duty Medical Officers (GDMOs) - Allopathic at CHCs in Urban Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	Required ¹	(As on 31st March, 2019)			
			Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	110	85	65	20	45
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	4	NA	8	NA	*
4	Bihar	0	0	0	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	8	8	4	4	4
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	28	75	21	54	7
8	Haryana	26	22	20	2	6
9	Himachal Pradesh	14	18	12	6	2
10	Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	0	0
11	Jharkhand	12	0	0	0	12
12	Karnataka	18	0	0	0	18
13	Kerala	4	22	30	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	42	126	41	85	1
15	Maharashtra	74	173	141	32	*
16	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	14	24	33	*	*
21	Punjab	126	58	55	3	71
22	Rajasthan	48	68	50	18	*
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	30	62	43	19	*
25	Telangana	20	15	15	0	5
26	Tripura	8	NA	8	NA	0
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	24	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	78	44	83	*	*
30	A& N Islands	0	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	4	NA	18	NA	*
32	D & N Haveli	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	4	7	7	0	*
34	Delhi	0	35	56	*	*
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	4	3	3	0	1
	All India/Total²	700	845	713	243	172

Notes:

NA: Not Available

¹ Two per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms² For calculating the overall percentages of vacancy, the States/UTs for which manpower position is not available, are excluded

Table 57.

RADIOGRAPHERS at CHCs in Urban Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	55	53	28	25	27
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	2	NA	1	NA	1
4	Bihar	0	0	0	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	4	0	0	0	4
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	14	7	0	7	14
8	Haryana	13	5	3	2	10
9	Himachal Pradesh	7	3	3	0	4
10	Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	0	0
11	Jharkhand	6	0	0	0	6
12	Karnataka	9	0	0	0	9
13	Kerala	2	0	0	0	2
14	Madhya Pradesh	21	25	20	5	1
15	Maharashtra	37	59	51	8	*
16	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	7	1	1	0	6
21	Punjab	63	22	16	6	47
22	Rajasthan	24	35	23	12	1
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	15	0	0	0	15
25	Telangana	10	16	10	6	0
26	Tripura	4	0	1	*	3
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	12	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	39	6	22	*	17
30	A& N Islands	0	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	2	NA	4	NA	*
32	D & N Haveli	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	2	5	3	2	*
34	Delhi	0	4	5	*	*
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	2	1	1	0	1
	All India/Total	350	242	192	73	168

Notes:

¹ One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus

NA: Not Available.

Table 58.

PHARMACISTS at PHCs in Urban Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	PHCs & HWC-PHCs (As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	364	258	78	180	286
2	Arunachal Pradesh	4	NA	3	NA	1
3	Assam	55	NA	36	NA	19
4	Bihar	95	NA	149	NA	*
5	Chhattisgarh	45	77	47	30	*
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	318	380	359	21	*
8	Haryana	97	84	94	*	3
9	Himachal Pradesh	20	8	7	1	13
10	Jammu & Kashmir	49	127	97	30	*
11	Jharkhand	57	128	57	71	0
12	Karnataka	435	435	435	0	0
13	Kerala	83	73	126	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	136	136	53	83	83
15	Maharashtra	538	307	240	67	298
16	Manipur	9	NA	4	NA	5
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	10	NA	10	NA	0
19	Nagaland	5	NA	5	NA	0
20	Odisha	87	82	82	0	5
21	Punjab	16	16	22	*	*
22	Rajasthan	377	229	125	104	252
23	Sikkim	1	NA	1	NA	0
24	Tamil Nadu	463	463	315	148	148
25	Telangana	249	223	186	37	63
26	Tripura	5	NA	4	NA	1
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	624	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	448	444	367	77	81
30	A& N Islands	2	0	0	0	2
31	Chandigarh	46	NA	57	NA	*
32	D & N Haveli	2	2	2	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	535	498	556	*	*
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	15	1	32	*	*
	All India/Total	5190	3971	3549	849	1260

Notes:

¹ One per each Primary Health Centre and Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs in urban areas

Table 59.

PHARMACISTS at CHCs in Urban Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	55	78	50	28	5
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	2	NA	5	NA	*
4	Bihar	0	0	0	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	4	4	2	2	2
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	14	13	9	4	5
8	Haryana	13	18	25	*	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	7	10	9	1	*
10	Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	0	0
11	Jharkhand	6	12	3	9	3
12	Karnataka	9	9	9	0	0
13	Kerala	2	18	18	0	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	21	21	20	1	1
15	Maharashtra	37	156	166	*	*
16	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	7	11	13	*	*
21	Punjab	63	65	67	*	*
22	Rajasthan	24	25	22	3	2
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	15	0	0	0	15
25	Telangana	10	22	8	14	2
26	Tripura	4	NA	5	NA	*
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	12	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	39	7	18	*	21
30	A& N Islands	0	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	2	0	12	*	*
32	D & N Haveli	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	2	4	4	0	*
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	2	3	3	0	*
	All India/Total	350	476	468	62	56

Notes:

¹ One per each Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

Table 60.

LABORATORY TECHNICIANS at PHCs in Urban Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	PHCs & HWC-PHCs (As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	364	39	30	9	334
2	Arunachal Pradesh	4	NA	4	NA	0
3	Assam	55	NA	35	NA	20
4	Bihar	95	0	0	0	95
5	Chhattisgarh	45	50	26	24	19
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	318	344	221	123	97
8	Haryana	97	20	27	*	70
9	Himachal Pradesh	20	1	0	1	20
10	Jammu & Kashmir	49	56	46	10	3
11	Jharkhand	57	56	35	21	22
12	Karnataka	435	364	364	0	71
13	Kerala	83	39	92	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	136	136	39	97	97
15	Maharashtra	538	261	181	80	357
16	Manipur	9	NA	4	NA	5
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	10	NA	10	NA	0
19	Nagaland	5	NA	2	NA	3
20	Odisha	87	42	0	42	87
21	Punjab	16	16	11	5	5
22	Rajasthan	377	183	91	92	286
23	Sikkim	1	NA	1	NA	0
24	Tamil Nadu	463	249	147	102	316
25	Telangana	249	0	0	0	249
26	Tripura	5	0	0	0	5
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	624	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	448	430	305	125	143
30	A & N Islands	2	0	0	0	2
31	Chandigarh	46	NA	14	NA	32
32	D & N Haveli	2	2	2	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	535	166	240	*	295
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	15	0	6	*	9
	All India/Total	5190	2454	1933	731	2642

Notes:

¹ One per each Primary Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States /UTs

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs in urban areas

Table 61.

LABORATORY TECHNICIANS at CHCs in Urban Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	55	69	47	22	8
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	2	NA	6	NA	*
4	Bihar	0	0	0	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	4	4	2	2	2
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	14	13	11	2	3
8	Haryana	13	16	19	*	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	7	4	2	2	5
10	Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	0	0
11	Jharkhand	6	12	3	9	3
12	Karnataka	9	3	3	0	6
13	Kerala	2	2	2	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	21	42	29	13	*
15	Maharashtra	37	69	110	*	*
16	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	7	10	15	*	*
21	Punjab	63	39	66	*	*
22	Rajasthan	24	25	22	3	2
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	15	0	0	0	15
25	Telangana	10	23	12	11	*
26	Tripura	4	NA	2	NA	2
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	12	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	39	23	49	*	*
30	A& N Islands	0	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	2	NA	21	NA	*
32	D & N Haveli	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	2	4	4	0	*
34	Delhi	0	12	21	*	*
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	2	1	1	0	1
	All India/Total	350	371	447	64	47

Notes:

¹ One per each Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States /UTs

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

Table 62.

NURSING STAFF at PHCs Urban Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R1]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R1-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	364	103	97	6	267
2	Arunachal Pradesh	4	0	6	*	*
3	Assam	55	NA	101	NA	*
4	Bihar	95	NA	155	NA	*
5	Chhattisgarh	45	184	128	56	*
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	318	585	433	152	*
8	Haryana	97	110	93	17	*
9	Himachal Pradesh	20	5	5	0	15
10	Jammu & Kashmir	49	111	95	16	*
11	Jharkhand	57	160	89	71	*
12	Karnataka	435	870	870	0	*
13	Kerala	83	238	344	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	136	67	137	*	*
15	Maharashtra	538	875	884	*	*
16	Manipur	9	NA	12	NA	*
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	10	NA	30	NA	*
19	Nagaland	5	NA	10	NA	*
20	Odisha	87	75	123	*	*
21	Punjab	16	45	44	1	*
22	Rajasthan	377	499	320	179	57
23	Sikkim	1	NA	3	NA	*
24	Tamil Nadu	463	1419	1275	144	*
25	Telangana	249	442	385	57	*
26	Tripura	5	NA	9	NA	*
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	624	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	448	918	153	765	295
30	A& N Islands	2	0	0	0	2
31	Chandigarh	46	NA	12	NA	34
32	D & N Haveli	2	6	6	0	*
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	535	43	51	*	484
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	15	0	68	*	*
	All India/Total	5190	6755	5938	1464	1154

Notes:

¹ One per Primary Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

Table 63.

NURSING STAFF at CHCs in Urban Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R1]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R1-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	385	666	561	105	*
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	14	NA	39	NA	*
4	Bihar	0	0	0	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	28	20	10	10	18
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	98	255	76	179	22
8	Haryana	91	72	59	13	32
9	Himachal Pradesh	49	45	42	3	7
10	Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	0	0
11	Jharkhand	42	24	4	20	38
12	Karnataka	63	63	63	0	0
13	Kerala	14	123	202	*	*
14	Madhya Pradesh	147	189	136	53	11
15	Maharashtra	259	2532	2184	348	*
16	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	49	27	43	*	6
21	Punjab	441	144	206	*	235
22	Rajasthan	168	330	269	61	*
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	105	0	0	0	105
25	Telangana	70	235	141	94	*
26	Tripura	28	0	22	*	6
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	84	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	273	130	230	*	43
30	A& N Islands	0	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	14	NA	83	NA	*
32	D & N Haveli	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	14	25	24	1	*
34	Delhi	0	153	205	*	*
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	14	16	19	*	*
	All India²/ Total	2450	5049	4618	887	523

Notes:

¹ Seven per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

All India figures for Vacancy and Shortfall are the totals of State-wise Vacancy and Shortfall ignoring surplus in some States / UTs

*: Surplus.

NA: Not Available.

SECTION VIII

STATUS OF TRAINING SCHOOLS FOR PARAMEDICAL STAFF

Table 64.

DETAILS OF ANM & LHV TRAINING SCHOOLS						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		No. of Training Schools		Ratio of ANM Schools per LHV School	** Rural Population - 2011 [in lakhs] covered by a	
		ANM/ HW[F]	LHV/ HA[F]		ANM School	LHV School
1	Andhra Pradesh	9	2	5	38.20	171.90
2	Arunachal Pradesh	1	1	1	11.33	11.33
3	Assam	18	1	18	16.23	292.08
4	Bihar	22	0	-	48.05	-
5	Chhattisgarh	14	0	-	15.26	-
6	Goa	1	0	-	4.35	-
7	Gujarat	30	3	10	12.08	120.78
8	Haryana	8	0	-	21.63	-
9	Himachal Pradesh	1	0	-	65.67	-
10	Jammu & Kashmir	15	0	-	6.35	-
11	Jharkhand	9	1	9	31.09	279.82
12	Karnataka	20	4	5	18.92	94.58
13	Kerala	9	2	5	12.79	57.56
14	Madhya Pradesh	29	2	15	20.34	294.98
15	Maharashtra	31	5	6	20.74	128.59
16	Manipur	3	0	-	7.11	-
17	Meghalaya	2	0	-	12.85	-
18	Mizoram	1	0	-	5.47	-
19	Nagaland	1	0	-	12.81	-
20	Odisha	19	1	19	18.83	357.76
21	Punjab	6	0	-	29.69	-
22	Rajasthan	33	0	-	17.38	-
23	Sikkim	1	0	-	3.89	-
24	Tamil Nadu	12	1	12	30.29	363.48
25	Telangana	5	1	5	41.07	205.35
26	Tripura	2	0	-	12.98	-
27	Uttarakhand	5	0	-	14.72	-
28	Uttar Pradesh	40	4	10	43.22	432.17
29	West Bengal	5	0	-	125.72	-
30	A& N Islands	1	0	-	2.30	-
31	Chandigarh	1	0	-	0.06	-
32	D & N Haveli	0	0	-	-	-
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	-	-	-
34	Delhi	2	1	2	0.86	1.72
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	-	-	-
36	Puducherry	1	0	-	4.59	-
	All India	357	29	12.3	24.5	301.4

Notes:

ANM/HW[F] Schools Funded by Govt. of India

LHV/HA[F] Promotional Schools Established by Govt. of India

- No LHV / ANM Training School

** As per Census 2011

Source : Training Division, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India

Table 65.

HEALTH & FAMILY WELFARE TRAINING CENTRES (HFWTC) AND MPW(M) TRAINING CENTRE			
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)	
		HFWTC	MPW(M) Training Schools
1	Andhra Pradesh	3	7
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	1
3	Assam	1	0
4	Bihar	3	0
5	Chhattisgarh	1	3
6	Goa	0	0
7	Gujarat	1	5
8	Haryana	1	2
9	Himachal Pradesh	1	1
10	Jammu & Kashmir	2	0
11	Jharkhand	1	0
12	Karnataka	4	1
13	Kerala	2	2
14	Madhya Pradesh	3	6
15	Maharashtra	7	6
16	Manipur	1	0
17	Meghalaya	1	0
18	Mizoram	0	1
19	Nagaland	0	0
20	Odisha	3	3
21	Punjab	1	1
22	Rajasthan	2	0
23	Sikkim	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	8	8
25	Telangana	1	3
26	Tripura	0	1
27	Uttarakhand	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	11	11
29	West Bengal	3	4
30	A& N Islands	0	0
31	Chandigarh	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0
34	Delhi	1	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0
36	Puducherry	1	1
	All India	63	67

Notes:

Source : Training Division, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India

SECTION IX

RURAL HEALTH CARE- SOME PARAMETERS OF ACHIEVEMENT

Table 66.

CLASSIFICATION OF STATES/UTs ACCORDING TO AVERAGE RURAL POPULATION COVERED BY A SUB CENTRE + HEALTH AND WELLNESS CENTRE-SUB CENTRE				
(As on 31st March, 2019)				
S. No.	Population Covered [Range]	Number of States/UTs	Name of States/UTs	Average Rural Population covered [mid-year population as on 1st July 2019]
1	Less than 3000	11	Lakshadweep	286
			Daman & Diu	1,478
			Mizoram	1,478
			A& N Islands	1,855
			Goa	1,986
			Kerala	2,140
			Sikkim	2,210
			Tripura	2,670
			D & N Haveli	2,775
			Arunachal Pradesh	2,943
			Nagaland	2,958
2	3000-5000	11	Himachal Pradesh	3,144
			Jammu & Kashmir	3,150
			Karnataka	3,877
			Gujarat	3,953
			Uttarakhand	3,986
			Chhattisgarh	4,105
			Tamil Nadu	4,172
			Rajasthan	4,245
			Telangana	4,329
			Manipur	4,351
			Andhra Pradesh	4,623
3	5000-7000	8	Odisha	5,349
			Meghalaya	5,386
			Madhya Pradesh	5,769
			Maharashtra	6,027
			Punjab	6,039
			West Bengal	6,070
			Assam	6,291
			Haryana	6,645
4	7000 and Above	5	Jharkhand	7,272
			Uttar Pradesh	8,318
			Puducherry	8,500
			Bihar	10,626
			Delhi	14,333
	All India	35	All India	5,616

Chandigarh UT has no Rural area

Table 67.

CLASSIFICATION OF STATES/UTs ACCORDING TO AVERAGE RURAL POPULATION COVERED BY A PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE + HEALTH AND WELLNESS CENTRE-PHC				
(As on 31st March, 2019)				
S. No.	Population Covered [Range]	Number of States/UTs	Name of States/UTs	Average Rural Population covered [mid-year population as on 1st July 2019]
1	Less than 10000	4	Lakshadweep	1,000
			Arunachal Pradesh	7,923
			Daman & Diu	8,500
			Mizoram	9,271
2	10000-20000	9	Nagaland	10,167
			A& N Islands	10,455
			Himachal Pradesh	11,206
			Kerala	13,574
			Sikkim	13,414
			Jammu & Kashmir	15,322
			Karnataka	17,787
			Goa	18,125
			Puducherry	19,125
3	20000-30000	10	Meghalaya	21,771
			D & N Haveli	21,889
			Manipur	23,689
			Rajasthan	24,027
			Tripura	24,028
			Gujarat	24,549
			Tamil Nadu	25,561
			Chhattisgarh	26,977
			Odisha	27,776
			Uttarakhand	28,646
4	30000-40000	5	Andhra Pradesh	30,026
			Assam	30,875
			Telangana	32,288
			Delhi	34,400
			Maharashtra	35,171
5	40000-50000	3	Punjab	42,822
			Haryana	45,657
			Madhya Pradesh	49,204
6	Above 50000	4	Bihar	55,670
			Uttar Pradesh	58,878
			West Bengal	69,231
			Jharkhand	93,899
	All India	35	All India	35567

Note:

Chandigarh UT has no Rural area

Table 68.

CLASSIFICATION OF STATES/UTs ACCORDING TO AVERAGE RURAL POPULATION COVERED BY A COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRE				
(As on 31st March, 2019)				
S. No.	Population Covered [Range]	Number of States/UTs	Name of States/UTs	Average Rural Population covered [mid-year population as on 1st July 2019]
1	Less than 1 lakh	13	Lakshadweep	1,333
			Arunachal Pradesh	17,984
			Kerala	50,709
			A& N Islands	57,500
			Mizoram	60,778
			Nagaland	61,000
			Himachal Pradesh	75,483
			Goa	87,000
			Meghalaya	91,750
			Manipur	92,696
			Tamil Nadu	94,410
			Odisha	94,897
			D & N Haveli	98,500
2	1 - 2 lakhs	14	Gujarat	1,00,097
			Rajasthan	1,00,443
			Uttarakhand	1,09,881
			Jammu & Kashmir	1,13,452
			Chhattisgarh	1,25,682
			Tripura	1,44,167
			Haryana	1,50,470
			Jharkhand	1,63,637
			Assam	1,65,017
			Maharashtra	1,76,629
			West Bengal	1,80,638
			Madhya Pradesh	1,90,922
			Karnataka	1,91,076
			Sikkim	1,94,500
2	2 - 5 lakhs	5	Punjab	2,00,157
			Puducherry	2,29,500
			Telangana	2,41,588
			Andhra Pradesh	2,45,571
			Uttar Pradesh	2,54,591
3	5 lakhs and above	1	Bihar	7,04,780
	All India	33	All India	1,65,702

Note:

No CHC functioning in Delhi and Daman & Diu under rural areas

Chandigarh UT has no Rural area

Table 69.

AVERAGE RURAL POPULATION COVERED by SCs, PHCs and CHCs				
		(As on 31st March, 2019)		
S. No.	State/UT	Average Rural Population [mid-year population as on 1st July 2019] covered by a		
		Sub Centre	PHC	CHC
1	Andhra Pradesh	4,623	30,026	2,45,571
2	Arunachal Pradesh	2,943	7,923	17,984
3	Assam	6,291	30,875	1,65,017
4	Bihar	10,626	55,670	7,04,780
5	Chhattisgarh	4,105	26,977	1,25,682
6	Goa	1,986	18,125	87,000
7	Gujarat	3,953	24,549	1,00,097
8	Haryana	6,645	45,657	1,50,470
9	Himachal Pradesh	3,144	11,206	75,483
10	Jammu & Kashmir	3,150	15,322	1,13,452
11	Jharkhand	7,272	93,899	1,63,637
12	Karnataka	3,877	17,787	1,91,076
13	Kerala	2,140	13,574	50,709
14	Madhya Pradesh	5,769	49,204	1,90,922
15	Maharashtra	6,027	35,171	1,76,629
16	Manipur	4,351	23,689	92,696
17	Meghalaya	5,386	21,771	91,750
18	Mizoram	1,478	9,271	60,778
19	Nagaland	2,958	10,167	61,000
20	Odisha	5,349	27,776	94,897
21	Punjab	6,039	42,822	2,00,157
22	Rajasthan	4,245	27,547	1,00,443
23	Sikkim	2,210	13,414	1,94,500
24	Tamil Nadu	4,172	25,561	94,410
25	Telangana	4,329	32,288	2,41,588
26	Tripura	2,670	24,028	1,44,167
27	Uttarakhand	3,986	28,646	1,09,881
28	Uttar Pradesh	8,318	58,878	2,54,591
29	West Bengal	6,070	69,231	1,80,638
30	A& N Islands	1,855	10,455	57,500
31	Chandigarh	-	-	-
32	D & N Haveli	2,775	21,889	98,500
33	Daman & Diu	1,478	8,500	-
34	Delhi	14,333	34,400	-
35	Lakshadweep	286	1,000	1,333
36	Puducherry	8,500	19,125	2,29,500
	All India	5,616	35,567	1,65,702

No CHC functioning in Daman & Diu and Delhi

Chandigarh UT has no Rural area

Table 70.

AVERAGE RURAL AREA AND AVERAGE RADIAL DISTANCE COVERED BY HEALTH FACILITIES							
(As on 31st March, 2019)							
S. No.	State/UT	Average Rural Area [Sq. Km.] covered by a			Average Radial Distance [Kms] covered by a		
		Sub Centre	PHC	CHC	Sub Centre	PHC	CHC
1	Andhra Pradesh	21.36	138.74	1134.69	2.61	6.64	19.00
2	Arunachal Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	Assam	6.81	33.41	178.55	1.47	3.26	7.54
4	Bihar	9.27	48.58	615.05	1.72	3.93	13.99
5	Chhattisgarh	25.35	166.59	776.12	2.84	7.28	15.71
6	Goa	6.05	55.17	264.80	1.39	4.19	9.18
7	Gujarat	20.82	129.27	527.06	2.57	6.41	12.95
8	Haryana	16.22	111.44	367.27	2.27	5.95	10.81
9	Himachal Pradesh	26.52	94.54	636.81	2.90	5.48	14.23
10	Jammu & Kashmir	73.05	355.29	2630.83	4.82	10.63	28.93
11	Jharkhand	20.13	259.96	453.02	2.53	9.09	12.01
12	Karnataka	19.07	87.46	939.58	2.46	5.28	17.29
13	Kerala	6.62	41.99	156.88	1.45	3.66	7.07
14	Madhya Pradesh	29.46	251.28	975.03	3.06	8.94	17.61
15	Maharashtra	23.23	135.59	680.94	2.72	6.57	14.72
16	Manipur	45.20	246.08	962.93	3.79	8.85	17.50
17	Meghalaya	46.43	187.68	790.93	3.84	7.73	15.86
18	Mizoram	56.98	357.31	2342.33	4.26	10.66	27.30
19	Nagaland	37.73	129.65	777.88	3.46	6.42	15.73
20	Odisha	22.78	118.29	404.13	2.69	6.13	11.34
21	Punjab	16.36	116.01	542.27	2.28	6.08	13.14
22	Rajasthan	24.84	161.19	587.75	2.81	7.16	13.68
23	Sikkim	32.26	195.76	2838.50	3.20	7.89	30.05
24	Tamil Nadu	13.07	80.09	295.82	2.04	5.05	9.70
25	Telangana	20.01	149.29	1117.05	2.52	6.89	18.85
26	Tripura	10.38	93.46	560.78	1.82	5.45	13.36
27	Uttarakhand	28.47	204.60	784.79	3.01	8.07	15.80
28	Uttar Pradesh	11.23	79.48	343.69	1.89	5.03	10.46
29	West Bengal	8.07	92.10	240.31	1.60	5.41	8.74
30	A& N Islands	5.19	29.24	160.82	1.28	3.05	7.15
31	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	D & N Haveli	4.44	35.00	157.50	1.19	3.34	7.08
33	Daman & Diu	2.72	15.62	-	0.93	2.23	-
34	Delhi	30.78	73.87	-	3.13	4.85	-
35	Lakshadweep	0.58	2.01	2.68	0.43	0.80	0.92
36	Puducherry	4.01	9.03	108.37	1.13	1.70	5.87
	All India	18.98	120.19	559.96	2.46	6.18	13.35

Notes:

NA: Not Available.

No CHC functioning in Daman & Diu and Delhi

There is no rural area in Chandigarh.

Table 71.

AVERAGE NUMBER OF VILLAGES COVERED BY A SC, PHC & CHC AND NUMBER OF SCs PER PHC AND NUMBER OF PHCs PER CHC						
(As on 31st March, 2019)						
S. No.	State/UT	Average Number of Villages covered by a			Number of SCs per PHCs	Number of PHCs per CHC
		SC & HWC- SC	PHC & HWC- PHC	CHC		
1	Andhra Pradesh	2	15	122	6	8
2	Arunachal Pradesh	15	39	89	3	2
3	Assam	6	28	149	5	5
4	Bihar	5	24	299	5	13
5	Chhattisgarh	4	25	118	7	5
6	Goa	2	14	67	9	5
7	Gujarat	2	12	50	6	4
8	Haryana	3	18	59	7	3
9	Himachal Pradesh	10	35	238	4	7
10	Jammu & Kashmir	2	11	78	5	7
11	Jharkhand	8	109	189	13	2
12	Karnataka	3	14	148	5	11
13	Kerala	0	1	4	6	4
14	Madhya Pradesh	5	46	178	9	4
15	Maharashtra	4	24	120	6	5
16	Manipur	5	29	113	5	4
17	Meghalaya	14	58	244	4	4
18	Mizoram	2	14	92	6	7
19	Nagaland	3	11	68	3	6
20	Odisha	8	40	136	5	3
21	Punjab	4	30	141	7	5
22	Rajasthan	3	21	78	6	4
23	Sikkim	3	16	226	6	15
24	Tamil Nadu	2	11	42	6	4
25	Telangana	2	17	127	7	7
26	Tripura	1	8	49	9	6
27	Uttarakhand	9	65	251	7	4
28	Uttar Pradesh	5	36	157	7	4
29	West Bengal	4	44	116	11	3
30	A& N Islands	4	25	139	6	6
31	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-
32	D & N Haveli	1	7	33	8	5
33	Daman & Diu	1	5	-	6	-
34	Delhi	9	22	-	2	-
35	Lakshadweep	2	5	7	4	1
36	Puducherry	2	4	45	2	12
	All India	4	26	120	6	5

No PHC, CHC functioning in Daman & Diu and Delhi in rural areas

There is no rural area under Chandigarh UT.

Calculation of no. of Villages as per the census 2011

Table 72.

AVERAGE NUMBER OF H.W.[M] PER HEALTH ASSISTANT [M] AND AVERAGE RURAL POPULATION COVERED BY A HW(M) AT SUB-CENTERS and HWC-SCs					
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)			
		Number in Position		Number of HW[M] per HA[M]	Average Rural Population [mid-year population as on 1st July 2019] covered by an HW[M]
		H.W. [M]	HA [M]		
1	Andhra Pradesh	2952	0	*	11646
2	Arunachal Pradesh	185	81	2	6124
3	Assam	3080	0	*	9483
4	Bihar	1244	212	6	84982
5	Chhattisgarh	3860	237	16	5535
6	Goa	86	0	*	5058
7	Gujarat	7940	936	8	4564
8	Haryana	1623	116	14	10662
9	Himachal Pradesh	659	46	14	9965
10	Jammu & Kashmir	829	54	15	11496
11	Jharkhand	1614	73	22	17337
12	Karnataka	3401	3735	1	11124
13	Kerala	3401	2023	2	3385
14	Madhya Pradesh	3969	991	4	14864
15	Maharashtra	5372	2494	2	11968
16	Manipur	428	0	*	4981
17	Meghalaya	200	97	2	12845
18	Mizoram	362	22	16	1511
19	Nagaland	0	0	*	-
20	Odisha	3254	22	148	10994
21	Punjab	1356	285	5	13137
22	Rajasthan	354	99	4	162014
23	Sikkim	95	13	7	4095
24	Tamil Nadu	2288	697	3	15886
25	Telangana	1363	0	*	15066
26	Tripura	630	6	105	4119
27	Uttarakhand	94	13	7	78319
28	Uttar Pradesh	6529	1038	6	26477
29	West Bengal	2032	113	18	30936
30	A& N Islands	45	11	4	5111
31	Chandigarh	0	0	*	-
32	D & N Haveli	70	0	*	2814
33	Daman & Diu	19	1	19	1789
34	Delhi	0	0	*	-
35	Lakshadweep	14	0	*	286
36	Puducherry	0	31	0	-
	All India	59348	13446	4	14896

Notes:

HA= Health Assistant, HW= Health Worker,

*: No Health Assistant or Health Worker Male In-position

Table 73.

AVERAGE NUMBER OF HW[F]/ ANM PER HEALTH ASSISTANT [F]/ LHV AND AVERAGE RURAL POPULATION COVERED BY AN HW(F)/ ANM AT SUB-CENTRES & PHCs					
(As on 31st March, 2019)					
S. No.	State/UT	Number in Position		Number of HW [F]/ ANM per HA [F]/ LHV	Average Rural Population [mid-year population as on 1st July 2019] covered by an HW[F]/ ANM
		HW [F]/ ANM	HA [F]/ LHV		
1	Andhra Pradesh	11815	1123	11	2910
2	Arunachal Pradesh	689	17	41	1644
3	Assam	11502	252	46	2539
4	Bihar	24228	95	255	4363
5	Chhattisgarh	6808	438	16	3138
6	Goa	250	14	18	1740
7	Gujarat	9168	1710	5	3952
8	Haryana	4606	288	16	3757
9	Himachal Pradesh	1845	71	26	3559
10	Jammu & Kashmir	4908	98	50	1942
11	Jharkhand	6325	19	333	4424
12	Karnataka	8462	976	9	4471
13	Kerala	7504	22	341	1534
14	Madhya Pradesh	11824	786	15	4989
15	Maharashtra	21753	2143	10	2956
16	Manipur	1044	64	16	2042
17	Meghalaya	1173	107	11	2190
18	Mizoram	699	19	37	783
19	Nagaland	1008	0	*	1271
20	Odisha	9187	0	*	3894
21	Punjab	4530	352	13	3932
22	Rajasthan	15425	1143	13	3718
23	Sikkim	260	17	15	1496
24	Tamil Nadu	9983	803	12	3641
25	Telangana	7932	924	9	2589
26	Tripura	664	0	*	3908
27	Uttarakhand	1825	86	21	4034
28	Uttar Pradesh	29082	1916	15	5944
29	West Bengal	18997	271	70	3309
30	A& N Islands	336	20	17	685
31	Chandigarh	0	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli	137	0	*	1438
33	Daman & Diu	52	0	*	654
34	Delhi	24	4	6	7167
35	Lakshadweep	47	1	47	85
36	Puducherry	128	7	18	3586
	All India	234220	13786	17	3774

Notes:

NA: Not Available.

N App- not Applicable

HW= Health Worker, HA= Health Assistant, LHV= Lady Health Visitor

*: No Health Assistant Female / LHV In-position

Chandigarh UT has no rural area

Table 74.

PHCs with AYUSH FACILITY (As on 31st March 2019)					
S.No.	State	Rural		Urban	
		No. of Rural PHCs functioning	No. of rural PHCs with AYUSH Facility	No. of Urban PHCs functioning	No. of urban PHCs with AYUSH Facility
1	Andhra Pradesh	1145	160	364	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	143	51	4	3
3	Assam	946	432	55	10
4	Bihar	1899	1819	95	0
5	Chhattisgarh	792	454	45	3
6	Goa	24	14	0	0
7	Gujarat	1476	841	318	0
8	Haryana	379	100	97	3
9	Himachal Pradesh	586	0	20	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	622	499	49	9
11	Jharkhand	298	134	57	0
12	Karnataka	2127	1051	435	84
13	Kerala	848	0	83	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	1199	513	136	50
15	Maharashtra	1828	905	538	31
16	Manipur	90	82	9	5
17	Meghalaya	118	70	0	0
18	Mizoram	59	4	10	0
19	Nagaland	126	9	5	0
20	Odisha	1288	1499	87	9
21	Punjab	416	201	16	3
22	Rajasthan	2082	866	377	15
23	Sikkim	29	29	1	0
24	Tamil Nadu	1422	777	463	21
25	Telangana	636	788	249	0
26	Tripura	108	57	5	5
27	Uttarakhand	257	122	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	2936	705	624	0
29	West Bengal	908	312	448	0
30	A& N Islands	22	20	2	0
31	Chandigarh	0	0	46	13
32	D & N Haveli	9	8	2	0
33	Daman & Diu	4	4	0	0
34	Delhi	5	0	535	54
35	Lakshadweep	4	4	0	0
36	Puducherry	24	24	15	15
	All India/Total	24855	12554	5190	333

Note:

Rural and Urban PHCs consists of PHCs and HWCs-PHCs functional under respective areas

Table 75.

SUB-CENTERS WITHOUT ANMs OR/AND HEALTH WORKERS [M] IN RURAL AREAS					
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)			
		Sub Centers Functioning	Without HW[F]/ANMs	Without HW [M]	Without Both
1	Andhra Pradesh	6825	0	2437	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	307	52	179	73
3	Assam	4015	NA	1959	NA
4	Bihar	9865	354	3325	323
5	Chhattisgarh	4555	119	927	105
6	Goa	219	NA	58	NA
7	Gujarat	8353	535	1197	361
8	Haryana	2440	39	943	19
9	Himachal Pradesh	2089	434	1430	393
10	Jammu & Kashmir	2900	160	1508	127
11	Jharkhand	3644	60	1478	86
12	Karnataka	9187	716	2461	704
13	Kerala	5380	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	10226	737	8064	0
15	Maharashtra	9729	682	2387	1328
16	Manipur	429	10	43	6
17	Meghalaya	445	1	267	0
18	Mizoram	370	0	68	0
19	Nagaland	377	3	377	3
20	Odisha	6595	320	3448	141
21	Punjab	2511	200	730	121
22	Rajasthan	13382	8547	13172	1641
23	Sikkim	148	4	27	0
24	Tamil Nadu	7728	309	1740	0
25	Telangana	4658	0	3295	0
26	Tripura	932	166	195	3
27	Uttarakhand	1804	287	1440	239
28	Uttar Pradesh	20056	0	19374	0
29	West Bengal	10195	38	8325	84
30	A & N Islands	96	0	74	0
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	47	0	13	0
33	Daman & Diu	4	0	1	0
34	Delhi	12	0	11	0
35	Lakshadweep	14	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	53	0	54	0
	All India/ Total	149590	13773	81007	5757

Figure under SCs excludes HWCs

Chandigarh UT has no rural area

Table 76.

PHCs WITH DOCTORS AND WITHOUT DOCTOR/LAB TECHNICIAN/PHARMACIST IN RURAL AREAS										
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)								
		Total PHCs functioning	Number of PHCs functioning							
			with 4+ doctors	with 3 doctors	with 2 doctors	with 1 doctor	without doctor	without lab tech.	without pharma.	with lady doctor
1	Andhra Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	101	0	5	29	35	32	61	71	33
3	Assam	698	68	104	111	415	0	131	47	NA
4	Bihar	1480	439	41	56	944	0	256	201	156
5	Chhattisgarh	657	0	11	91	258	297	257	141	71
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	704	0	0	545	92	67	104	122	561
8	Haryana	193	0	4	58	88	43	96	68	56
9	Himachal Pradesh	566	0	1	8	452	105	361	146	162
10	Jammu & Kashmir	526	59	85	140	120	122	260	57	246
11	Jharkhand	203	0	14	42	140	7	100	116	55
12	Karnataka	1995	0	14	169	1609	203	494	519	448
13	Kerala	678	1	110	47	520	0	322	0	460
14	Madhya Pradesh	1039	19	57	238	461	264	617	397	127
15	Maharashtra	1349	1	129	923	283	13	277	136	380
16	Manipur	85	43	16	15	11	0	42	19	60
17	Meghalaya	110	0	12	51	46	1	3	2	51
18	Mizoram	57	0	0	7	47	3	0	20	20
19	Nagaland	124	0	0	15	97	12	79	39	29
20	Odisha	461	0	7	193	144	117	315	187	483
21	Punjab	79	0	4	30	41	4	128	25	177
22	Rajasthan	1777	19	103	589	905	161	370	1350	102
23	Sikkim	24	0	0	10	14	0	1	6	15
24	Tamil Nadu	706	275	28	317	86	0	203	212	909
25	Telangana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	Tripura	82	24	26	17	15	0	10	5	48
27	Uttarakhand	243	3	20	54	105	61	198	7	67
28	Uttar Pradesh	1990	26	88	735	1141	0	1252	0	319
29	West Bengal	640	1	10	162	381	86	439	78	80
30	A& N Islands	22	0	2	11	9	0	1	0	13
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	6	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	3
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	5	2	0	3	0	0	1	0	3
35	Lakshadweep	4	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	3
36	Puducherry	9	2	2	2	3	0	0	0	19
	All India ^{1/} Total	16613	984	893	4675	8463	1598	6378	3971	5156

Note: NA: Not Available.

Figure under PHCs excludes HWCs

State with no PHCs functioning has upgraded all the PHCs into Health and Wellness Centres.

Chandigarh UT has no rural area

SECTION X.

HEALTH MANPOER AND INFRASTRUCTURE AT HEALTH AND WELLNESS CENTRES

Table 77.

Status of In-position Manpower at Health and Wellness Centres- Sub Centres					
S No.	State/ UT	No. of HWC-SCs functional	Health Worker (female)/ ANM	Health Worker (male)	MLHP (Mid Level Health Provider)
1	Andhra Pradesh	1145	932	255	359
2	Arunachal Pradesh	42	51	36	36
3	Assam	248	1338	428	671
4	Bihar	419	419	NA	419
5	Chhattisgarh	135	850	484	67
6	Goa	24	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	772	813	770	775
8	Haryana	186	290	134	150
9	Himachal Pradesh	20	0	8	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	96	213	86	125
11	Jharkhand	95	328	110	184
12	Karnataka	132	0	0	571
13	Kerala	170	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	160	0	0	0
15	Maharashtra	479	1379	802	760
16	Manipur	5	118	54	61
17	Meghalaya	8	47	9	22
18	Mizoram	2	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	2	102	0	0
20	Odisha	827	93	93	103
21	Punjab	337	792	565	337
22	Rajasthan	305	136	26	43
23	Sikkim	5	23	12	14
24	Tamil Nadu	716	860	89	887
25	Telangana	636	269	0	183
26	Tripura	26	23	53	40
27	Uttarakhand	14	32	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	946	1364	51	1147
29	West Bengal	268	262	26	162
30	A& N Islands	0	0	0	30
31	Chandigarh	0	0	1	0
32	D & N Haveli	3	27	13	24
33	Daman & Diu	4	26	13	19
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	15	2	0	1
	All India/ Total	8242	10527	4092	7028

NA- Not available

Figure under HWC-SCs contains both rural and urban areas

Table 78.

Status of In-position Manpower at Health and Wellness Centres- PHCs in rural areas										
S No.	State/ UT	No. of HWC functional	HW (F)/ ANM	LHV	HA (Male)	Doctors	Ayush Doctors	Pharmacist	Lab Technician	Nursing Staff
1	Andhra Pradesh	1145	0	1123	0	1715	61	907	733	1920
2	Arunachal Pradesh	42	59	11	29	39	15	21	13	58
3	Assam	248	122	32	0	139	38	99	99	161
4	Bihar	419	419	NA	NA	299	419	NA	NA	419
5	Chhattisgarh	135	202	102	44	66	74	152	129	302
6	Goa	24	64	14	0	56	43	31	23	73
7	Gujarat	772	186	550	265	772	427	715	632	439
8	Haryana	186	104	142	54	269	56	122	95	595
9	Himachal Pradesh	20	71	NA	NA	22	NA	NA	NA	16
10	Jammu & Kashmir	96	106	17	12	135	83	107	103	96
11	Jharkhand	95	188	0	40	80	91	0	0	8
12	Karnataka	132	385	80	334	132	0	80	60	264
13	Kerala	170	859	0	0	532	0	193	170	410
14	Madhya Pradesh	160	604	252	0	496	170	528	184	304
15	Maharashtra	479	1318	353	283	474	63	240	176	168
16	Manipur	5	3	0	0	14	5	5	5	17
17	Meghalaya	8	47	4	9	12	6	8	10	31
18	Mizoram	2	4	0	0	2	0	3	5	9
19	Nagaland	2	2	0	0	2	0	1	1	6
20	Odisha	827	569	0	0	808	654	827	146	350
21	Punjab	337	215	223	185	395	115	329	246	481
22	Rajasthan	305	355	153	18	98	30	98	221	524
23	Sikkim	5	0	3	5	9	1	0	2	10
24	Tamil Nadu	716	761	544	394	1321	121	522	213	1688
25	Telangana	636	0	924	0	1213	243	376	592	1186
26	Tripura	26	14	0	0	31	2	16	14	75
27	Uttarakhand	14	2	1	0	1	4	2	0	1
28	Uttar Pradesh	946	1330	NA	84	971	NA	NA	NA	501
29	West Bengal	268	135	4	2	313	25	255	92	560
30	A& N Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	3	0	0	0	3	3	2	3	7
33	Daman & Diu	4	0	0	1	3	3	4	4	11
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	15	65	4	24	28	21	23	14	65
	All India/ Total	8242	8189	4532	1781	10137	2748	5411	3893	10195

NA- Not available

State/UT with zero number of functional HWC-PHCs have not converted any PHC into HWC.

Table 79.

Status of In-position Manpower at Health and Wellness Centres- PHCs in Urban areas										
S No.	State/ UT	No. of HWC functional	HW (F)/ ANM	LHV	HA (Male)	Doctors	Ayush Doctors	Pharmacist	Lab Technician	Nursing Staff
1	Andhra Pradesh	243	486	0	0	243	0	63	243	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	49	15	0	0	3	0	4	3	6
4	Bihar	95	95	0	NA	95	0	149	NA	155
5	Chhattisgarh	15	1	0	1	16	1	16	15	41
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	71	71	24	13	71	3	71	71	71
8	Haryana	72	389	0	0	62	3	67	71	64
9	Himachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	15	23	0	0	17	3	17	10	22
11	Jharkhand	50	34	0	0	19	0	28	34	44
12	Karnataka	71	357	0	0	71	0	71	71	142
13	Kerala	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	29	14	3	0	7	3	7	5	3
15	Maharashtra	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	509
16	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	2	4	0	0	2	0	2	3	6
19	Nagaland	3	9	0	0	4	0	3	3	6
20	Odisha	82	84	0	0	83	0	82	61	123
21	Punjab	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Rajasthan	57	165	20	9	33	2	45	48	94
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	214	195	65	1	178	5	173	180	577
25	Telangana	249	650	0	0	470	0	186	195	385
26	Tripura	5	3	0	0	5	5	4	4	9
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	387	857	NA	22	431	NA	NA	NA	677
29	West Bengal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	A& N Islands	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	10	31	5	1	10	3	14	4	0
32	D & N Haveli	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	13	68	14	30	24	21	23	7	61
	All India/ Total	1734	3551	131	77	1844	49	1025	1028	2995

NA- Not available

State/UT with zero number of functional HWC-PHCs have not converted any PHC into HWC.

Table 80.

Availability of services in HWC-SCs (As on 31st March 2019)										
S.No.	State/UT	No. of HWC-SCs Functioning	HWC-SCs with Tablets for MPWs and MLHPs	HWC-SCs with internet connectivity	HWC-SCs with facility of arrangement of teleconsultation	HWC-SCs with designated space for lab/ diagnostic	HWC-SCs with deep burial pit for Bio Medical Waste Management	HWC-SCs with electricity alongwith power back up	HWC-SCs with Wellnes s room	HWC- SCs having a regular supply of drugs for common ailments
1	Andhra Pradesh	612	359	612	213	612	0	213	612	612
2	Arunachal Pradesh	78	29	15	0	19	14	2	2	48
3	Assam	628	16	16	16	628	340	285	NA	628
4	Bihar	84	84	84	0	0	0	49	NA	84
5	Chhattisgarh	650	507	413	104	399	372	136	392	648
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	813	775	457	172	775	294	142	581	813
8	Haryana	164	151	151	28	148	82	105	164	164
9	Himachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	125	50	63	0	125	41	71	99	125
11	Jharkhand	204	178	204	37	204	151	135	204	204
12	Karnataka	571	400	400	0	571	400	571	0	571
13	Kerala	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Maharashtra	939	261	513	277	757	612	737	547	1110
16	Manipur	61	61	61	61	61	18	11	27	61
17	Meghalaya	32	6	10	4	25	10	1	4	24
18	Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	56	0	0	0	0	6	0	1	6
20	Odisha	93	93	93	93	93	93	0	93	93
21	Punjab	439	248	131	39	145	202	150	140	439
22	Rajasthan	130	45	70	19	37	23	26	58	129
23	Sikkim	28	28	0	0	14	14	14	14	28
24	Tamil Nadu	985	860	833	155	554	562	416	224	985
25	Telangana	183	183	183	183	183	183	183	183	183
26	Tripura	40	0	0	0	40	40	40	40	40
27	Uttarakhand	43	0	2	0	9	25	36	2	43
28	Uttar Pradesh	726	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	162	27	30	31	52	79	101	49	162
30	A& N Islands	28	2	2	0	5	6	27	7	24
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	24	24	22	0	24	24	24	22	24
33	Daman & Diu	20	NA	20	1	20	20	20	20	20
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	All India/Total	7821	4387	4385	1433	5501	3612	3496	3486	7269

Note: N.A Data not Available

Figures of HWC-SCs contains the both rural and urban HWC-SCs

State/UT with zero number of functional HWC-SCs have not converted any SC into HWC.

Table 81.

Availability of services in HWC-PHCs in Rural Areas (As on 31st March 2019)									
S.No.	State/UT	No. of HWC-PHCs Functioning	HWC-PHCs with Desktop/Laptop for MO	HWC-PHCs with Tablet for ANM	HWC-PHCs with internet connectivity for Desktop/Laptop and Tablet	HWC-PHCs with arrangement of teleconsultation	HWC-PHCs with wellness room for physiotherapy/yoga	No. of HWC-PHCs with facilities for people with disabilities	HWC-PHCs with provision of Bio Medical Waste management
1	Andhra Pradesh	1145	1145	1145	1145	0	1145	1145	1145
2	Arunachal Pradesh	42	31	25	3	0	4	1	4
3	Assam	248	14	NA	14	14	NA	NA	218
4	Bihar	419	NA	419	419	0	NA	NA	0
5	Chhattisgarh	135	132	73	135	25	89	135	135
6	Goa	24	4	15	24	0	24	24	24
7	Gujarat	772	772	772	772	401	580	691	772
8	Haryana	186	170	114	184	56	185	134	185
9	Himachal Pradesh	20	15	20	20	0	0	NA	20
10	Jammu & Kashmir	96	16	12	38	0	30	51	70
11	Jharkhand	95	0	95	95	23	95	95	55
12	Karnataka	132	132	132	132	0	67	100	132
13	Kerala	170	0	170	170	0	0	170	170
14	Madhya Pradesh	160	64	122	122	54	68	125	144
15	Maharashtra	479	474	121	368	136	214	374	443
16	Manipur	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
17	Meghalaya	8	5	5	8	4	2	0	8
18	Mizoram	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	2
19	Nagaland	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	827	827	0	827	827	827	NA	827
21	Punjab	337	130	175	177	15	188	177	328
22	Rajasthan	305	35	41	293	18	33	161	188
23	Sikkim	5	5	5	5	0	5	5	5
24	Tamil Nadu	716	596	553	650	179	137	638	716
25	Telangana	636	636	636	636	636	636	636	636
26	Tripura	26	26	0	26	0	26	26	26
27	Uttarakhand	14	6	0	6	0	0	1	18
28	Uttar Pradesh	946	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	268	51	3	15	41	41	60	210
30	A& N Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	0	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3
33	Daman & Diu	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	15	0	0	0	0	15	0	15
	All India/Total	8242	5298	4667	6298	2439	4425	4763	6508

Note:

N.A Data not Available

N App - not applicable

State/UT with zero number of functional HWC-PHCs have not converted any PHCs into HWC.

Chandigarh UT has no rural area

Table 82.

Availability of services in HWC-PHCs in Urban Areas (As on 31st March 2019)									
S.No	State/UT	No. of HWC-PHCs Functioning	HWC-PHCs with Desktop/Laptop for MO	HWC-PHCs with Tablet for ANM	HWC-PHCs with internet connectivity for Desktop/Laptop and Tablet	HWC-PHCs with arrangement of teleconsultation	HWC-PHCs with wellness room for physiotherapy / yoga	No. of HWC-PHCs with facilities for people with disabilities	HWC-PHCs with provision of Bio Medical Waste management
1	Andhra Pradesh	243	243	0	243	243	243	243	243
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	49	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	36
4	Bihar	95	0	0	95	0	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	15	10	15	15	3	8	15	15
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	71	71	71	71	17	62	35	71
8	Haryana	72	40	53	65	34	68	48	71
9	Himachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	15	0	0	11	0	2	1	12
11	Jharkhand	50	13	32	15	0	12	0	0
12	Karnataka	71	71	71	71	0	71	71	71
13	Kerala	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	29	11	24	22	8	4	14	21
15	Maharashtra	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram	2	0	0	2	2	2	0	2
19	Nagaland	3	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
20	Odisha	82	82	0	82	82	82	82	82
21	Punjab	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Rajasthan	57	7	1	57	10	13	40	14
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	214	183	140	209	34	32	145	214
25	Telangana	249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249
26	Tripura	5	5	0	5	0	5	5	5
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	387	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	A& N Islands	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	10	0	10	10	0	0	10	10
32	D & N Haveli	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	13	0	0	0	0	13	0	13
	All India/Total	1734	986	666	1223	682	866	959	1129

Note:

N.A Data not Available

State/ UT with zero HWC-PHC functional in it has not converted any PHC into HWC under urban areas.

SECTION XI

RURAL HEALTH INFRASTRUCTURE AND MANPOWER IN TRIBAL AREAS

Table 83.

NUMBER OF SUB-CENTRES, PHCs, HWCs-SCs, HWCs-PHCs & CHCs FUNCTIONING in Tribal Areas						
S. No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March 2019)				
		Sub centre	PHCs	HWC-SC	HWC-PHC	CHCs
1	Andhra Pradesh	762	0	40	153	21
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	307	101	78	42	63
3	Assam	664	131	114	50	27
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	2440	288	372	107	81
6	Goa	66	0	0	8	1
7	Gujarat	2519	203	259	218	92
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	104	47	0	0	8
10	Jammu & Kashmir	304	42	3	6	11
11	Jharkhand	2522	103	143	89	98
12	Karnataka	321	64	0	0	7
13	Kerala	831	137	0	0	12
14	Madhya Pradesh	3274	306	0	32	99
15	Maharashtra	2162	341	420	126	67
16	Manipur	234	53	18	2	7
17	Meghalaya #	445	110	32	8	28
18	Mizoram #	370	65	0	4	9
19	Nagaland #	397	126	56	5	21
20	Odisha	2674	116	27	311	133
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	1564	211	10	22	67
23	Sikkim	48	12	9	1	0
24	Tamil Nadu	332	66	100	39	25
25	Telangana	698	0	0	93	23
26	Tripura	484	45	0	3	9
27	Uttarakhand	155	10	0	0	5
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	3206	300	0	0	104
30	A&N Island	33	4	8	0	1
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D&N Haveli #	34	4	24	3	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	5	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	14	4	0	0	3
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
	All India	26964	2889	1718	1322	1022

Note:

#:States are predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

N App - Not applicable

N A - Data not available

Table 84.

NUMBER OF SUB CENTRES, PHCs & CHCs IN TRIBAL AREAS											
S.No.	State/ UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)									
		Estimated mid-year Tribal Population on 1st July 2019 in Rural Areas	Sub Centres + HWC-SCs			PHCs + HWC-PHCs			CHCs		
			R	P	S	R	P	S	R	P	S
1	Andhra Pradesh	2266965	755	802	**	113	153	**	28	21	7
2	Arunachal Pradesh#	839207	279	385	**	41	143	**	10	63	**
3	Assam	3993696	1331	778	553	199	181	18	49	27	22
4	Bihar	1454932	484	NA	NA	72	NA	NA	18	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	7879417	2626	2812	**	393	395	**	98	81	17
6	Goa ⁽¹⁾	69097	23	66	**	3	8	**	0	1	**
7	Gujarat	6065876	2021	2778	**	303	421	**	75	92	**
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	398091	132	104	28	19	47	**	4	8	**
10	Jammu & Kashmir	1472006	490	307	183	73	48	25	18	11	7
11	Jharkhand	8787305	2929	2665	264	439	192	247	109	98	11
12	Karnataka	3463079	1154	321	833	173	64	109	43	7	36
13	Kerala	285346	95	831	**	14	137	**	3	12	**
14	Madhya Pradesh	16025605	5341	3274	2067	801	338	463	200	99	101
15	Maharashtra	9406508	3135	2582	553	470	467	3	117	67	50
16	Manipur	834313	278	252	26	41	55	**	10	7	3
17	Meghalaya #	2314912	771	477	294	115	118	**	28	28	0
18	Mizoram #	528295	176	370	**	26	69	**	6	9	**
19	Nagaland #	1189355	396	453	**	59	131	**	14	21	**
20	Odisha	9202138	3067	2701	366	460	427	33	115	133	**
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	9681034	3227	1574	1653	484	233	251	121	67	54
23	Sikkim	142276	47	57	**	7	13	**	1	0	1
24	Tamil Nadu	644645	214	432	**	32	105	**	8	25	**
25	Telangana	2796018	932	698	234	139	93	46	34	23	11
26	Tripura	1069169	356	484	**	53	48	5	13	9	4
27	Uttarakhand	277051	92	155	**	13	10	3	3	5	**
28	Uttar Pradesh	1147580	382	NA	NA	57	NA	NA	14	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	4908121	1636	3206	**	245	300	**	61	104	**
30	A&N Island ⁽¹⁾	25916	8	41	**	1	4	**	0	1	**
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D&N Haveli #	162390	54	58	**	8	7	1	2	0	2
33	Daman & Diu ⁽¹⁾	4288	1	5	**	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep ⁽¹⁾	3808	1	14	**	0	4	**	0	3	**
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
	All India/Total	97338441	32433	28682	7054	4853	4211	1204	1202	1022	326

Notes: The requirement is calculated using the prescribed norms on the basis of Tribal population. All India shortfall is derived by adding state-wise figures of shortfall ignoring the existing surplus in some of the states. Mid year Tribal population for the year 2019 calculated based on the percentages of Tribal population in the Rural areas in Census 2011

R: Required; P: In Position; S: Shortfall; **: Surplus, *: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population;

#: States are predominantly tribal areas

⁽¹⁾ The population is less than the norm (CHC) of 80,000.

N App - Not applicable

N A - Data not available

Table 85.

BUILDING POSITION OF SUB CENTRES IN TRIBAL AREAS							
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)					
		Total Number of Sub Centres functioning	Sub Centres functioning in			Buildings Under Construction	Buildings required ¹ to be constructed
			Govt. Buildings	Rented Buildings	Rent Free Panchayat/ Vol. Society Buildings		
1	Andhra Pradesh	802	607	195	0	0	195
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	385	385	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	778	725	43	10	0	53
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	2812	2353	47	412	0	459
6	Goa	66	0	66	0	0	66
7	Gujarat	2778	2223	144	670	815	**
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	104	101	0	3	0	3
10	Jammu & Kashmir	307	129	178	0	17	161
11	Jharkhand	2665	1687	322	656	654	324
12	Karnataka	321	245	76	0	0	76
13	Kerala	831	617	93	121	0	214
14	Madhya Pradesh	3274	2614	207	453	0	660
15	Maharashtra	2582	2531	0	51	0	51
16	Manipur	252	205	47	0	21	**
17	Meghalaya #	477	468	2	7	1	8
18	Mizoram #	370	370	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland #	453	331	1	65	59	63
20	Odisha	2701	2255	359	87	0	446
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	1574	1382	72	120	22	170
23	Sikkim	57	56	1	0	0	1
24	Tamil Nadu	432	370	61	1	11	51
25	Telangana	698	182	516	0	0	516
26	Tripura	484	424	8	52	0	60
27	Uttarakhand	155	98	43	14	6	51
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	3206	2404	578	224	0	802
30	A& N Islands	41	41	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	58	49	4	5	0	9
33	Daman & Diu	5	5	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep #	14	8	6	0	0	6
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Note:

N App Not applicable

NA: Data Not Available

**: Surplus

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

#: States are predominantly tribal areas

1 Required Number = Total functioning - (Govt. Buildings + Under construction) (ignoring excess)

SCs figures contains the SCs and HWC-SCs functioning in the State/ UT

Table 86.

BUILDING POSITION OF PHCs IN TRIBAL AREAS							
S.NO.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)					
		Total Number of PHCs functioning	PHCs functioning in			Buildings Under Construction	Buildings required ¹ to be constructed
			Govt. Buildings	Rented Buildings	Rent Free Panchayat/ Vol. Society Buildings		
1	Andhra Pradesh	153	153	0	0	0	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	143	143	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	181	181	0	0	0	0
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	395	365	0	26	14	16
6	Goa	8	8	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	421	421	0	0	0	0
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	47	40	2	5	0	7
10	Jammu & Kashmir	48	46	2	0	0	2
11	Jharkhand	192	137	21	34	101	**
12	Karnataka	64	62	2	0	7	**
13	Kerala	137	137	0	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	338	333	2	3	71	**
15	Maharashtra	467	406	20	41	11	50
16	Manipur	55	55	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya #	118	118	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram #	69	69	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland #	131	123	0	8	1	7
20	Odisha	427	427	0	0	0	0
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	233	218	0	15	14	1
23	Sikkim	13	13	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	105	99	0	6	2	4
25	Telangana	93	93	0	0	0	0
26	Tripura	48	48	0	0	0	0
27	Uttarakhand	10	10	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	300	300	0	0	0	0
30	A& N Islands	4	4	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	7	7	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	4	4	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Note: NA: Dat not Available

#:States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

¹ Required Number = Total functioning - (Govt.Buildings + Under construction) (ignoring excess)

N App - Not applicable

PHCs figures contains the PHCs and HWC-PHCs functioning in the State/ UT

Table 87.

BUILDING POSITION OF CHCs IN TRIBAL AREAS							
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)					
		Total Number of CHCs functioning	CHCs functioning in			Buildings Under Construction	Buildings required ¹ to be constructed
			Govt. Buildings	Rented Buildings	Rent Free Panchayat/ Vol. Society Buildings		
1	Andhra Pradesh	21	21	0	0	0	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	63	63	0	0	0	0
3	Assam	27	27	0	0	0	0
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	81	74	0	7	4	3
6	Goa	1	1	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	92	84	0	8	23	**
8	Haryana*	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	8	8	0	0	0	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	11	11	0	0	1	**
11	Jharkhand	98	98	0	0	87	**
12	Karnataka	7	7	0	0	0	0
13	Kerala	12	12	0	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	99	99	0	0	0	0
15	Maharashtra	67	67	0	0	0	0
16	Manipur	7	7	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya #	28	28	0	0	0	0
18	Mizoram #	9	9	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland #	21	21	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	133	133	0	0	0	0
21	Punjab*	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	67	67	0	0	0	0
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	25	25	0	0	0	0
25	Telangana	23	23	0	0	0	0
26	Tripura	9	9	0	0	0	0
27	Uttarakhand	5	5	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	104	104	0	0	0	0
30	A& N Islands	1	1	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh*	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi*	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	3	3	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry*	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Note:

NA: Not Available

#: States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

¹ Required Number = Total functioning - (Govt. Buildings + Under construction) (ignoring excess)

N App - Not applicable

Table 88.

HEALTH WORKER [F] / ANM AT SUB CENTRE IN TRIBAL AREAS						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R1]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R1-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	802	1493	1290	203	**
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	385	NA	477	NA	**
3	Assam	778	NA	1402	NA	**
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	2812	2906	4254	**	**
6	Goa	66	59	59	0	7
7	Gujarat	2778	2778	2112	666	666
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	104	104	65	39	39
10	Jammu & Kashmir	307	649	591	58	**
11	Jharkhand	2665	5530	4128	1402	**
12	Karnataka	321	321	242	79	79
13	Kerala	831	840	840	0	**
14	Madhya Pradesh	3274	4180	3305	875	**
15	Maharashtra	2582	4208	7134	**	**
16	Manipur	252	666	601	65	**
17	Meghalaya #	477	NA	817	NA	**
18	Mizoram #	370	405	673	**	**
19	Nagaland #	453	760	804	**	**
20	Odisha	2701	2701	2793	**	**
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	1574	2187	1788	399	**
23	Sikkim	57	NA	93	NA	**
24	Tamil Nadu	432	432	407	25	25
25	Telangana	698	1158	1158	0	**
26	Tripura	484	NA	189	NA	295
27	Uttarakhand	155	155	146	9	9
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	3206	5297	5396	**	**
30	A& N Islands	41	57	56	1	**
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	58	39	94	**	**
33	Daman & Diu	5	9	9	0	**
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	14	24	24	0	**
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes: # States with predominantly tribal areas

NA = Data not Available.

** Surplus.

1 One per Sub Centre as per IPHS norms

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

N App - Not applicable

Figures contains the number of SCs and HWC-SCs functioning in the State/UT

Table 89.

HEALTH WORKER [F] / ANM AT PHCs IN TRIBAL AREAS						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R1]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R1-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	153	0	0	0	153
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	143	145	76	69	67
3	Assam	181	NA	415	NA	**
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	395	448	435	13	**
6	Goa	8	18	18	0	**
7	Gujarat	421	421	396	25	25
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	47	15	5	10	42
10	Jammu & Kashmir	48	67	99	**	**
11	Jharkhand	192	160	245	**	**
12	Karnataka	64	0	0	0	64
13	Kerala	137	176	186	**	**
14	Madhya Pradesh	338	332	380	**	**
15	Maharashtra	467	842	720	122	**
16	Manipur	55	116	70	46	**
17	Meghalaya #	118	NA	356	NA	**
18	Mizoram #	69	NA	30	NA	39
19	Nagaland #	131	202	213	**	**
20	Odisha	427	650	503	147	**
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	233	462	369	93	**
23	Sikkim	13	NA	42	NA	**
24	Tamil Nadu	105	120	112	8	**
25	Telangana	93	0	0	0	93
26	Tripura	48	NA	49	NA	**
27	Uttarakhand	10	8	6	2	4
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	300	121	70	51	230
30	A& N Islands	4	30	14	16	**
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	7	0	0	0	7
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep #	4	23	23	0	**
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes: # States with predominantly tribal areas

NA = Data Not Available.

** Surplus.

¹ One per HWC-SC and HWC-PHC as per norms

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

N App - Not applicable

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs at tribal areas

Table 90.

HEALTH WORKER [M] AT SUB CENTRE IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	802	640	417	223	385
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	385	NA	185	NA	200
3	Assam	778	NA	345	NA	433
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	2812	2906	1841	1065	971
6	Goa	66	49	49	0	17
7	Gujarat	2778	2778	1815	963	963
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	104	104	38	66	66
10	Jammu & Kashmir	307	149	130	19	177
11	Jharkhand	2665	1821	747	1074	1918
12	Karnataka	321	115	69	46	252
13	Kerala	831	438	438	0	393
14	Madhya Pradesh	3274	2551	773	1778	2501
15	Maharashtra	2582	2370	2050	320	532
16	Manipur	252	NA	232	NA	20
17	Meghalaya #	477	NA	209	NA	268
18	Mizoram #	370	382	362	20	8
19	Nagaland #	453	NA	NA	NA	NA
20	Odisha	2701	1400	1238	162	1463
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	1574	94	33	61	1541
23	Sikkim	57	NA	32	NA	25
24	Tamil Nadu	432	164	143	21	289
25	Telangana	698	384	167	217	531
26	Tripura	484	NA	253	NA	231
27	Uttarakhand	155	37	18	19	137
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	3206	2194	418	1776	2788
30	A& N Islands	41	14	14	0	27
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	58	9	58	**	0
33	Daman & Diu	5	5	3	2	**
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	14	14	14	0	0
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

States with predominantly tribal areas

NA: Data not Available. ** Surplus.

¹ One per Sub Centre as per IPHS norms.

N App - Not applicable

Figures contains the number of SCs and HWC-SCs functioning in the State/UT

Table 91.

MID-LEVEL HEALTH PROVIDER (MLHP) AT HWC-SCs IN TRIBAL AREAS						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R1]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R1-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	40	106	40	66	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	78	NA	36	NA	42
3	Assam	114	NA	115	NA	**
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	372	230	27	203	345
6	Goa	0	0	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	259	259	259	0	0
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	3	3	0	3	3
11	Jharkhand	143	590	110	480	33
12	Karnataka	0	0	0	0	0
13	Kerala	0	0	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0
15	Maharashtra	420	475	288	187	132
16	Manipur	18	18	18	0	0
17	Meghalaya #	32	NA	22	NA	10
18	Mizoram #	0	NA	0	NA	0
19	Nagaland #	56	56	0	56	56
20	Odisha	27	0	27	**	0
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	10	1	1	0	9
23	Sikkim	9	NA	0	NA	9
24	Tamil Nadu	100	135	128	7	**
25	Telangana	0	0	0	0	0
26	Tripura	0	0	0	0	0
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	0	0	0	0	0
30	A& N Islands	8	8	8	0	0
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	24	24	24	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	5	NA	NA	NA	NA
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes: # States with predominantly tribal areas

NA = Data not Available.

** Surplus.

1 One per Health and Wellness Centre-Sub Centre as per norms

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

N App - Not applicable

State/UT with zero HWC has not converted any SC into HWCs

Table 92.

HEALTH ASSISTANTS [FEMALE] / LHV AT PHCs IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	153	129	97	32	56
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	143	NA	200	NA	**
3	Assam	181	NA	22	NA	159
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	395	427	376	51	19
6	Goa	8	8	6	2	2
7	Gujarat	421	639	448	191	**
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	47	0	0	0	47
10	Jammu & Kashmir	48	14	13	1	35
11	Jharkhand	192	160	17	143	175
12	Karnataka	64	115	69	46	**
13	Kerala	137	123	123	0	14
14	Madhya Pradesh	338	521	76	445	262
15	Maharashtra	467	1194	1104	90	**
16	Manipur	55	NA	21	NA	34
17	Meghalaya #	118	NA	101	NA	17
18	Mizoram #	69	86	22	64	47
19	Nagaland #	131	0	0	0	131
20	Odisha	427	0	0	0	427
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	233	38	24	14	209
23	Sikkim	13	NA	41	NA	**
24	Tamil Nadu	105	148	118	30	**
25	Telangana	93	94	67	27	26
26	Tripura	48	NA	4	NA	44
27	Uttarakhand	10	2	1	1	9
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	300	126	124	2	176
30	A&N Islands	4	7	7	0	**
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	7	0	0	0	7
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	4	0	0	0	4
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

NA: Data not Available.

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

** Surplus. N App - Not applicable

¹ One per Primary Health Centre as per IPHS norms

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs at tribal areas

Table 93.

HEALTH ASSISTANTS [MALE] AT PHCs IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	153	0	0	0	153
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	143	NA	81	NA	62
3	Assam	181	NA	11	NA	170
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	395	350	307	43	88
6	Goa	8	0	0	0	8
7	Gujarat	421	421	333	**	**
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	47	0	0	0	47
10	Jammu & Kashmir	48	12	11	1	37
11	Jharkhand	192	160	17	143	175
12	Karnataka	64	115	69	46	**
13	Kerala	137	123	123	0	14
14	Madhya Pradesh	338	332	0	332	338
15	Maharashtra	467	1032	954	78	**
16	Manipur	55	37	21	16	34
17	Meghalaya #	118	86	97	**	21
18	Mizoram #	69	86	22	64	47
19	Nagaland #	131	0	0	0	131
20	Odisha	427	0	0	0	427
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	233	17	10	7	223
23	Sikkim	13	NA	0	NA	13
24	Tamil Nadu	105	109	94	15	**
25	Telangana	93	NA	NA	NA	NA
26	Tripura	48	NA	4	NA	44
27	Uttarakhand	10	2	1	1	9
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	300	126	124	2	176
30	A & N Islands	4	7	7	0	**
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	7	0	0	0	7
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	4	0	0	0	4
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

NA: Data not Available. ** Surplus.

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

1 One per Primary Health Centre as per IPHS norms

N App - Not applicable

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs at tribal areas

Table 94.

DOCTORS ² AT PHCs IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	153	287	273	14	**
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	143	NA	123	NA	20
3	Assam	181	NA	336	NA	**
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	395	409	176	233	219
6	Goa	8	19	18	1	**
7	Gujarat	421	1030	531	499	**
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	47	67	46	21	1
10	Jammu & Kashmir	48	76	75	1	**
11	Jharkhand	192	382	240	142	**
12	Karnataka	64	64	38	26	26
13	Kerala	137	230	232	**	**
14	Madhya Pradesh	338	364	289	75	49
15	Maharashtra	467	740	666	74	**
16	Manipur	55	NA	77	NA	**
17	Meghalaya #	118	NA	149	NA	**
18	Mizoram #	69	NA	62	NA	7
19	Nagaland #	131	NA	139	NA	**
20	Odisha	427	444	307	137	120
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	233	305	254	51	**
23	Sikkim	13	NA	21	NA	**
24	Tamil Nadu	105	190	126	64	**
25	Telangana	93	211	186	25	**
26	Tripura	48	NA	133	NA	**
27	Uttarakhand	10	17	10	7	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	300	410	352	58	**
30	A& N Islands	4	9	5	4	**
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	7	3	17	**	**
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	4	8	8	0	**
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

NA: Data not Available. ** Surplus.

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

¹ One per Primary Health Centre as per IPHS norms² Allopathic Doctors

N App - Not applicable

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs at tribal areas

Table 95.

AYUSH DOCTORS AT PHCs IN TRIBAL AREA					
S.No.	State/UT	No. of functioning PHCs	(As on 31st March, 2019)		
			Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant
			[S]	[P]	[S-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	153	11	2	9
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	143	NA	62	NA
3	Assam	181	NA	205	NA
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	395	285	222	63
6	Goa	8	NA	2	NA
7	Gujarat	421	434	273	161
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	47	0	0	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	48	63	61	2
11	Jharkhand	192	87	70	17
12	Karnataka	64	0	2	**
13	Kerala	137	NA	4	NA
14	Madhya Pradesh	338	290	63	227
15	Maharashtra	467	358	303	55
16	Manipur	55	NA	59	NA
17	Meghalaya #	118	NA	69	NA
18	Mizoram #	69	NA	20	NA
19	Nagaland #	131	NA	8	NA
20	Odisha	427	427	403	24
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	233	82	47	35
23	Sikkim	13	NA	2	NA
24	Tamil Nadu	105	68	68	0
25	Telangana	93	125	120	5
26	Tripura	48	NA	31	NA
27	Uttarakhand	10	5	5	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	300	68	42	26
30	A& N Islands	4	4	4	0
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	7	2	16	**
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep #	4	4	4	0
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

NA: Data not Available. ** Surplus.

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

N App - Not applicable

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs at tribal areas

Table 96.

AYUSH DOCTOR AT COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	21	0	0	0	21
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	63	NA	56	NA	7
3	Assam	27	NA	20	NA	7
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	81	54	52	2	29
6	Goa	1	1	2	**	**
7	Gujarat	92	NA	NA	NA	NA
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	8	0	0	0	8
10	Jammu & Kashmir	11	0	0	0	11
11	Jharkhand	98	185	141	44	**
12	Karnataka	7	0	0	0	7
13	Kerala	12	NA	15	NA	**
14	Madhya Pradesh	99	57	33	24	66
15	Maharashtra	67	170	160	10	**
16	Manipur	7	5	8	**	**
17	Meghalaya #	28	NA	23	NA	5
18	Mizoram #	9	NA	6	NA	3
19	Nagaland #	21	21	21	0	0
20	Odisha	133	0	93	**	40
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	67	25	16	9	51
23	Sikkim	0	NA	NA	NA	NA
24	Tamil Nadu	25	25	13	12	12
25	Telangana	23	34	20	14	3
26	Tripura	9	NA	9	NA	0
27	Uttarakhand	5	6	6	0	**
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	104	73	57	16	47
30	A& N Islands	1	1	1	0	0
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	3	3	3	0	0
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

1 One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

** Surplus NA: Data not Available.

N App - not applicable

Table 97.

DENTAL SURGEONS AT PHCs IN TRIBAL AREA					
S.No.	State/UT	No. of functioning PHCs	(As on 31st March, 2019)		
			Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant
			[S]	[P]	[S-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	153	0	0	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	143	NA	6	NA
3	Assam	181	NA	26	NA
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	395	29	4	25
6	Goa	8	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	421	0	0	0
8	Haryana	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	47	6	2	4
10	Jammu & Kashmir	48	42	16	26
11	Jharkhand	192	0	0	0
12	Karnataka	64	0	0	0
13	Kerala	137	NA	2	NA
14	Madhya Pradesh	338	189	0	189
15	Maharashtra	467	0	0	0
16	Manipur	55	NA	20	NA
17	Meghalaya #	118	NA	15	NA
18	Mizoram #	69	0	2	**
19	Nagaland #	131	0	0	0
20	Odisha	427	0	0	0
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	233	1	0	1
23	Sikkim	13	NA	7	NA
24	Tamil Nadu	105	0	0	0
25	Telangana	93	NA	NA	NA
26	Tripura	48	NA	13	NA
27	Uttarakhand	10	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	300	0	0	0
30	A& N Islands	4	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	7	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	4	1	1	0
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

NA: Data not Available. ** Surplus.

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

N App - Not applicable

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs at tribal areas

Table 98.

DENTAL SURGEON AT COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	21	15	15	0	6
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	63	NA	30	NA	33
3	Assam	27	NA	11	NA	16
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	81	71	49	22	32
6	Goa	1	0	0	0	1
7	Gujarat	92	0	0	0	92
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	8	5	0	5	8
10	Jammu & Kashmir	11	NA	1	NA	10
11	Jharkhand	98	0	0	0	98
12	Karnataka	7	0	0	0	7
13	Kerala	12	60	101	**	**
14	Madhya Pradesh	99	2	2	0	97
15	Maharashtra	67	0	0	0	67
16	Manipur	7	NA	8	NA	**
17	Meghalaya #	28	NA	29	NA	**
18	Mizoram #	9	NA	2	NA	7
19	Nagaland #	21	21	21	0	0
20	Odisha	133	133	96	37	37
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	67	25	11	14	56
23	Sikkim	0	NA	NA	NA	NA
24	Tamil Nadu	25	3	2	1	23
25	Telangana	23	NA	NA	NA	NA
26	Tripura	9	NA	1	NA	8
27	Uttarakhand	5	1	1	0	4
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	104	NA	NA	NA	NA
30	A& N Islands	1	0	0	0	1
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	3	1	1	0	2
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

1 One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

** Surplus NA: Data not Available.

N App - not applicable

Table 99.

SURGEON AT CHCs IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	21	3	1	2	20
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	63	NA	1	NA	62
3	Assam	27	NA	0	NA	27
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	81	88	6	82	75
6	Goa	1	1	0	1	1
7	Gujarat	92	154	9	145	83
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	8	0	0	0	8
10	Jammu & Kashmir	11	11	3	8	8
11	Jharkhand	98	0	0	0	98
12	Karnataka	7	7	1	6	6
13	Kerala	12	NA	0	NA	12
14	Madhya Pradesh	99	105	12	93	87
15	Maharashtra	67	16	21	**	46
16	Manipur	7	0	0	0	7
17	Meghalaya #	28	0	0	0	28
18	Mizoram #	9	0	0	0	9
19	Nagaland #	21	NA	3	NA	18
20	Odisha	133	133	8	125	125
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	67	45	8	37	59
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	25	NA	1	NA	24
25	Telangana	23	10	3	7	20
26	Tripura	9	0	0	0	9
27	Uttarakhand	5	5	1	4	4
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	104	22	1	21	103
30	A & N Islands	1	1	0	1	1
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	3	0	0	0	3
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

¹ One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

NA: Data not Available. ** Surplus

N App - Not applicable

Table 100.

OBSTETRICIANS & GYNAECOLOGISTS AT CHCs IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	21	18	11	7	10
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	63	NA	3	NA	60
3	Assam	27	NA	2	NA	25
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	81	91	5	86	76
6	Goa	1	1	1	0	0
7	Gujarat	92	62	20	42	72
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	8	0	0	0	8
10	Jammu & Kashmir	11	11	6	5	5
11	Jharkhand	98	15	15	0	83
12	Karnataka	7	13	5	8	2
13	Kerala	12	6	6	0	6
14	Madhya Pradesh	99	105	17	88	82
15	Maharashtra	67	25	32	**	35
16	Manipur	7	0	0	0	7
17	Meghalaya #	28	3	2	1	26
18	Mizoram #	9	0	0	0	9
19	Nagaland #	21	NA	1	NA	20
20	Odisha	133	133	24	109	109
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	67	34	9	25	58
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	25	NA	3	NA	22
25	Telangana	23	24	13	11	10
26	Tripura	9	NA	1	NA	8
27	Uttarakhand	5	6	2	4	3
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	104	53	18	35	86
30	A& N Islands	1	1	0	1	1
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	3	0	0	0	3
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

** Surplus NA: Data not Available.

1 One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

N App - Not applicable

Table 101.

PHYSICIANS AT CHCs IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	21	2	1	1	20
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	63	NA	0	NA	63
3	Assam	27	NA	3	NA	24
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	81	76	7	69	74
6	Goa	1	1	1	0	0
7	Gujarat	92	62	10	52	82
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	8	0	0	0	8
10	Jammu & Kashmir	11	10	2	8	9
11	Jharkhand	98	98	5	93	93
12	Karnataka	7	11	0	11	7
13	Kerala	12	1	1	0	11
14	Madhya Pradesh	99	105	10	95	89
15	Maharashtra	67	16	18	**	49
16	Manipur	7	0	0	0	7
17	Meghalaya #	28	0	2	**	26
18	Mizoram #	9	0	0	0	9
19	Nagaland #	21	NA	3	NA	18
20	Odisha	133	133	10	123	123
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	67	39	7	32	60
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	25	NA	4	NA	21
25	Telangana	23	11	2	9	21
26	Tripura	9	0	0	0	9
27	Uttarakhand	5	5	2	3	3
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	104	39	23	16	81
30	A& N Islands	1	0	0	0	1
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	3	0	0	0	3
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

¹ One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

NA: Data not Available. ** Surplus

N App - Not applicable

Table 102.

PAEDIATRICIAN AT COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	21	10	8	2	13
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	63	NA	0	NA	63
3	Assam	27	NA	0	NA	27
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	81	88	12	76	69
6	Goa	1	1	0	1	1
7	Gujarat	92	62	19	43	73
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	8	0	0	0	8
10	Jammu & Kashmir	11	10	4	6	7
11	Jharkhand	98	98	10	88	88
12	Karnataka	7	13	3	10	4
13	Kerala	12	1	2	**	10
14	Madhya Pradesh	99	420	3	417	96
15	Maharashtra	67	22	47	**	20
16	Manipur	7	0	0	0	7
17	Meghalaya #	28	0	0	0	28
18	Mizoram #	9	0	0	0	9
19	Nagaland #	21	NA	1	NA	20
20	Odisha	133	133	14	119	119
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	67	27	6	21	61
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	25	NA	1	NA	24
25	Telangana	23	24	4	20	19
26	Tripura	9	NA	1	NA	8
27	Uttarakhand	5	5	2	3	3
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	104	49	5	44	99
30	A& N Islands	1	0	0	0	1
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	3	0	0	0	3
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

1 One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

NA: Data not Available. ** Surplus

N App - Not applicable

Table 103.

TOTAL SPECIALIST AT COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	84	33	21	12	63
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	252	NA	4	NA	248
3	Assam	108	NA	5	NA	103
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	324	343	30	313	294
6	Goa	4	4	2	2	2
7	Gujarat	368	340	58	282	310
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	32	0	0	0	32
10	Jammu & Kashmir	44	42	15	27	29
11	Jharkhand	392	211	30	181	362
12	Karnataka	28	44	9	35	19
13	Kerala	48	8	9	**	39
14	Madhya Pradesh	396	735	42	693	354
15	Maharashtra	268	79	118	**	150
16	Manipur	28	0	0	0	28
17	Meghalaya #	112	3	4	**	108
18	Mizoram #	36	0	0	0	36
19	Nagaland #	84	NA	8	NA	76
20	Odisha	532	532	56	476	476
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	268	145	30	115	238
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	100	NA	9	NA	91
25	Telangana	92	69	22	47	70
26	Tripura	36	NA	2	NA	34
27	Uttarakhand	20	21	7	14	13
28	Uttar Pradesh	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
29	West Bengal	416	163	47	116	369
30	A& N Islands	4	2	0	2	4
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	12	0	0	0	12
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

¹ Four per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

** Surplus NA: Data not Available.

N App - not applicable

Table 104.

General Duty Medical Officers (GDMOs) AT COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	42	61	36	25	6
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	126	NA	115	NA	11
3	Assam	54	NA	81	NA	**
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	162	255	260	**	**
6	Goa	2	6	6	0	**
7	Gujarat	184	340	181	159	3
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	16	27	25	2	**
10	Jammu & Kashmir	22	49	43	6	**
11	Jharkhand	196	471	172	299	24
12	Karnataka	14	7	5	2	9
13	Kerala	24	16	32	**	**
14	Madhya Pradesh	198	230	194	36	4
15	Maharashtra	134	128	118	10	16
16	Manipur	14	29	25	4	**
17	Meghalaya #	56	NA	86	NA	**
18	Mizoram #	18	NA	15	NA	3
19	Nagaland #	42	35	33	2	9
20	Odisha	266	136	426	**	**
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	134	216	156	60	**
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	50	125	87	38	**
25	Telangana	46	39	13	26	33
26	Tripura	18	NA	43	NA	**
27	Uttarakhand	10	10	9	1	1
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	208	465	347	118	**
30	A& N Islands	2	4	4	0	**
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	6	14	14	0	**
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

1 Two per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

** Surplus NA: Data not Available.

N App - not applicable

Table 105.

RADIOGRAPHER AT COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	21	9	1	8	20
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	63	NA	17	NA	46
3	Assam	27	25	19	6	8
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	81	113	59	54	22
6	Goa	1	1	1	0	0
7	Gujarat	92	92	14	78	78
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	8	6	5	1	3
10	Jammu & Kashmir	11	38	42	**	**
11	Jharkhand	98	104	60	44	38
12	Karnataka	7	7	5	2	2
13	Kerala	12	NA	1	NA	11
14	Madhya Pradesh	99	87	61	26	38
15	Maharashtra	67	21	8	13	59
16	Manipur	7	NA	1	NA	6
17	Meghalaya #	28	19	18	1	10
18	Mizoram #	9	NA	5	NA	4
19	Nagaland #	21	3	3	0	18
20	Odisha	133	37	21	16	112
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	67	72	35	37	32
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	25	8	4	4	21
25	Telangana	23	10	3	7	20
26	Tripura	9	NA	10	NA	**
27	Uttarakhand	5	5	4	1	1
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	104	37	34	3	70
30	A& N Islands	1	1	1	0	0
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	3	5	5	0	**
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

1 One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

** Surplus NA: Data not Available.

N App - Not applicable

Table 106.

PHARMACISTS AT PHCs IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	153	163	145	18	8
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	143	NA	58	NA	85
3	Assam	181	NA	273	NA	**
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	395	402	335	67	60
6	Goa	8	7	6	1	2
7	Gujarat	421	421	421	0	0
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	47	45	15	30	32
10	Jammu & Kashmir	48	71	68	3	**
11	Jharkhand	192	160	10	150	182
12	Karnataka	64	64	30	34	34
13	Kerala	137	14	15	**	122
14	Madhya Pradesh	338	332	243	89	95
15	Maharashtra	467	617	612	5	**
16	Manipur	55	45	30	15	25
17	Meghalaya #	118	NA	125	NA	**
18	Mizoram #	69	NA	48	NA	21
19	Nagaland #	131	93	99	**	32
20	Odisha	427	418	381	37	46
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	233	139	51	88	182
23	Sikkim	13	NA	8	NA	5
24	Tamil Nadu	105	105	95	10	10
25	Telangana	93	95	70	25	23
26	Tripura	48	NA	71	NA	**
27	Uttarakhand	10	11	11	0	**
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	300	276	272	4	28
30	A& N Islands	4	3	2	1	2
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	7	6	16	**	**
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	4	7	7	0	**
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

1 One per PHC as per IPHS norms

** Surplus NA: Data not Available.

N App - Not applicable

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs at tribal areas

Table 107.

PHARMACISTS AT CHCs IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	21	18	15	3	6
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	63	NA	46	NA	17
3	Assam	27	NA	42	NA	**
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	81	179	149	30	**
6	Goa	1	2	1	1	0
7	Gujarat	92	92	89	3	3
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	8	11	7	4	1
10	Jammu & Kashmir	11	32	26	6	**
11	Jharkhand	98	104	73	31	25
12	Karnataka	7	14	5	9	2
13	Kerala	12	13	14	**	**
14	Madhya Pradesh	99	137	122	15	**
15	Maharashtra	67	63	75	**	**
16	Manipur	7	NA	10	NA	**
17	Meghalaya #	28	NA	46	NA	**
18	Mizoram #	9	NA	8	NA	1
19	Nagaland #	21	23	23	0	**
20	Odisha	133	167	222	**	**
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	67	64	35	29	32
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	25	25	20	5	5
25	Telangana	23	13	5	8	18
26	Tripura	9	NA	14	NA	**
27	Uttarakhand	5	13	10	3	**
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	104	174	160	14	**
30	A& N Islands	1	6	4	2	**
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	3	9	9	0	**
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

¹ One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

** Surplus NA: Data not Available.

N App - Not applicable

Table 108.

LAB TECHNICIANS AT PHCs IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	153	163	145	18	8
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	143	NA	54	NA	89
3	Assam	181	NA	230	NA	**
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	395	387	266	121	129
6	Goa	8	7	6	1	2
7	Gujarat	421	421	421	0	0
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	47	34	5	29	42
10	Jammu & Kashmir	48	64	64	0	**
11	Jharkhand	192	160	37	123	155
12	Karnataka	64	64	41	23	23
13	Kerala	137	0	0	0	137
14	Madhya Pradesh	338	332	101	231	237
15	Maharashtra	467	209	176	33	291
16	Manipur	55	NA	2	NA	53
17	Meghalaya #	118	NA	130	NA	**
18	Mizoram #	69	NA	68	NA	1
19	Nagaland #	131	73	79	**	52
20	Odisha	427	0	54	**	373
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	233	233	144	89	89
23	Sikkim	13	NA	13	NA	0
24	Tamil Nadu	105	105	76	29	29
25	Telangana	93	94	65	29	28
26	Tripura	48	NA	NA	NA	NA
27	Uttarakhand	10	2	1	1	9
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	300	127	75	52	225
30	A & N Islands	4	2	2	0	2
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	7	6	28	**	**
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	4	7	7	0	**
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

States with predominantly tribal areas

** Surplus

NA: Data not Available.

¹ One per PHC as per IPHS norms

N App - Not applicable

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs at tribal areas

Table 109.

LAB TECHNICIANS AT CHCs IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	21	18	11	7	10
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	63	NA	63	NA	0
3	Assam	27	NA	49	NA	**
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	81	203	161	42	**
6	Goa	1	2	1	1	0
7	Gujarat	92	92	84	8	8
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	8	9	6	3	2
10	Jammu & Kashmir	11	58	38	20	**
11	Jharkhand	98	104	91	13	7
12	Karnataka	7	10	9	1	**
13	Kerala	12	2	4	**	8
14	Madhya Pradesh	99	101	181	**	**
15	Maharashtra	67	14	12	2	55
16	Manipur	7	NA	5	NA	2
17	Meghalaya #	28	NA	44	NA	**
18	Mizoram #	9	NA	18	NA	**
19	Nagaland #	21	22	22	0	**
20	Odisha	133	186	177	9	**
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	67	126	85	41	**
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	25	50	36	14	**
25	Telangana	23	11	2	9	21
26	Tripura	9	NA	10	NA	**
27	Uttarakhand	5	7	4	3	1
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	104	178	178	0	**
30	A& N Islands	1	2	2	0	**
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep#	3	6	6	0	**
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

States with predominantly tribal areas

** Surplus

NA: Data not Available.

¹ One per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

N App - Not applicable

Table 110.

NURSING STAFF AT PHCs IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R1]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R1-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	153	466	448	18	**
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	143	NA	172	NA	**
3	Assam	181	NA	380	NA	**
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	395	757	559	198	**
6	Goa	8	17	22	**	**
7	Gujarat	421	1120	738	382	**
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	47	28	12	16	35
10	Jammu & Kashmir	48	81	35	46	13
11	Jharkhand	192	160	21	139	171
12	Karnataka	64	56	45	11	19
13	Kerala	137	179	185	**	**
14	Madhya Pradesh	338	332	165	167	173
15	Maharashtra	467	475	290	185	177
16	Manipur	55	73	85	**	**
17	Meghalaya #	118	NA	373	NA	**
18	Mizoram #	69	NA	154	NA	**
19	Nagaland #	131	184	200	**	**
20	Odisha	427	0	247	**	**
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	233	175	82	93	151
23	Sikkim	13	NA	24	NA	**
24	Tamil Nadu	105	273	307	**	**
25	Telangana	93	188	160	28	**
26	Tripura	48	NA	302	NA	**
27	Uttarakhand	10	8	6	2	4
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	300	717	605	112	**
30	A & N Islands	4	9	9	0	**
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	7	11	69	**	**
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep #	4	11	11	0	**
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

¹ One per PHC as per IPHS norms

NA: Data not Available. ** Surplus

N App - Not applicable

Figures includes data of PHCs and HWC-PHCs at tribal areas

Table 111.

NURSING STAFF AT CHCs IN TRIBAL AREA						
S.No.	State/UT	(As on 31st March, 2019)				
		Required ¹	Sanctioned	In Position	Vacant	Shortfall
		[R1]	[S]	[P]	[S-P]	[R1-P]
1	Andhra Pradesh	147	136	116	20	31
2	Arunachal Pradesh #	441	NA	451	NA	**
3	Assam	189	NA	199	NA	**
4	Bihar	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Chhattisgarh	567	957	761	196	**
6	Goa	7	24	23	1	**
7	Gujarat	644	644	509	135	135
8	Haryana *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
9	Himachal Pradesh	56	31	18	13	38
10	Jammu & Kashmir	77	84	76	8	1
11	Jharkhand	686	435	380	55	306
12	Karnataka	49	88	48	40	1
13	Kerala	84	67	93	**	**
14	Madhya Pradesh	693	707	636	71	57
15	Maharashtra	469	373	306	67	163
16	Manipur	49	NA	55	NA	**
17	Meghalaya #	196	NA	378	NA	**
18	Mizoram #	63	NA	51	NA	12
19	Nagaland #	147	191	191	0	**
20	Odisha	931	425	605	**	326
21	Punjab *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
22	Rajasthan	469	730	588	142	**
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	175	143	108	35	67
25	Telangana	161	102	23	79	138
26	Tripura	63	NA	90	NA	**
27	Uttarakhand	35	18	15	3	20
28	Uttar Pradesh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	West Bengal	728	1382	1374	8	**
30	A&N Islands	7	24	24	0	**
31	Chandigarh *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
32	D & N Haveli #	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App
35	Lakshadweep #	21	43	43	0	**
36	Puducherry *	N App	N App	N App	N App	N App

Notes:

States with predominantly tribal areas

*: State / UT has no separate Tribal Area / Population

1 Seven per Community Health Centre as per IPHS norms

NA: Data not Available.

** Surplus

N App - Not applicable

PART 3.

ANNEXURES

I. PROFORMA FOR PROGRESS REPORT

PROFORMAE
FOR
REPORT
ON
RURAL HEALTH STATISTICS
(As on 31st March, 2019)

GENERAL INSTRUCTION FOR FILLING THE PROFORMA

1. Please read all columns carefully while giving the information. The foot-notes under the proformae should also be kept in view while giving the information
2. All columns in each proforma should be filled and no column should be left blank.
3. While furnishing the information, the information supplied earlier should also be taken in view to ensure accuracy and consistency of data supplied. If there is significant change
4. Please provide the data as per the category like Rural, Urban and Tribal where ever it is mentioned. Data related to Rural and Urban health facilities in SCs, PHCs and CHCs should be given as per the mapping in HMIS portal.
5. Infrastructure and Human Resource data related to SDH & DH should be given against the total number of SDH & DH in the State/UT.
6. Please consider the data of other reporting sources like HMIS, PIP annexures etc, so that there will not be any mismatch in information provided to RHS and other sources for the same data elements.
7. The number under Health and Wellness Centres (HWCs) converted from SCs or PHCs are to be given. So the number of SCs and PHCs should excludes the number of HWCs.

STATE / UT:
Report for the year ending 31st MARCH, 2019

PROFORMA - I

STATUS OF PRIMARY HEALTH INFRASTRUCTURE

SUB CENTERS (SCs), PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES (PHCs), COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES (CHCs), SDHs, DHs and Medical Colleges IN POSITION

Health Institution	No, Functioning as on 31.03.2018		No. Established During Current Year (2018-2019)		Cummalative Functioning at the End of the Year (as on 31.03.2019)	
1	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban
Sub Centres (SCs)						
# Health & Wellness Centres- SC (Sub Centre)						
Primary Health Centres (PHCs)						
^ Health & Wellness Centres- PHC (Primary Health Centre)						
CHCs						
* Sub District Hospitals						
* District Hospitals						
* No. of Mobile Medical Units Operational						
* No. of Medical Colleges						

Total number of Health and Wellness Centres upgraded from Sub Centres to be given

^ Total number of Health and Wellness Centres upgraded from Primary Health Centres to be given

*The total number of District Hospital, Sub Divisional Hospital, Mobile Medical Units and Medical Colleges functioning in the State to be given

PROFORMA - II

SUB CENTERS (SCs), PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES (PHCs), COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES (CHCs), SDHs and DHs IN POSITION IN TRIBAL AREA (As on 31st MARCH, 2018)

Health Institution	No, Functioning as on 31.03.2018	No. Established During Current Year (2018-2019)	Cummalative Functioning at the End of the Year (as on 31.03.2019)
1	2	3	4
Sub Centres (In Tribal areas)			
# Health & Wellness Centres- SC (Sub Centre)	-		
PHCs (Including Additional PHCs and Mini PHCs) (In Tribal areas)			
^ Health & Wellness Centres- PHC (Primary Health Centre)	-		
CHCs (InTribal areas)			
Sub Divisional Hospitals			
District Hospitals			

Total number of Health and Wellness Centres upgraded from Sub Centres to be given

^ Total number of Health and Wellness Centres upgraded from Primary Health Centres to be given

No column should be left blank. If there is no tribal area in the state, it should be clearly stated in the footnote

PROFORMA - IIA

STATEWISE AREA (sq. Km.) IN URBAN, RURAL AND TRIBAL AREAS (AS ON 31ST MARCH-2019)

STATE/UT	Total Area (Sq. Km.)	Urban Area (Sq. Km.)	RuralArea (Sq. Km.)	Tribal Area (Sq. Km.)	Remarks if any
1	2	3	4	5	6
UP					

* The Tribal Area (Sq. Km.) in the entire State/UT to be given.

PROFORMA - III		
FUNCTIONAL STATUS OF PRIMARY HEALTH INFRASTRUCTURE (AS ON 31st MARCH, 2019)		
(A) SUB CENTRES	Numbers	
	Rural	Urban
1 Total No. of Sub Centres Functioning (a+b+c)		
a. Without ANM		
b. With One ANM		
c. With Two ANMs (Including regular ANM or additional Contractual ANM)		
<i>Total No. of Sub Centres functioning (a+b+c) should be equal to the No. of Sub Centres as mentioned in Proforma-I</i>		
2. No. of Sub Centres functioning without Health Worker (M)		
3. No. of Sub Centres functioning without Health Worker (M) and ANM (both) (These are Sub Centres where neither ANM nor HW(M) is available)		
<i>For S No. 3 : Sub Centre functioning without both HW (M) and ANM should be the figure < or = the figure what ever is less out of both</i>		
4. No. of Sub Centres with ANM Quarters		
5. No. of Sub Centres with ANM living in Sub Centre Quarters		
6. No. of Sub Centres with ANM living in Sub Centre Village		
7. No. of Sub Centres without all weather motor able approach road		
8. No. of Sub Centres without regular water supply		
9. No. of Sub Centres without electricity supply		
10. No. of Sub Centres having a regular supply of generic drugs for common ailments		
11. No. of Sub Centres functioning as per IPHS norms		
12. No. of Sub Centres with functional Separate Toilet facility for Male and Female Patients		
13. No. of Sub Centres with functional Separate Toilet facility for Staff		
(B) Health & Wellness Centres- SC (Sub Centre)		
1. No. of HWC- SCs with ANM Quarters		
2. No. of HWC- SCs with ANM living in Sub Centre Quarters		
3. No. of HWC- SCs without all weather motor able approach road		
6. No. of HWC- SCs having a regular supply of drugs for common ailments		
7. No. of HWC-SCs with functional Separate Toilet facility for Male and Female Patients		
8. No. of HWC-SCs with functional Separate Toilet facility for Staff		
9. No. of HWC-SCs with Tablets for MPWs and MLHPs		
10. No. of HWC-SCs with internet connectivity		
11. No. of HWC-SCs with facility of arrangement of teleconsultation		
12. No. of HWC-SCs with well-ventilated clinic room with examination space and office space for Mid-Level Health Provider		
13. No. of HWC-SCs with storage space for storing Medicines, equipment, documents, health cards and registers		
14. No. of HWC-SCs with designated space for lab/diagnostic		
15. No. of HWC-SCs with deep burial pit for Bio Medical Waste Management		
16. No. of HWC-SCs with proper system for drainage		
17. No. of HWC- SCs with regular water supply running/potable		
18. No. of HWC-SCs with electricity alongwith power back up		
19. No. of HWC-SCs with Patient waiting area covered to accommodate at least 10-15 chairs		
20. No. of HWC-SCs with Wellness room - for Yoga if adequate space for expansion is available		
(C) PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES (PHCs)	Rural	Urban
1 Total No. of PHCs Functioning (a+b+c+d+e)		
a. With 4 or more Doctors only		
b. With 3 Doctors only		
c. With 2 Doctors only		
d. With 1 Doctor only		
e. without a Doctor		
<i>(Figure include both Allopathic and AYUSH doctors / Practioners; Total figure against Sr.No. "a" to "e" should be equal to figure given in Proforma - II)</i>		
2. No. of PHCs functioning with at least one Female Doctor		
3. No. of PHCs functioning without Lab. Technician		

4. No. of PHCs functioning without Pharmacist		
5. No. of PHCs functioning without Lab. Technician and Pharmacist (both)		
6. No. of PHCs functioning without Nurse Midwife / Staff Nurse		
7. No. of PHCs functioning without ANMs		
8. No. Of PHCs having the Computer / Statistical Assistant for MIS / Accountant in position		
9. No. of PHCs with functional Labor Room		
10. No. of PHCs with O.T.		
11. No. of PHCs with functioning Laboratory		
12. No. of PHCs with atleast 4 beds		
13. No. of PHCs with 10 or more beds		
14. No. of PHCs with New Borne Care Corner		
15. No. of PHCs with AYUSH facility		
16. (a) No. of PHCs functioning on 24X7 basis		
16. (b) No. of PHCs with ROUND THE Clock facility for delivery		
16. (c) No. of PHCs with 3 Staff Nurses		
17. No. of PHCs without Electricity		
18. No. of PHCs without Regular Water Supply		
19. No. of PHCs with Telephone facility		
20. No. of PHCs without all weather motorable approach road		
21. No. of PHCs with Computer facility		
22. No. of PHCs having Doctor's quarter		
23. No. of Doctors living in PHC quarter		
24. No. of PHCs having referral transport available		
25. No. of PHCs having a regular supply of		
(a) Allopathic drugs for common ailments		
(b) AYUSH drugs for common ailments		
26. No. of PHCs having registered Rogi Kalyan Samitee / Hospital Management Society		
27. No. of PHCs functioning as per IPHS norms		
28. No. of PHCs with functional Separate Toilet facility for Male and Female Patients		
29. No. of PHCs with functional Separate Toilet facility for Staff		
(D) Health & Wellness Centres- PHC (Primary Health Centre)		
1. No. of HWC-PHCs without all weather motorable approach road		
2. No. of HWC-PHCs with functional Labour Room		
3. (a) No. of HWC-PHCs functioning on 24X7 basis		
(b) No. of HWC-PHCs with ROUND THE Clock facility for delivery		
(c) No. of HWC-PHCs with 3 Staff Nurses		
4. No. of HWC-PHCs with O.T.		
5. No. of HWC-PHCs with atleast 4 beds		
6. No. of HWC-PHCs with 10 or more beds		
7. No. of HWC-PHCs with New Borne Care Corner		
8. No. of HWC-PHCs with AYUSH facility		
9. No. of HWC-PHCs with adequate space for laboratory and pharmacy		
10. No. of HWC-PHCs having a regular supply of		
(a) Allopathic drugs for common ailments		
(b) AYUSH drugs for common ailments		
11. No. of HWC-PHCs having Doctor's quarter		
12. No. of HWC-PHCs living in PHC quarter		
13. No. of HWC-PHCs having referral transport available		
14. No. of HWC-PHCs having registered Rogi Kalyan Samitee / Hospital Management Society		
15. No. of HWC-PHCs with Desktop/Laptop for MO		
16. No. of HWC-PHCs with Tablet for ANM		
17. No. of HWC-PHCs with internet connectivity for Desktop/Laptop and Tablet		
18. No. of HWC-PHCs with arrangement of teleconsultation		
19. No. of HWC-PHCs with wellness room for physiotherapy/ yoga		
20. No. of HWC-PHCs with Provision of privacy arrangement for patient examination area		
21. No. of HWC-PHCs with facilities for people with disabilities		

22. No. of HWC-PHCs with functional Separate Toilet facility for Male and Female Patients		
23. No. of HWC-PHCs with functional Separate Toilet facility for Staff		
24. No. of HWC-PHCs with patient reception and registration centers		
25. No. of HWC-PHCs with electronic display boards for services		
26. No. of HWC-PHCs with electricity alongwith power back up		
27. No. of HWC-PHCs with water supply– Running / Potable		
28. No. of HWC-PHCs with proper Drainage facility		
29. No. of HWC-PHCs with provision of Bio Medical Waste management		
(E) COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES (CHCs)	Rural	Urban
1. No. of CHCs Functioning with all four Specialists (Physician, Obstetrician & Gynaecologist, Surgeon, paediatrician) in position		
2. No. Of CHCs having the Computer / Statistical Assistant for MIS / Accountant in position		
3. No. of CHCs with functional Laboratory		
4. No. of CHCs with functional O.T.		
5. No. of CHCs with functional Labor Room		
6. No. of CHCs with functioning Stabilization Units for New Born		
7. No. of CHCs with New Born Care Corner		
8. No. of CHCs with at least 30 beds		
9. No. of CHCs with functional X-Ray Machine		
10. No. of CHCs having quarters for Specialist Doctors		
11. No. of CHCs with Specialist Doctors living in quarters		
12. No. of CHCs having a legular supply of		
(a) Allopathic drugs for common ailments		
(b) AYUSH drugs for common ailments		
13. No. of CHCs with referral transport available		
14. No. of CHCs having registered Rogi Kalyan Samitee/Hospital Management Society		
15. No. of CHCs functioning as per IPHS norms		
16. No. of CHCs with functional Separate Toilet facility for Male and Female Patients		
17. No. of CHCs with functional Separate Toilet facility for Staff		
(F) FIRST REFERRAL UNITS (FRUs)	Rural	Urban
1. No. of First Referral Units		
a. at PHC level		
b. at CHC level		
c. at Sub Divisional level		
d. at District level		
e. Medical College Hospitals		
Total of (a+b+c+d+e)		
2. No. of FRUs with more than 30 beds		
3. No. of FRUs with round the clock delivery services including normal & assisted deliveries		
4. No. of FRUs with Emergency obstetric services including surgical interventions		
5. No. of FRUs with		
a. Gynaecologist		
b. Pediatricians		
c. Surgeon		
d. Anesthetist		
e. All the four above		
6. No. of FRUs with functional SNCU (Special New born Care Unit)		
7. No. of FRUs having on-call facility of specialist		
8. No. of FRUs with functional O.T.		
9. No. of FRUs with functional Labor Room		
10. No. of FRUs with functional X-Ray machine		
11. No. of FRUs with functional Lab.		
12. No. of FRUs with Blood storage / linkage facility		
13. No. of FRUs having referral transport service		
14. No. of FRUs with back up generator / electric supply		

PROFORMA - IV BUILDING POSITION OF SCs, Health & Wellness Centres- SCs, PHCs, Health & Wellness Centres- PHC, CHC, SDH & DH REQUIRED AND IN POSITION STATE / UT: Report for the year ending MARCH, 2019										
Name of Health Institution	Total no. Functioning		No. functioning in Govt. Buildings		No. functioning in Rented Buildings		No. functioning in other buildings of Panchayats/Vol./ Social Organisations etc. without paying any rent		No. of Building under Constructon	
	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Sub Centres										
Health & Wellness Centres- SC (Sub Centre)										
PHCs										
Health & Wellness Centres- PHC (Primary Health Centre)										
CHCs										
Sub Districts Hospitals										
District Hospitals										

NOTE: Total of Column (4), (6) & (8) should be equal to figure in Column (2)

NOTE: Total of Column (5), (7) & (9) should be equal to figure in Column (3)

Number of Sub Centres, PHCs, CHCs, SDHs and DHs in column 2 & 3 should match with the number mentioned in the proforma I

PROFORMA - V BUILDING STATUS IN TRIBAL AREA STATE / UT: Report for the year ending MARCH, 2019										
Name of Health Institution	Total no. Functioning		No. functioning in Govt. Buildings		No. functioning in Rented Buildings		No. functioning in other buildings of Panchayats/Vol./ Social Organisations etc. without paying any rent		No. of Building under Constructon	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Sub Centres										
# Health & Wellness Centres- SC (Sub Centre)										
PHCs										
^ Health & Wellness Centres- PHC (Primary Health Centre)										
CHCs										
Sub Divisional Hospitals										
District Hospitals										

NOTE: Total of Column (3), (4) & (5) should be equal to figure in Column (2)

PROFORMA - VI

TOTAL HEALTH HUMAN RESOURCES (HR) IN RURAL AREA & URBAN AREA (AS ON 31st MARCH, 2019)

Category	Total Sanctioned			In Position		
A. HUMAN RESOURCES AT DISTRICT HOSPITALS *				Regular	Contractual	Total
A-1 (Man Power - Doctors)						
1. Chief Medical Superintendent						
2. Medical Specialist						
3. Surgery Specialist						
4. O & G Specialist						
5. Psychiatrist						
6. Dermatologist/Venereologist						
7. Paediatrician						
8. Anesthetist (Regular/Trained)						
9. ENT Surgeon						
10. Ophthalmologist						
11. Orthopedician						
12. Radiologist						
13. Microbiologist						
14. Pathologist and Blood Bank Incharge						
15. Casualty Doctors/ General Duty Doctors						
16. Dental Surgeon						
17. Forensic Specialist						
18. Public Health Manager						
19. AYUSH Physician						
20. Environmental Officer						
21. Waste Management Officer						
A-II (Man Power - Para Medical)						
1. Staff Nurse						
2. Infection Control Nurse						
3. Hospital Workers (OP/Ward+OT+Blood Bank)						
4. Sanitary Worker						
5. Ophthalmic Assistant / Refractionist						
6. Social Worker / Counsellor						
7. Dermatology/STD/Leprosy Technician Lab.						
8. AIDS/STD Counsellor cum Field Support						
9. Cytotechnician						
10. ECG Technician						
11. ECHO Technician						
12. Audiometrist						
13. Laboratory Technician (Lab+Blood Bank)						
14. Laboratory Attendent (Hospital Workers)						
15. Dietician						
16. PFT Technician (Pulmonary Function Test)						
17. Maternity Assistant (ANM)						
18. Radiographer						
19. Dark Room Assistant						
20. Pharmacist						
21. Matron						
22. Physiotherapist						
23. Statistical Assistant						
A - III (Man Power - Operation Theatre)						
1. Staff Nurse						
2. OT Assistant						
3. Safai Karmachari						
A - IV (Man Power - Blood Bank)						
1. Blood Bank Incharge (Doctor - pathologist)						
2. Staff Nurse						
3. MNA / FNA (Nursing Assistant)						
4. Blood Bank Technician						
5. Safai Karmachari						
*Manpower details relating to all District Hospitals functioning						
B. HUMAN RESOURCES AT SUB DISTRICT / SUB DIVISIONAL HOSPITAL *	Total Sanctioned			In Position		
B-1 (Man Power - Doctors)				Regular	Contractual	Total
1. Hospital Superintendent						
2. Medical Specialist						

3. Surgery Specialist				
4. O & G Specialist				
5. Dermatologist/Venereologist				
6. Paediatrician				
7. Anesthetist (Regular/Trained)				
8. ENT Surgeon				
9. Ophthalmologist				
10. Orthopedician				
11. Radiologist				
12. Causality Doctors/ General Duty Doctors				
13. Dental Surgeon				
14. Public Health Manager				
15. Forensic Expert				
16. AYUSH Physician				
17. Pathologist with DCP/MD (Micro)/MD (Patho)/MD (Biochemistry)				
B-II (Man Power - Para Medical)				
1. Staff Nurse				
2. Attendent				
3. Ophthalmic Assistant / Refractionist				
4. ECG Technician				
5. Audiometry Technician				
6. Laboratory Technician (Lab+Blood Bank)				
7. Laboratory Attendent (Hospital Workers)				
8. Radiographer				
9. Pharmacist				
10. Matron (Including Assistant Matron)				
11. Physiotherapist				
12. Statistical Assistant				
B - III (Man Power - Operation Theatre)				
1. Staff Nurse				
2. OT Assistant				
3. Safai Karmachari				
B - IV (Man Power - Blood Bank)				
1. Staff Nurse				
2. MNA / FNA (Nursing Assistant)				
3. Blood Bank / Storage Technician				
4. Safai Karmachari				
5. Attendent				

*Manpower details relating to all Sub District/Sub Divisional Hospitals functioning in the State are to be given

C. HUMAN RESOURCES AT COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES (CHCs)	Rural			Urban		
	Total Sanctioned	In-position		Total Sanctioned	In-position	
		Regular	Contractual		Regular	Contractual
1. a. Surgeon						
b. Obstetricians / Gynecologist						
c. Physician						
d. Paediatrician						
Total (a+b+c+d)						
2. other Man power						
a. Anesthetist						
b. Eye Surgeon						
c. Public Health Programme Manager						
d. General Duty Medical Officer Allopathic						
e. General Duty Medical Officer AYUSH						
f. Dental Surgeon						
3. Nursing Staff						
a. Public Health Nurse / ANM						
b. Staff Nurse / Nurse Midwife						
4. Pharmacist / Compounder						
5. Lab Technician						
6. Radiographer						
7. Computer / Statistical Assistant for MIS / Accountant						

D. HEALTH & WELLNESS CENTRES- PHC (PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE)	Rural			Urban		
	Total Sanctioned	In-position		Total Sanctioned	In-position	
		Regular	Contractual		Regular	Contractual
1. Medical Officer						
2. Medical Officer (AYUSH)						
3. Dental Surgeon						
4. Staff Nurse						
5. Pharmacist						
6. Lab Technician						
7. LHV						
8. Health Assistant (M)						
9. Computer / Statistical Assistant for MIS / Accountant						
10. Health Worker (F) / MPW (F) / ANM						
E. HUMAN RESOURCES AT PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES (PHCs)	Rural			Urban		
	Total Sanctioned	In-position		Total Sanctioned	In-position	
		Regular	Contractual		Regular	Contractual
1. Total Allopathic Doctors						
2. Total AYUSH Doctors						
3. Dental Surgeon						
4. Female Doctors (If any) at PHC						
5. Block Extension Educators						
6. Computer / Statistical Assistant for MIS / Accountant						
7. Pharmacist						
8. Lab Technician						
9. Health Educators						
10. Health Assistant (M)						
11. Health Assistant (F) / LHV						
12. Health Worker (F) / ANM						
13. Nurse Midwife / Staff Nurse						
F. HEALTH & WELLNESS CENTRES- SC (SUB CENTRE)	Rural			Urban		
	Total Sanctioned	In-position		Total Sanctioned	In-position	
		Regular	Contractual		Regular	Contractual
1. Mid Level Health Provider (MLHP)						
2. Health Worker (F) / ANM						
3. Health Worker (M)						
G. HUMAN RESOURCES AT SUB CENTRES (SCs)	Rural			Urban		
	Total Sanctioned	In-position		Total Sanctioned	In-position	
		Regular	Contractual		Regular	Contractual
1. Health Worker (F) / ANM						
2. Health Worker (M)						
H. NUMBER OF ASHAs	Required			In Position		
I. TRAINED MANPOWER AVAILABLE IN THE STATE	(Numbers Available)					
1. IMNCI (Integrated Management of New born and Child Illness) Trained ANMs						
2. LSAS (Life Saving Anaesthetic Skills) Trained Doctors						
3. EMoC (Emergency Obstetric Care) Trained Doctors						
4. SBA (Skilled Birth Attendant) Trained Man power						
a. ANMs						
b. LHVs						
c. Staff Nurses						

PROFORMA - VII

TOTAL HEALTH HUMAN RESOURCES (HR) IN TRIBAL AREA (AS ON 31st MARCH, 2019)			
Category	Total Sanctioned	In-Position	
		Regular	Contractual
A. HUMAN RESOURCES AT DISTRICT HOSPITALS *			
A-1 (Man Power - Doctors)			
1. Chief Medical Superintendent			
2. Medical Specialist			
3. Surgery Specialist			
4. O & G Specialist			
5. Psychiatrist			
6. Dermatologist/Venereologist			
7. Paediatrician			
8. Anesthetist (Regular/Trained)			
9. ENT Surgeon			
10. Ophthalmologist			
11. Orthopedician			
12. Radiologist			
13. Microbiologist			
14. Pathologist and Blood Bank Incharge			
15. Causality Doctors/ General Duty Doctors			
16. Dental Surgeon			
17. Forensic Specialist			
18. Public Health Manager			
19. AYUSH Physician			
20. Environmental Officer			
21. Waste Management Officer			
A-II (Man Power - Para Medical)			
1. Staff Nurse			
2. Infection Control Nurse			
3. Hospital Workers (OP/Ward+OT+Blood Bank)			
4. Sanitary Worker			
5. Ophthalmic Assistant / Refractionist			
6. Social Worker / Counsellor			
7. Dermatology/STD/Leprosy Technician Lab.			
8. AIDS/STD Counsellor cum Field Support			
9. Cytotechnician			
10. ECG Technician			
11. ECHO Technician			
12. Audiometrician			
13. Laboratory Technician (Lab+Blood Bank)			
14. Laboratory Attendent (Hospital Workers)			
15. Dietician			
16. PFT Technician (Pulmonary Function Test)			
17. Maternity Assistant (ANM)			
18. Radiographer			
19. Dark Room Assistant			
20. Pharmacist			
21. Matron			
22. Physiotherapist			

Category	Total Sanctioned	In-Position	
		Regular	Contractual
23. Statistical Assistant			
A - III (Man Power - Operation Theatre)			
1. Staff Nurse			
2. OT Assistant			
3. Safai Karmachari			
A - IV (Man Power - Blood Bank)			
1. Blood Bank Incharge (Doctor - pathologist)			
2. Staff Nurse			
3. MNA / FNA (Nursing Assistant)			
4. Blood Bank Technician			
5. Safai Karmachari			
<i>*Manpower details relating to all District Hospitals functioning in the</i>			
B. HUMAN RESOURCES AT SUB DISTRICT / SUB DIVISIONAL HOSPITAL *	Total Sanctioned	Total In-Position	
B-1 (Man Power - Doctors)		Regular	Contractual
1. Hospital Superintendent			
2. Medical Specialist			
3. Surgery Specialist			
4. O & G Specialist			
5. Dermatologist/Venereologist			
6. Paediatrician			
7. Anesthetist (Regular/Trained)			
8. ENT Surgeon			
9. Ophthalmologist			
10. Orthopedician			
11. Radiologist			
12. Casualty Doctors/ General Duty Doctors			
13. Dental Surgeon			
14. Public Health Manager			
15. Forensic Expert			
16. AYUSH Physician			
17. Pathologist with DCP/MD (Micro)/MD (Patho)/MD (Biochemistry)			
B-II (Man Power - Para Medical)			
1. Staff Nurse			
2. Attendent			
3. Ophthalmic Assistant / Refractionist			
4. ECG Technician			
5. Audiometry Technician			
6. Laboratory Technician (Lab+Blood Bank)			
7. Laboratory Attendent (Hospital Workers)			
8. Radiographer			
9. Pharmacist			
10. Matron (Including Assistant Matron)			
11. Physiotherapist			
12. Statistical Assistant			
B - III (Man Power - Operation Theatre)			
1. Staff Nurse			

Category	Total Sanctioned	In-Position	
		Regular	Contractual
2. OT Assistant			
3. Safai Karmachari			
B - IV (Man Power - Blood Bank)			
1. Staff Nurse			
2. MNA / FNA (Nursing Assistant)			
3. Blood Bank / Storage Technician			
4. Safai Karmachari			
5. Attendent			

**Manpower details relating to all Sub District/Sub Divisional Hospitals functioning in the State are to be given*

C. HUMAN RESOURCES AT COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRES (CHCs)	Total Sanctioned	Total In-Position	
		Regular	Contractual
1. a. Surgeon			
b. Obstetricians / Gyneacologist			
c. Physician			
d. Padiatrician			
Total (a+b+c+d)			
2. other Man power			
a. Anesthetist			
b. Eye Surgeon			
c. Public Health Programme Manager			
d. General Duty Medical Officer Allopathic			
e. General Duty Medical Officer AYUSH			
f. Dental Surgeon			
3. Nursing Staff			
a. Public Health Nurse / ANM			
b. Staff Nurse / Nurse Midwife			
4. Pharmacist / Compounder			
5. Lab Technician			
6. Radiographer			
7. Computer / Statistical Assistant for MIS / Accountant			
D. HEALTH & WELLNESS CENTRES- PHC (PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRE)	Total Sanctioned	Total In-Position	
		Regular	Contractual
1. Medical Officer			
2. Medical Officer (AYUSH)			
3. Dental Surgeon			
4. Staff Nurse			
5. Pharmacist			
6. Lab Technician			
7. LHV			
8. Health Assistant (M)			
9. Computer / Statistical Assistant for MIS / Accountant			
10. Health Worker (F) / MPW (F)/ ANM			
E. HUMAN RESOURCES AT PRIMARY HEALTH CENTRES (PHCs)	Total Sanctioned	Total In-Position	
		Regular	Contractual

Category	Total Sanctioned	In-Position	
		Regular	Contractual
1. Total Allopathic Doctors			
2. Total AYUSH Doctors			
3. Dental Surgeon			
4. Female Doctors (If any) at PHC			
5. Block Extension Educators			
6. Computer / Statistical Assistant for MIS / Accountant			
7. Pharmacist			
8. Lab Technician			
9. Health Educators			
10. Health Assistant (M)			
11. Health Assistant (F) / LHV			
12. Health Worker (F) / ANM			
13. Nurse Midwife / Staff Nurse			
F. HEALTH & WELLNESS CENTRES- SC (SUB CENTRE)	Total Sanctioned	Total In-Position	
		Regular	Contractual
1. Mid Level Health Provider (MLHP)			
2. Health Worker (F) / ANM			
3. Health Worker (M)			
G. HUMAN RESOURCES AT SUB CENTRES (SCs)	Total Sanctioned	Total In-Position	
		Regular	Contractual
1. Health Worker (F) / ANM			
2. Health Worker (M)			
H. NUMBER OF ASHAs	Required	In-Position	
I. TRAINED MANPOWER AVAILABLE IN THE STATE	(Numbers Available)		
1. IMNCI (Integrated Management of New born and Child Illness) Trained ANMs			
2. LSAS (Life Saving Anaesthetic Skills) Trained Doctors			
3. EMoC (Emergency Obstetric Care) Trained Doctors			
4. SBA (Skilled Birth Attendant) Trained Man power			
a. ANMs			
b. LHVs			
c. Staff Nurses			

PROFORMA - IX (A)
List of District Hospitals as Reported in Proforma VIII
Name of State/UT :

Sl.	Name of District	Name of the District Hospital	Address of District Hospital

PROFORMA - IX (B)

List of Sub District Hospitals as Reported in Proforma VIII

Name of State/UT:

Sr. No.	Name of District	Name of the Sub District Hospital	Address of Sub District Hospital

PROFORMA - IX (C)

List of Medical Colleges functional in the State/UT

Sr No.	Name of District	Name of the Medical College	Address of Medical College